

Thermosphere and Ionosphere Extension of the Whole Atmosphere Community Climate Model (WACCM-X)

WACCM-X Development Team:

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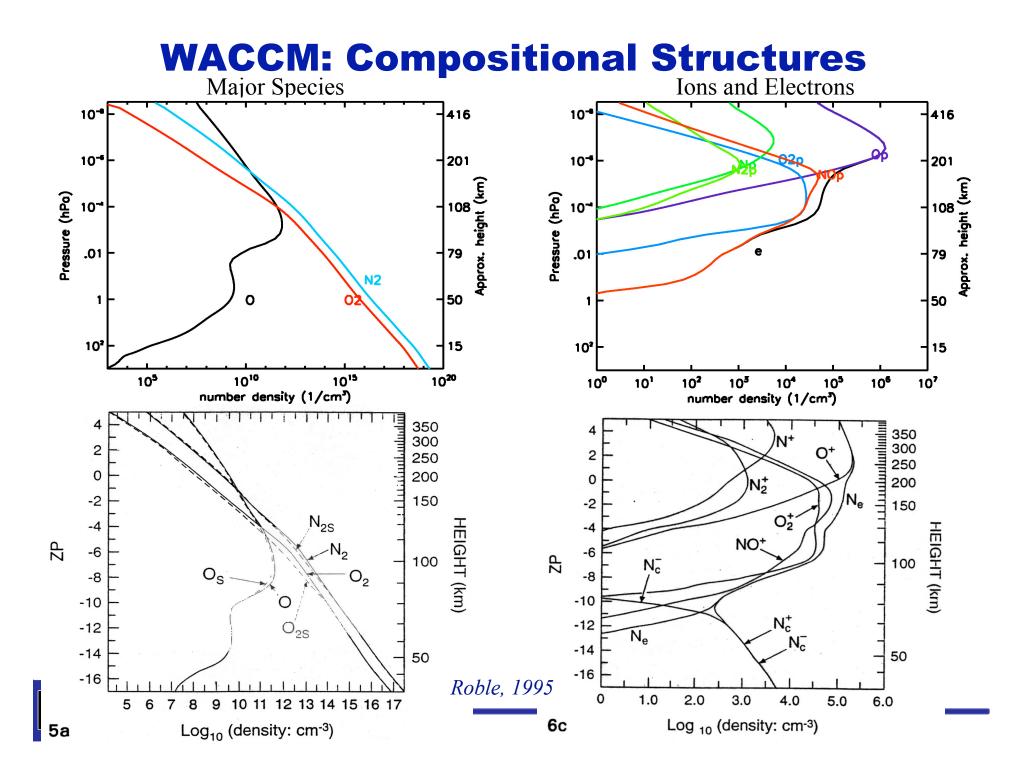
Outline

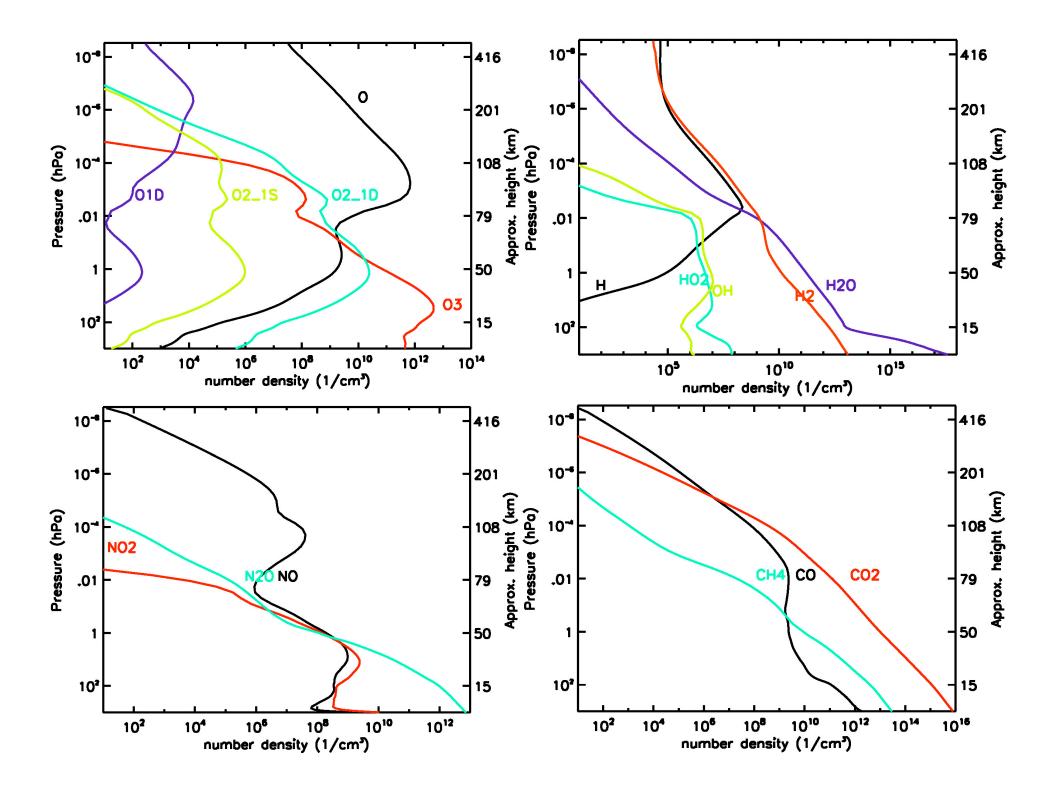
- Thermosphere/ionosphere extension of the NCAR Whole Atmosphere Community Climate Model (WACCM): Model structure and components.
- Model results:
 - Compositional structures.
 - Temperature and winds.
 - Comparisons with MSIS/HWM and TIE-GCM.
 - Seasonal variability.
 - Tides and short-term variability.
- Summary and future studies.

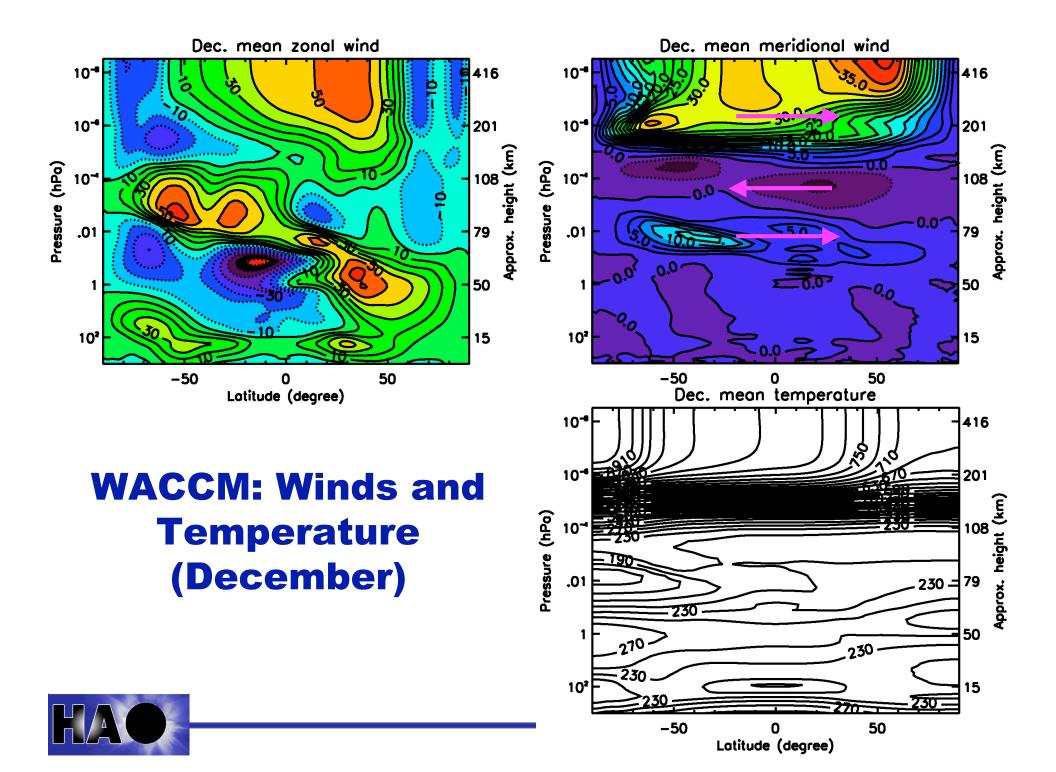


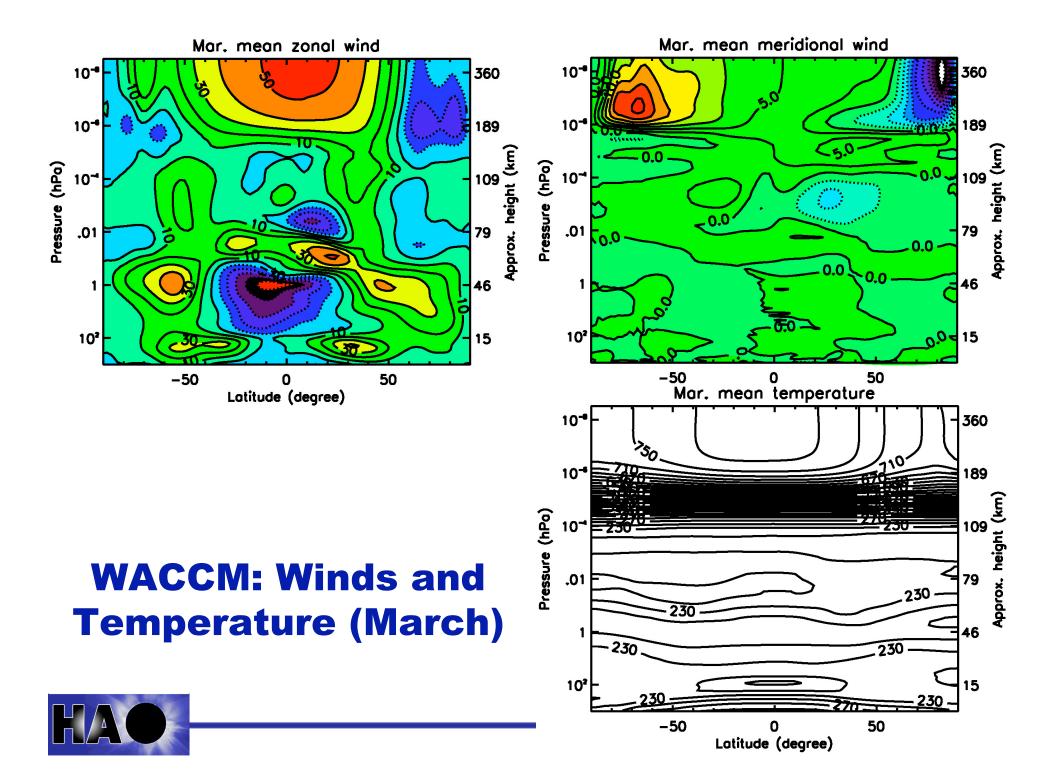
WACCM-X Model Components

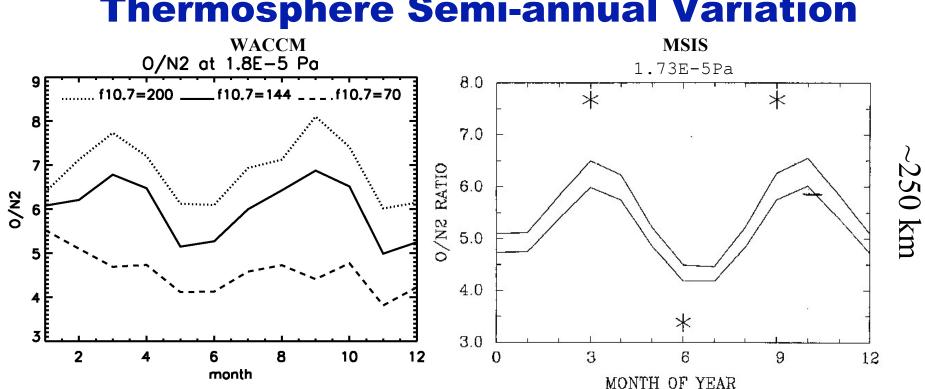
NCAR Community Atmosphere Model (CAM3)Ion Chemistry (52 neutral+5) ions+electron)wave/EUVIon/electron transport due to LTE)configurable as needed)Finite Volume Dynamical CoreFully-interactive with dynamics.IR cooling (LTE/non- LTE)Ion/electron transport due to Lorentz forceVertical: 81 levels (125 levels) 0~500kmCurrent version based on WACCM3.5.48Molecular viscosity and thermal diff.Ion/electron energy equations<< 1.0km in Upper Troposphere/ Lower StratosphereCCSM-Compliant: WACCM-X a build time option.Parameterized electric field at high, mid, low latitudes. IGRF geomagnetic field.Ionospheric dynamo coupling with plasmasphere/magneto field.<< 1.0km in Upper Troposphere/ Lower StratosphereGreen: Thermosphere extension.Auroral processes, ion drag and Joule heatingAuroral processes, ion drag and Joule heatingIon/electron transport due to Lorentz force<	Model Framework	Chemistry	Physics	Physics	Resolution
Red: lonosphere extension. Parameterized GW (including thermosphere)	NCAR Community Atmosphere Model V.3 (CAM3) Finite Volume Dynamical Core Current version based on WACCM3.5.48 CCSM-Compliant: WACCM-X a build time option. Green: Thermos	<pre>Ion Chemistry (52 neutral+5 ions+electron) Fully-interactive with dynamics. phere extension.</pre>	 wave/EUV IR cooling (LTE/non-LTE) Major/minor species diffusion Molecular viscosity and thermal diff. Species dependent Cp, R, m. Parameterized electric field at high, mid, low latitudes. IGRF geomagnetic field. Auroral processes, ion drag and Joule heating Parameterized GW (including 	Ion/electron transport due to Lorentz force Ion/electron energy equations Ionospheric dynamo Coupling with plasmasphere/magn	 1.9° x 2.5° (lat x lon configurable as needed) Vertical: 81 levels (125 levels) 0-~500km < 1.0km in Upper Troposphere/ Lower Stratosphere 1-2 km in strat. 0.5 scale height in mesosphere/ thermosphere (0.25 scale height in mesosphere/thermo sphere with 125







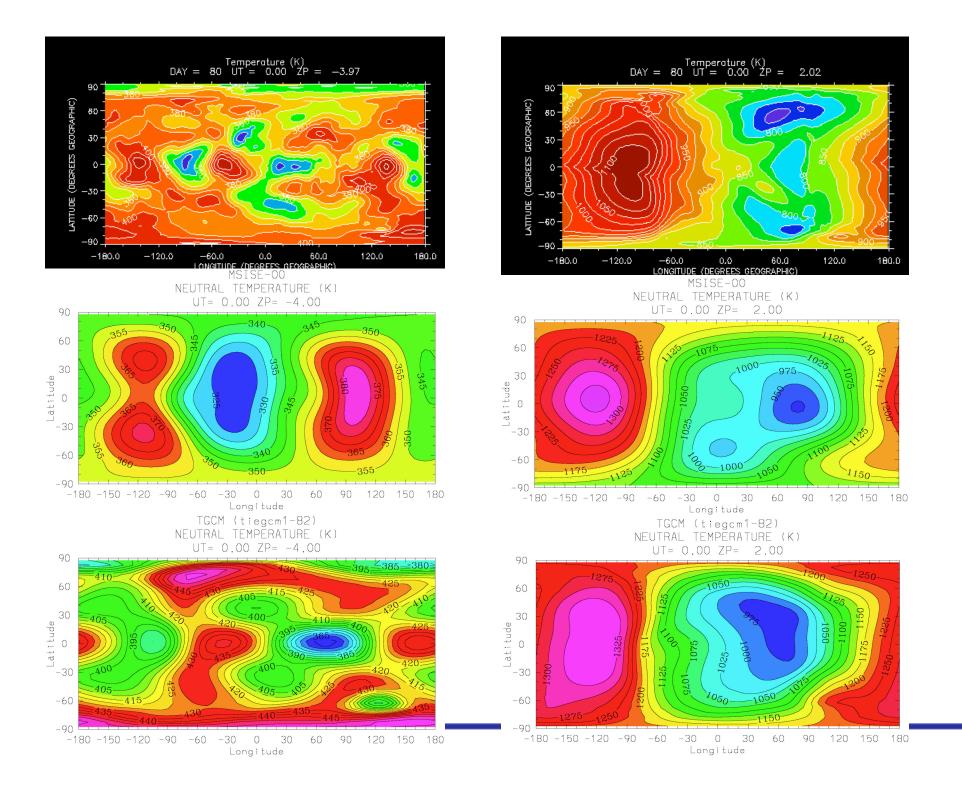


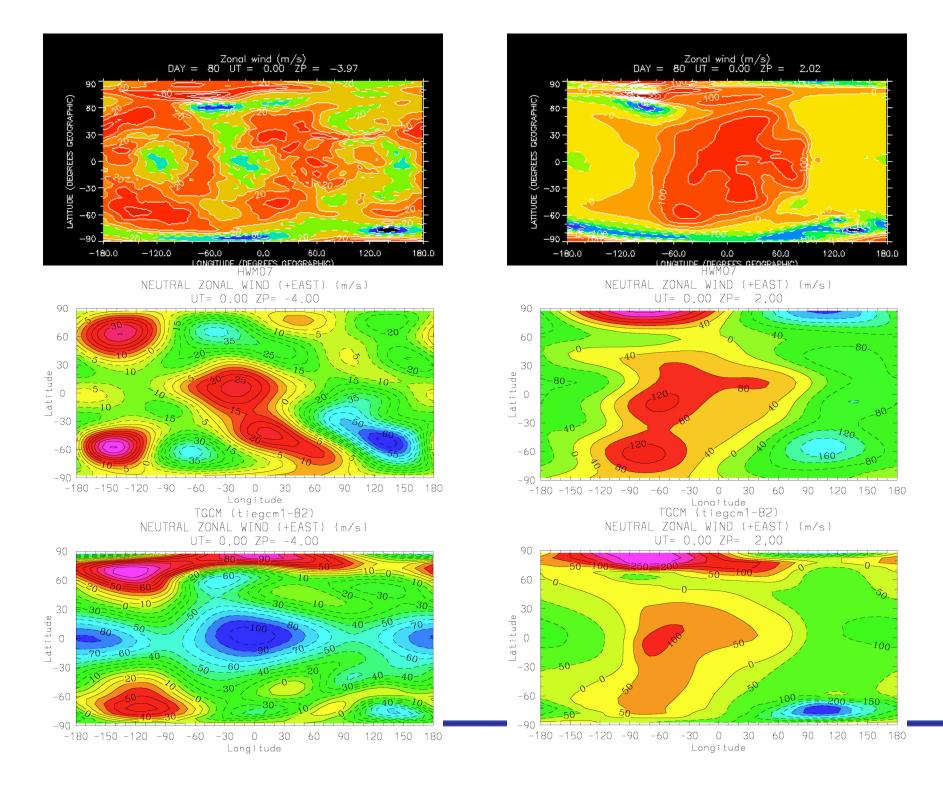


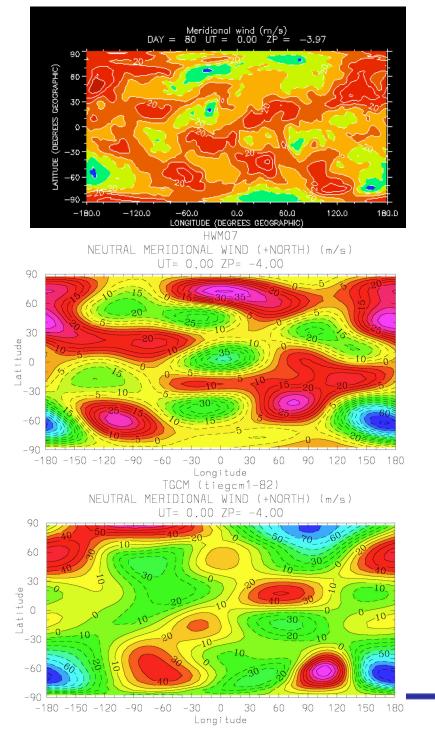
Thermosphere Semi-annual Variation

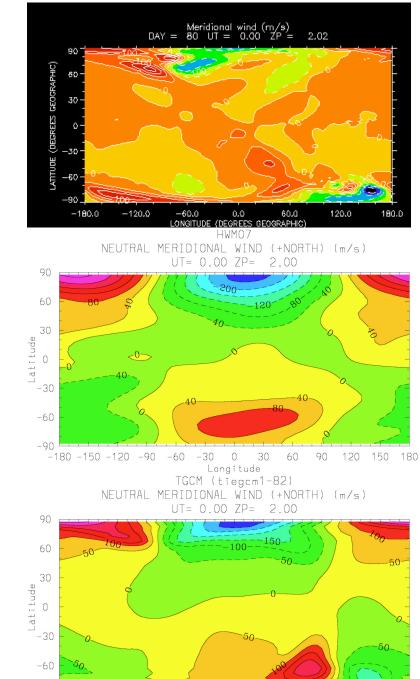


(Courtesy Fuller-Rowell, 1998)

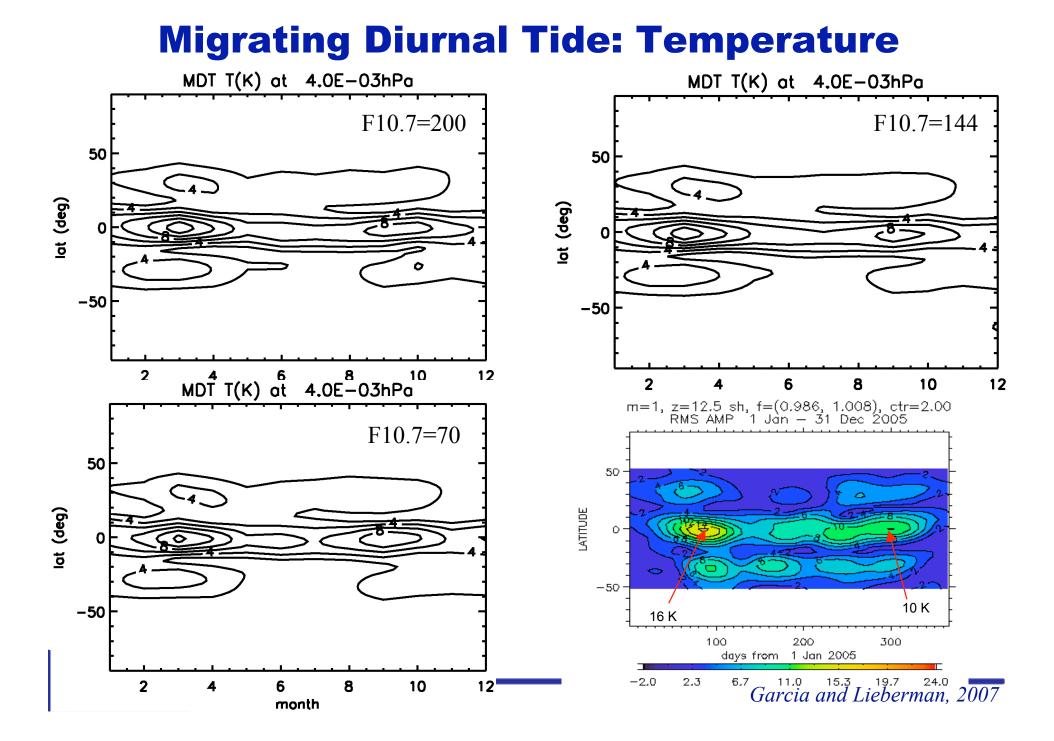




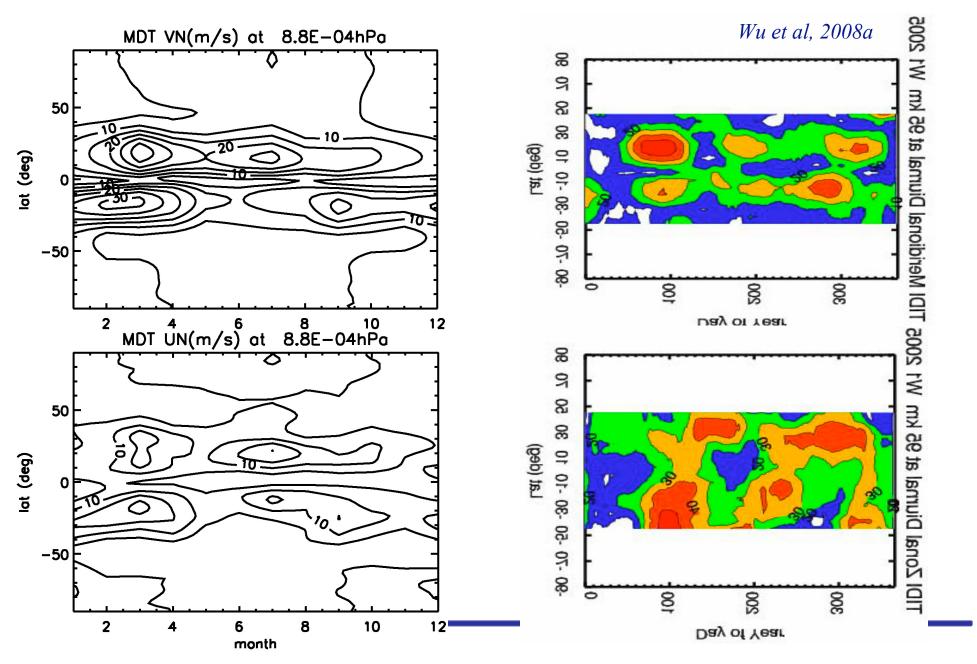


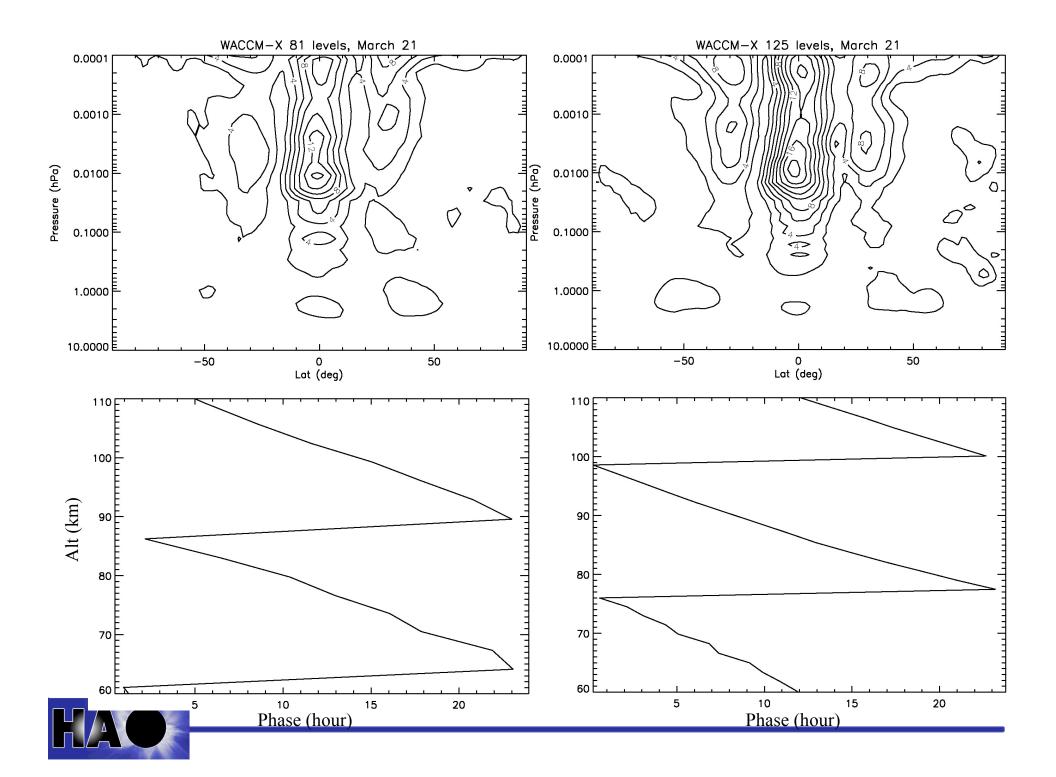


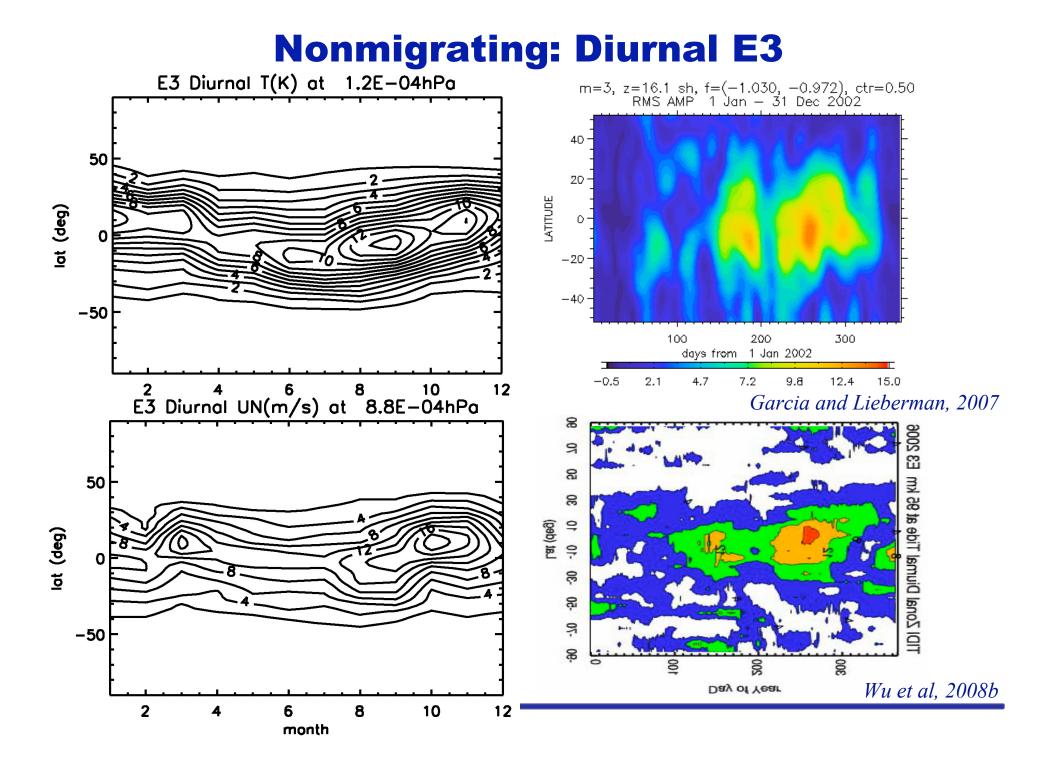
-90 -150 -120 -90 -60 -30 0 30 60 90 120 150 180 Longitude

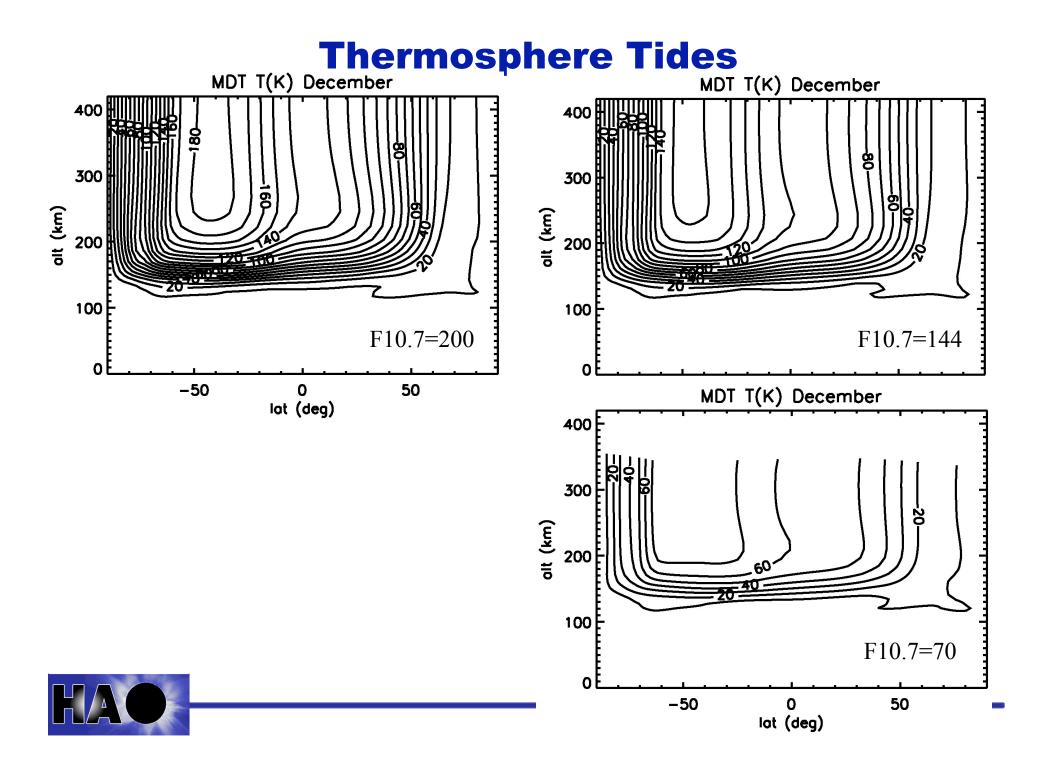


Migrating Diurnal Tide: Horizontal Winds

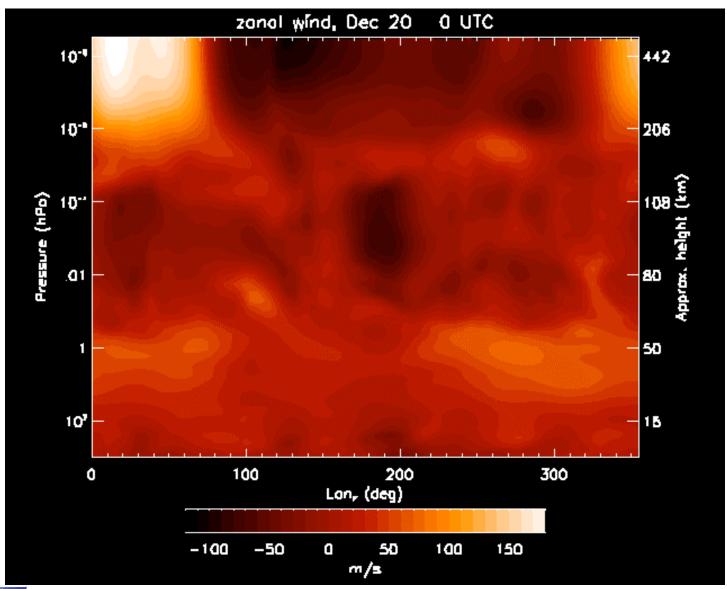




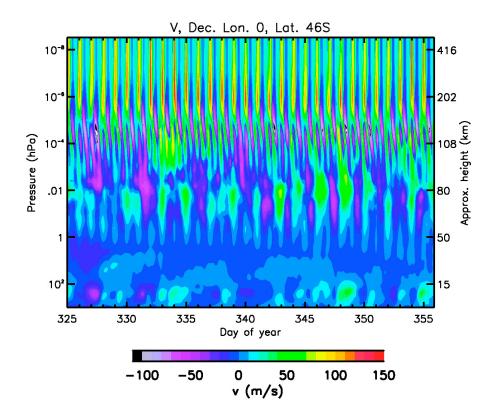




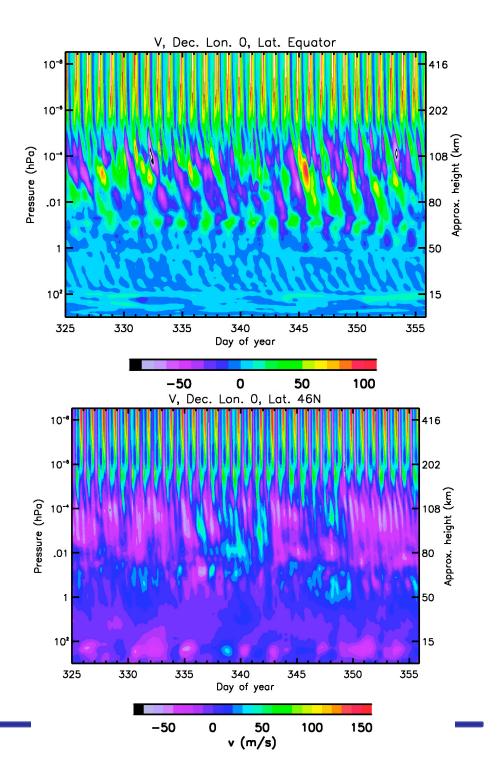
Short-term Variability



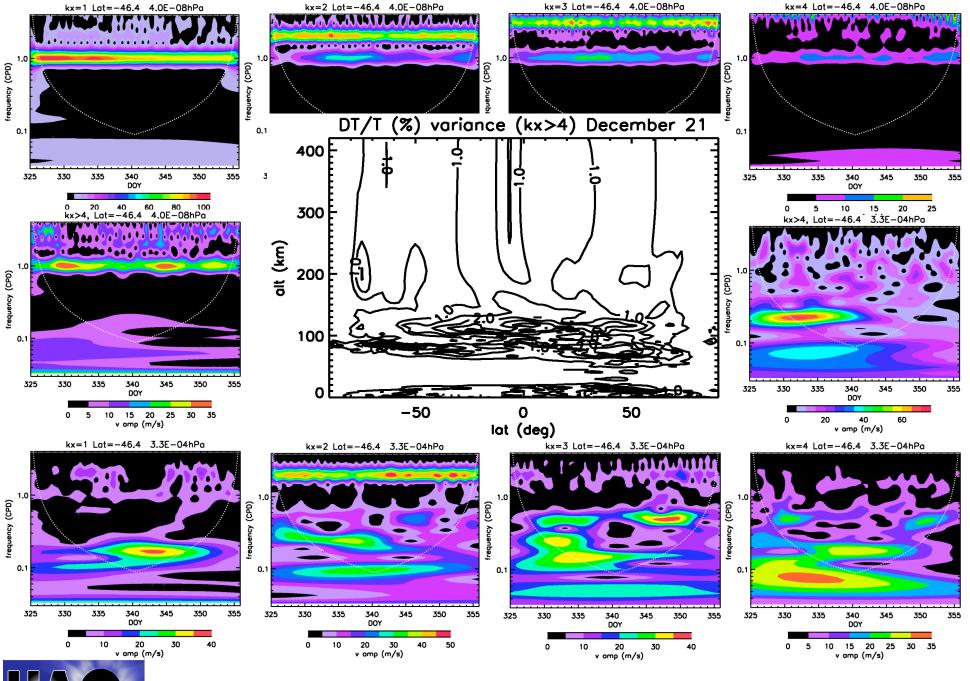




Short-term Variability and Latitudinal Dependence







HAO



- A whole atmosphere model extending from earth surface to the upper thermosphere.
- Self-consistently resolve the dynamical, physical and chemical processes (ionospheric electrodynamics under development).
- A CCSM branch, and is a CCSM build-time option.
- Reproduces salient features of
 - Atmospheric composition, temperature and wind of the whole atmosphere.
 - Semi-annual variation in the thermosphere.
 - Tides
 - Migrating components (good seasonality, amplitude weaker than obs.)
 - DE3 component (excellent agreement).
 - Short-term variability:
 - Most variable between 60-140 km.
 - Thermospheric tide variable even with constant solar forcing.



Summary and Future Development

- Problems:
 - Mesopause and lower thermosphere temperature warmer than observations.
 - Jet splitting in summer stratosphere/mesosphere.
 - Middle and upper thermosphere temperature colder than empirical model and TIME-GCM.
 - Semi-annual variation in thermospheric density not properly reproduced.
- Work with the community to further validate and develop the model.
- Further analysis of thermospheric variability as related to the coupling with the lower atmosphere.
- Further development to include ionospheric physics (module development, coupling with GAIM, GIP).
- Merge into CCSM trunk.

