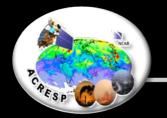


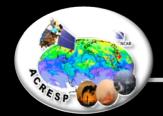
# Data Assimilation Activities Using CAMChem/DART

### Ave Arellano

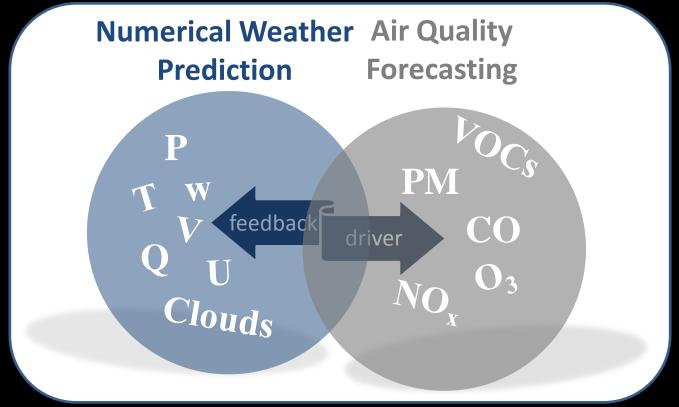
Atmospheric Chemistry Division National Center for Atmospheric Research



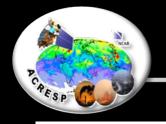
- Explore the synergy between numerical weather prediction (NWP) and air quality forecasting (AQF), particularly the impact of CO retrievals to model predictions of horizontal wind.
- 2. Proposed 16-month assimilation of MODIS AOD and MOPITT CO in CAMChem/DART



# synergies between NWP and AQF



- provides opportunities to evaluate models and observations under one data assimilation approach
- towards an integration of modeling systems
- ability to investigate chemistry feedbacks and representation of dynamical/physical processes controlling chemistry



# air quality forecasting/assimilation system

#### CAM-CHEM/DART

# RESEARCH-BASED REGIONAL TO GLOBAL NWP WITH CHEMISTRY

☐ LEVERAGING ON STATE-OF-THE-ART COMMUNITY MODELS (CAM-CHEM, WRF-CHEM) AND COMMUNITY DA FACILITY (DART)

#### WRF-CHEM/DART

#### **OBSERVATIONS**

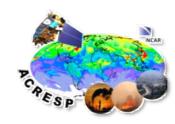
MODIS AOD

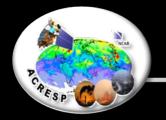
CURRENT: PLANNED:
RAWINSONDES TES CO, O<sub>3</sub>
ACARS IASI CO, O<sub>3</sub>
AIRCRAFT OMI NO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>
SATWINDS GOME O<sub>3</sub>
MOPITT CO

**APPLICATIONS** 

CHEMICAL OSSES
CHEMICAL WEATHER
FIELD CAMPAIGN SUPPORT

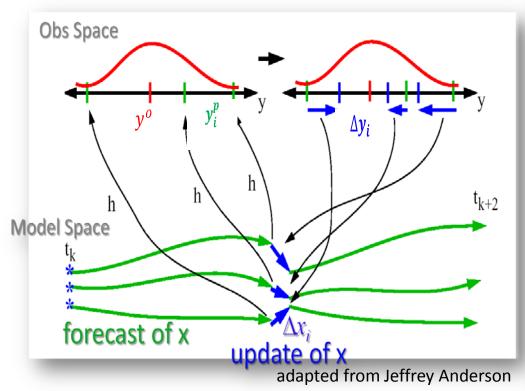
IN COLLABORATION WITH NCAR/IMAGE & NCAR/MMM

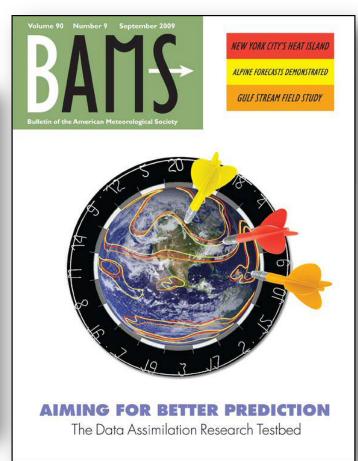


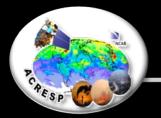


# data assimilation research testbed (DART)

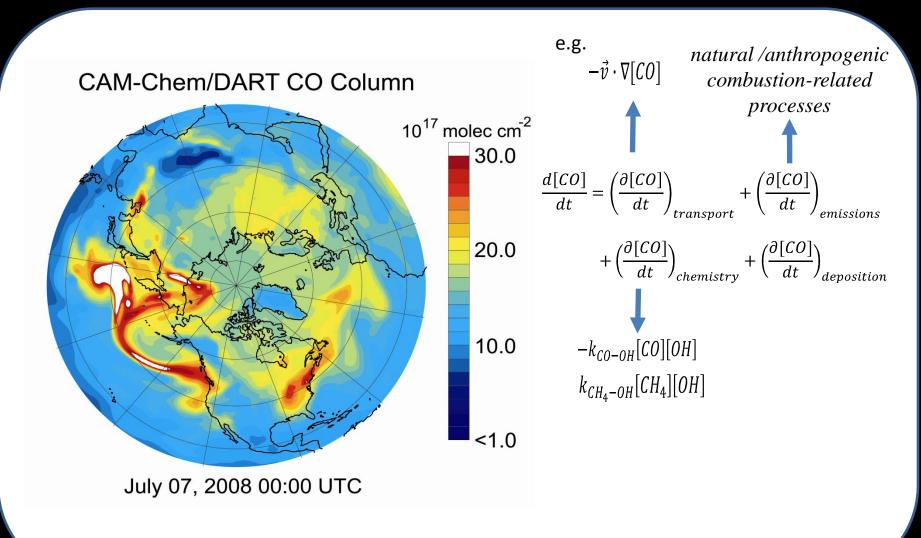
#### an ensemble-based DA framework

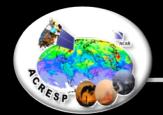






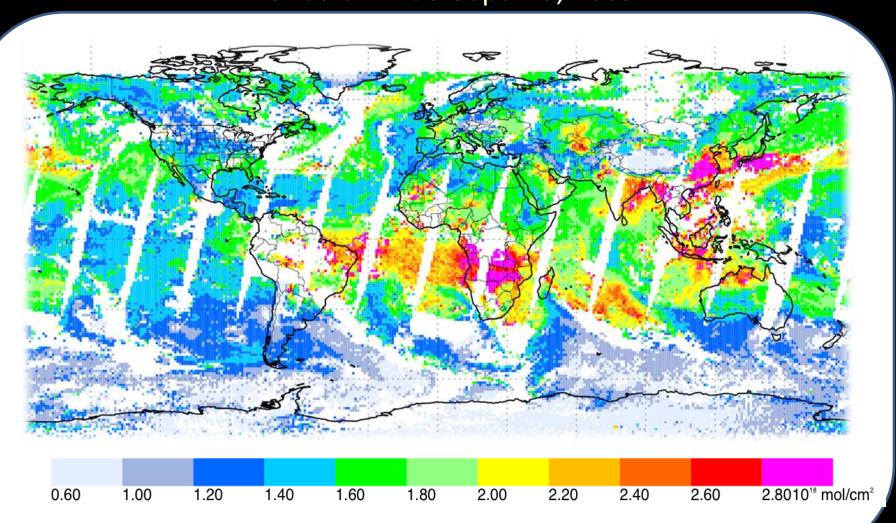
# CO as a good tracer of pollution transport

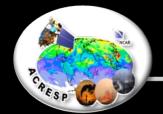




# CO is relatively well-observed

# IASI Column CO Sept. 15, 2009



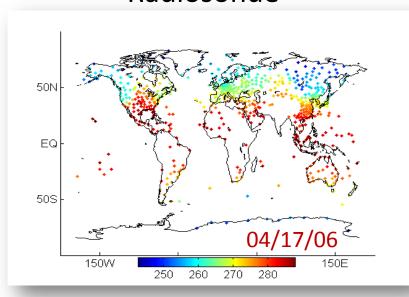


# cam-chem/dart experiments

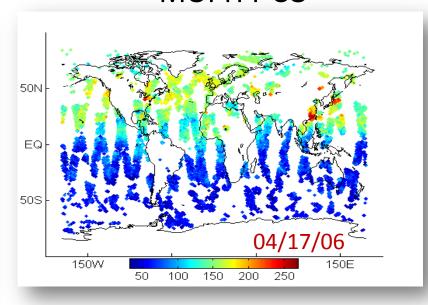
assimilation period: April to May, 2006

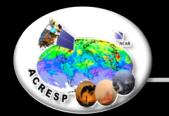
Experiment	Assimilation	Impact
Assim0 (uncoupled)	NCEP Bufr	Met Obs → Met States
Assim1 (uncoupled)	NCEP Bufr, MOPITTv4 CO	Met Obs → Met States CO Obs → CO State
Assim2 (coupled)	NCEP Bufr, MOPITTv4 CO	Met Obs → Met States, CO State CO Obs → CO State, Met States

#### Radiosonde



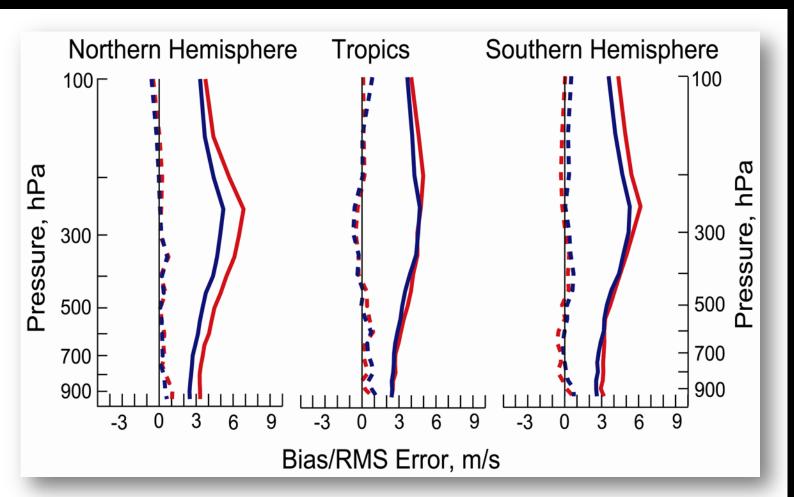
#### **MOPITT CO**





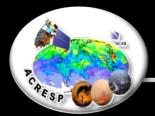
# results (assim0/assim2 U wind)

#### **Model U Wind Component Relative to Assimilated Radiosonde Observations**



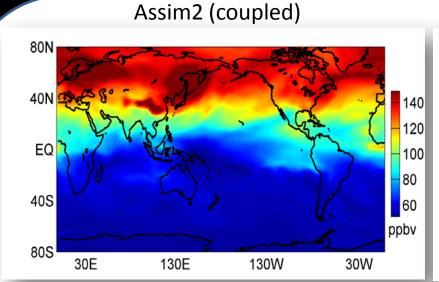
Assim 0 → uncoupled assimilation

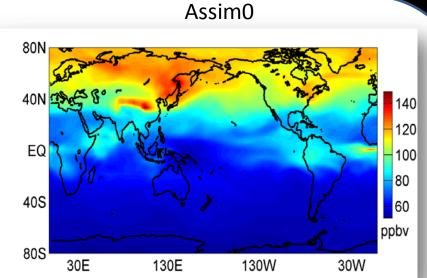
Assim 2 → coupled assimilation

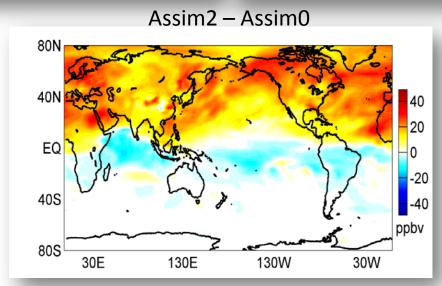


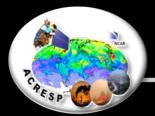
# results (model space)

# Model Mean CO @ 500 hPa (April 11-April 30, 2006)



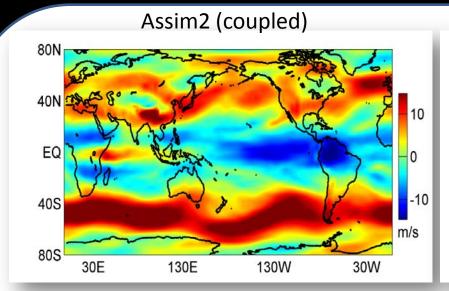


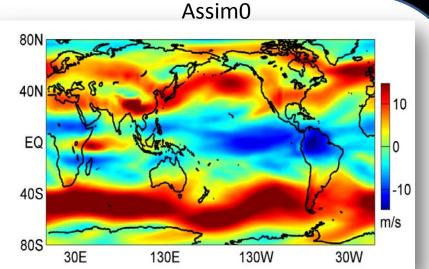




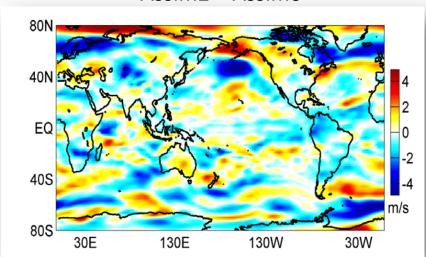
# results (model space)

# Model Mean U Wind @ 500 hPa (April 11-April 30, 2006)

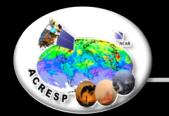




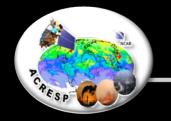
Assim2 - Assim0



# summary 1



- Is the fit to rawinsondes observations better with data assimilation of MOPITT CO?
  - Preliminary results suggest that:
- a) while there are some indications of improvements on the fit relative to rawindsonde observations, there are some degradation on the CO fit relative to independent observations
  - b) further investigation is warranted, particularly on localizing the impact of observations and larger ensemble-size (to minimize possible spurious correlations)
- c) has implications to high-density CO observations like IASI CO



# **Assimilating MODIS AOD and MOPITT CO**

# Constraining the distribution of chemically-active and radiatively-relevant species in CAM-Chem

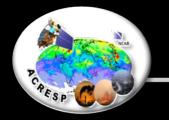
under Jeff Anderson's CSL project on 'Ensemble Data Assimilation for Climate Model Development'

## Objective

conduct 2 sets of 16-month assimilation using CAMChem/DART (full chemistry?) at 1.9x2.5 degree resolution

#### Results

1) analyses of CO and AOD with comparisons to PacDEx and ARCTAS 2) impact of associated changes in species distribution to radiative forcing



# **Assimilating MODIS AOD and MOPITT CO**

# Any suggestions on:

CAMChem version
 Full-Chem / Reduced chemistry
 Bulk-Aerosol / MAM
 Other issues