

# BGC Practical Lab Notes Coupled & Ocean

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# BGC in CESM 1.0 (and beyond)

- CAM CO<sub>2</sub> features
  - CO<sub>2</sub> constituents that use LND & OCN CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes as surface boundary condition
  - Pass CO<sub>2</sub> to driver for LND & OCN flux computations
  - Couple CO<sub>2</sub> constituents to radiation computations
- POP Ecosystem model
- CLM features covered by Sam

# BGC Compsets

- Terminology
  - BGC CO<sub>2</sub>: what is used by surface components
  - RAD CO<sub>2</sub>: what is used by ATM radiative code
  - Prognostic CO<sub>2</sub>: predicted ATM concentrations
    - atmospheric constituent computed from surface CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes
  - Diagnostic CO<sub>2</sub>: prescribed ATM concentrations
    - Ex: constant, read from file, 1% ramp
- B1850BPRP, B20TRBPRP
  - Coupled model, BGC & RAD CO<sub>2</sub> are prognostic
- B1850BDRD, B20TRBDRD
  - Coupled model, BGC & RAD CO<sub>2</sub> are diagnostic
- CECO
  - Ocean alone, normal year forcing, ocean ecosystem
- GECO (in CESM 1.2 and later)
  - Ocean-Ice, normal year forcing, ocean ecosystem

# Initial Conditions (IC)

- Coupled compsets (B)
  - CESM 1.0, 1.1: spun-up IC for CAM4 physics & f09\_g16 grid
    - CMIP5 ESM configuration
  - ICs are provided for some other grids, but are not spun-up
  - CESM 1.2: ICs are provided, but none are spun-up
- Ocean Alone (CECO), Ocean-Ice (GECO)
  - ICs are provided for g16 & g37, but are not spun-up
  - ICs for CESM 1.2 differ from 1.0 and 1.1, but neither are spun-up

# BGC env\*xml variables

- **CCSM\_BGC**
  - Controls which CO<sub>2</sub> fields are exchanged between CESM components, see table at end
- **CCSM\_CO2\_PPMV**
  - Constant CO<sub>2</sub> ref value used in some configurations
- **OCN\_CO2\_TYPE, LND\_CO2\_TYPE**
  - Controls CO<sub>2</sub> used by ocean and land components
  - constant, prognostic, diagnostic
- **OCN\_TRACER\_MODULES**
  - Controls which ocean tracers are used
  - Ocean ecosystem model is called ecosys

# Exercise

- Set up different experiments and compare resulting case directories. Do differences make sense?
- Expr 1: B1850CN, f09\_g16
- Expr 2: B1850BDRD, f09\_g16
  - What changes occur when the carbon cycle is enabled?
- Expr 3: B1850BPRP, f09\_g16
  - What changes occur when the carbon cycle is made prognostic?
- Model configuration at f09\_g16 is expensive
  - i.e. don't submit job
  - change grid to T31\_g37 if you want to examine generated output

# POP BGC Specific Output

- `ocn/hist/$CASE.pop.h.ecosys.nday1.????-??-??`.nc
  - Selected ocean ecosys variables at daily resolution
  - Surface flux related, productivity & functional group vertical integrals
- `ocn/hist/$CASE.pop.h.ecosys.nyear1.????`.nc
  - Selected three dimensional ocean ecosys tracer budget terms

# UNITS & SIGN CONVENTIONS

- CAM variables CO2, CO2\_LND, CO2\_OCN, CO2\_FFF have units kgCO<sub>2</sub>/kg dry air
- This is **NOT** a typical unit for carbon cycle modelers
- To convert ppmv, multiply by  $1e6 * 28.966 / 44$
- Same quantity in different component output has
  - Different names
  - Different units
  - Different sign conventions (for fluxes)



# UNITS & SIGN CONVENTIONS

Component	Variable Name	Units	Sign Convention
Atmosphere	SFCO2_LND	kgCO2/m <sup>2</sup> /s	Positive up
Land	NEE	gC/m <sup>2</sup> /s	Positive up
Atmosphere	SFCO2_OCN	kgCO2/m <sup>2</sup> /s	Positive up
Ocean	FG_CO2	mmolC/m <sup>3</sup> ·cm/s nmolC/cm <sup>2</sup> /s	Positive down

# CCSM\_BGC settings

	CO2A	CO2B	CO2C
prog CO <sub>2</sub> -> land	Y	Y	Y
diag CO <sub>2</sub> -> land	Y	Y	Y
land CO <sub>2</sub> flux -> atm		Y	Y
prog CO <sub>2</sub> -> ocean			Y
diag CO <sub>2</sub> -> ocean			Y
ocean CO <sub>2</sub> flux -> atm			Y

- CO2A: land only runs
- CO2B: atmosphere-land runs
  - Ocean & Fossil Fuel CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes read from file
- CO2C: fully coupled runs