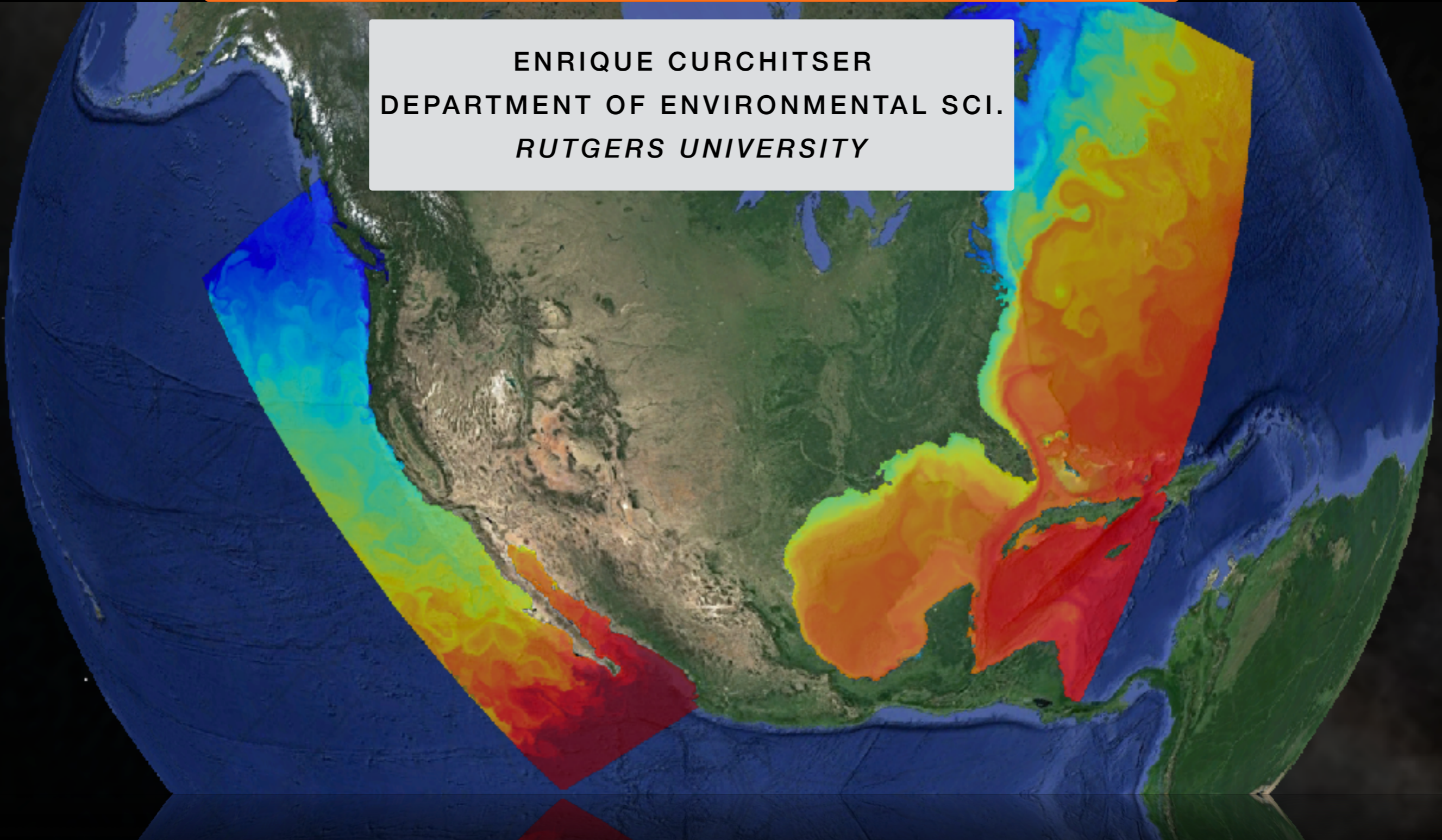




# REGIONAL MODELING WITH MOM6

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*RUTGERS UNIVERSITY*





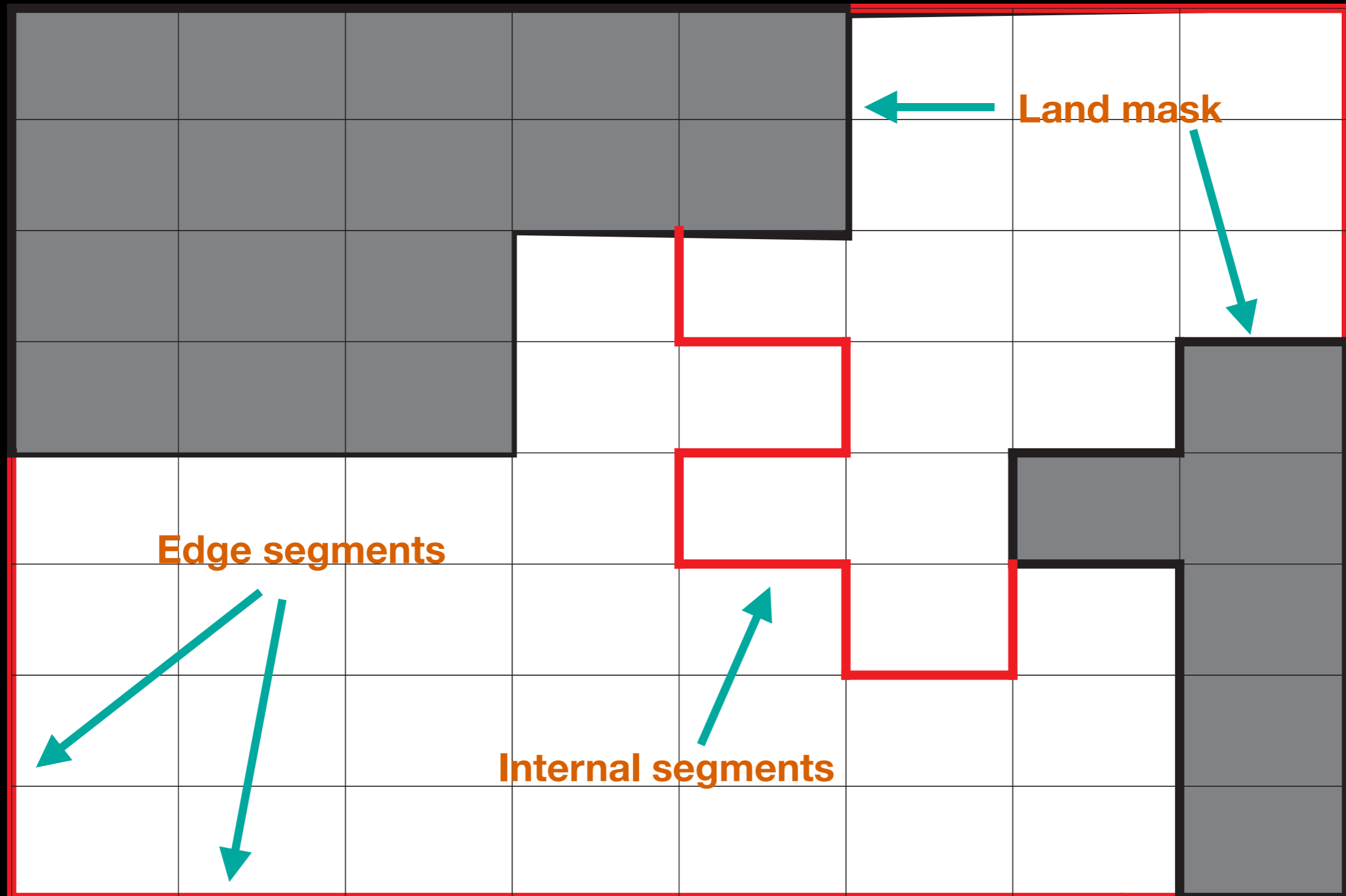
# People involved

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- Bob Hallberg (GFDL)
- Alistair Adcroft (Princeton/GFDL)
- Matt Harrison (GFDL)
- Raphael Dussin (GFDL)
- Andrew Ross (GFDL)
- Liz Drenkard (GFDL)
- Charlie Stock (GFDL)
- Kate Hedstrom (UAF)
- Dajuan Kang (Rutgers)
- Alan Wallcraft (FSU)
- Eric Chassignet (FSU)
- Gustavo Marques (NCAR)
- Scott Bachman (NCAR)
- Alper Altuntas (NCAR)
- A few others working on implementations (Indian Ocean, Nordic Seas, ...)



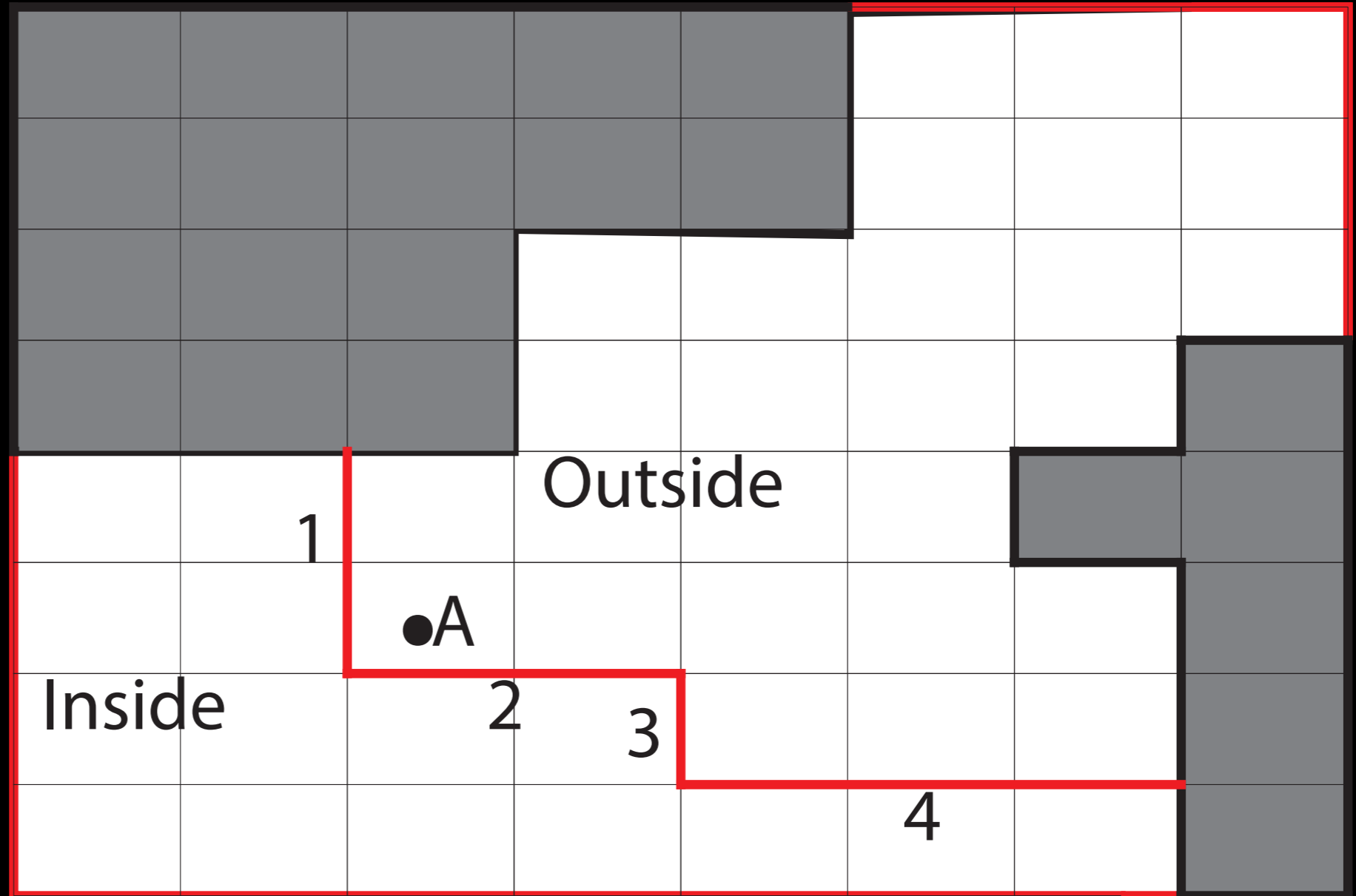
# Design philosophy: Put OBCs anywhere





# Design: OBC segments

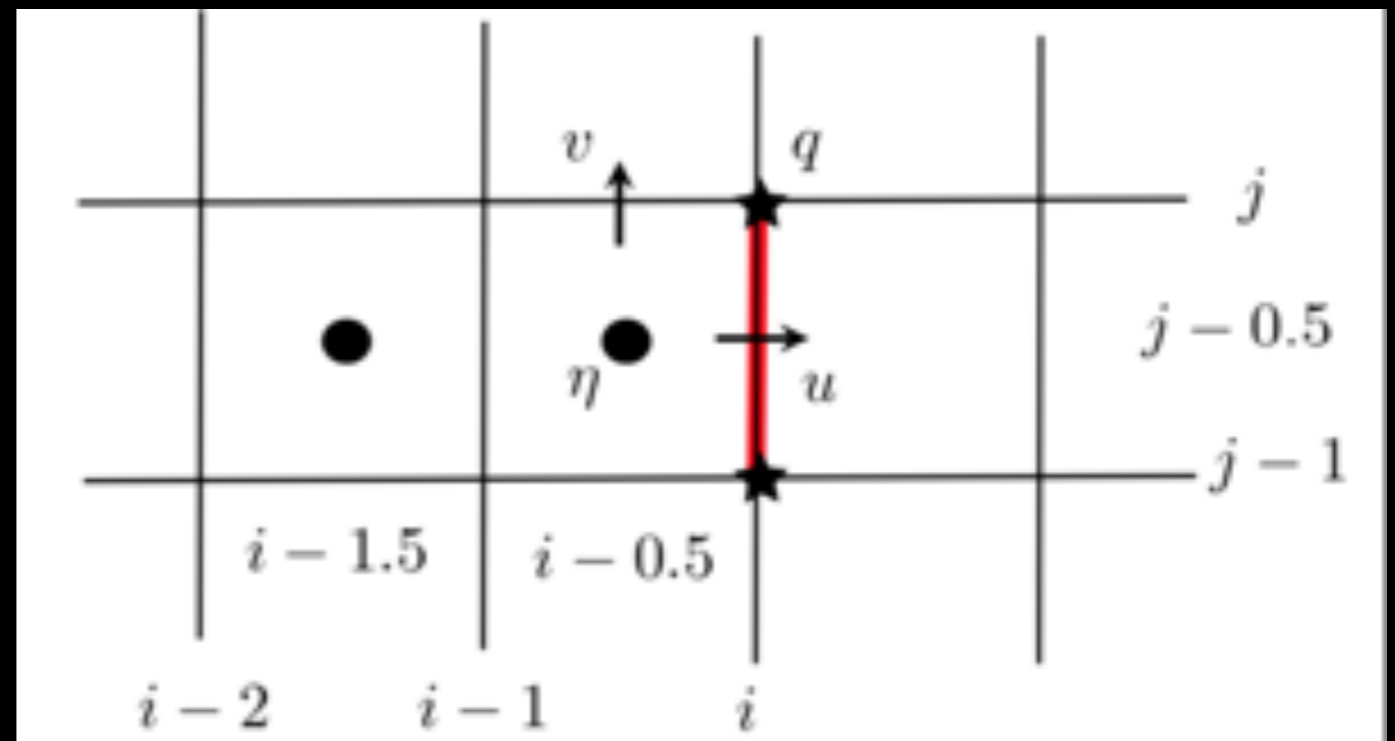
- Point A is outside for segments 1 and 2
- BC cannot depend on outside value





# Arakawa C-grid

- Free surface
- Normal velocity
- Tangential velocity
- Tracers
- Layer thickness...  
would be nice but  
messy?





# Boundary conditions: Barotropic mode

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- Flather (needs boundary information for both  $U_{\text{barotropic}}$  and free surface  $\eta$ )

$$\bar{u} = \bar{u}_{ext} + \sqrt{\frac{g}{H}}(\eta - \eta_{ext})$$



# Boundary conditions: Baroclinic

---

- Baroclinic Mode:
  - Orlandi or oblique radiation (Raymond & Kuo): Compute local normal phase speed ( also used for tangential velocity if needed)

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} = - \left( \phi_{\xi} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \xi} + \phi_{\eta} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \eta} \right)$$

where  $\phi_{\xi, \eta}$  are the phase speeds

- On inflow, either zero gradient nudged to external value (Marchesiello)

# Boundary conditions: Tangential velocity

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- Strain/Vorticity (Lateral viscosity/Coriolis):
  - Free slip (zero gradient)
  - Specified  $dv/dx$  or  $du/dy$  from file or radiation condition
  - Computed using velocities from file or radiation condition
  - Zero





# Boundary conditions

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- Tracers
  - A reservoir has memory of fluid that has left the domain out of each boundary
  - Can also mix in external values of tracers on inflow
  - Mixing lengths set relative contributions of each tracer
- Layer thickness (used in continuity and Coriolis computations)
  - Set to no-gradient
  - With ALE, may be difficult to implement other options



# OBC Types currently in MOM6

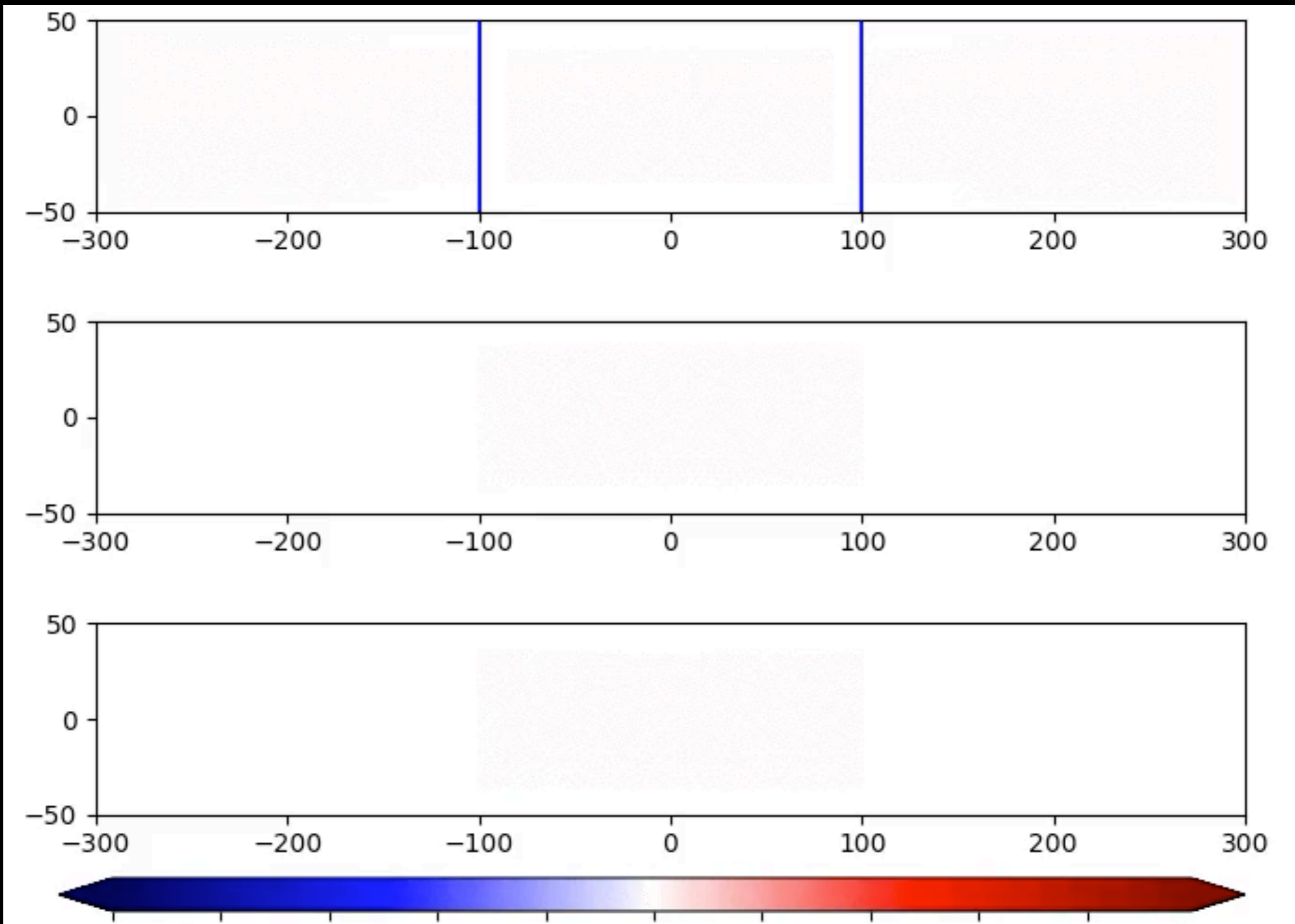
---

- SIMPLE (aka clamped), needs user code
- GRADIENT (zero gradient)
- FLATHER - barotropic mode
- ORLANSKI - radiation
- OBLIQUE - another radiation
- NUDGED - modifier to radiation

The above are normal velocity options, mostly



# Test cases: Dumbbell





# MOM6 Implementations: NW Atlantic

## MOM6-NWA Setup

- **Regional MOM6 simulation of Northwest Atlantic (NWA)**

- **Grid** (converted from ROMS grid of Kang & Curchitser, 2013)

- **Horizontal:** ~7 km resolution, 720 x 360 grid points

- **Vertical:**

[	Geopotential ( $z^*$ )	NK=75 & NK=50
	Hybrid Hycom1 ( $z^*$ & $\rho$ )	NK=75

- **Forcing**

- **Ocean BC & IC:** SODA3

- **Atmospheric forcing:** JRA55-do

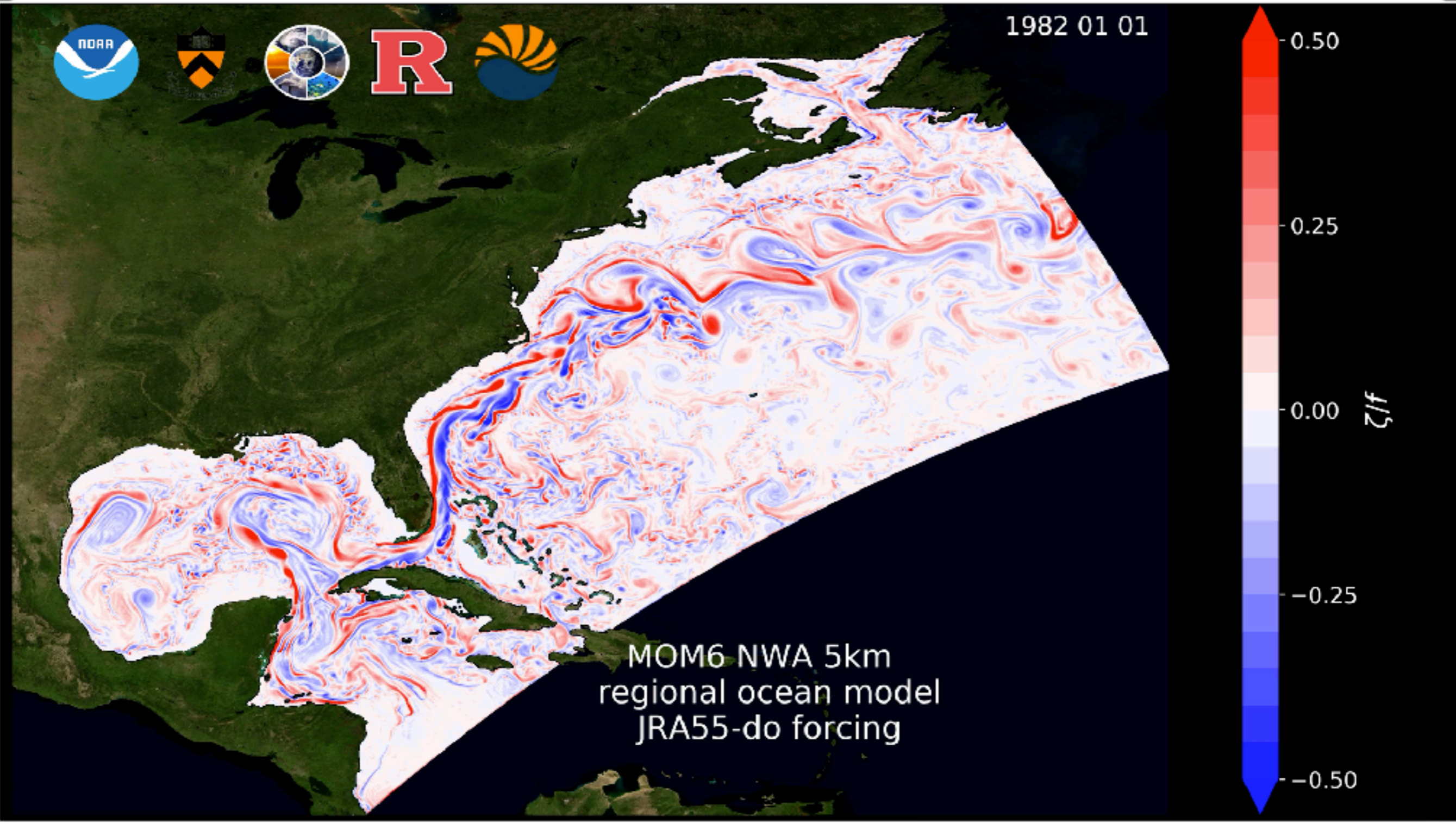
- **Runoff:** Dai & Trenberth river discharge

- **Computation** (1 simulation year)

$z^*$ (NK=50)	$z^*$ (NK=75)	hycom1 (NK=75)
15x160 = 2400 CPU hrs	19x240 = 4560 CPU hrs	21x240 = 5040 CUP hrs



# Regional Modeling with MOM6



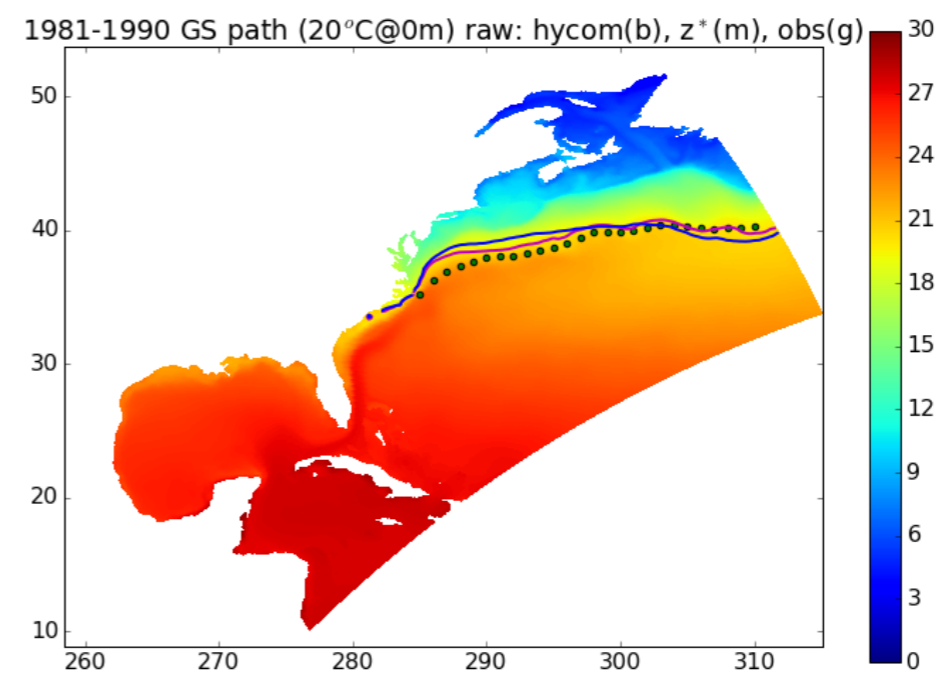
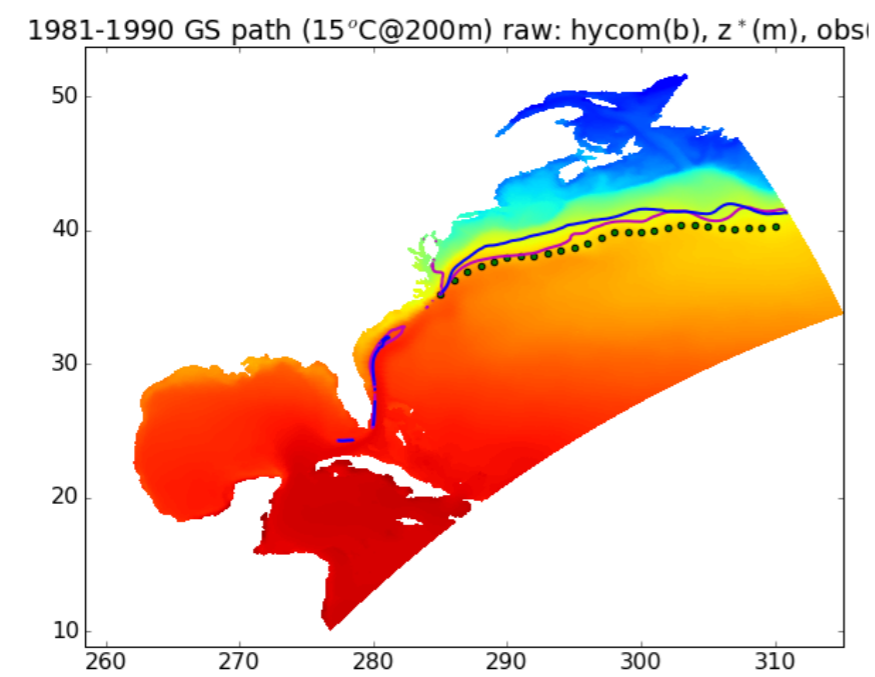


# MOM6 Implementations: NW Atlantic

## Raw Bathy: Gulf Stream Mean Path of 1981-1990

15° C @ 200m

20° C @ Surface



Hycom1

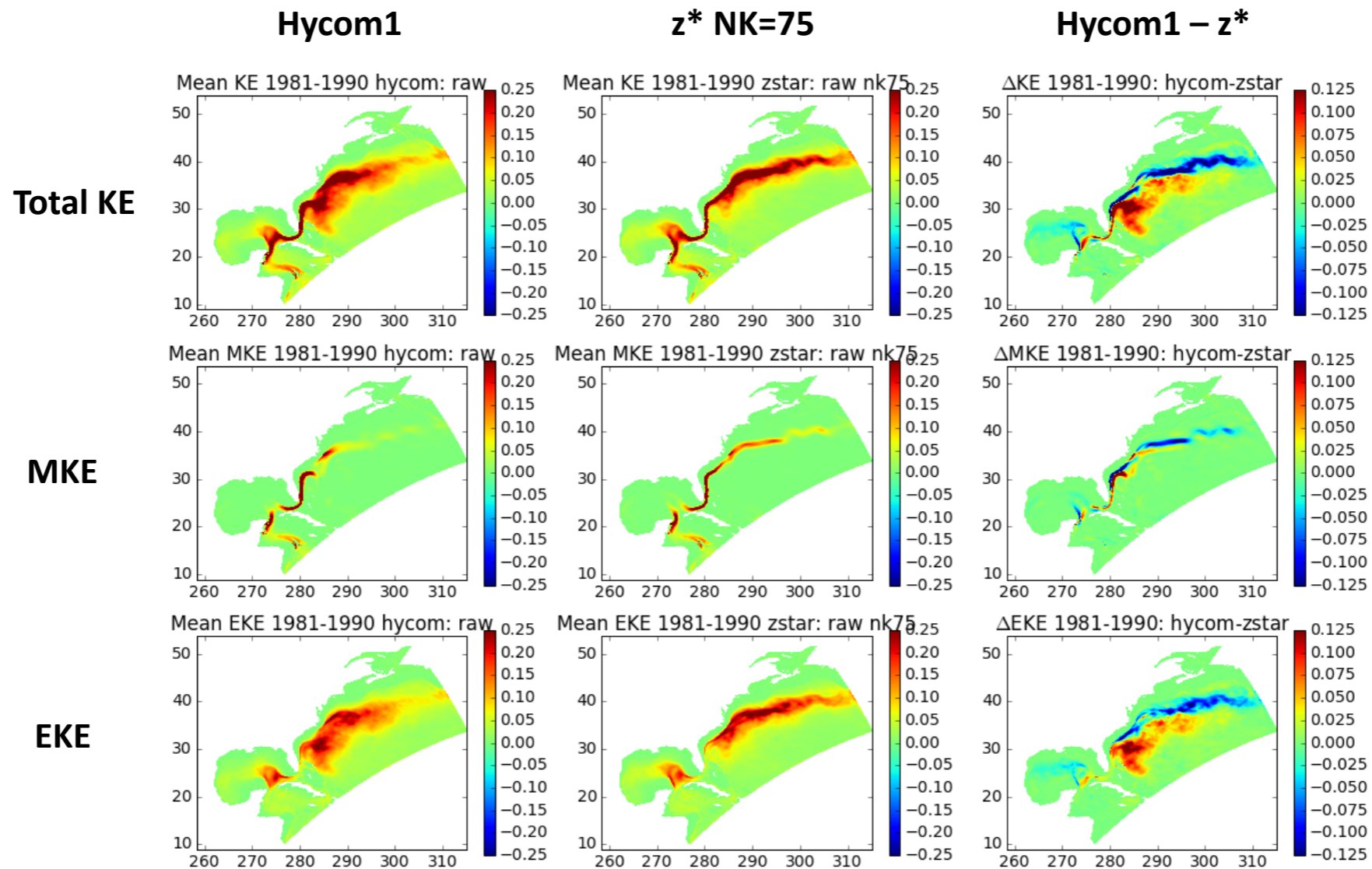
z\* NK=75

Observation

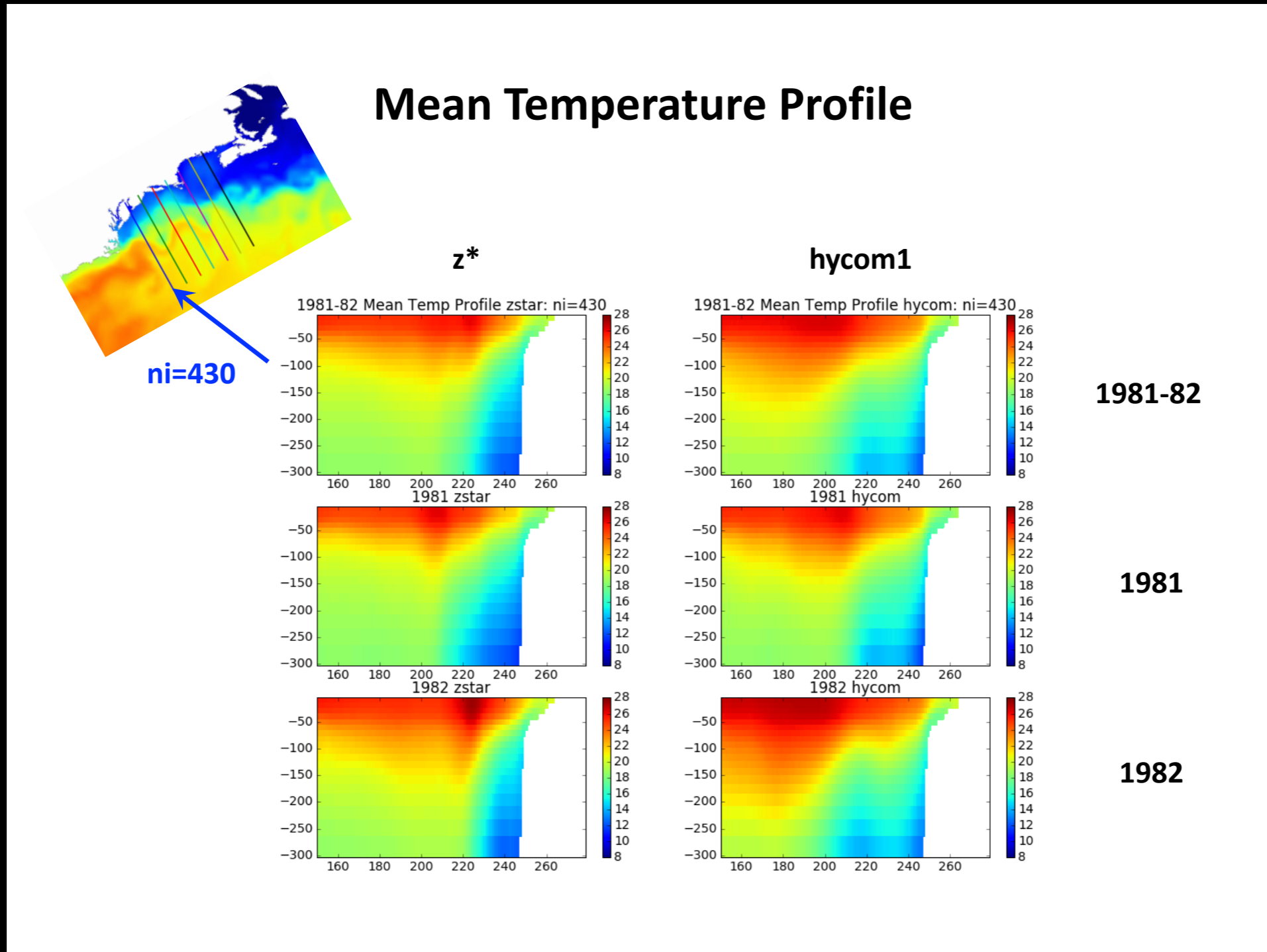


# MOM6 Implementations: NW Atlantic

## Surface KE, MKE & EKE of 1981-1990

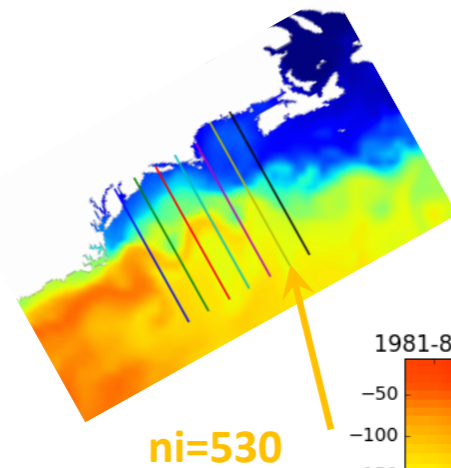


# MOM6 Implementations: NW Atlantic temperature transects

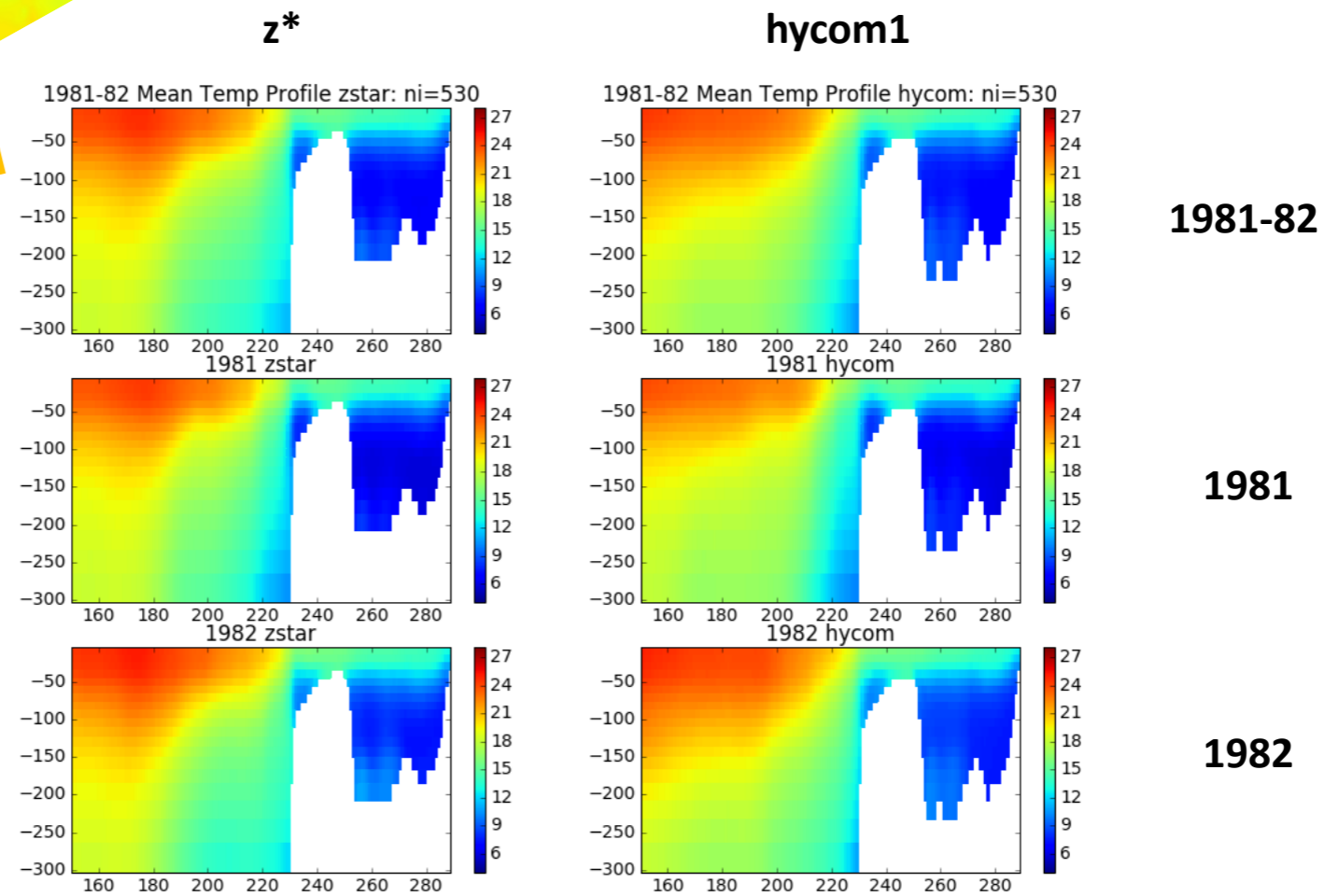




# MOM6 Implementations: NW Atlantic temperature transects

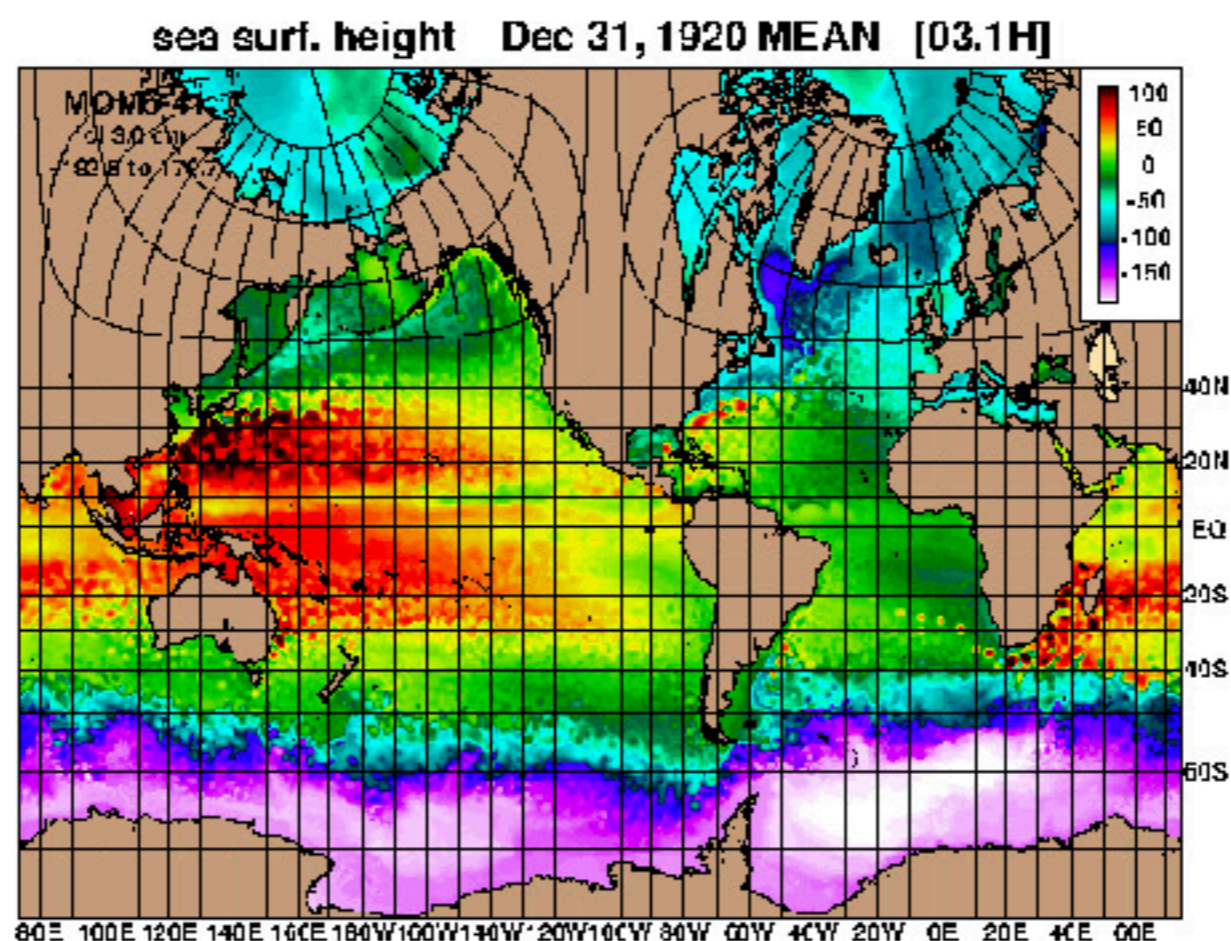


## Mean Temperature Profile



## 1/12° GLOBAL COMPARISON OF HYCOM AND MOM6

- The Navy's Global Ocean Prediction System (GOFS) 3.1 runs every day
  - <https://www.hycom.org/dataserver/gofs-3pt1/analysis>
    - HYCOM+CICE on a 1/12° global tripole grid
    - HYCOM has 41 hybrid layers in the vertical
- Use the Navy's GOFS 3.1 configuration for MOM6+SIS2
- Repeat CFSR 2003 atmospheric forcing for 10 model years

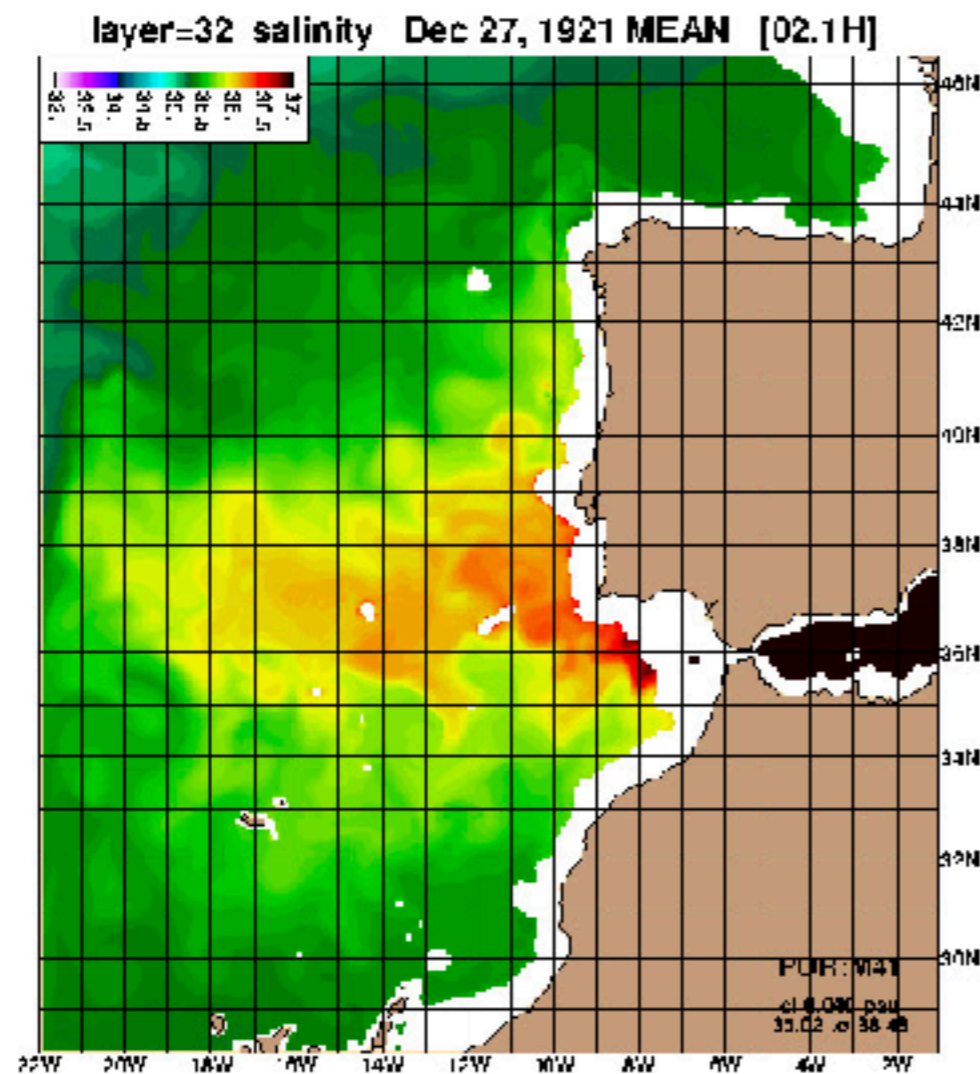


Courtesy of A. Wallcraft and E. Chassignet

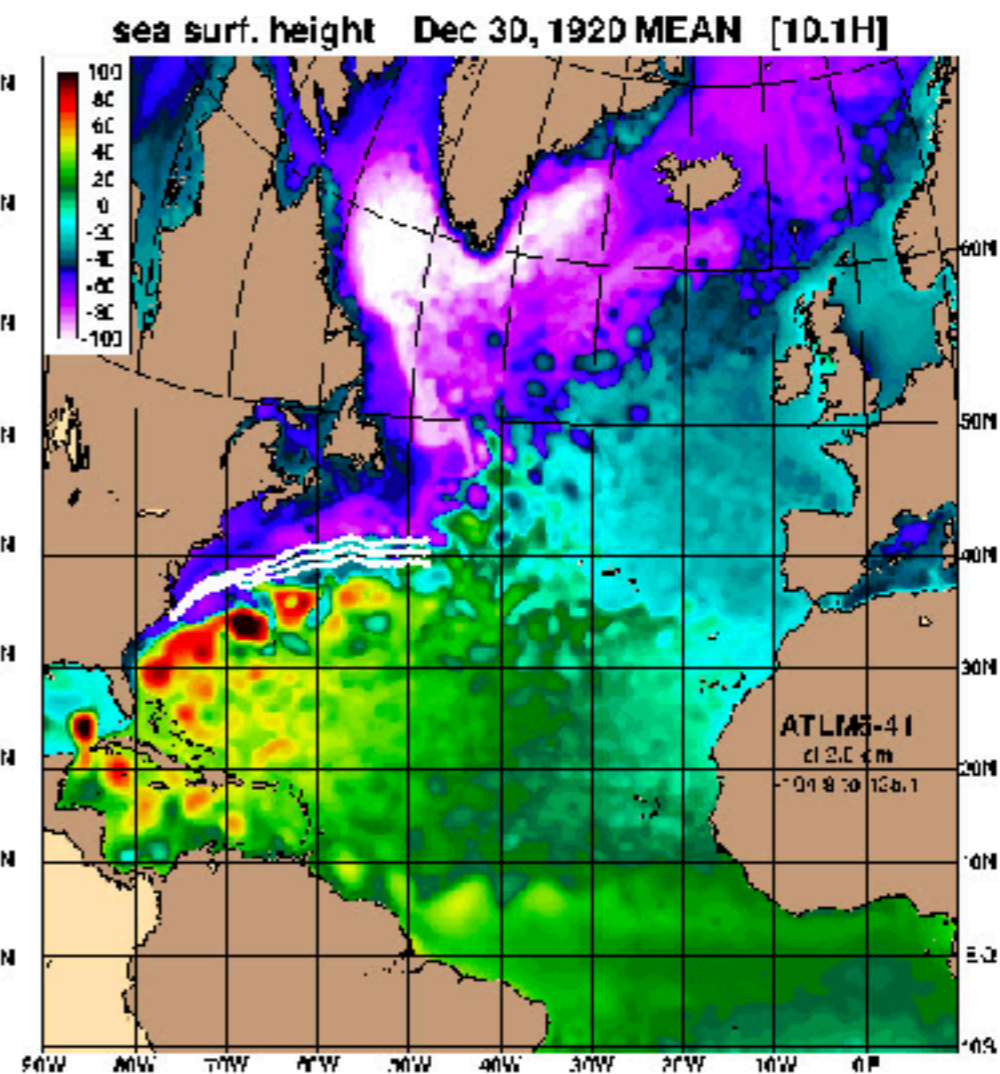
## REGIONAL MOM6 DOMAINS SUBSETTING 1/12° GLOBAL (I)

- Used to inexpensively explore model issues
- Sponge zone at “open” boundaries
  - Relax to monthly climatology in layer space

### Strait of Gibraltar Overflow



### Atlantic North of 28S



Courtesy of A. Wallcraft and E. Chassignet

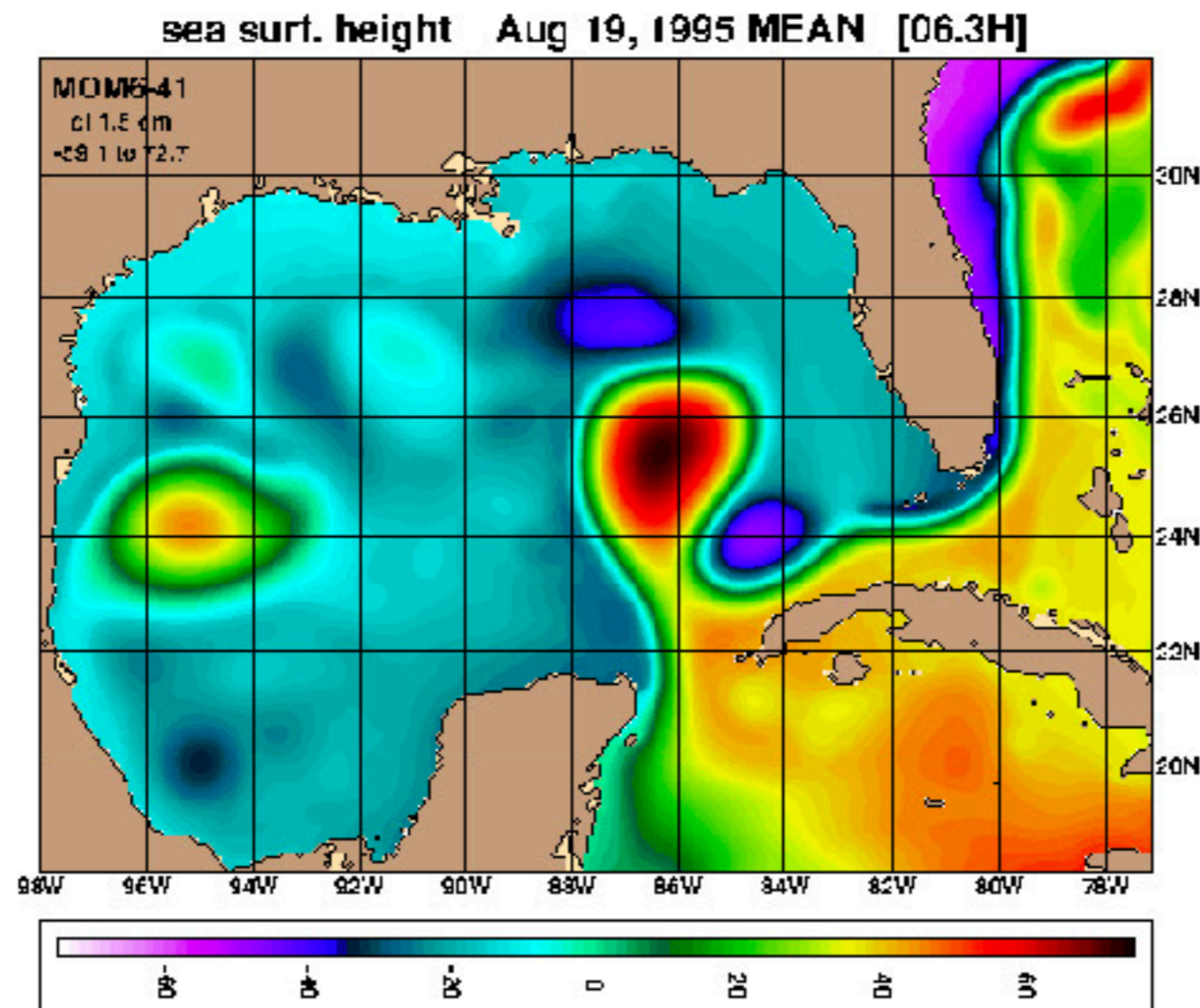
## REGIONAL MOM6 DOMAINS SUBSETTING 1/12° GLOBAL (II)

- **Gulf of Mexico**

- open boundaries: FLATHER, ORLANSKI, NUDGED

daily boundary conditions from

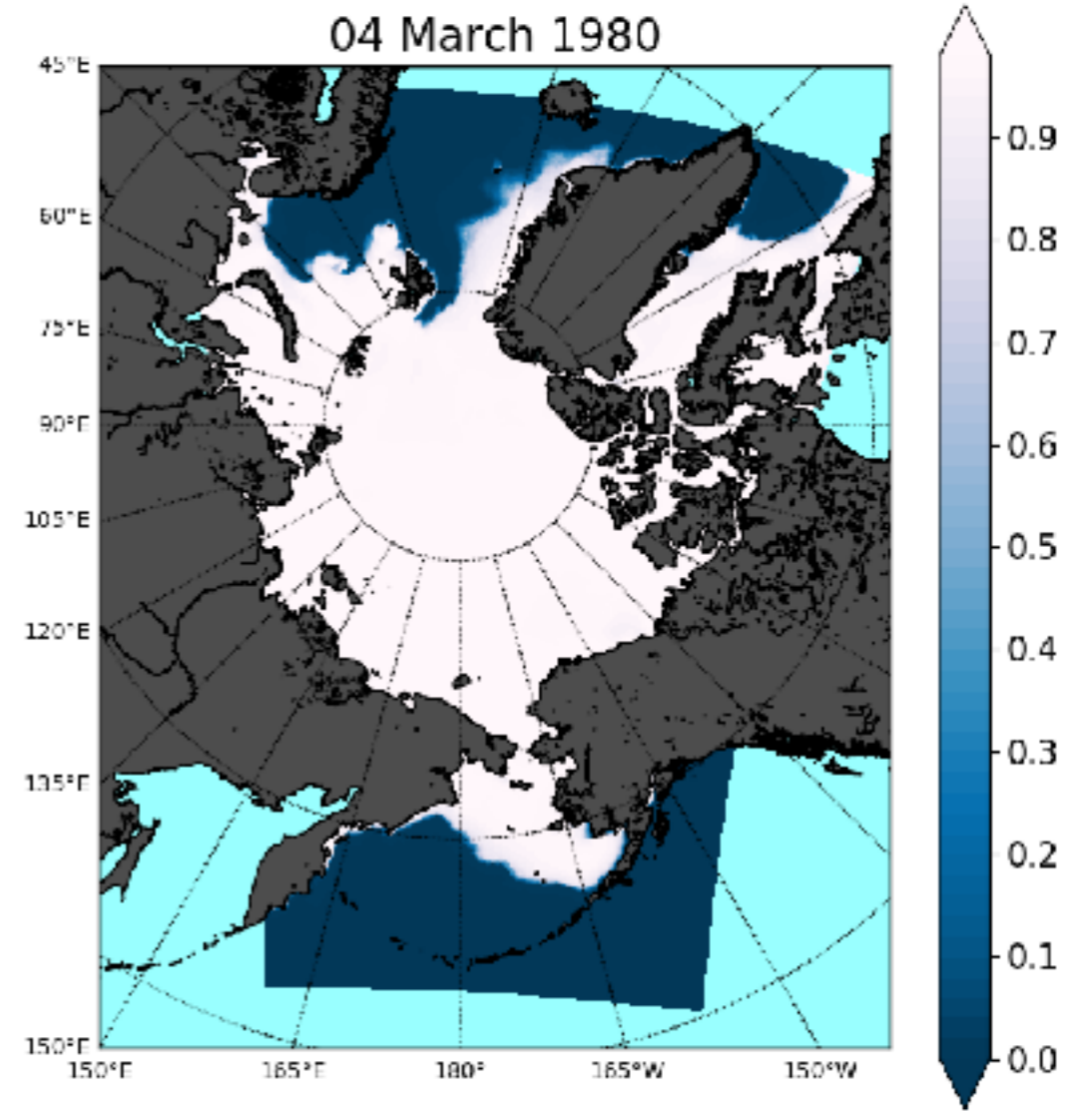
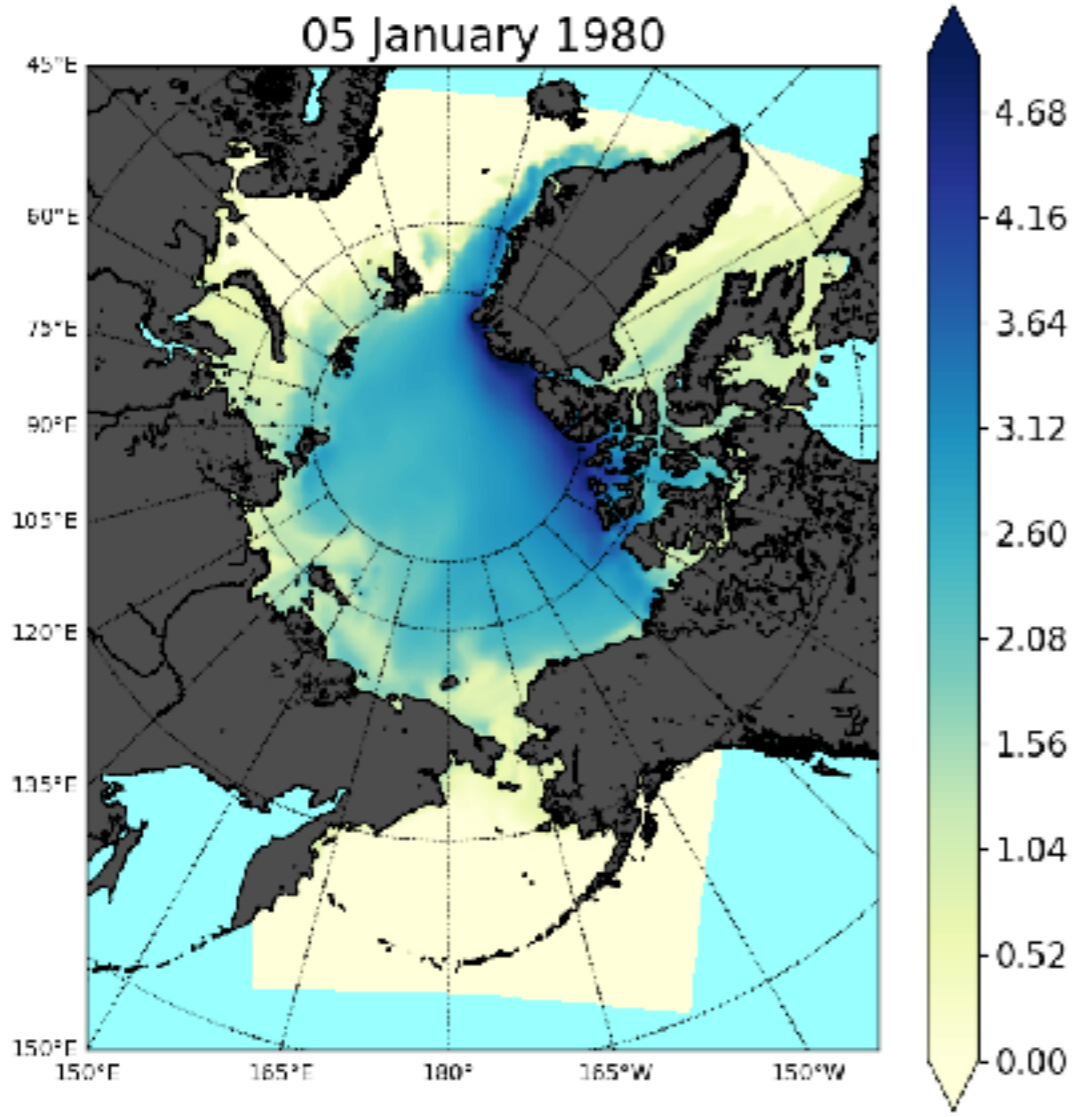
- Global MOM6 simulation or GOFS 3.1 reanalysis



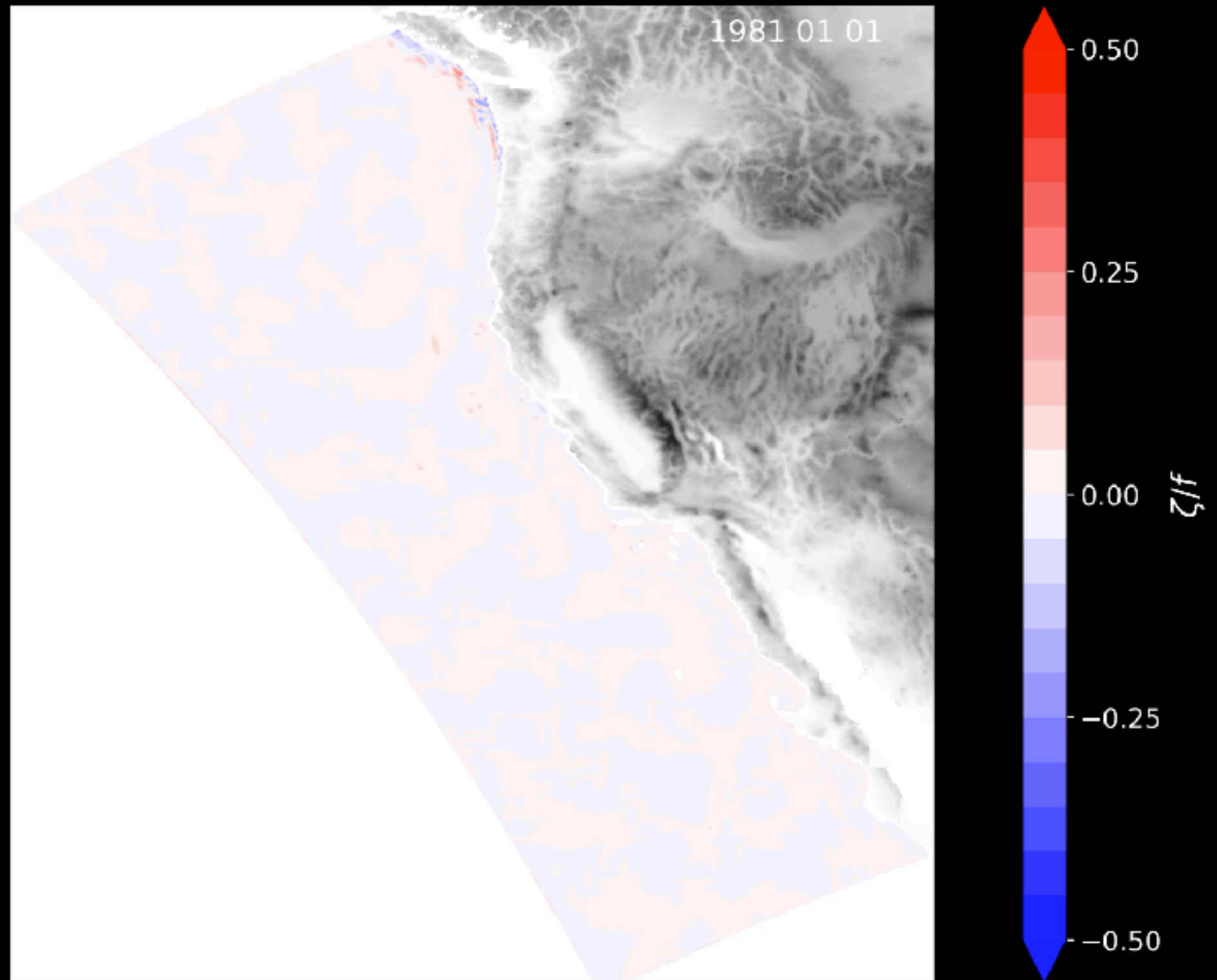
Courtesy of A. Wallcraft and E. Chassignet



# MOM6 Implementations: Arctic



# MOM6 Implementations: California Current Vorticity





# Summary

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- A community is rapidly building for Regional MOM6 for weather to climate applications
- Imminent developments:
  - Explicit tides at the boundary (A. Ross @GFDL)
  - Tracer and BGC boundary conditions (N. Zadeh @GFDL)
  - Improved sponge layers (S. Bachman+ @NCAR)
- Wish list:
  - Two-way nesting
  - Fully embedded in coupled model
  - Improved OBC dynamics?