

Towards Decadal Prediction with CCSM4

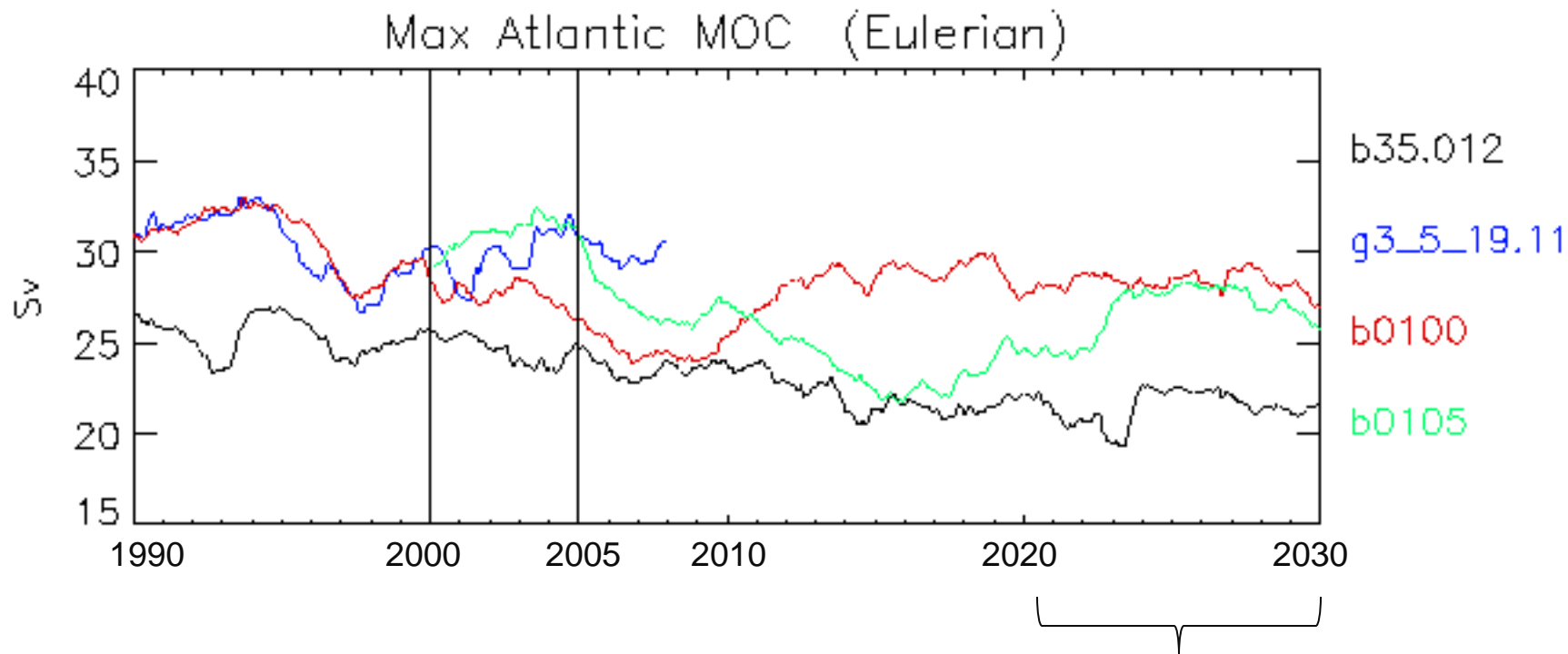
Stephen Yeager, Gokhan Danabasoglu, Joe Tribbia,
Jeff Anderson, Tim Hoar, Nancy Collins,
Mariana Vertenstein, Nathan Hearn

OMWG Meeting, Boulder, CO
December 11, 2009

Outline

- I. Intro -- the experience with CCSM3.5
- II. The Initial Conditions -- ocean, ocean-ice, and Data Assimilation Research Testbed (DART) hindcast runs
 - I. Short & Long-term plans

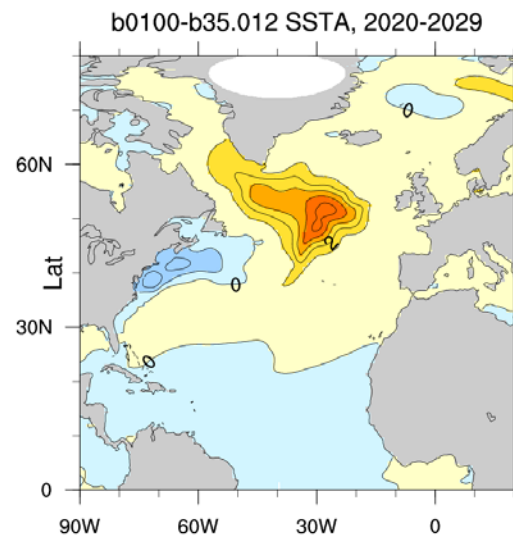
CCSM3.5 Fully-Coupled Decadal Prediction Runs



b35.012: CCSM3.5 fully coupled 1870-2030

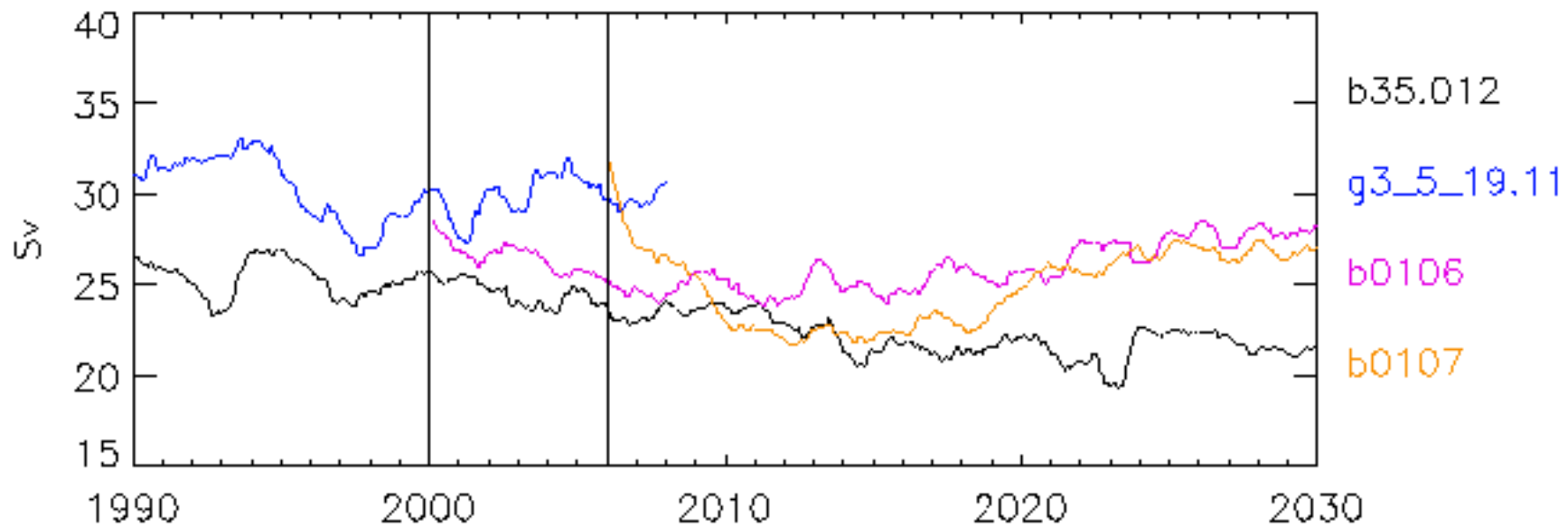
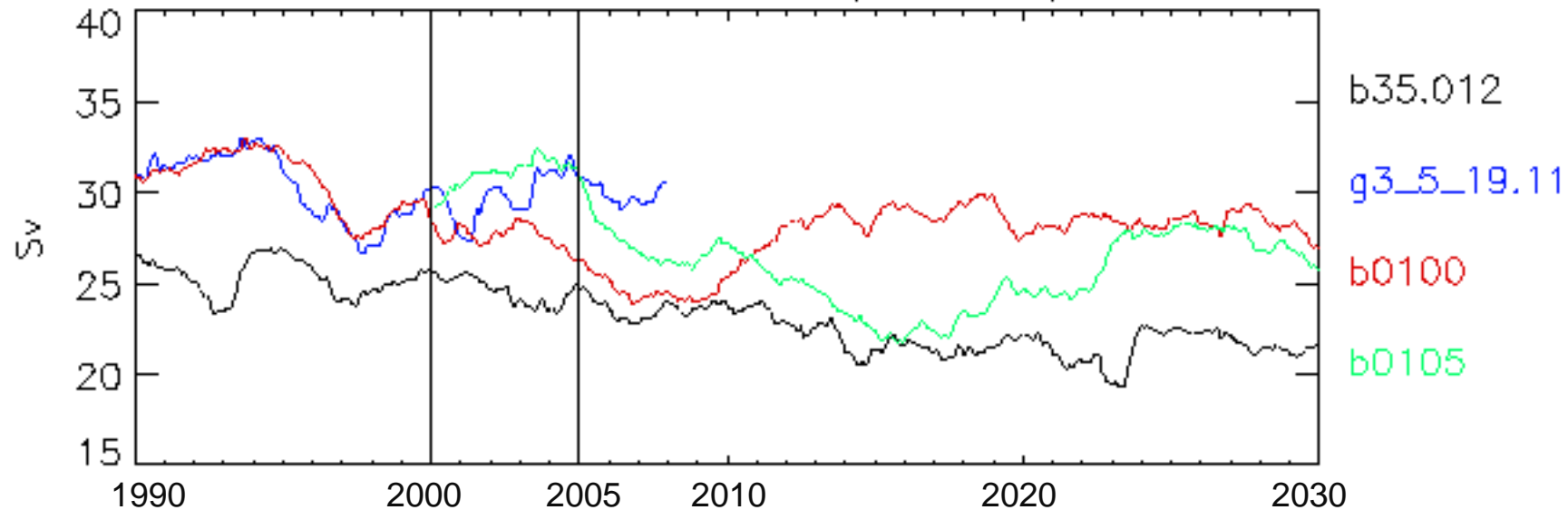
g3_5_19.11: CCSM3.5 ocean-ice coupled hindcast (1949-2006)

b0100: branched from (1) at 1980, nudged to (2) from 1980 through 1999 ($\tau = 40$ day)



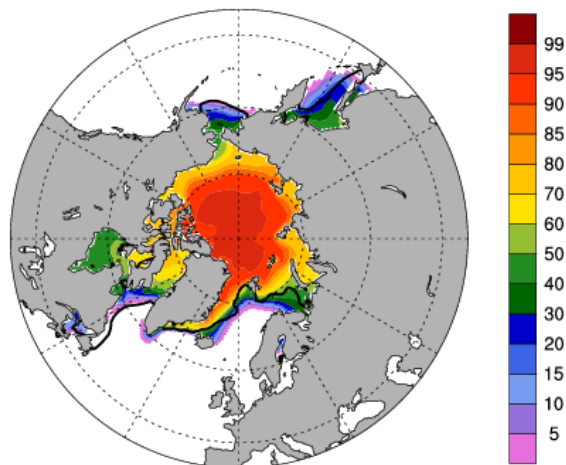
CCSM3.5 Fully-Coupled Decadal Prediction Runs

Max Atlantic MOC (Eulerian)

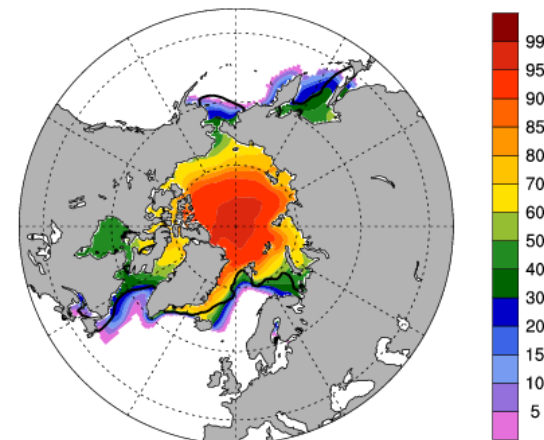


CCSM3.5 Fully-Coupled Decadal Prediction Runs

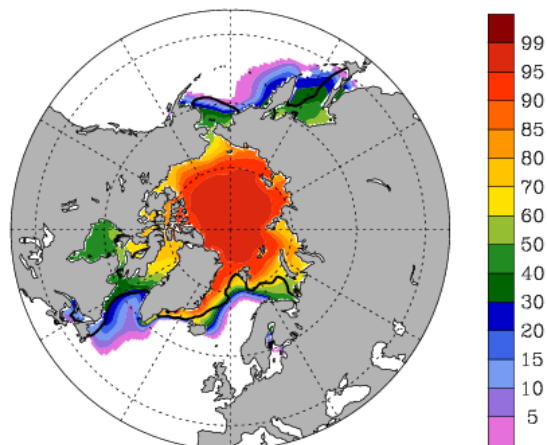
Case b0100
ANN Mean Years 1980-1999
ice area (aggregate) %



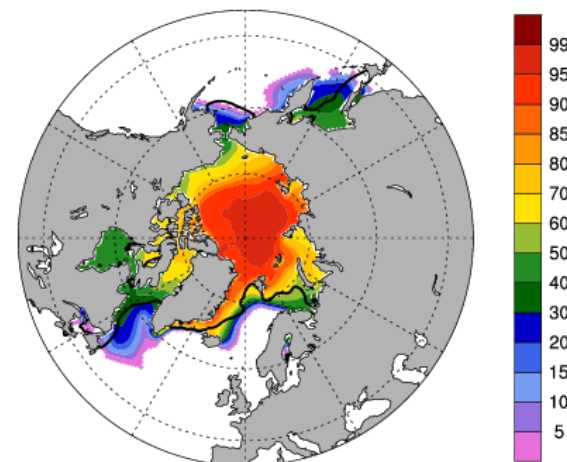
Case b0100
ANN Mean Years 2020-2029
ice area (aggregate) %



Case b35.012
ANN Mean Years 1980-1999
ice area (aggregate) %



Case b35.012
ANN Mean Years 2020-2029
ice area (aggregate) %



nudged

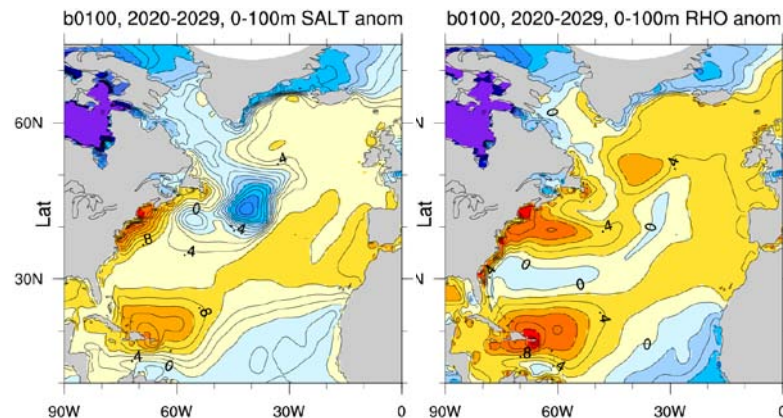
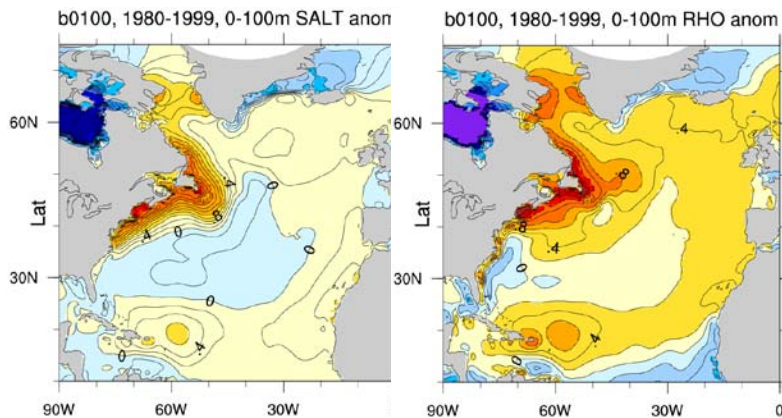
CNTRL

CCSM3.5 Fully-Coupled Decadal Prediction Runs

1980-1999

2020-2029

nudged



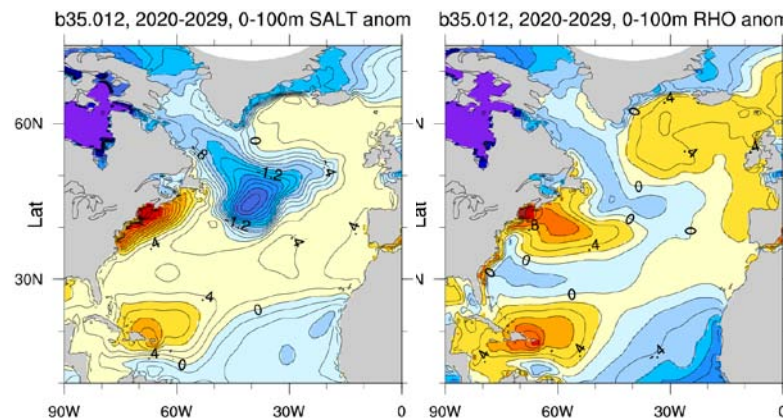
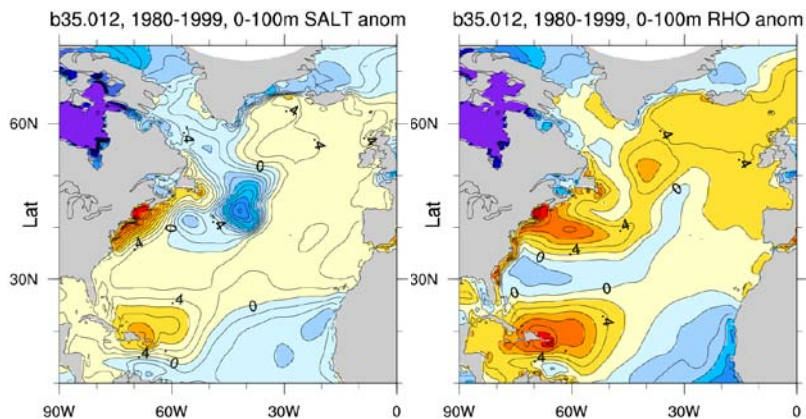
S'

σ'

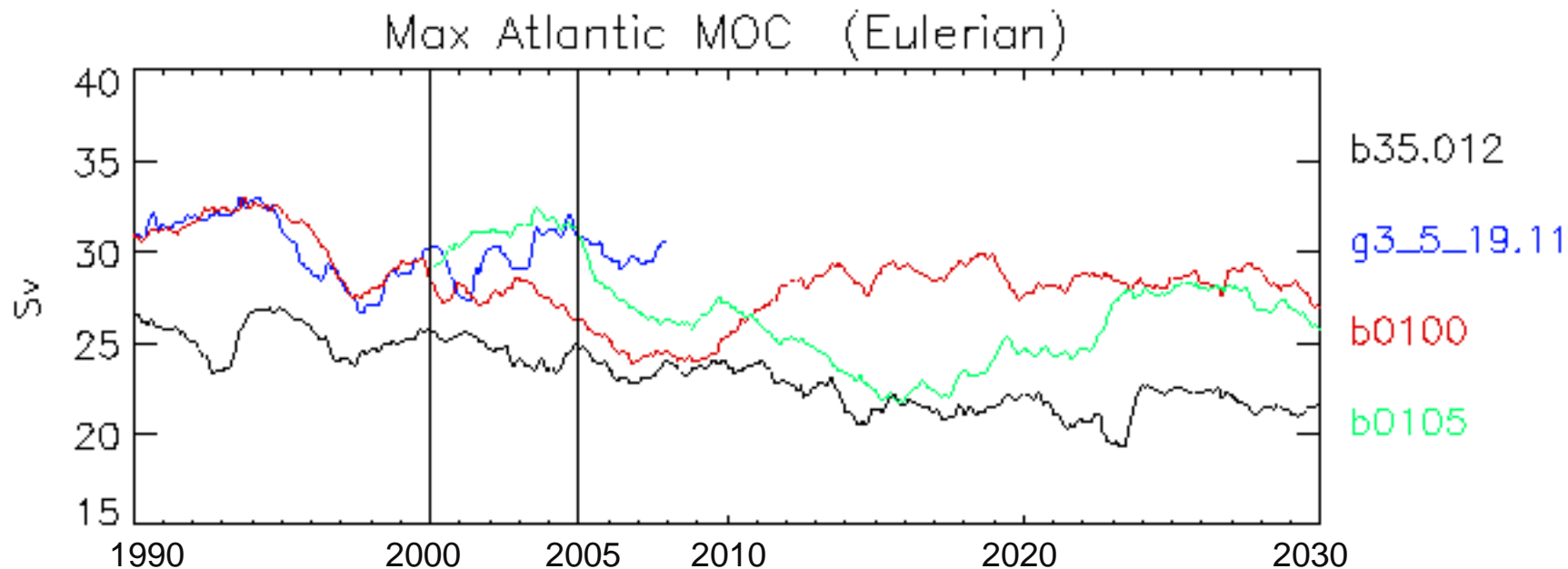
S'

σ'

CNTRL



CCSM3.5 Fully-Coupled Decadal Prediction Runs



b35.012 cold/fresh/light Lab Sea; warm/salty/dense Irminger Sea

→ deep convection in Irminger Sea only throughout

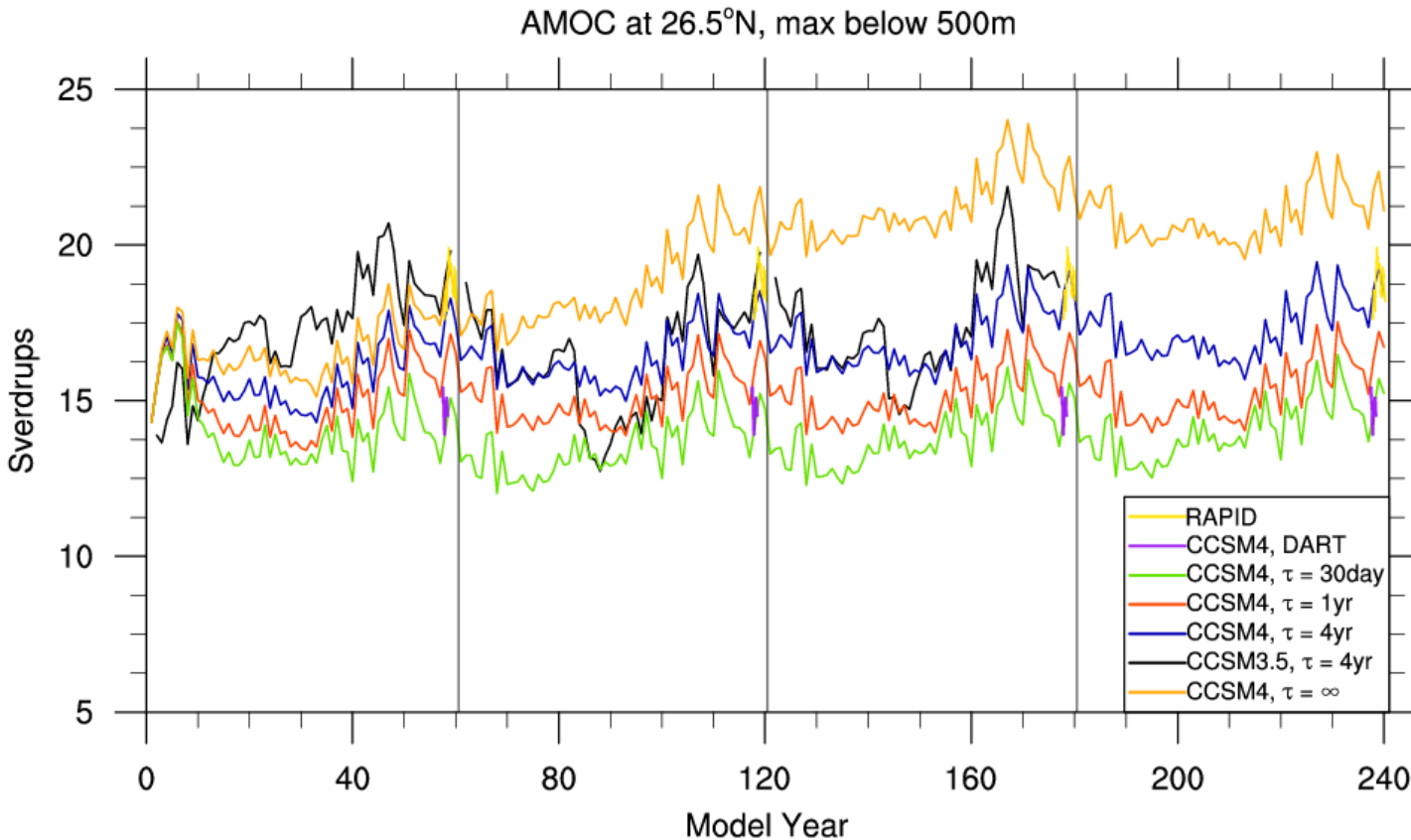
b0100 pre-2000: warm/salty/dense Lab Sea; warm/salty/dense Irminger Sea

post-2000: cold/fresh/light Lab Sea; warm/saltier/denser Irminger Sea

→ deep convection transitions out of LAB and becomes stronger in Irminger

I. Intro – the experience with CCSM3.5

- Large transients due to major discrepancy between the ocean ic biases and the coupled model preferred biases
- Expect Atlantic upperocean salinity/density bias in ocean ic to “dial in” AMOC strength



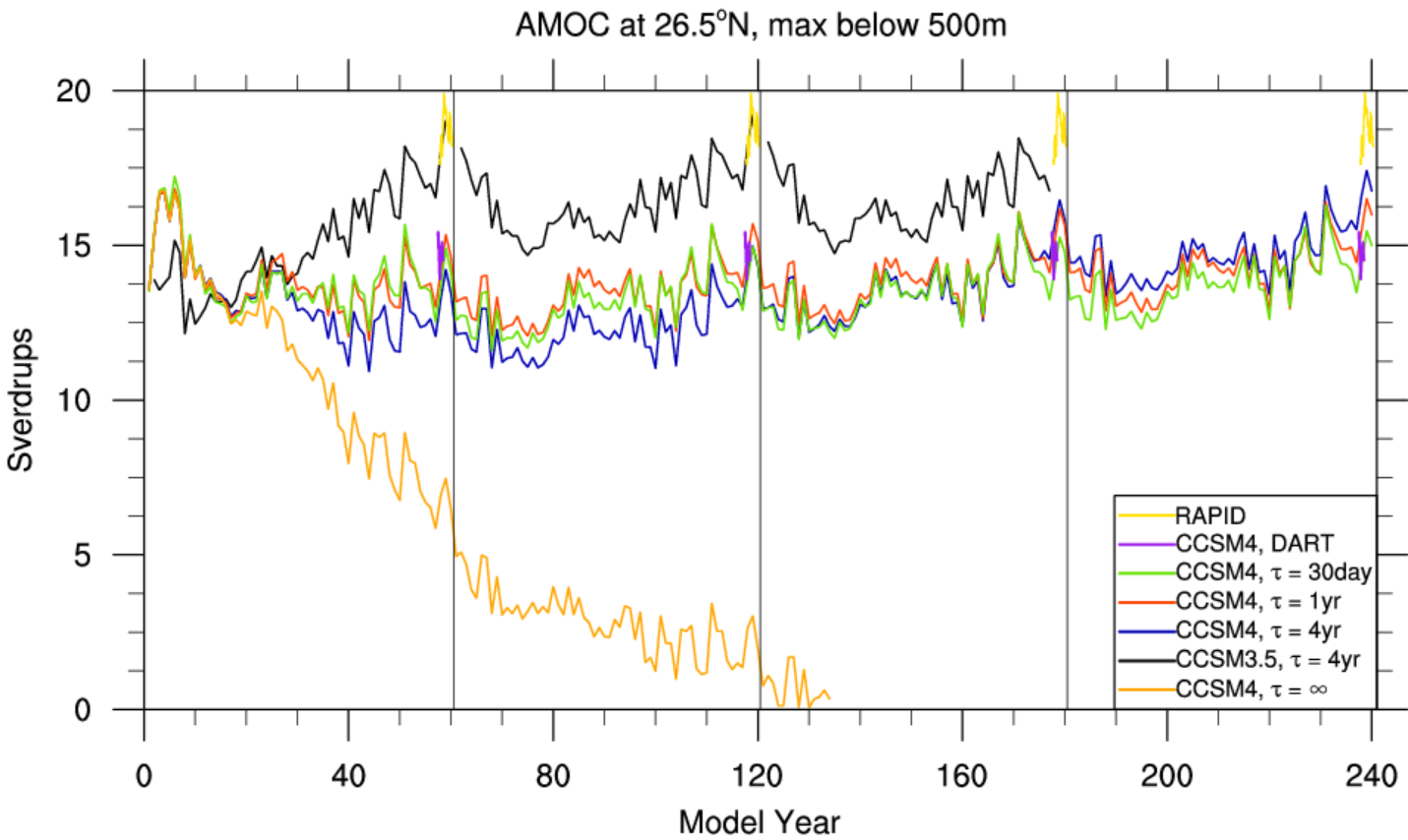
- DART: ensemble mean of 23-member 1998-1999 ocean-only hindcast (assimilating WOD daily T,S)



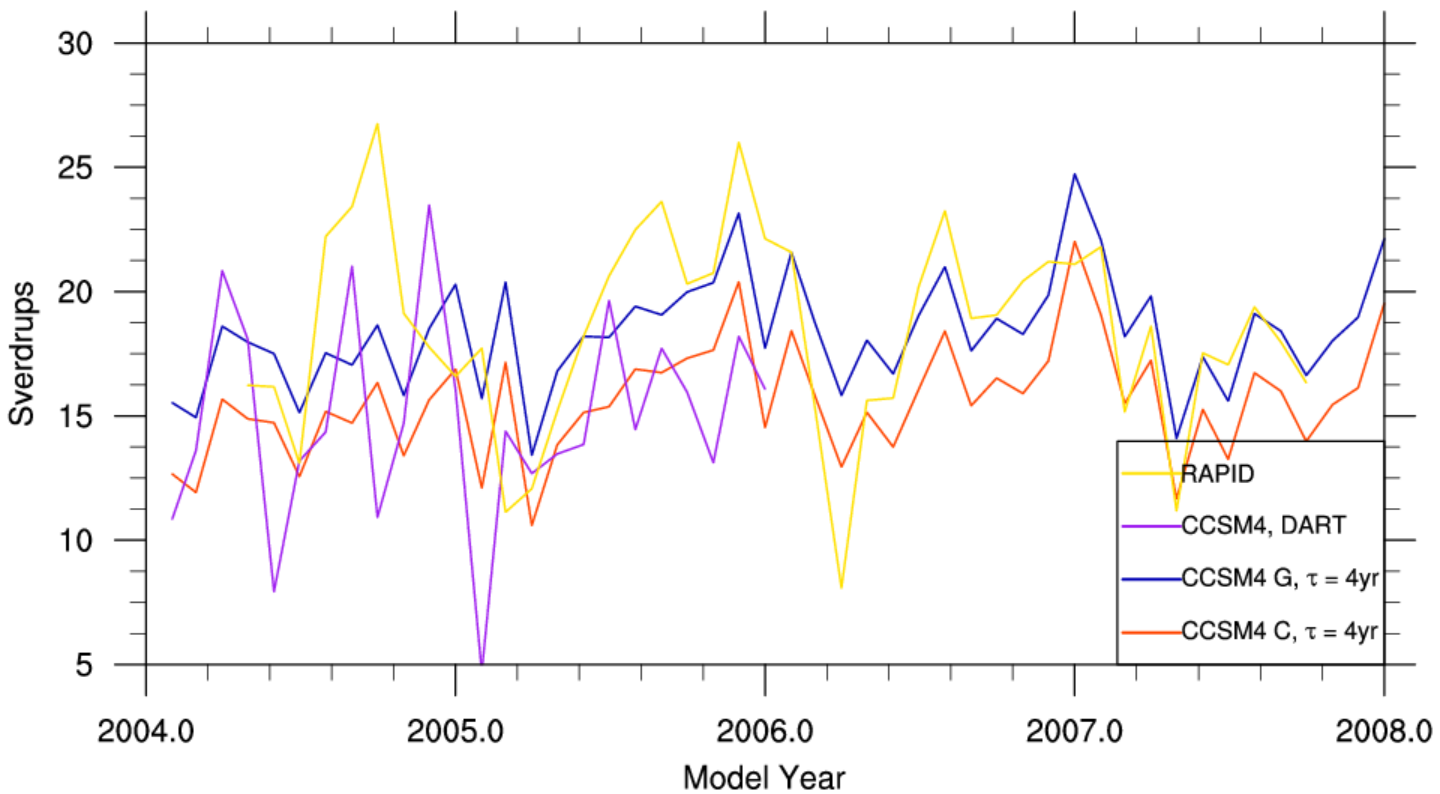
Thanks Peta-Apps!

CCSM4 Hindcast Integrations

Ocean-only

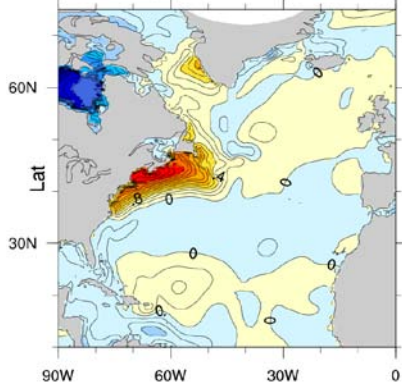


Monthly AMOC at 26.5°N, max below 500m

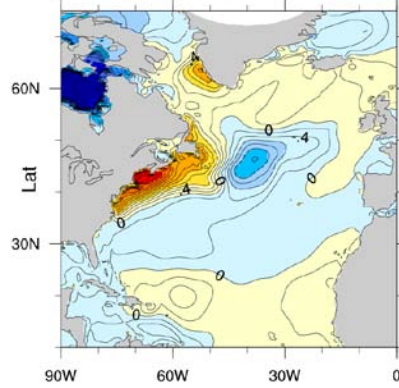


- AMOC strength scales with subpolar gyre density (salinity):

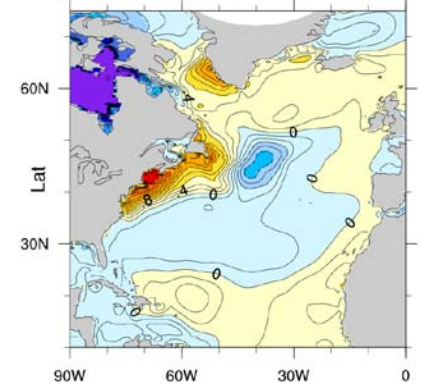
dart.005.6, 1999, 0-100m SALT anom



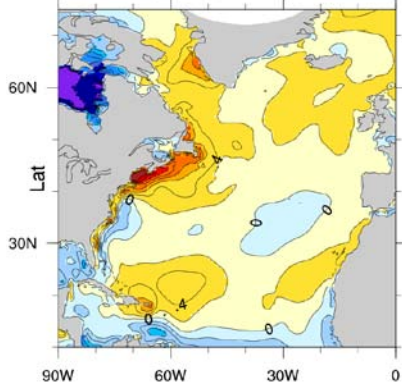
g.b29.01, 1980-1999, 0-100m SALT anom



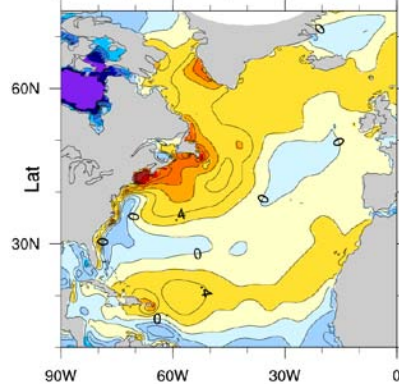
g.b29.04, 1980-1999, 0-100m SALT anom



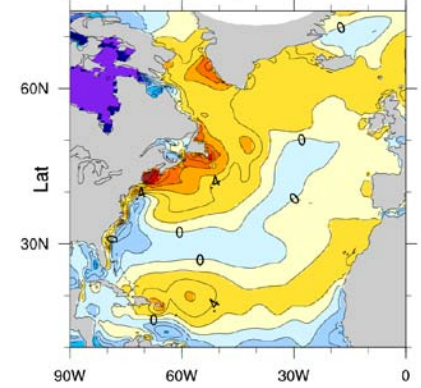
dart.005.6, 1999, 0-100m RHO anom



g.b29.01, 1980-1999, 0-100m RHO anom



g.b29.04, 1980-1999, 0-100m RHO anom



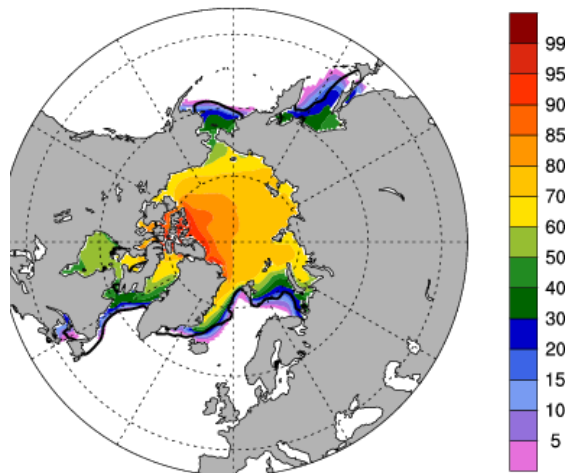
Stronger
AMOC



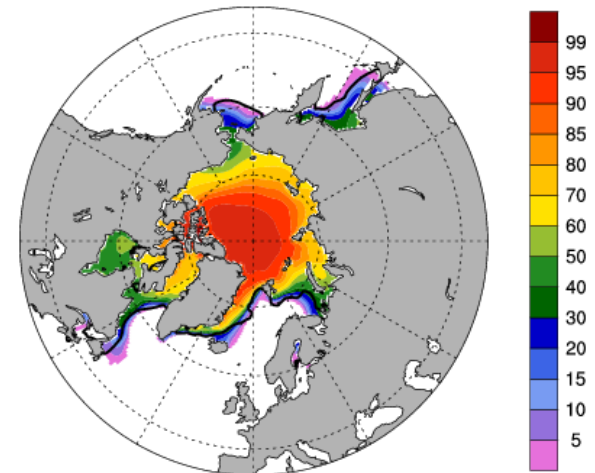
- CCSM4 POP needs this magnitude positive S' and σ' needed to match observed AMOC

- Positive Mixed Boundary Condition feedbacks which amplify warm, salty NATL biases are weaker in CCSM4 than CCSM3.5 due to:
 - POP: Overflow parameterization
 - POP: Horizontally-varying background diffusivity
 - POP: Submesoscale mixing parameterization
 - CICE: delta-Eddington shortwave transfer, melt ponds, aerosols
- As a result, ocean-ice hindcast ice distribution is more compatible with OBS and the fully coupled CCSM4 → Good news for decadal prediction

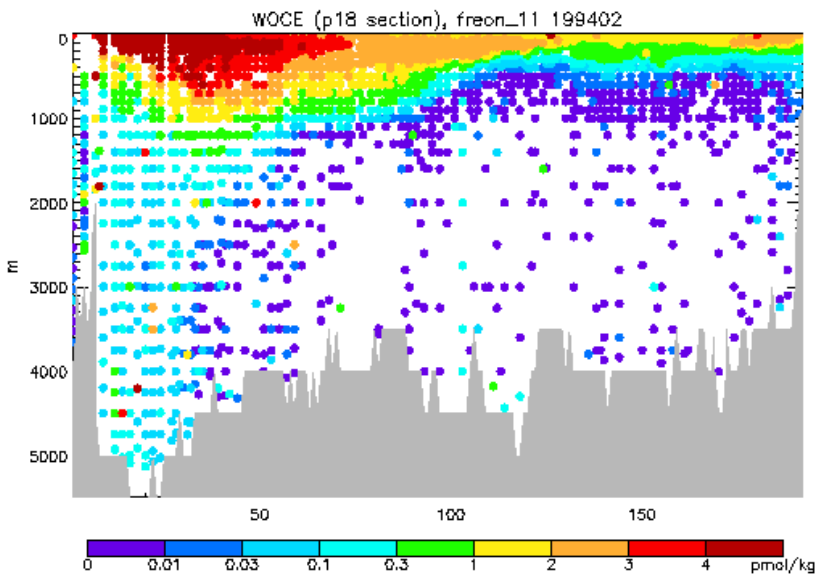
Case g.029.01
ANN Mean Years 0231-0240
ice area (aggregate) %



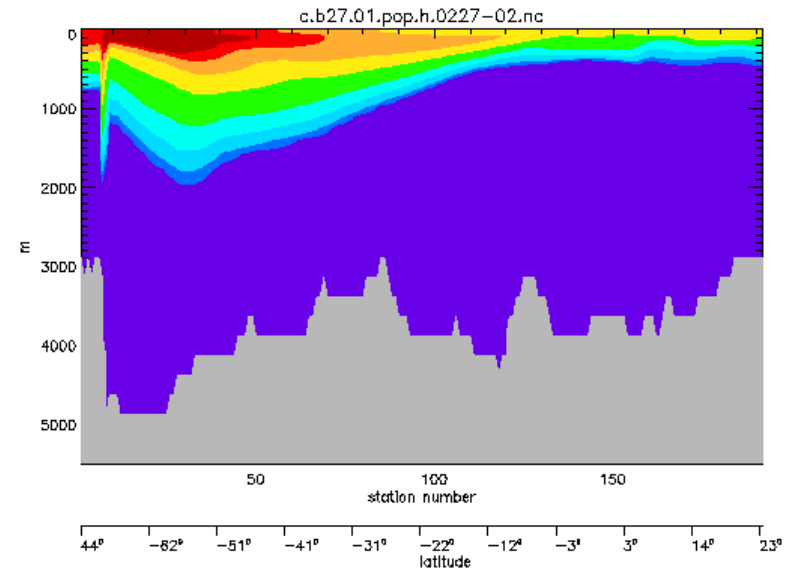
Case b40.20th.track1.1deg.002a
ANN Mean Years 1985-2004
ice area (aggregate) %



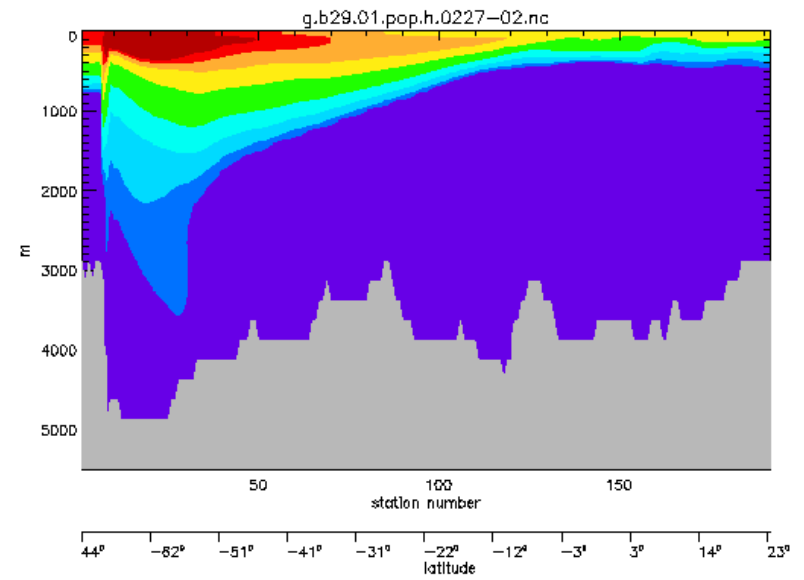
CFC-11, WOCE P18



Ocean-only

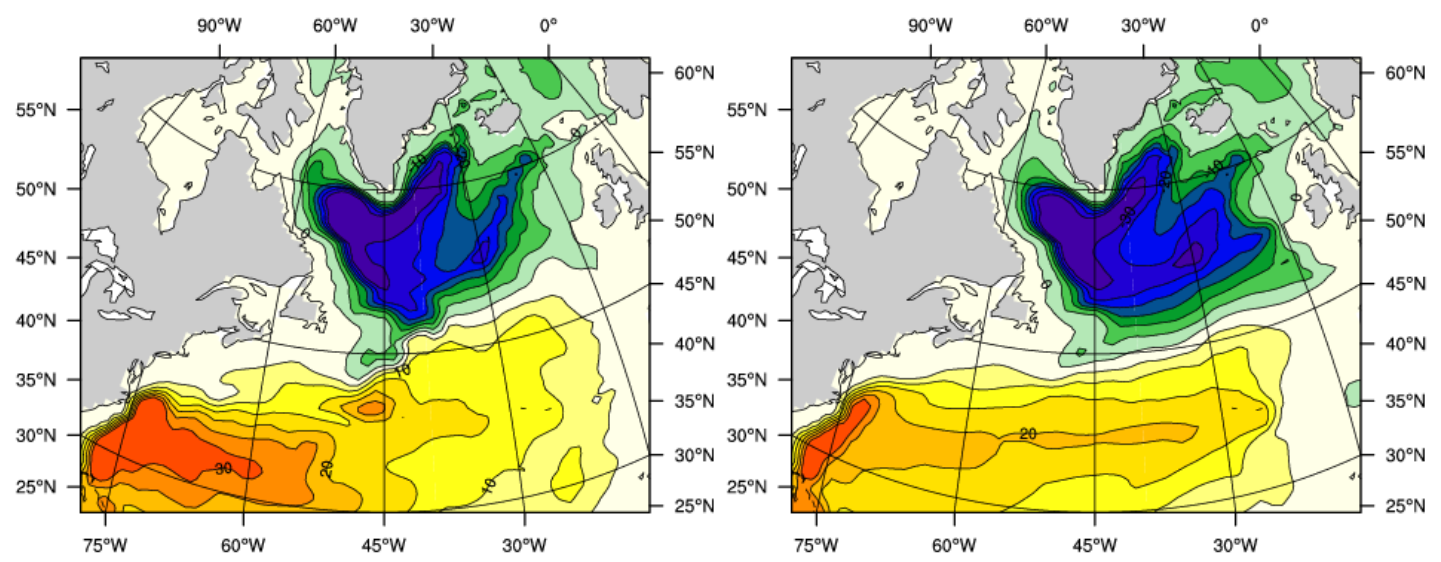


Ocean-ice

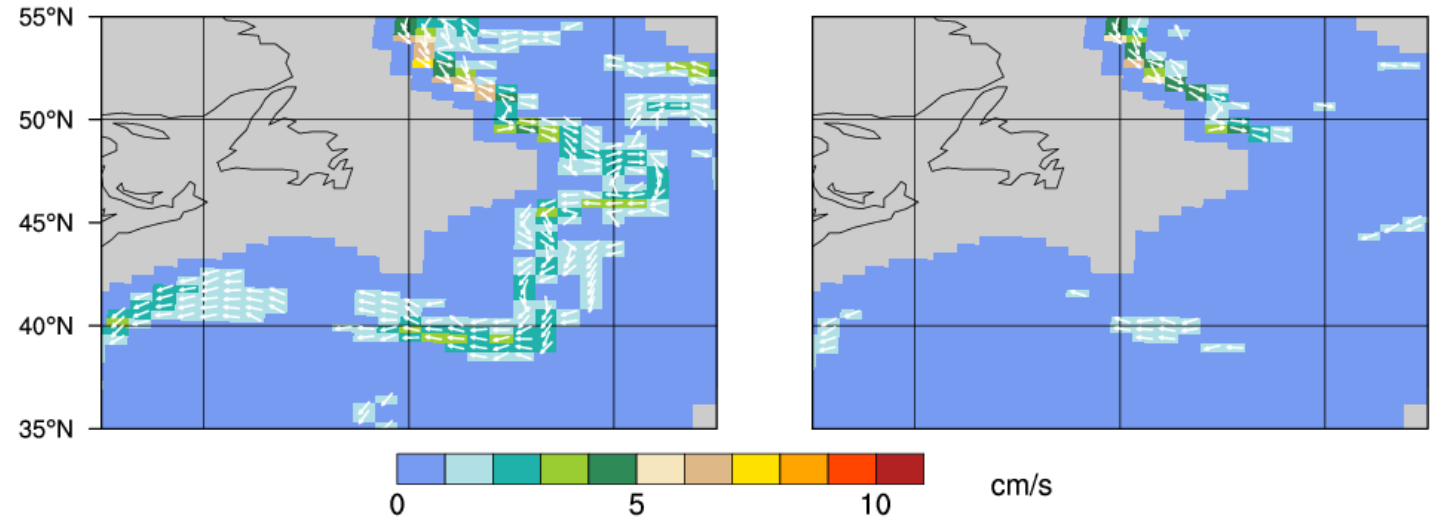


1999

BSF



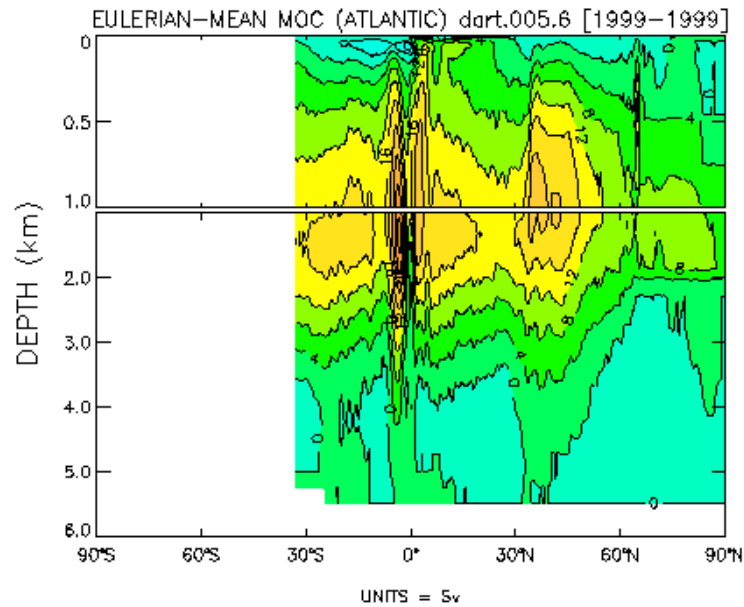
DWBC
(3000m)



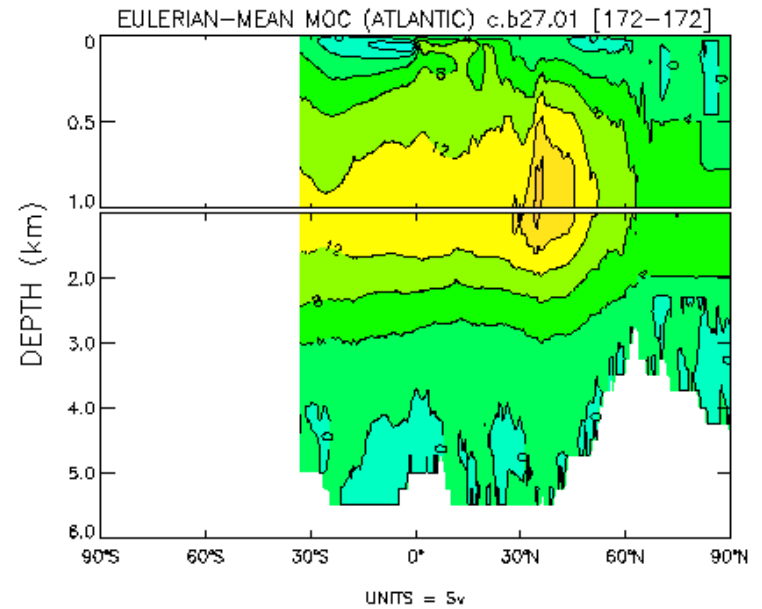
ocean hindcast w/ DART

ocean hindcast

1999



ocean hindcast w/ DART



ocean hindcast

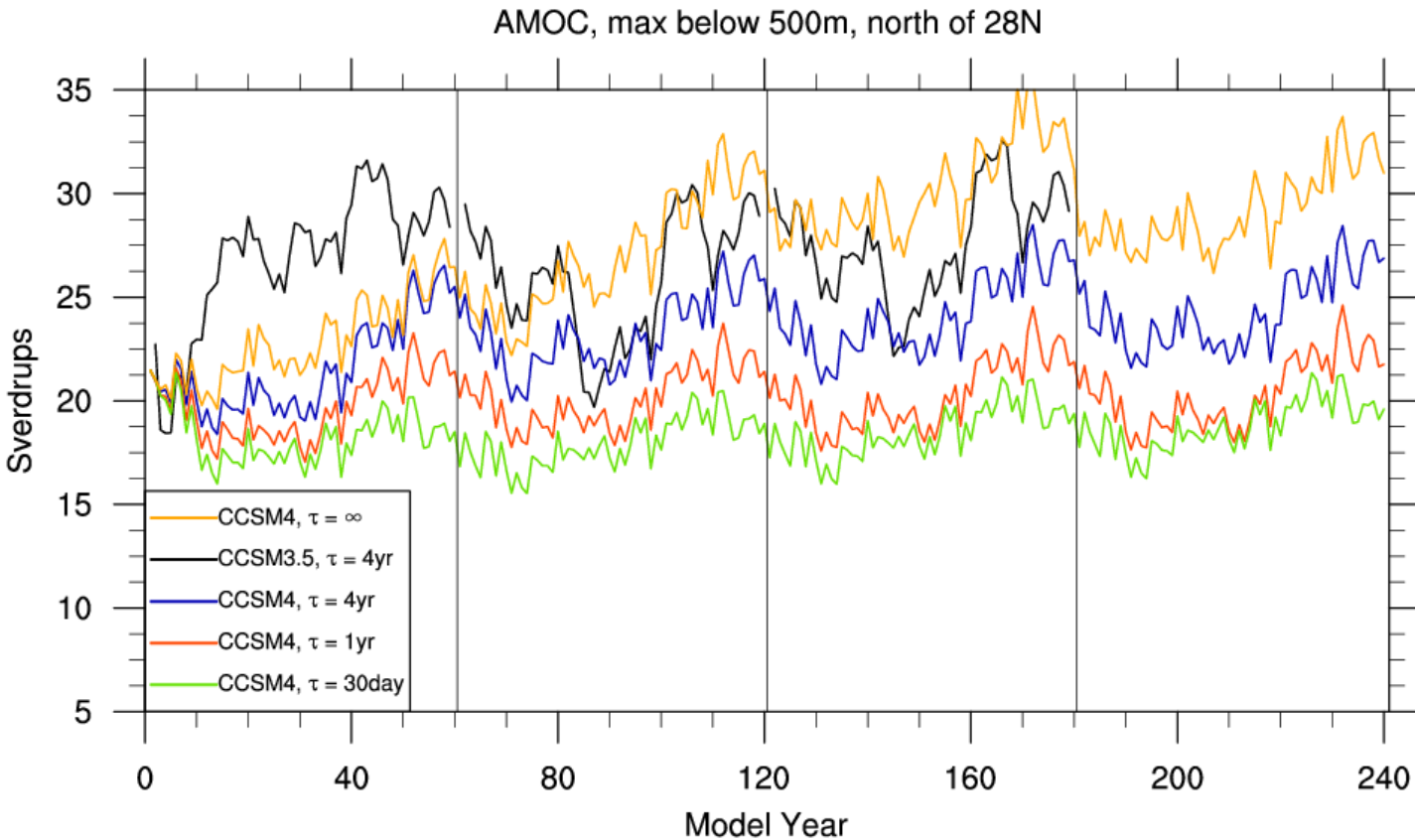
Short Term Plan

- ✓ Generate 2000 ic's for ocn (& ice) from best CORE2 hindcast (CCSM4, ocean-ice, $\tau = 4$ yr)
- ✓ Generate 2000 ic's for ocn from a DART hindcast ensemble (1998-1999, ocean only)
- Generate 2000 ic's for atm & Ind from a 1990-2000 AMIP-style run using surface BC's from CORE2 hindcast (~days)
- 2000-2005 20th Cent projection tests using various ic's (~weeks):
 1. HINDCAST/AMIP :
ocn & ice (weak restored ocean-ice hindcast), atm (AMIP), Ind (AMIP)
 2. DART/AMIP :
ocn (DART hindcast), ice (strong restored ocean-ice hindcast), atm (AMIP), Ind (AMIP)
 3. HINDCAST/20C :
ocn & ice (weak restored ocean-ice hindcast), atm (20thC), Ind (20thC)
 4. DART/20C :
ocn (DART hindcast), ice (strong restored ocean-ice hindcast), atm (20thC), Ind (20thC)

Longer Term Plans/Ideas

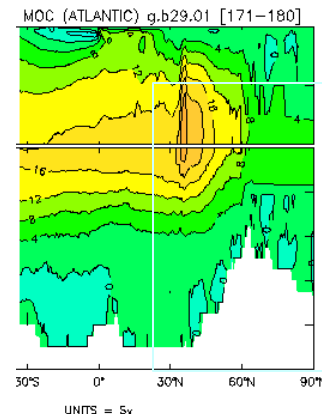
- Generate 2000 ic's for ocn from an ocean-only DART hindcast ensemble, forced with output from an ensemble of data-assimilated CAM runs (~weeks)
- ? Generate 2000 ic's for ocn/ice from an ocean-ice coupled DART hindcast ensemble, forced with CORE2 or CAM DA ensemble
- ? Generate 2000 ic's for ocn/ice/atm/Ind from a fully coupled 20th Cent run with ocean data assimilation (ocn = DART ensemble)
- ? Generate 2000 ic's for ocn/ice/atm/Ind from a fully coupled 20th Cent run with multi-model data assimilation (atm, ocn = DART ensembles)
- CMIP5 fully-coupled CCSM4 decadal projections* (~months-year):
 - I. 10-year hindcast & prediction ensembles initialized at 1970, 1975, 1980, ..., 2005
 - II. 30-year hindcast & prediction ensembles initialized at 1960, 1980, 2005
 - III. 10-year prediction ensembles initialized at 2001, 2002, ..., 2009

*Taylor, Stouffer, and Meehl, 2008: "A Summary of the CMIP5 Experiment Design", WCRP Working Group on Coupled Modelling



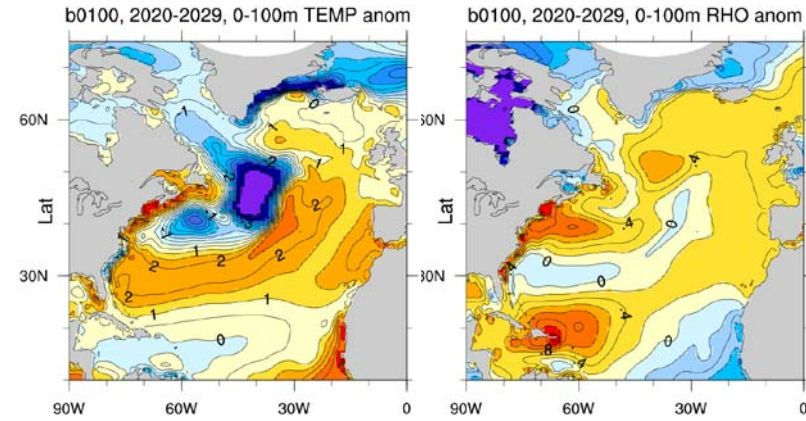
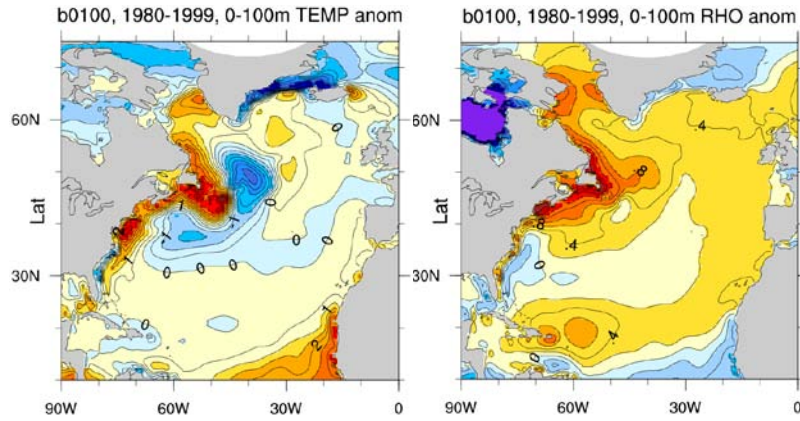
Major differences between **black** and **blue** :

- POP: Overflow parameterization
- POP: Horizontally-varying background diffusivity
- POP: Submesoscale mixing parameterization
- CICE: delta-Eddington shortwave transfer, melt ponds, aerosols

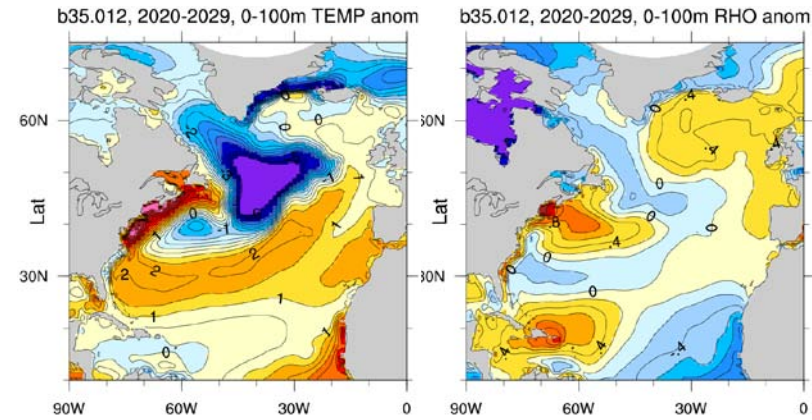
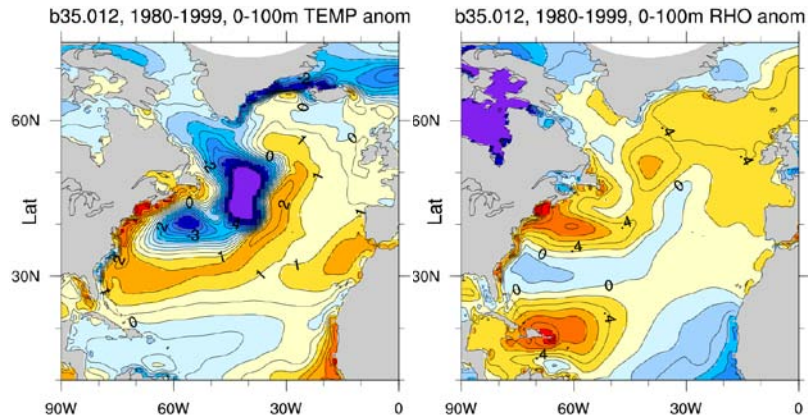


CCSM3.5 Fully-Coupled Decadal Prediction Runs

nudged

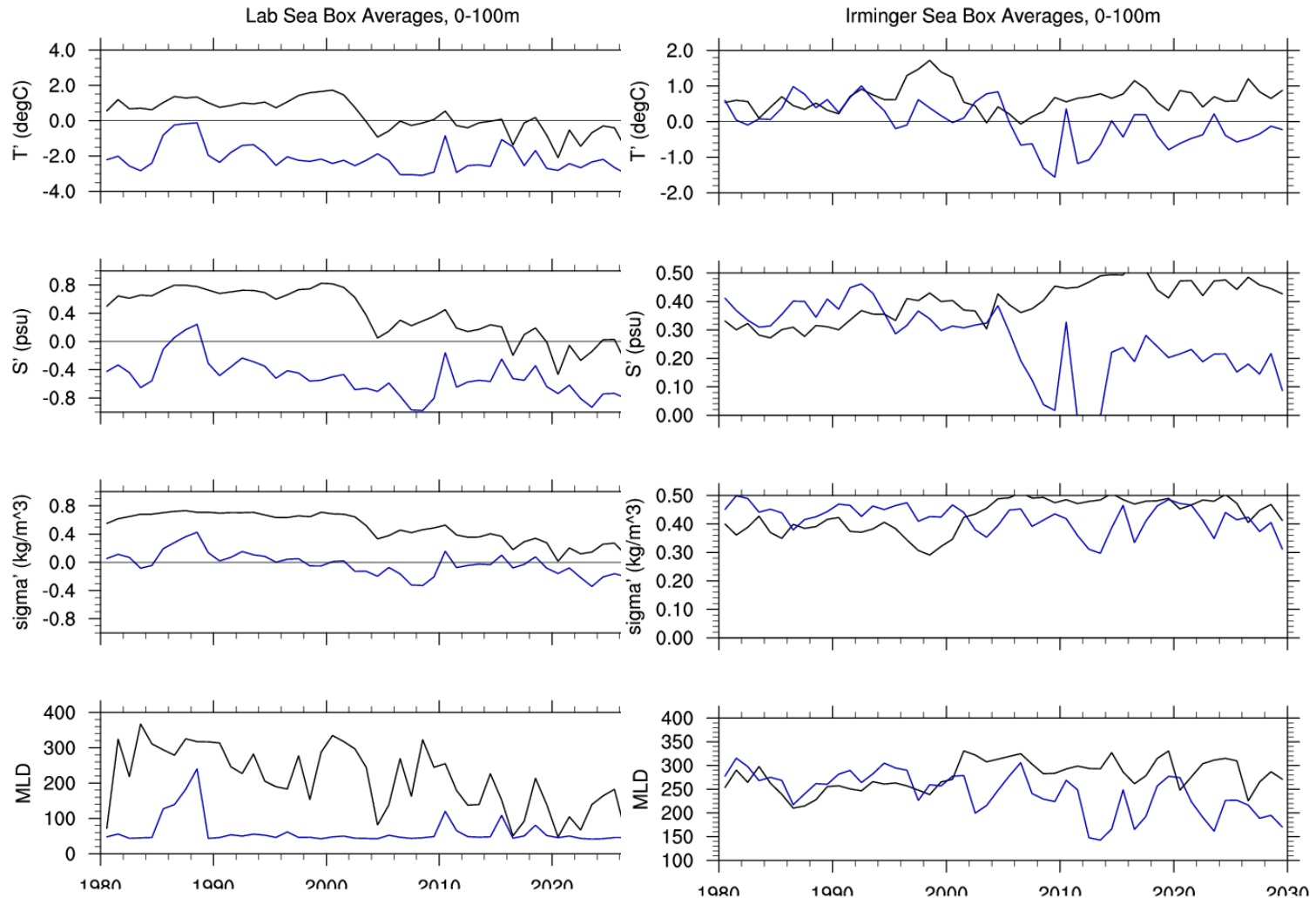


CNTRL



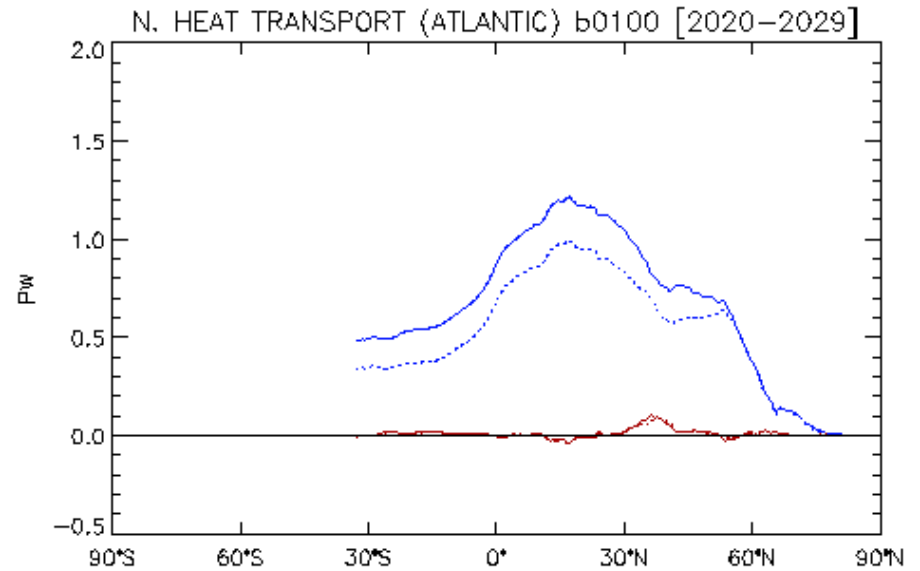
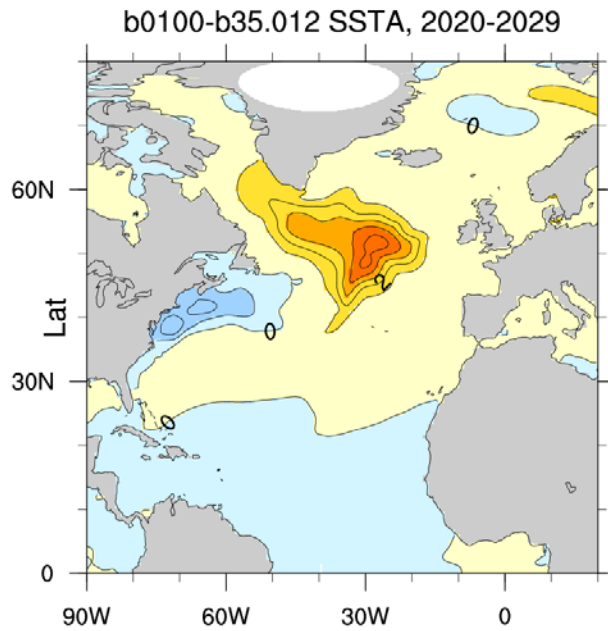
CCSM3.5 Fully-Coupled Decadal Prediction Runs

nudged



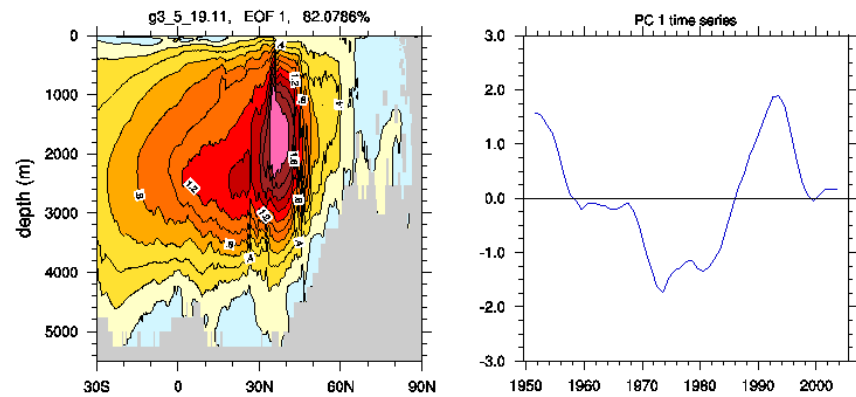
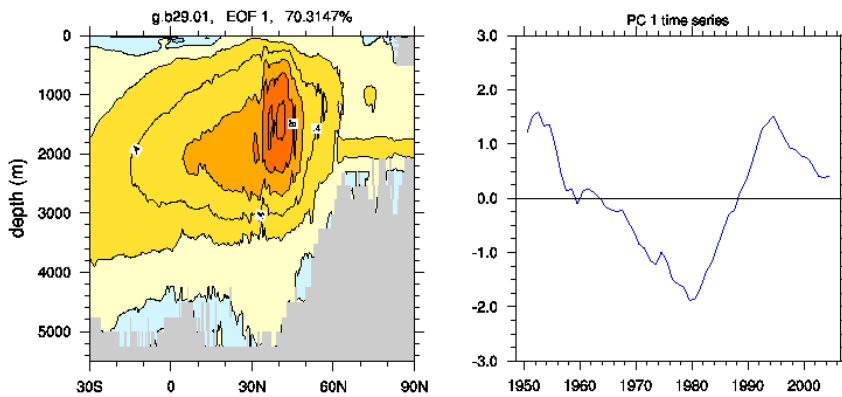
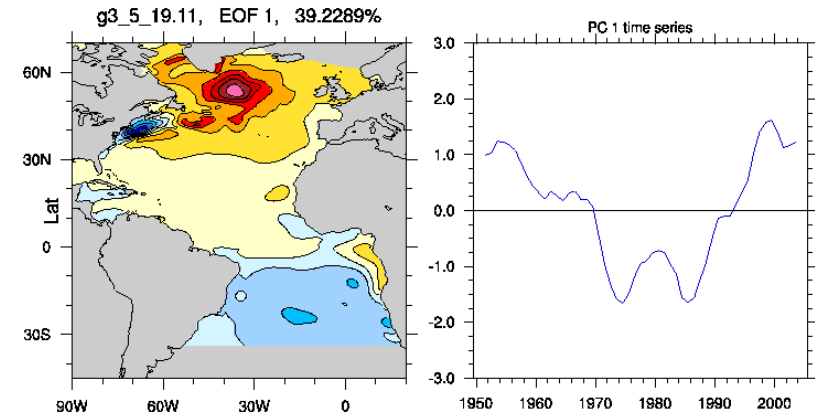
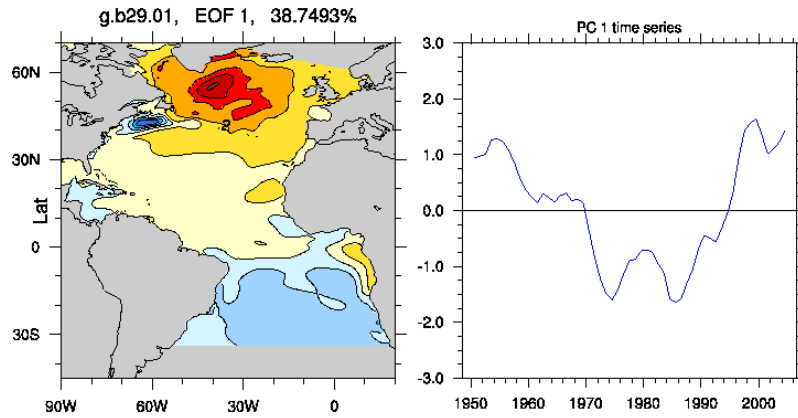
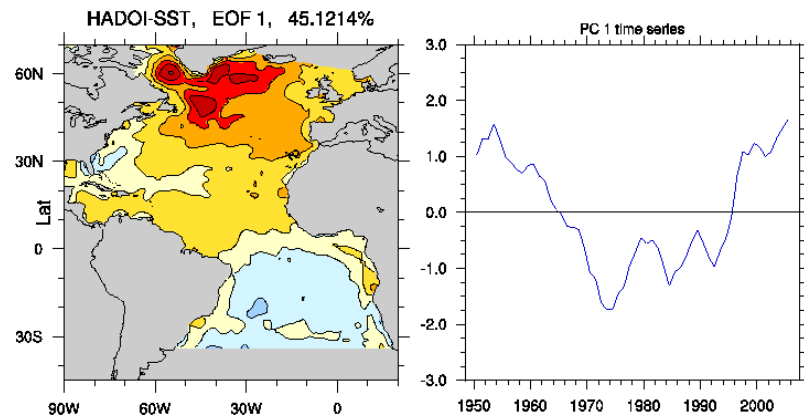
CNTRL

Exploring MOC initialization for future projection runs



→ expect ocean/ice initialization to be (the?) key factor in projections of future North Atlantic climate using fully coupled CCSM4

OBS SST
 EOF1
 "AMO"



CCSM4 Ocean-ice $\tau = 4$ yr

CCSM3.5 Ocean-ice $\tau = 4$ yr

SST
 EOF1

AMOC
 EOF1