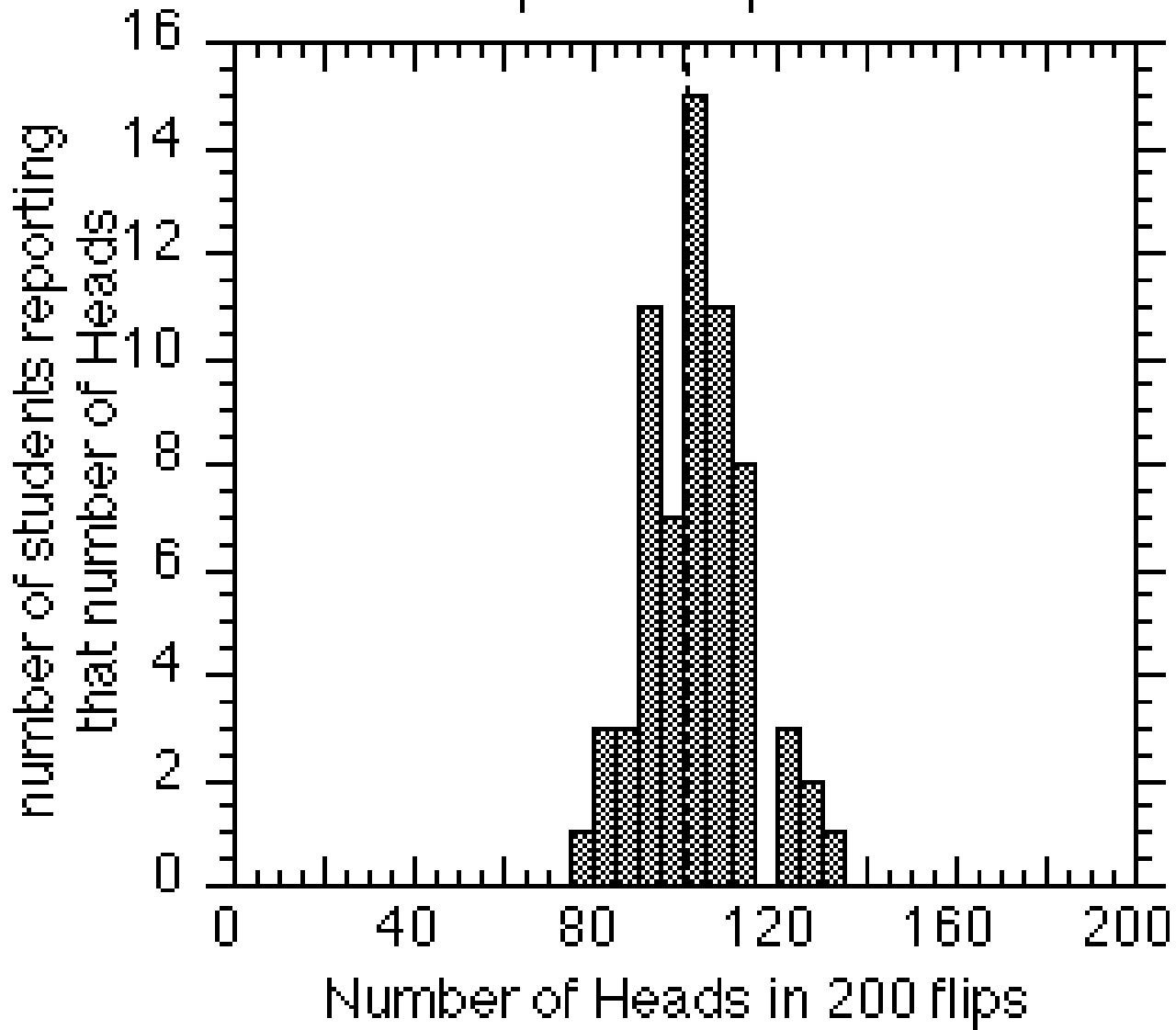


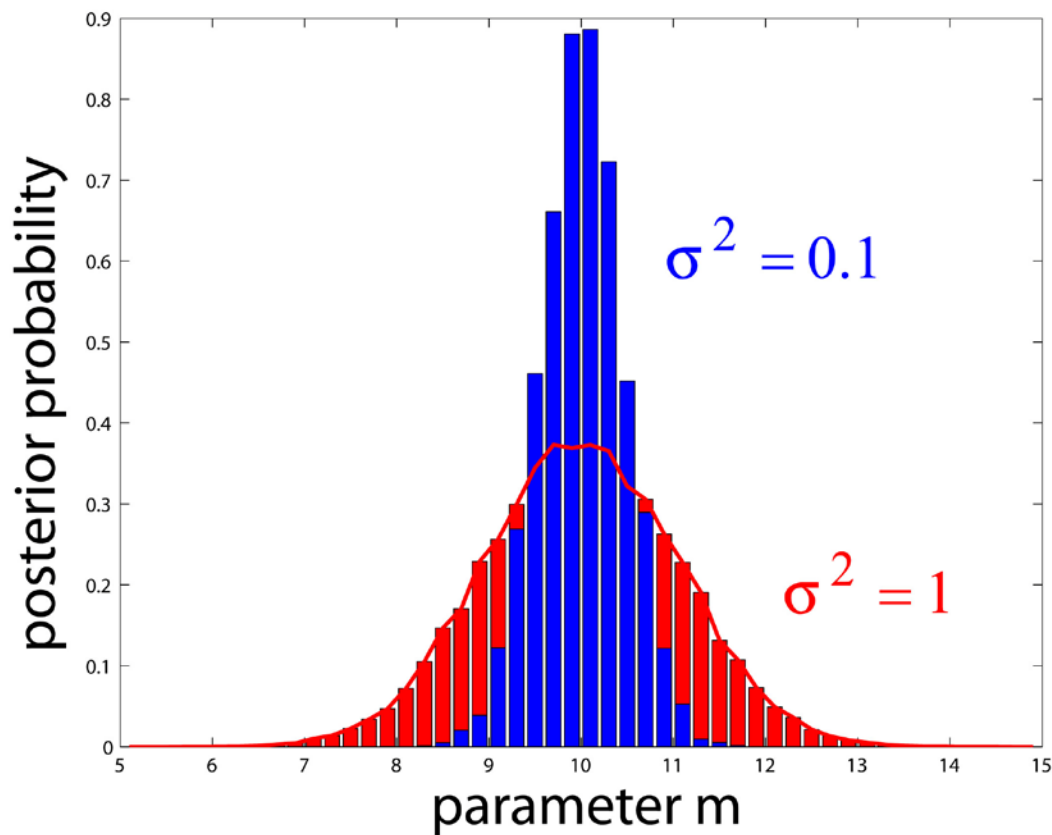
3336 member ensemble representative  
of cam3.1 uncertainty to selecting  
values for 15 parameters important to  
clouds and radiation

Charles Jackson and Michael Tobis  
University of Texas at Austin  
Institute for Geophysics

65 separate experiments



$$PPD(\mathbf{m} \mid \mathbf{d}_{obs}, g(\mathbf{m})) \propto \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} (g(\mathbf{m}) - \mathbf{d}_{obs})^T \mathbf{C}_{noise}^{-1} (g(\mathbf{m}) - \mathbf{d}_{obs})\right] \cdot prior(\mathbf{m})$$



$$E(m) = \frac{(m - 10)^2}{2\sigma^2}$$

# More ambitious AMWG-inspired uncertainty/optimization

- Similar “top 10” Taylor metrics now w/ pacific wind stress
- 4-year model integration, climatological sst, use last 3 years for analysis
- 15 parameters
- 3336 experiments completed
- Using a Markov sampling strategy

# Updated Top “10” Taylor metrics + ...

(all 30S to 30N, DJF, MAM, JJA, SON, unless otherwise noted)

1. Land 2-m air temperature (Willmott)
2. Vertically averaged (mass weighted) air temperature (ERA 40)
3. Latent heat fluxes over ocean (WHOI)
4. Zonal winds at 300 mb (ERA40)
5. Longwave cloud forcing (CERES2)
6. Shortwave cloud forcing (CERES2)
7. Precipitation over land (GPCP)
8. Precipitation over ocean (GPCP)
9. Sea level pressure (ERA40)
10. Vertically averaged (mass weighted) relative humidity (ERA40)
11. Global mean annual mean radiative balance (= 0.5 W/m<sup>2</sup>)
12. pacific ocean wind stress along equator

Parameter	Definition	Value Ranges
<b>RHMINL</b> [%/100]	Low cloud critical relative humidity	0.80  -----*-----6 5 3-----  0.95
<b>RHMINH</b> [%/100]	High cloud critical relative humidity	0.60  -----2 5 3-----*-----6 1-----  0.90
<b>ALFA</b> [fraction]	Initial cloud downdraft mass flux	0.05  -----6 4* 3 1 3-----  0.60
<b>TAU</b> [hours]	Consumption rate of CAPE	0.5  -----*-----3-----5-----6 2 4-----  8.0
<b>ke</b> [(kg m <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ) <sup>-1/2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ]	Environmental air entrainment rate	3.0e-6  -----2 3 1* 6 5-----  10.0e-6
<b>c0</b> [m <sup>-1</sup> ]	Precipitation efficiency	3.0e-3  -----*-----5 6 3 2 4 1-----  6.0e-3

For more information about experiment see Jackson et al., 2008, J. Climate.

# 9 new parameters

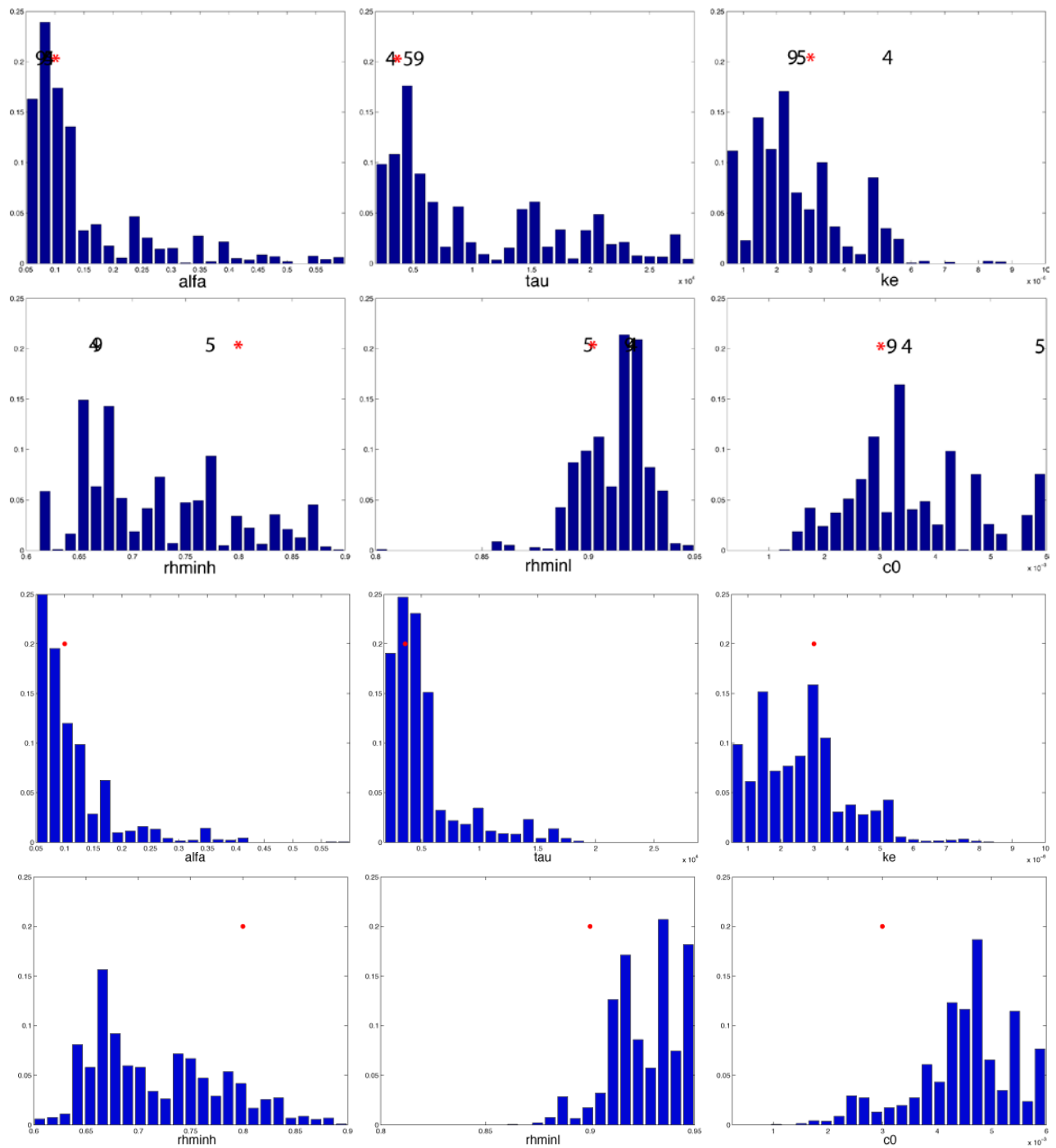
Same 6 parameters as before plus:

- icritc/w auto-conversion for cold/warm ice
- vice\_small (ice fall velocities)
- rliq (ocean,land, ice) cloud droplet size
- capn(w,c,si) cloud droplet number

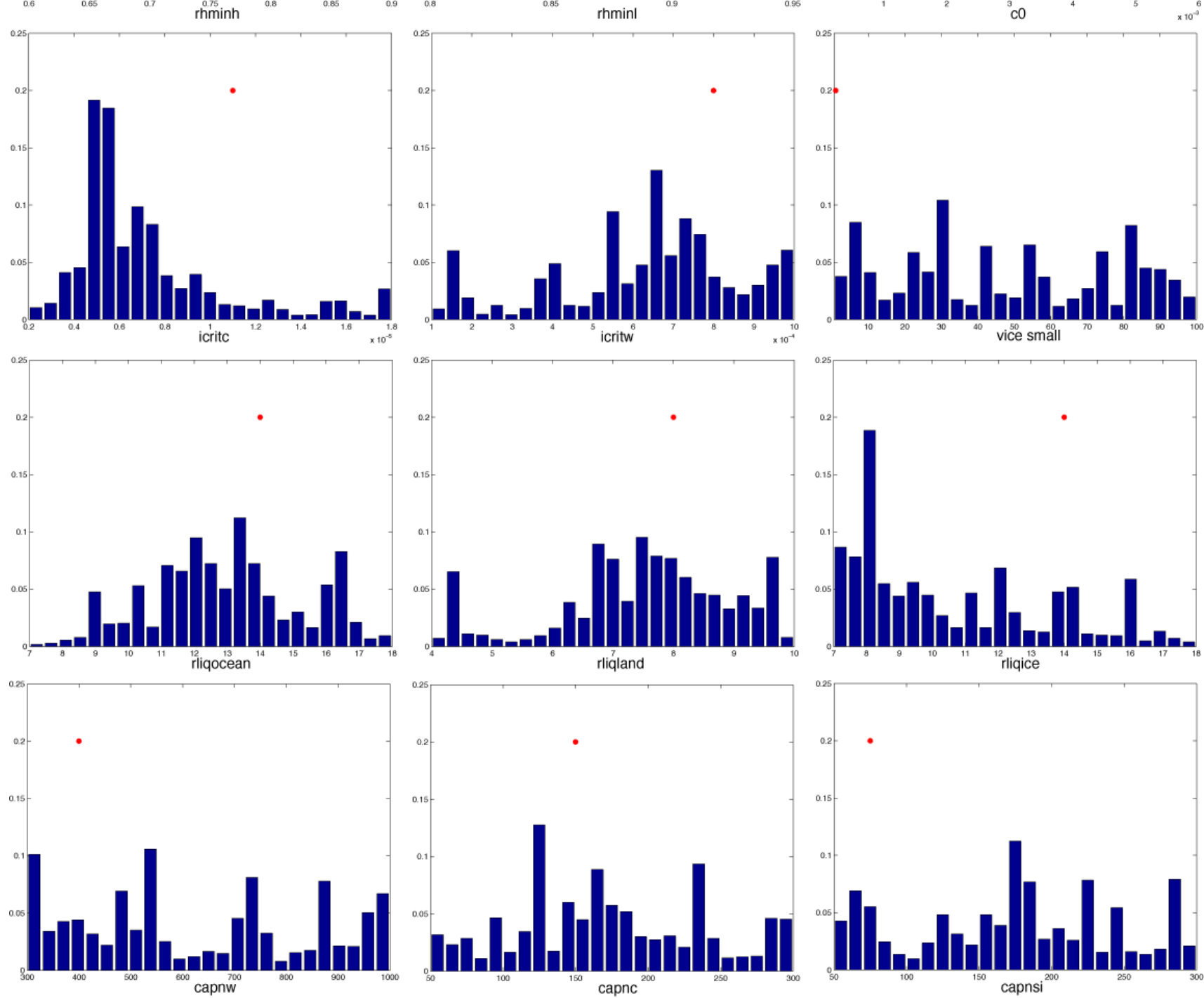
6 params  
2020 exp

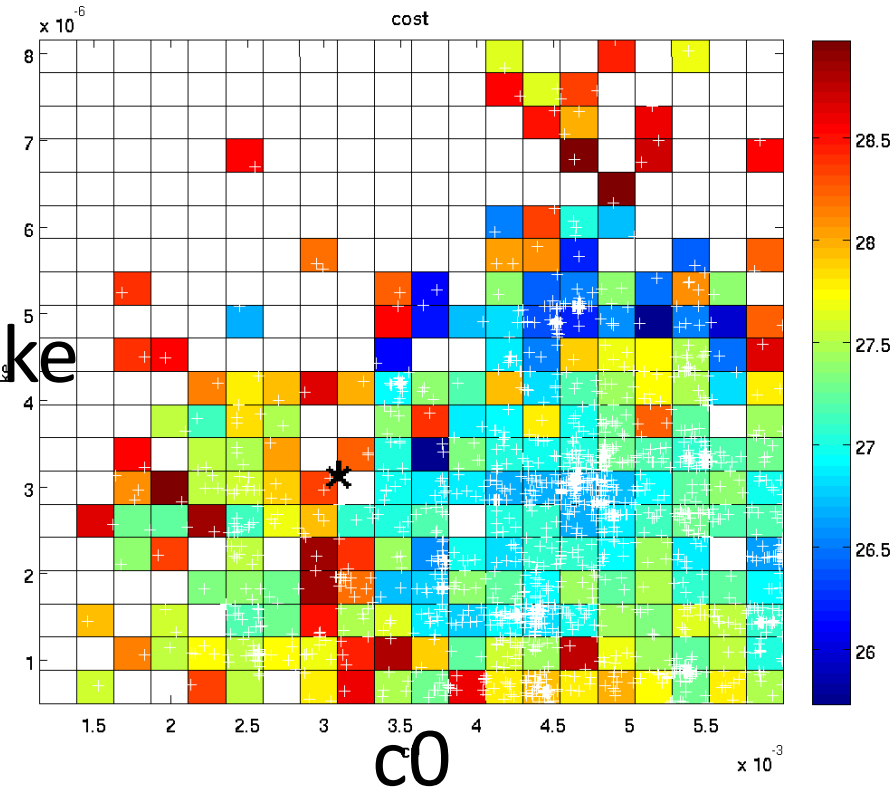
AMWG-  
inspired  
Cost  
function

15 params  
3336 exp  
(~1800  
acceptable)







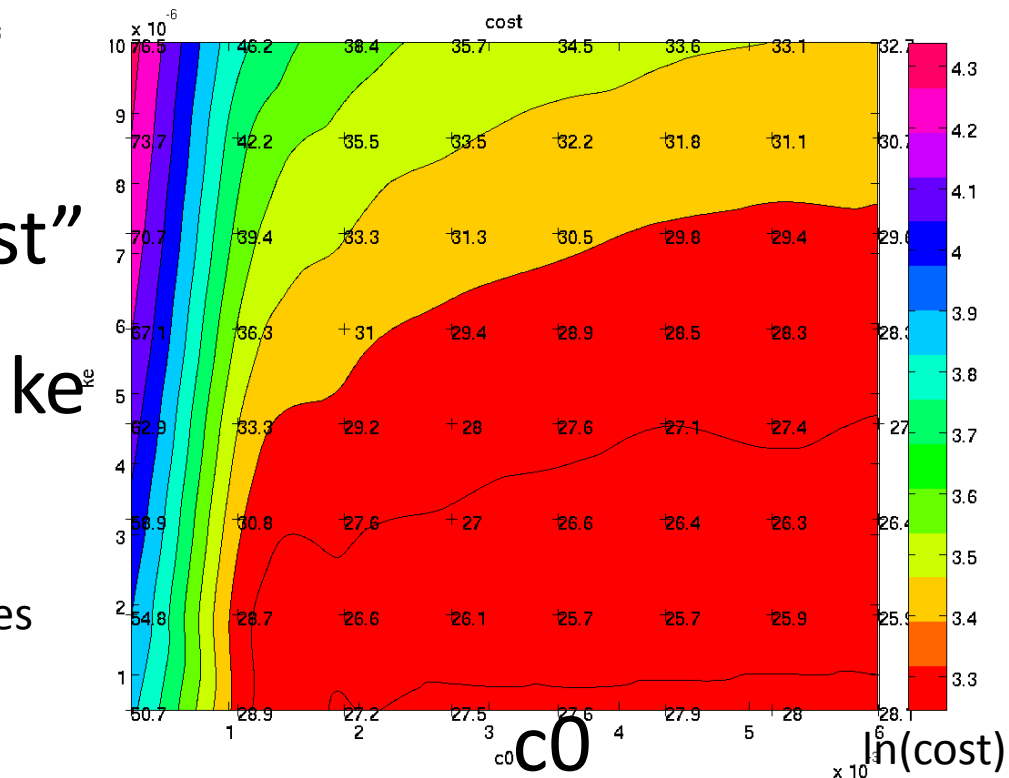


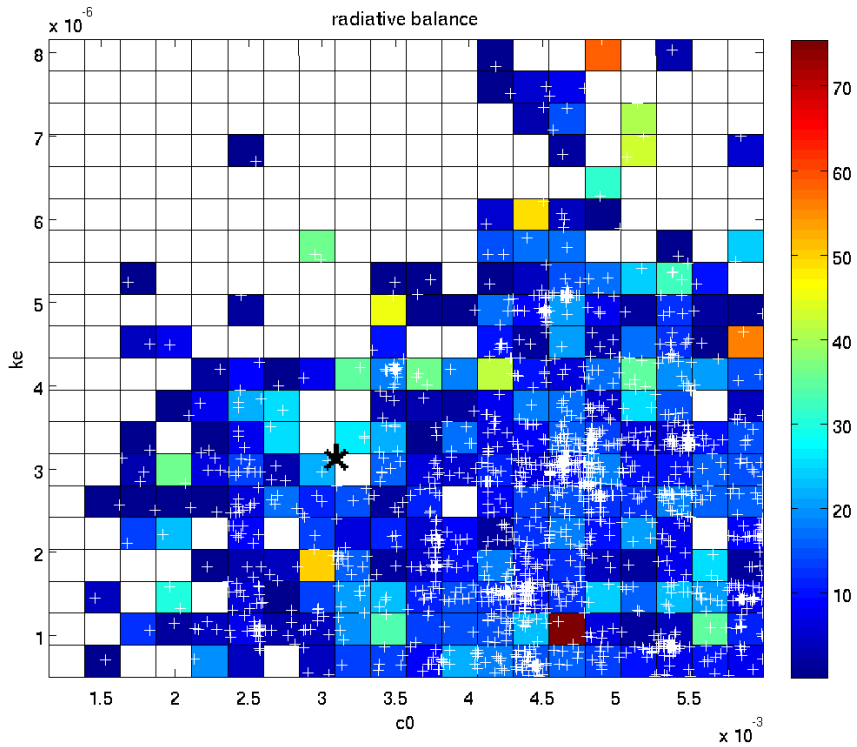
Stochastic sampling  
1800 samples, 3-year  
averages

$$\overline{\text{cost}(p1, p2)} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{\text{nexp}} \text{cost}(p1, p2)_i \exp[-\bar{S} \cdot (\text{cost}(p1, p2)_i - \text{cost}(p1, p2)_{\min})]}{\sum_{i=1}^{\text{nexp}} \exp[-\bar{S} \cdot (\text{cost}(p1, p2)_i - \text{cost}(p1, p2)_{\min})]}$$

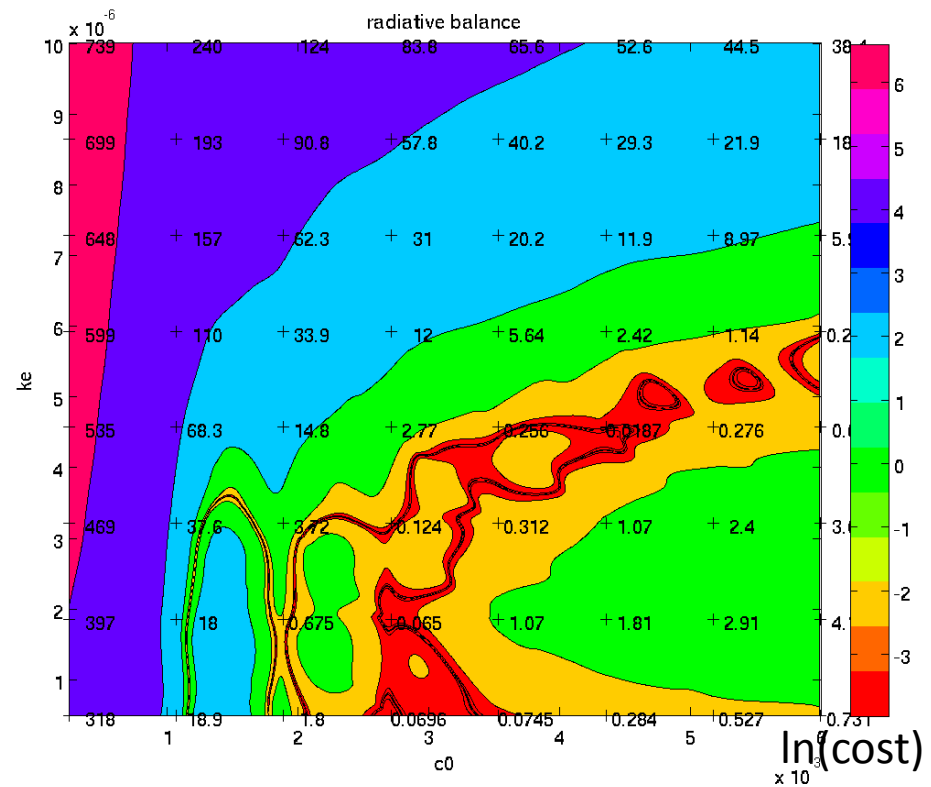
Total "cost"

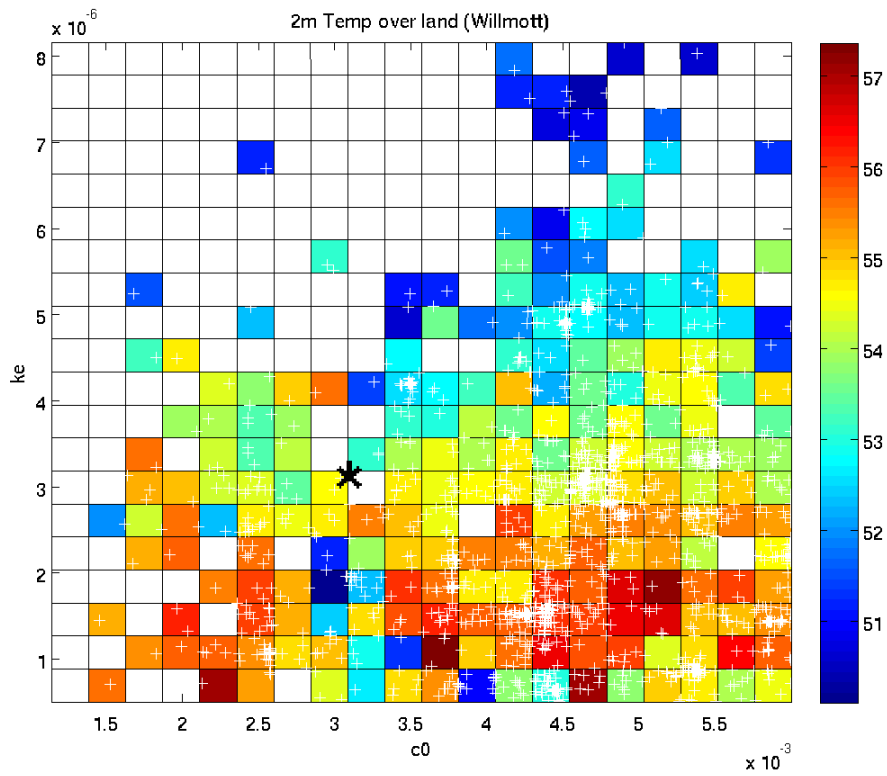
8x8 Grid of  
experiments  
32 year averages



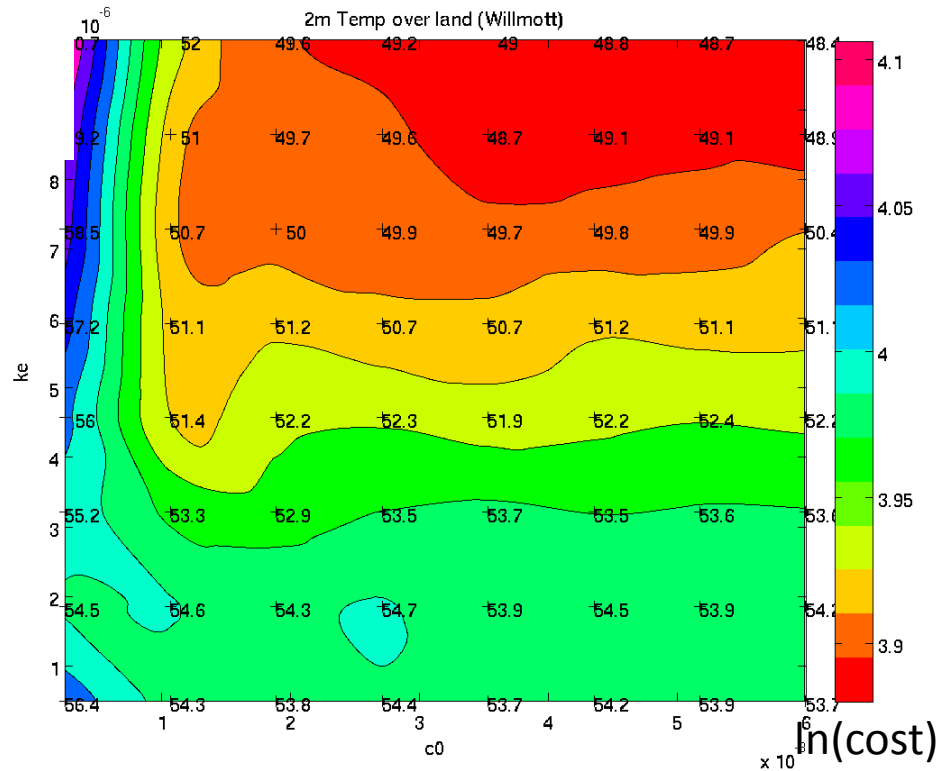


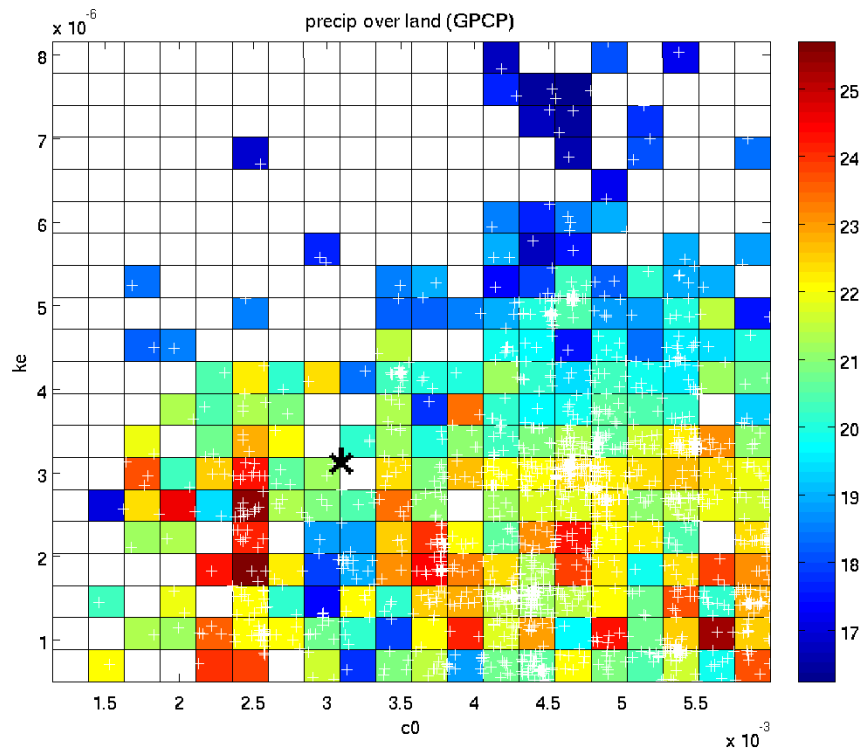
# Radiative balance



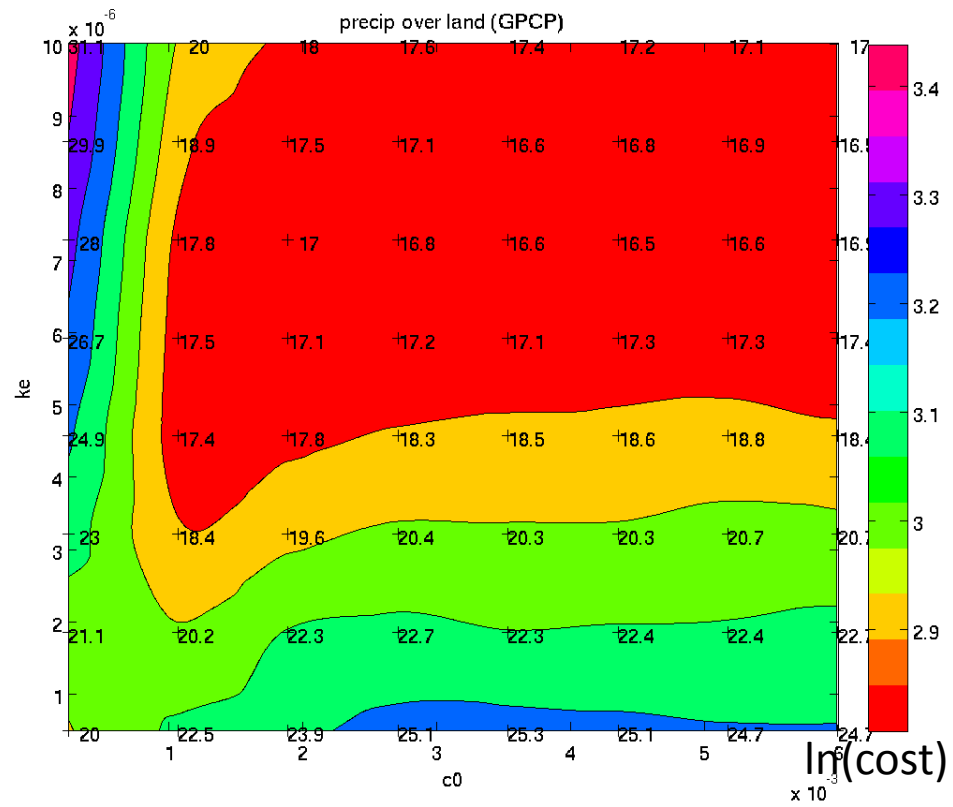


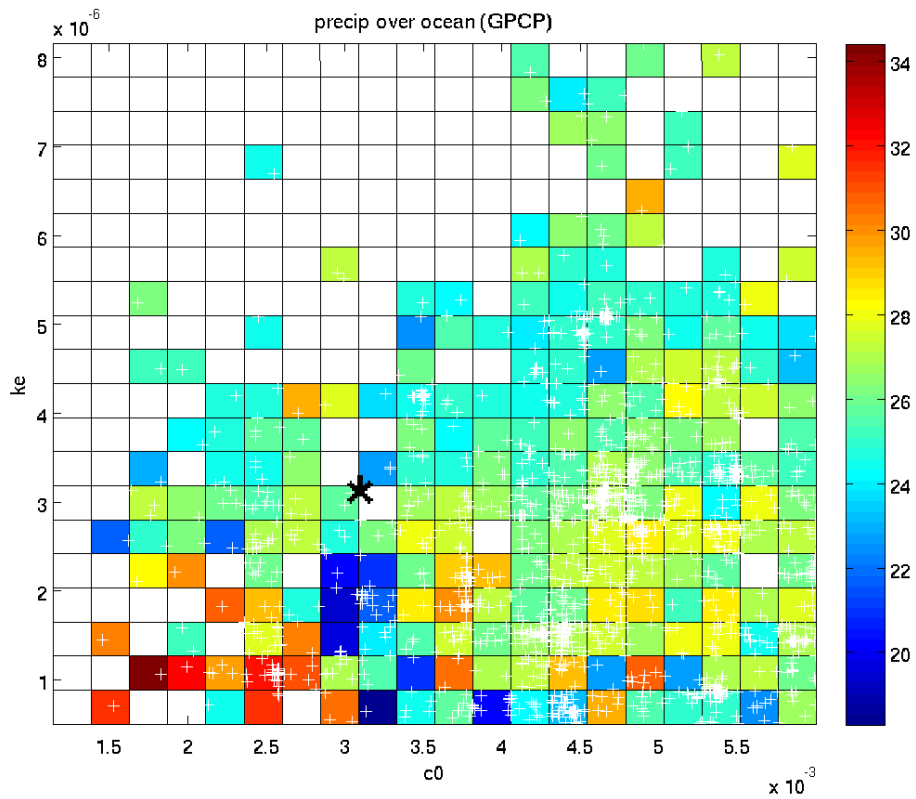
# 2m Temperature over land (Willmott)



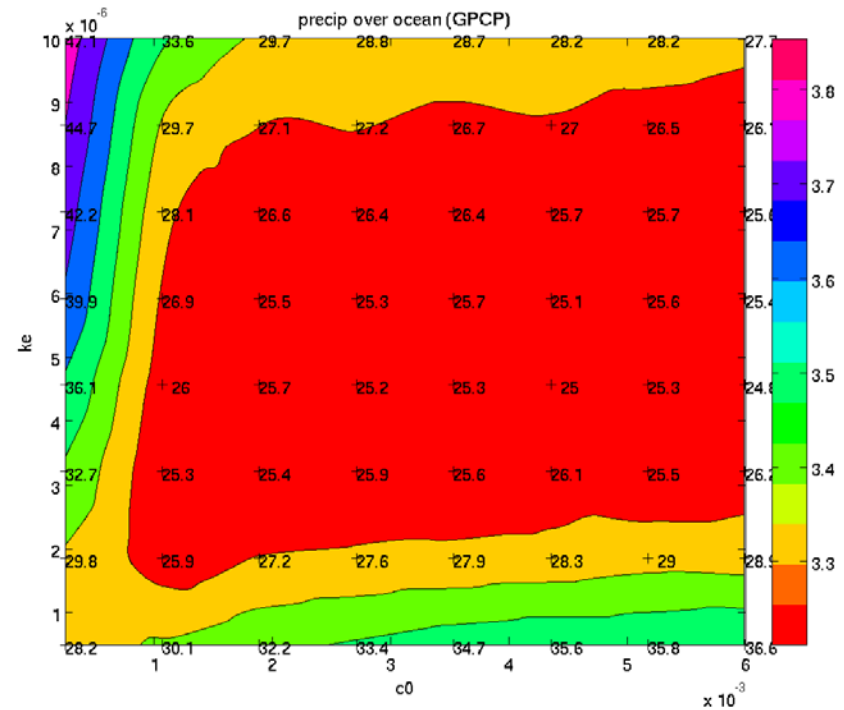


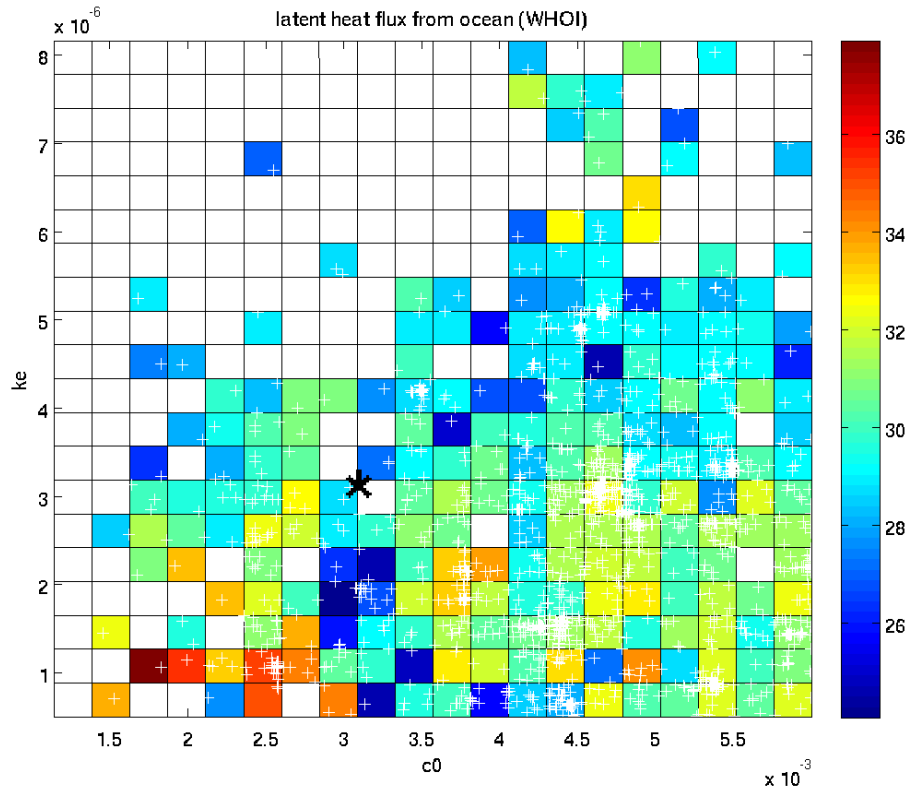
# Precipitation over land (GPCP)



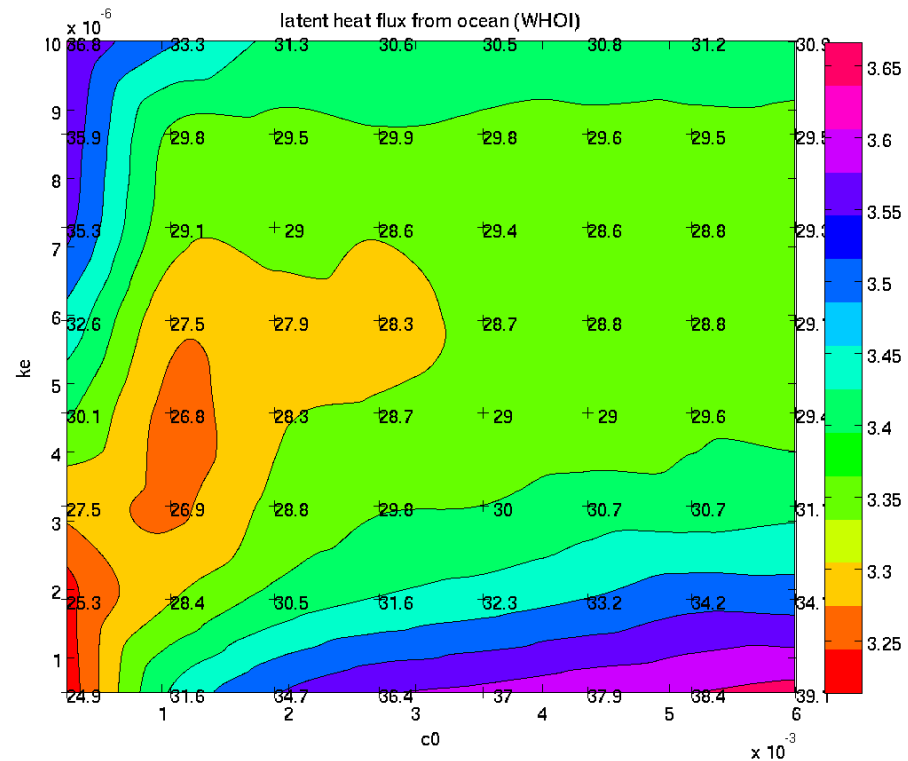


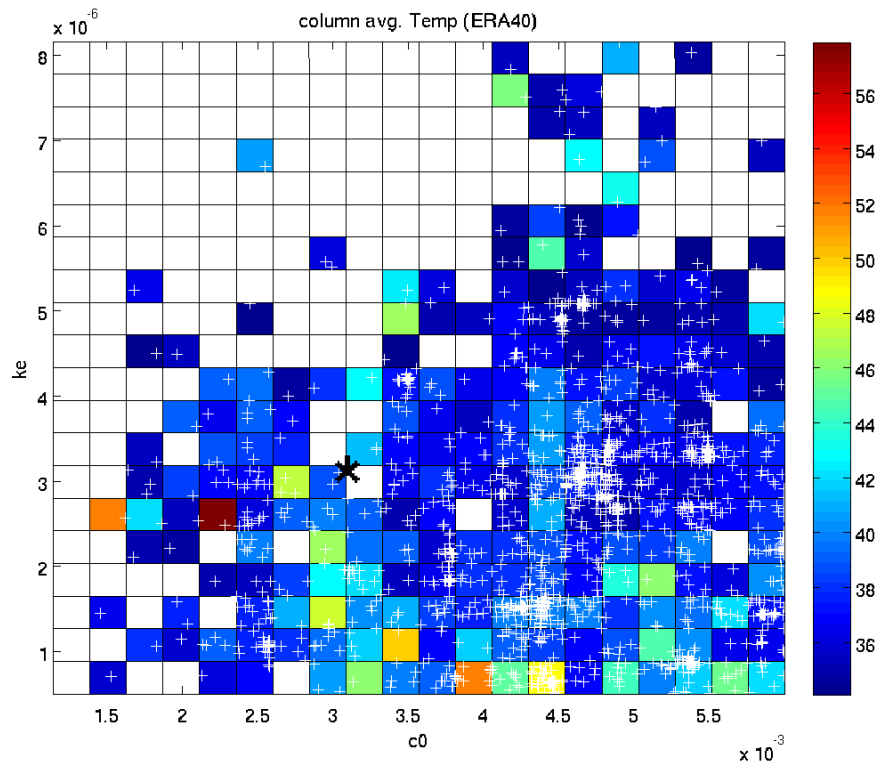
# Precipitation over ocean (GPCP)



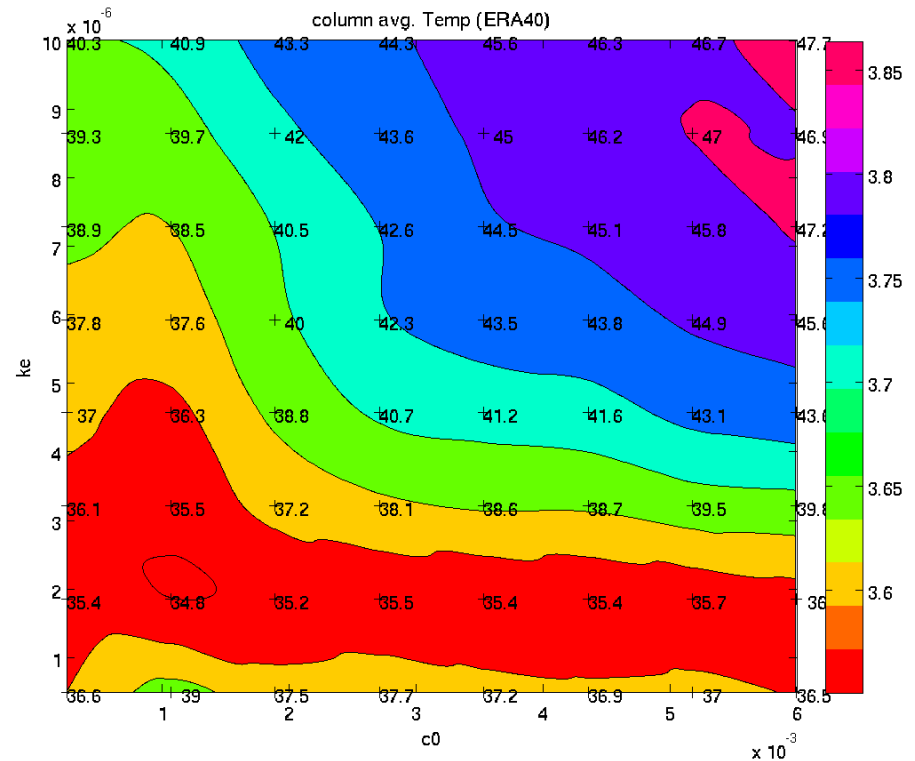


# Latent heat flux from ocean (WHOI)

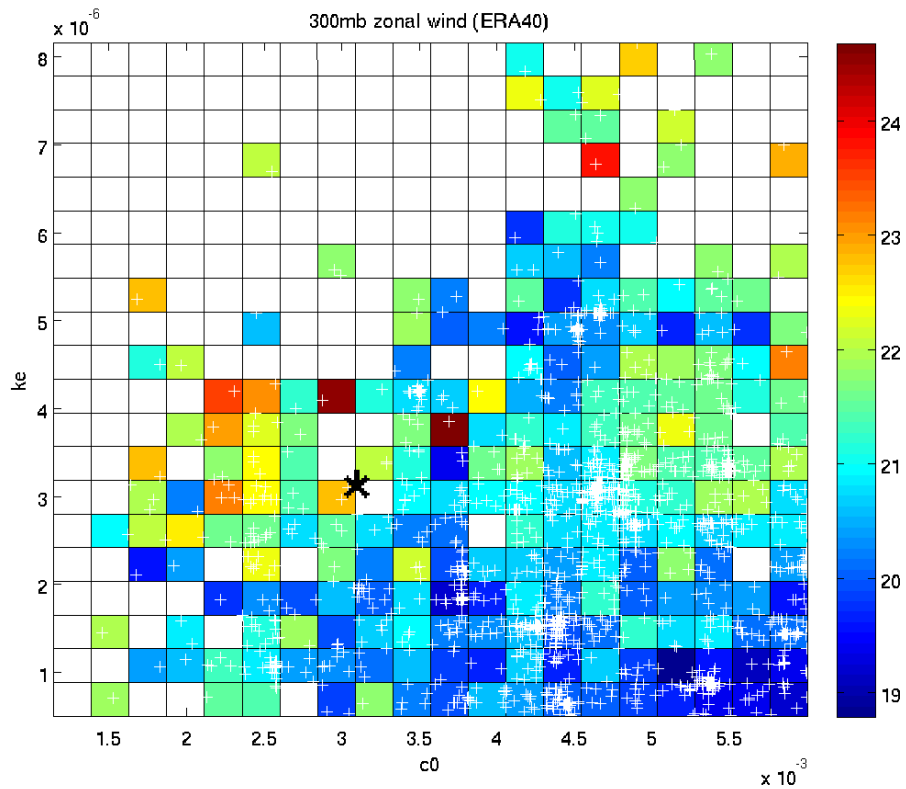




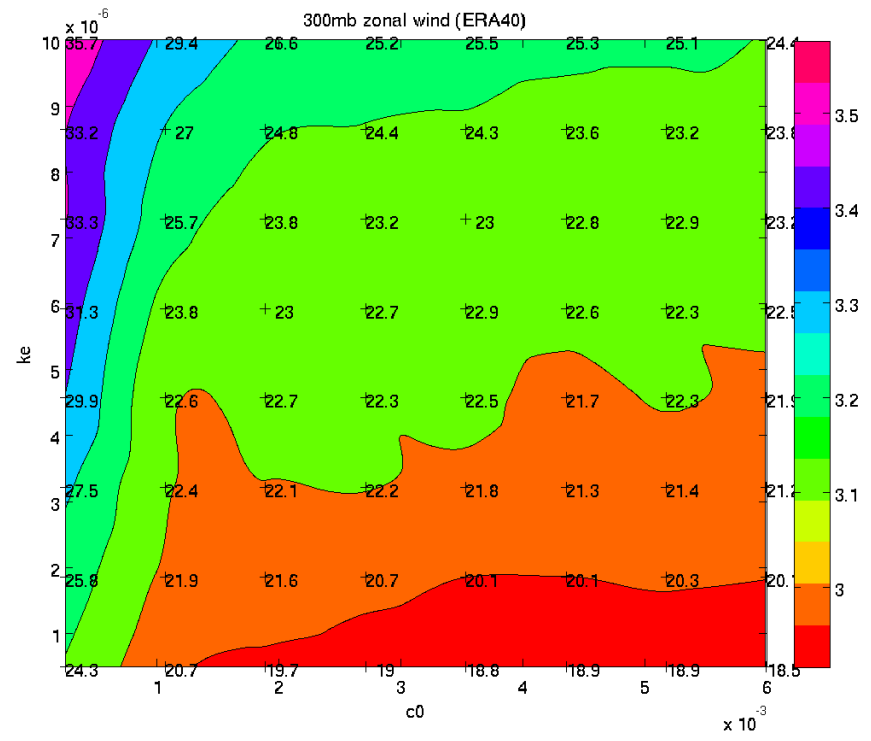
# Column average Temperature (ERA40)

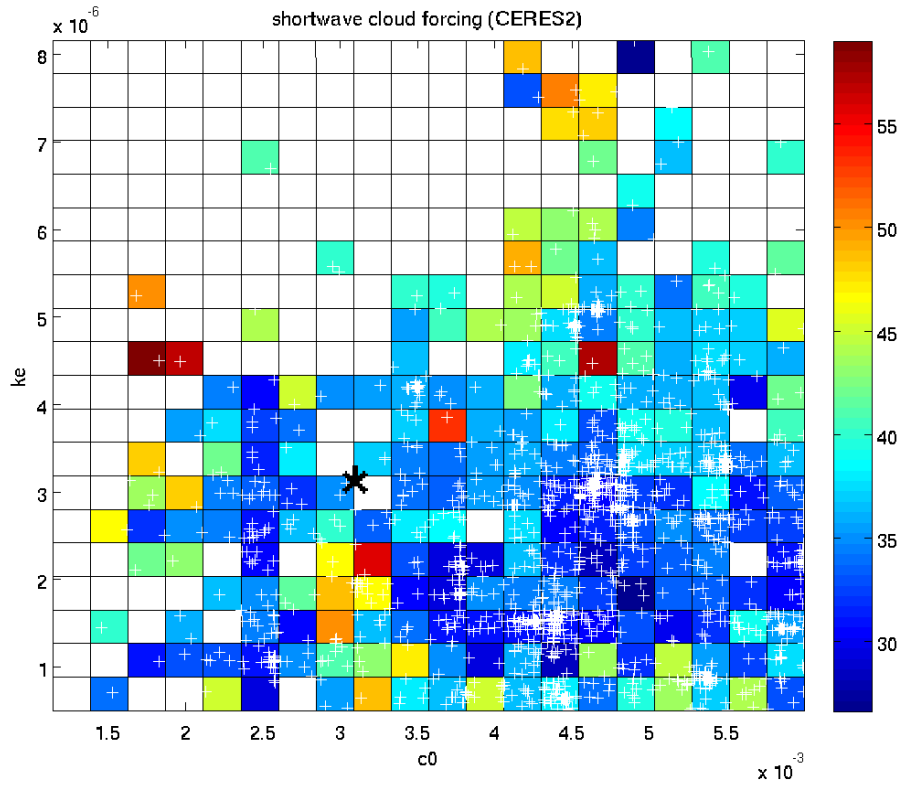




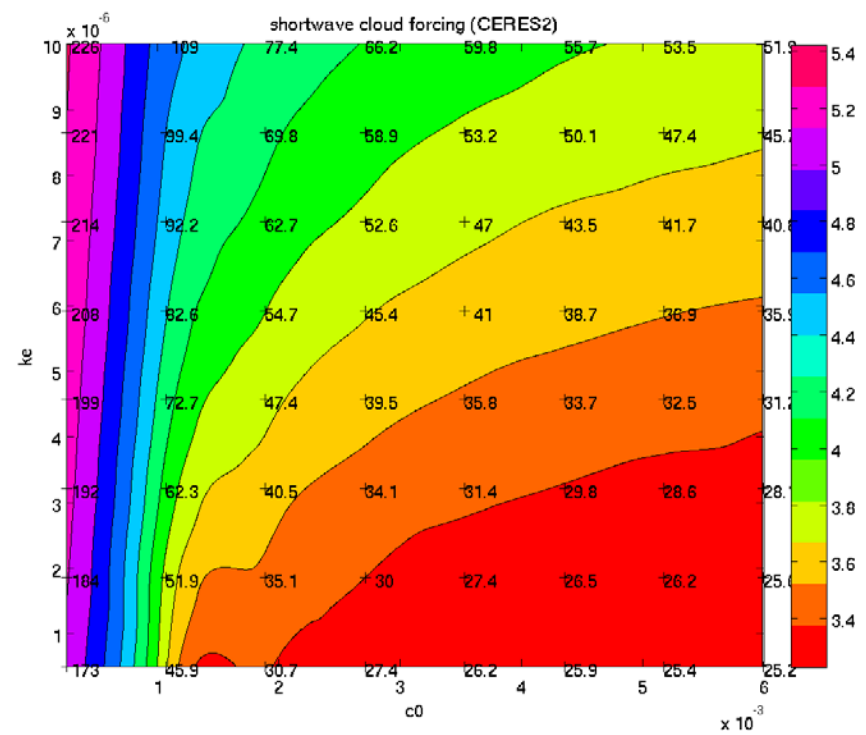


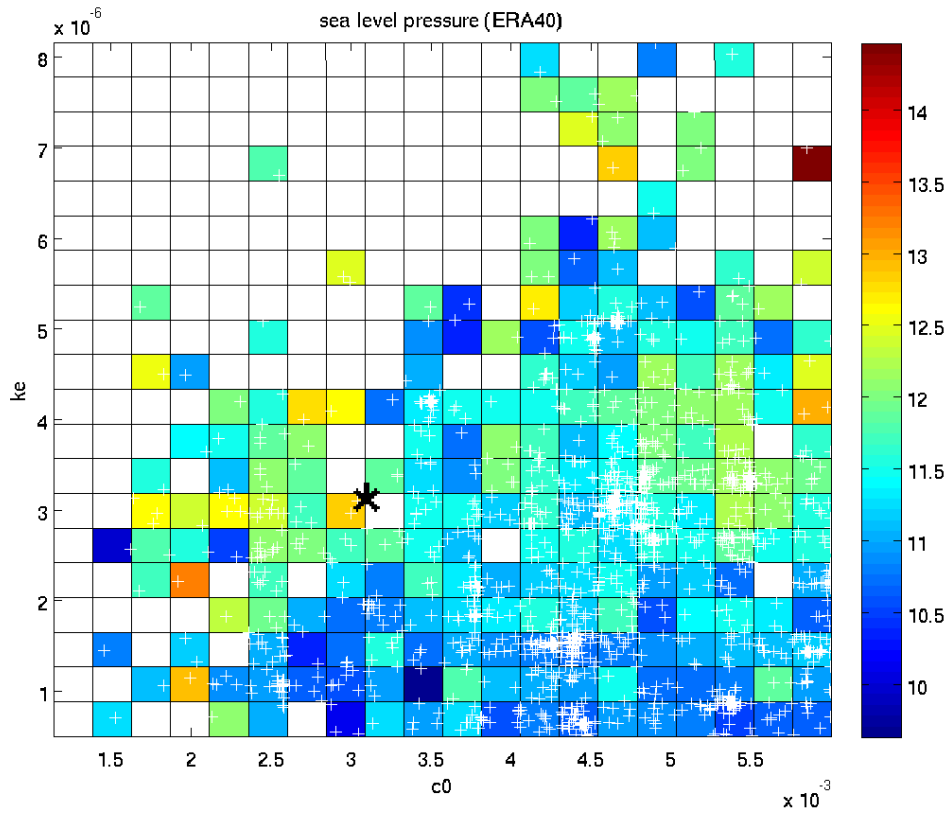
# 200mb zonal wind (ERA40)



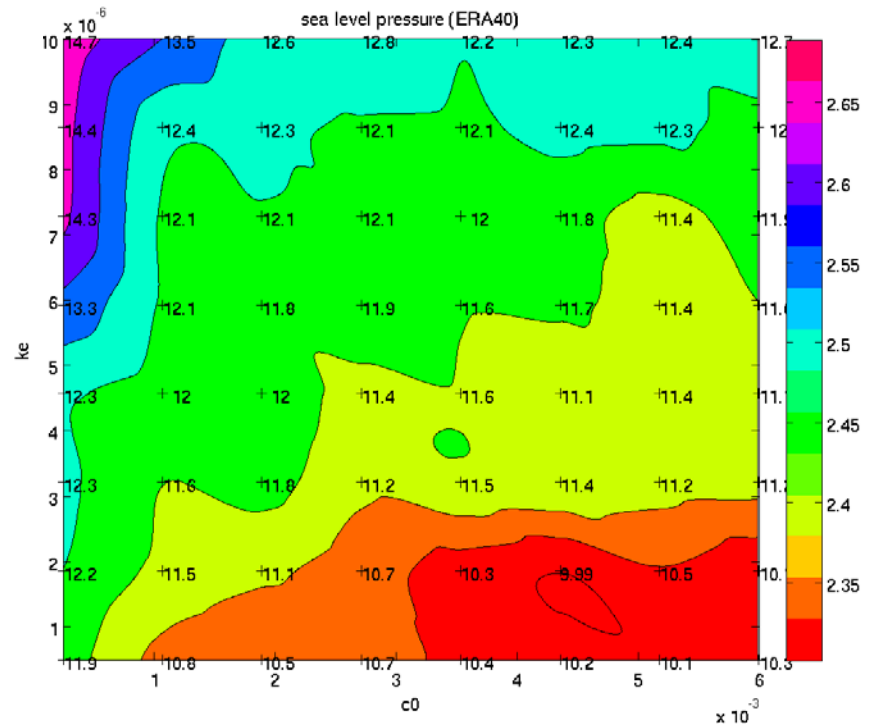


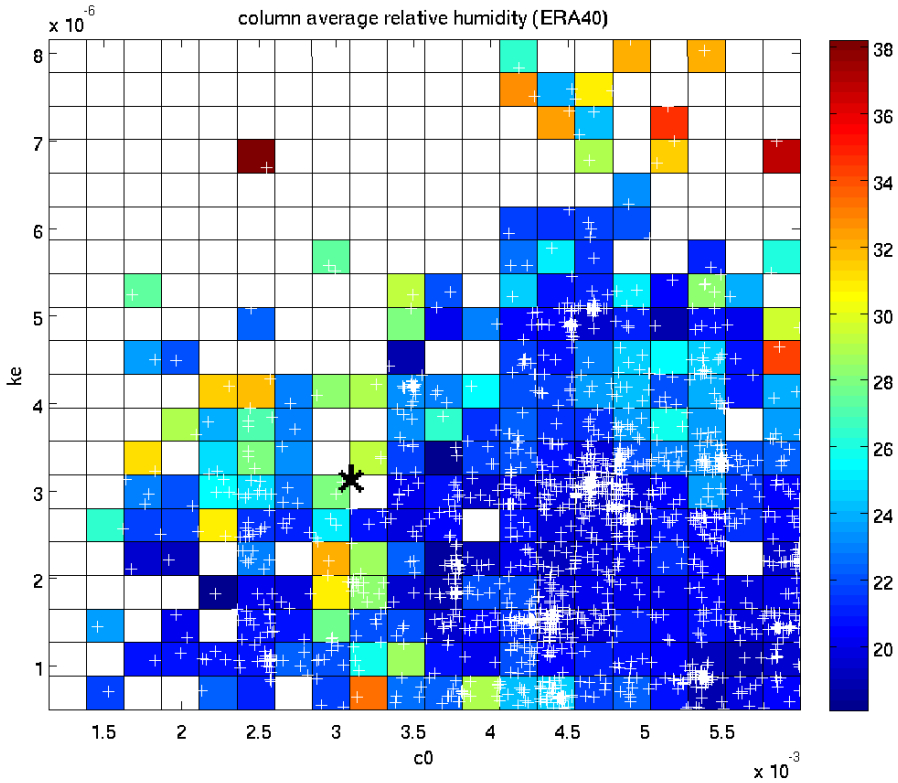
# Shortwave cloud forcing (CERES2)



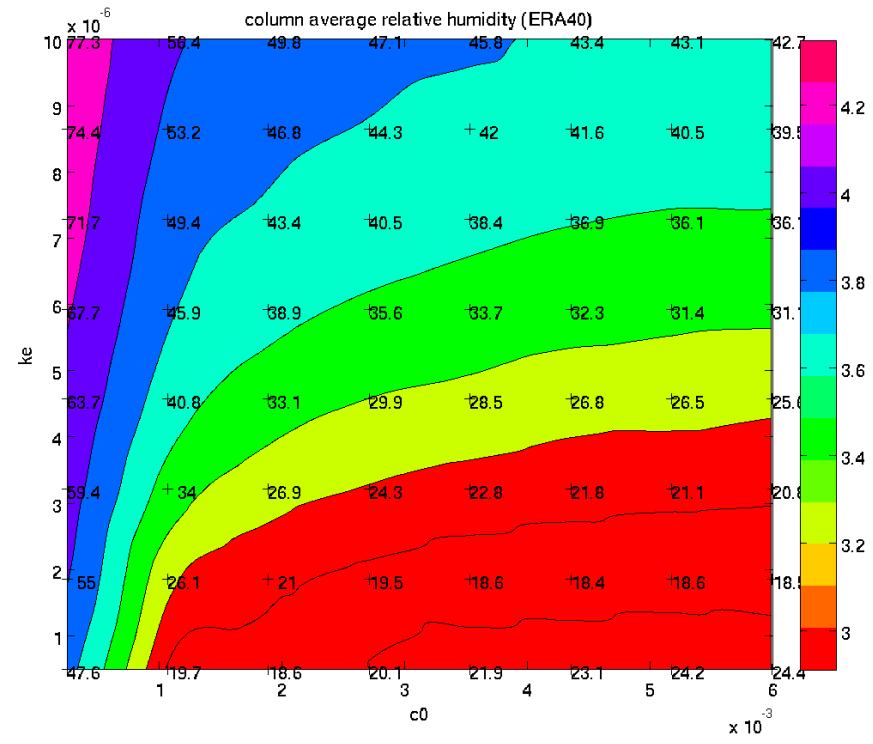


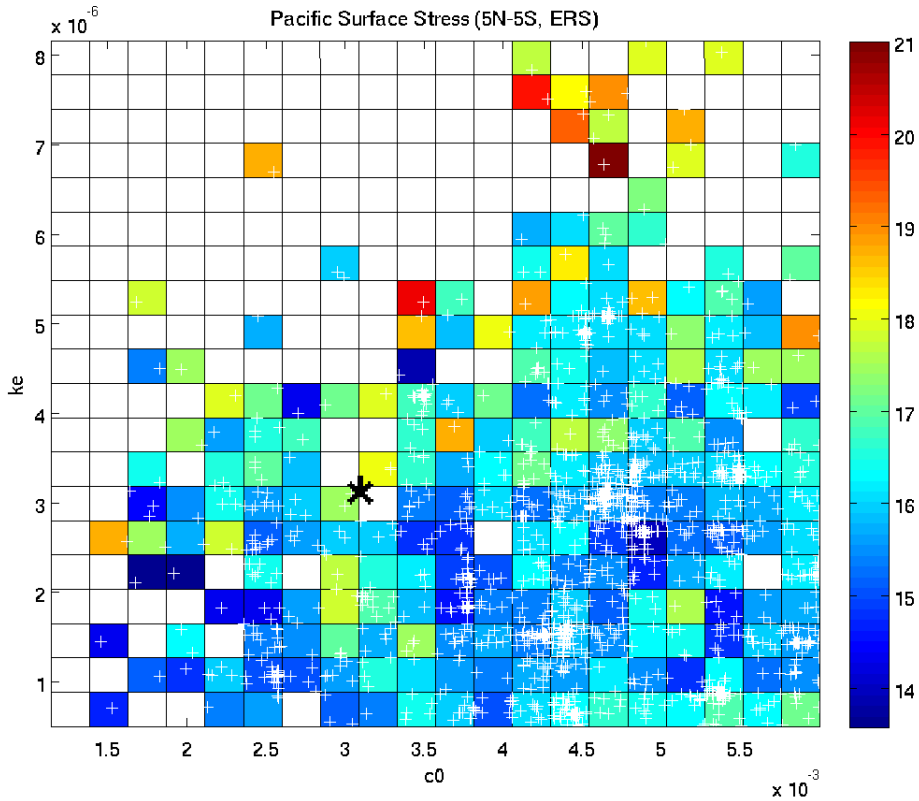
# Sea level pressure (ERA40)



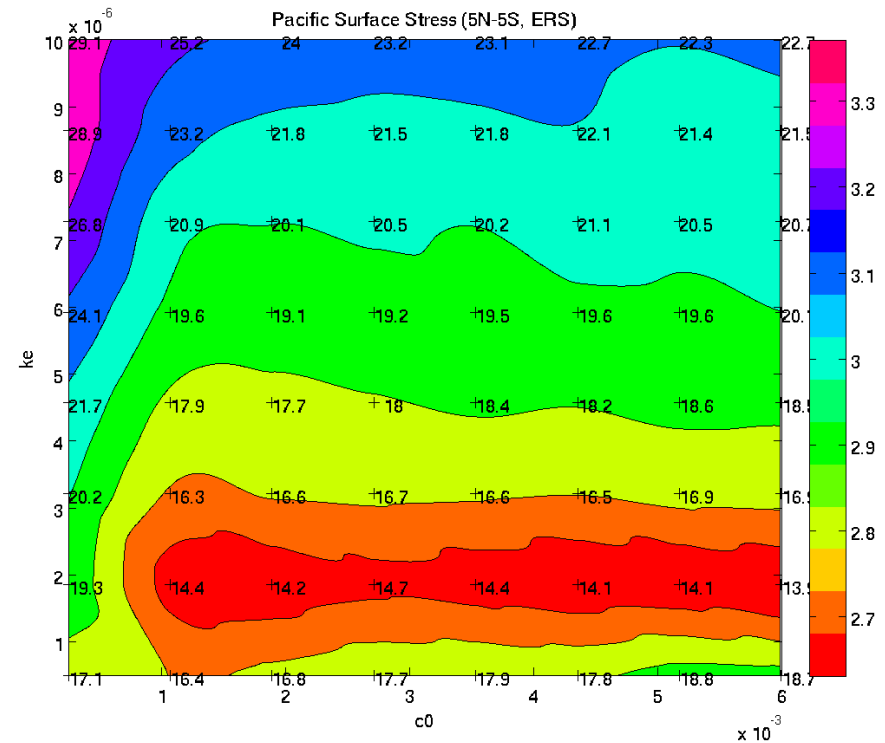


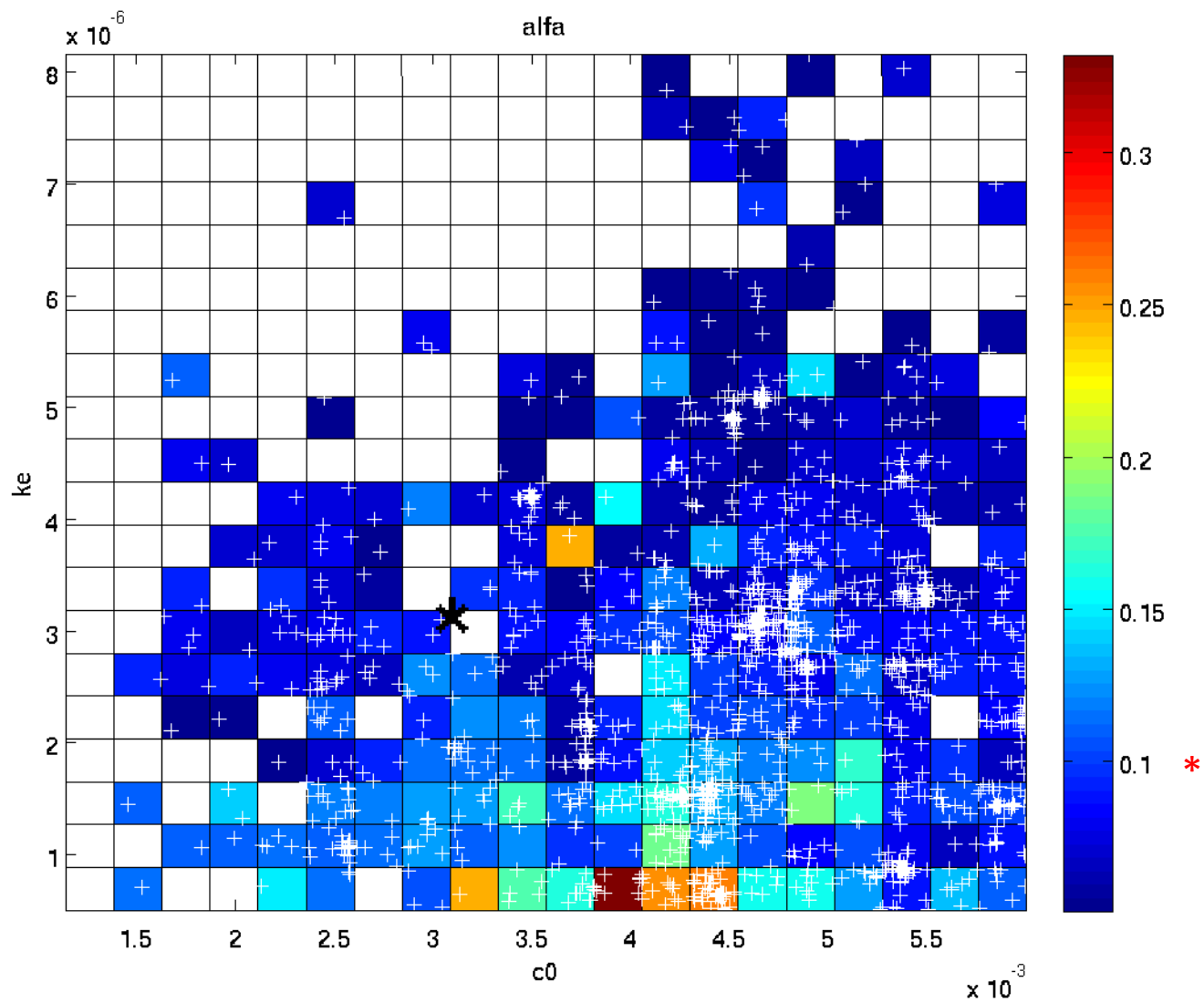
# Column average relative humidity (ERA40)

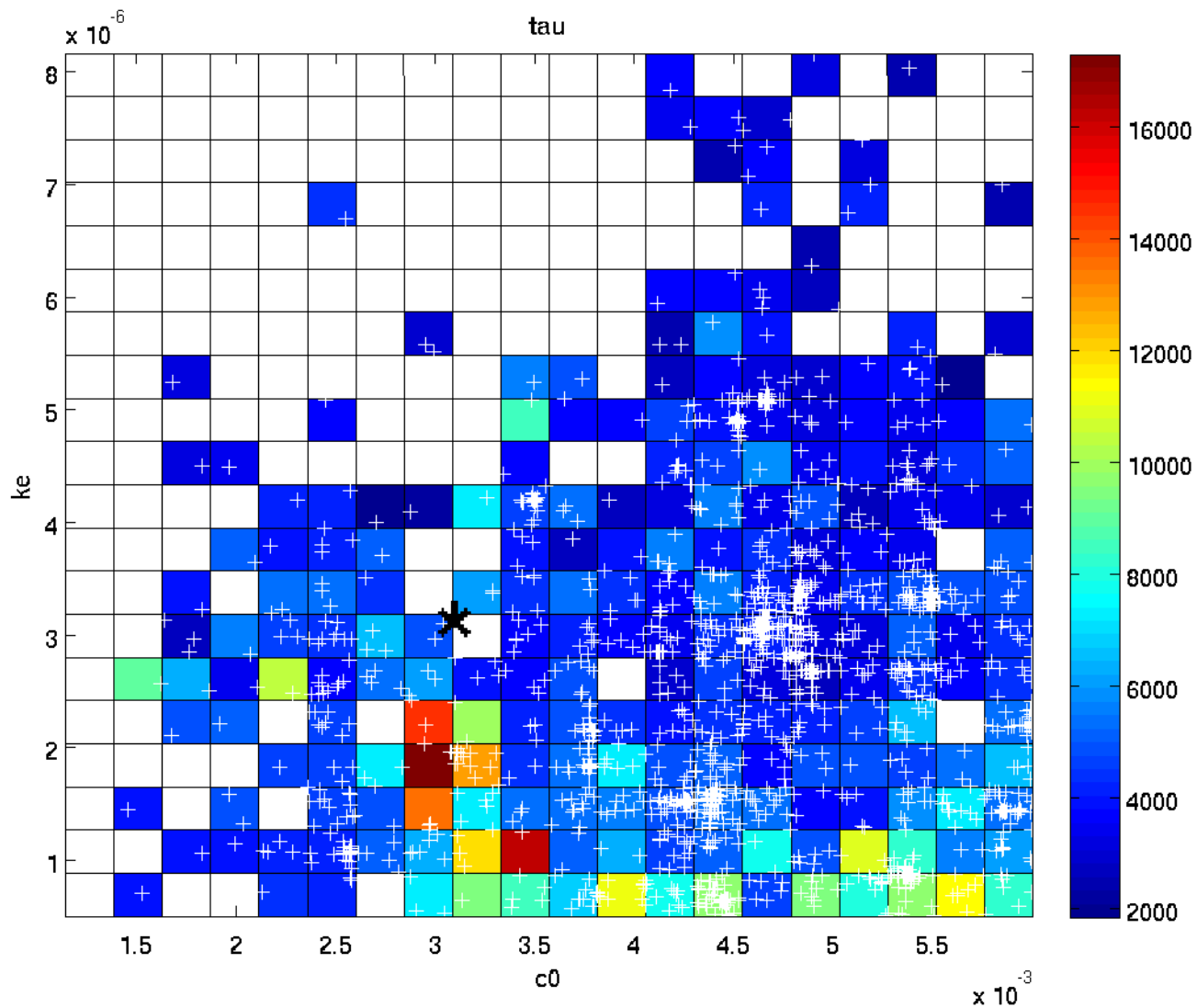




# Pacific surface stress 5N-5S (ERS)

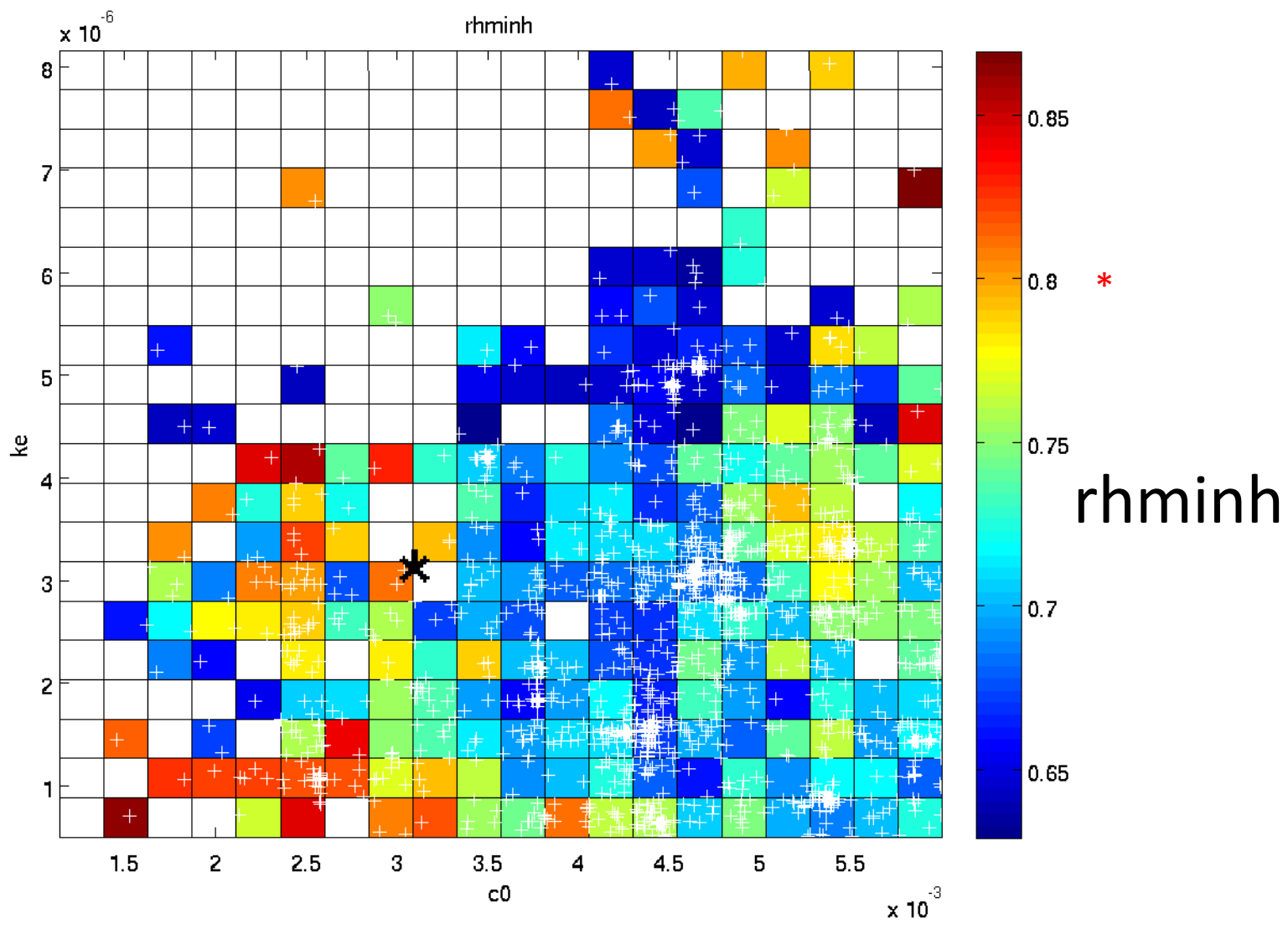




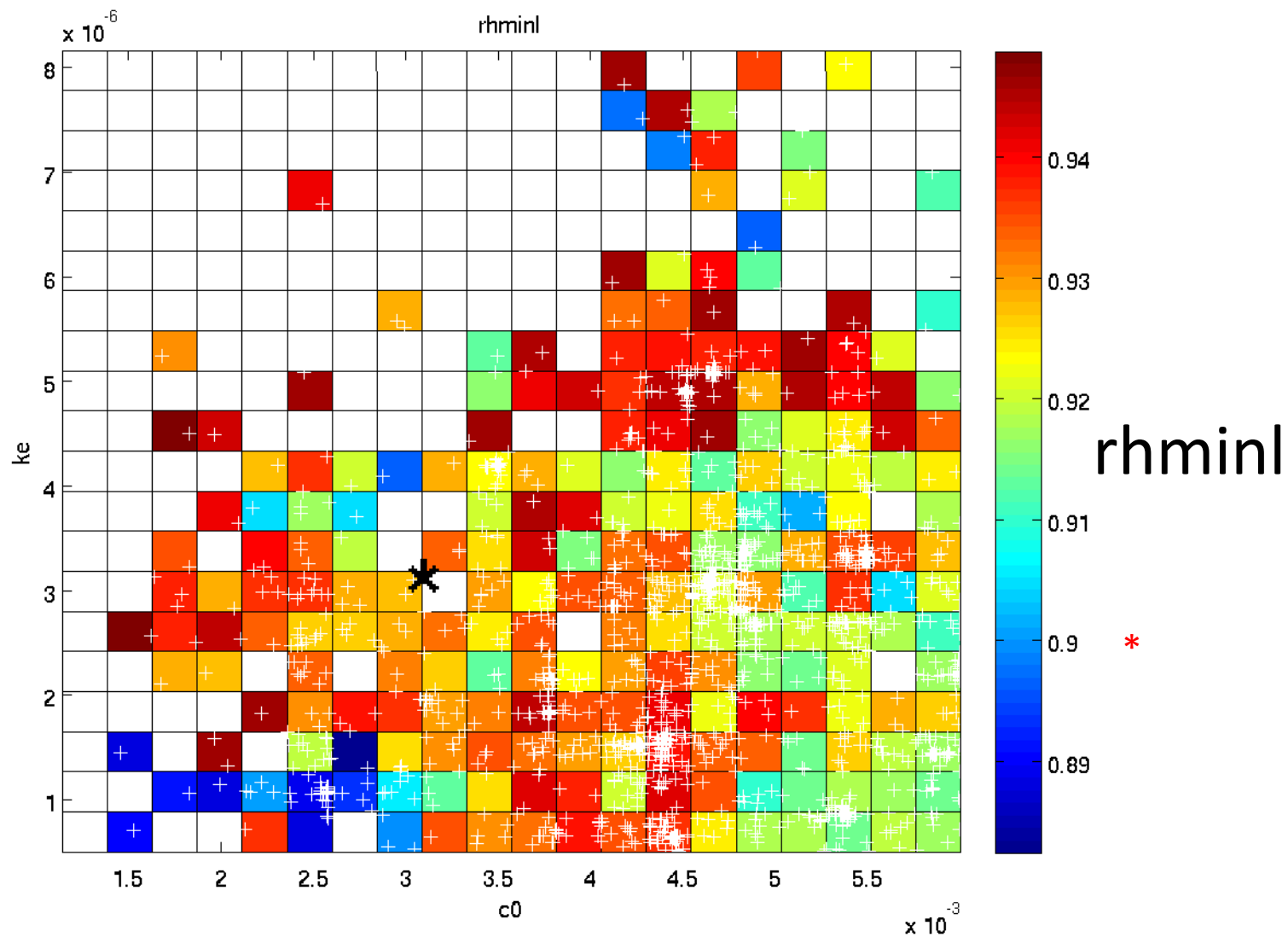


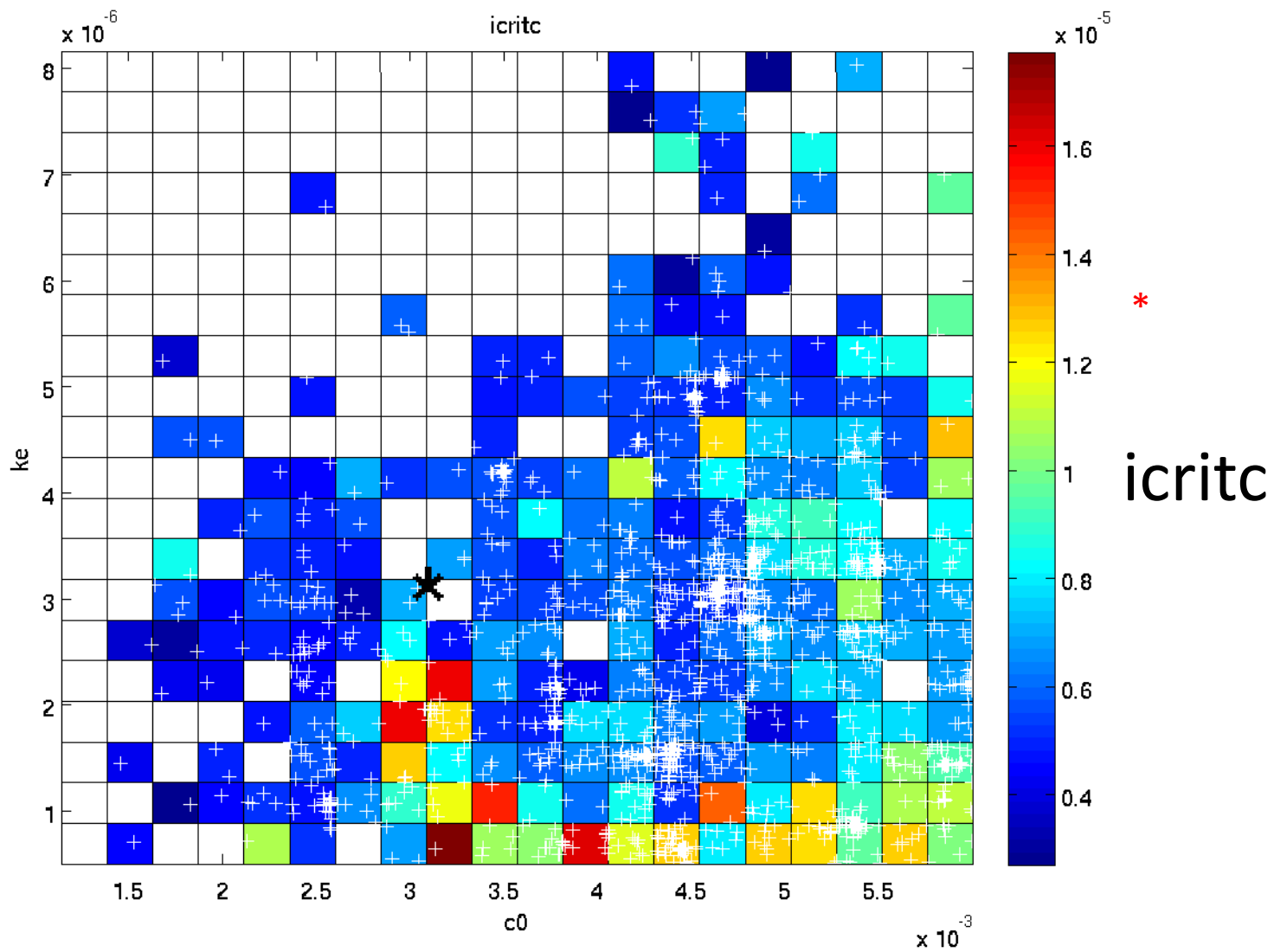
tau

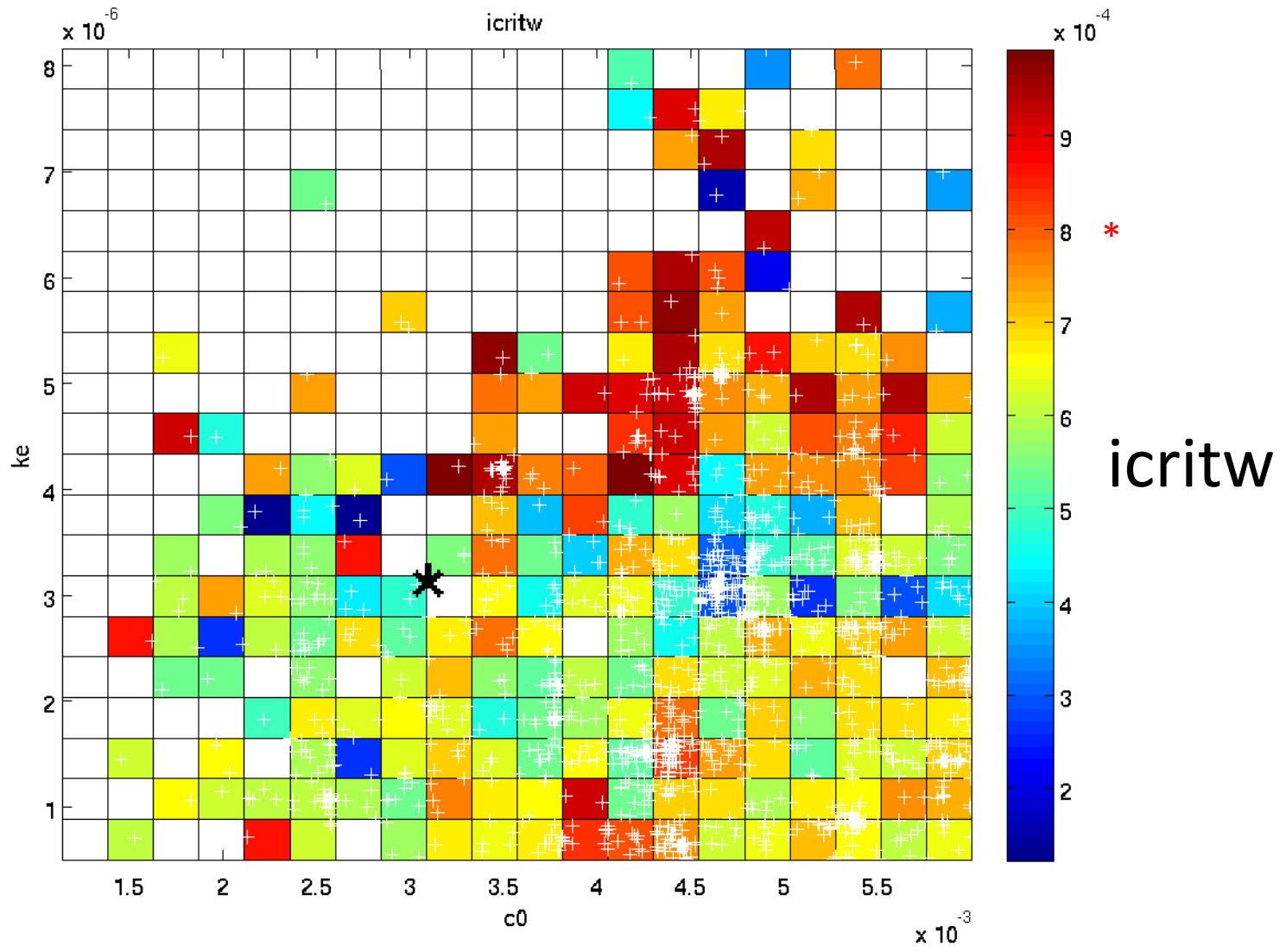
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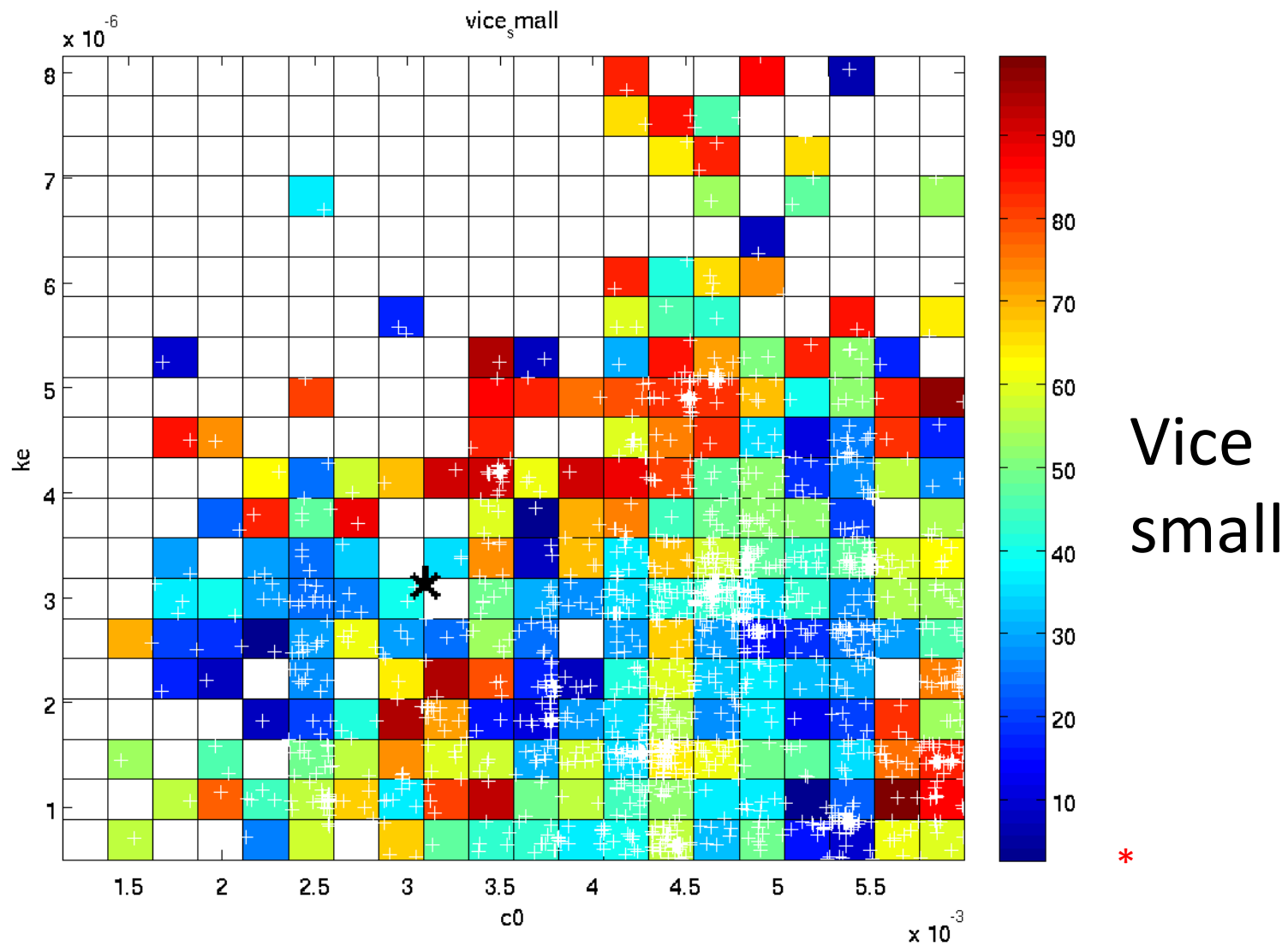


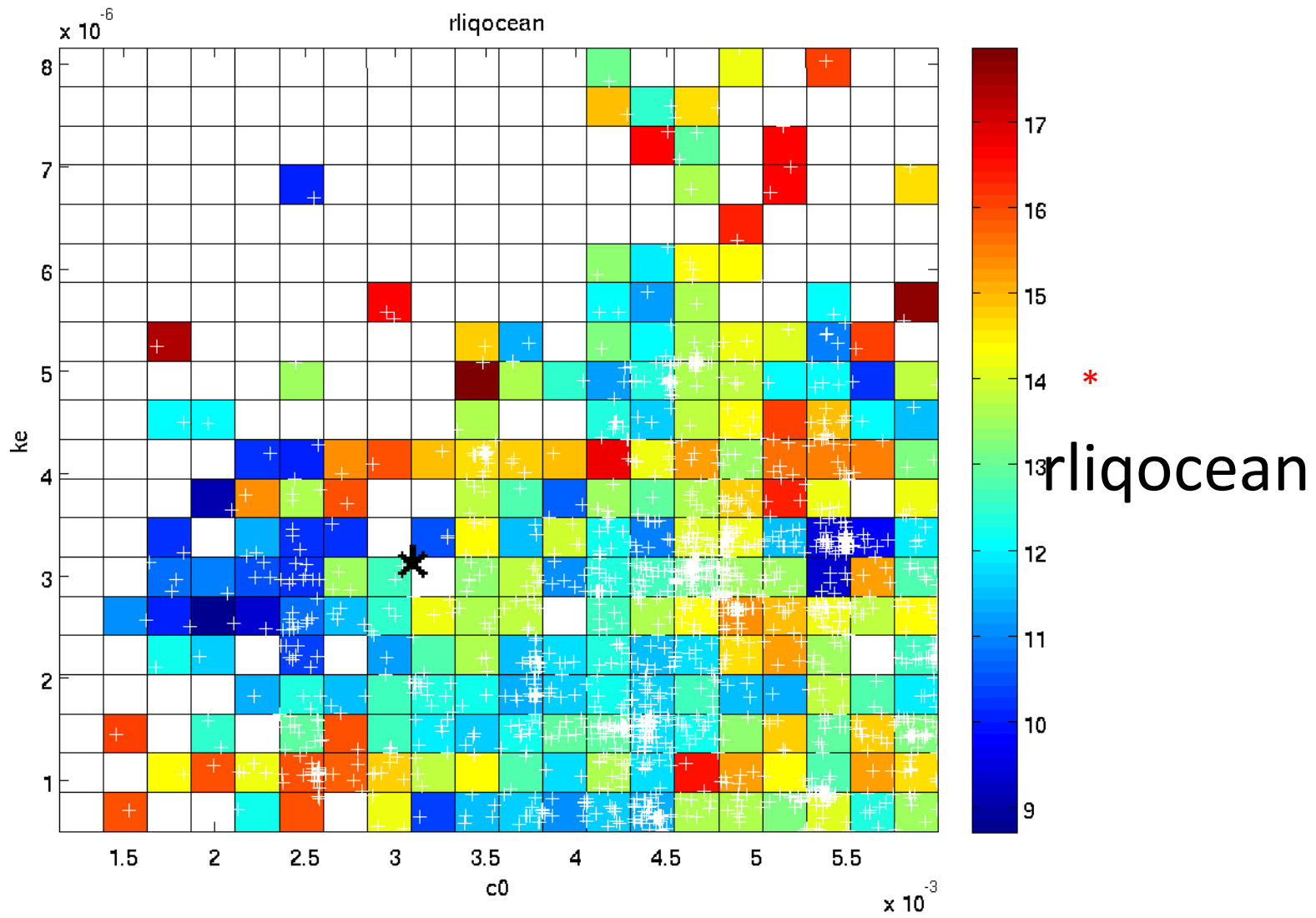


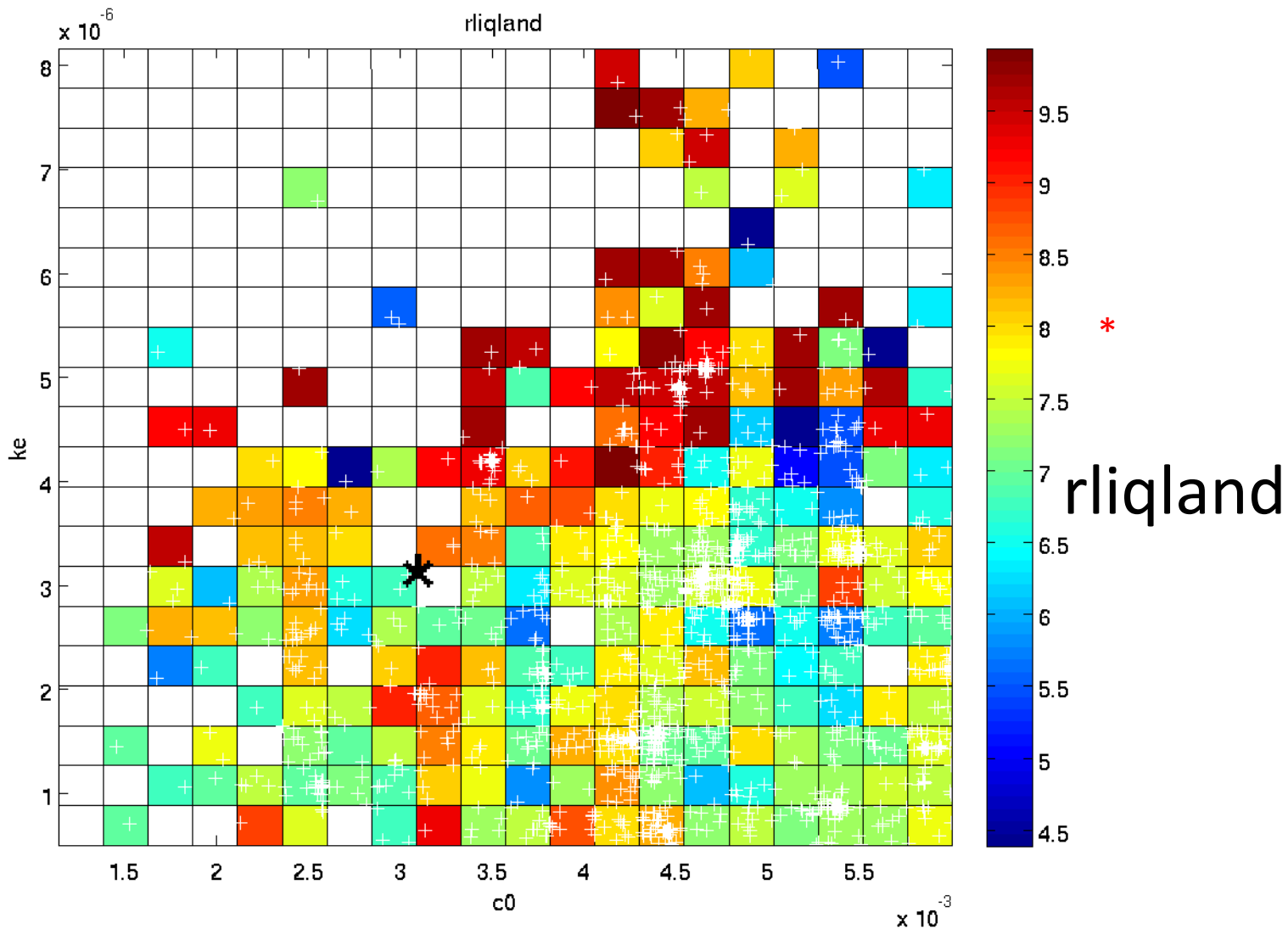


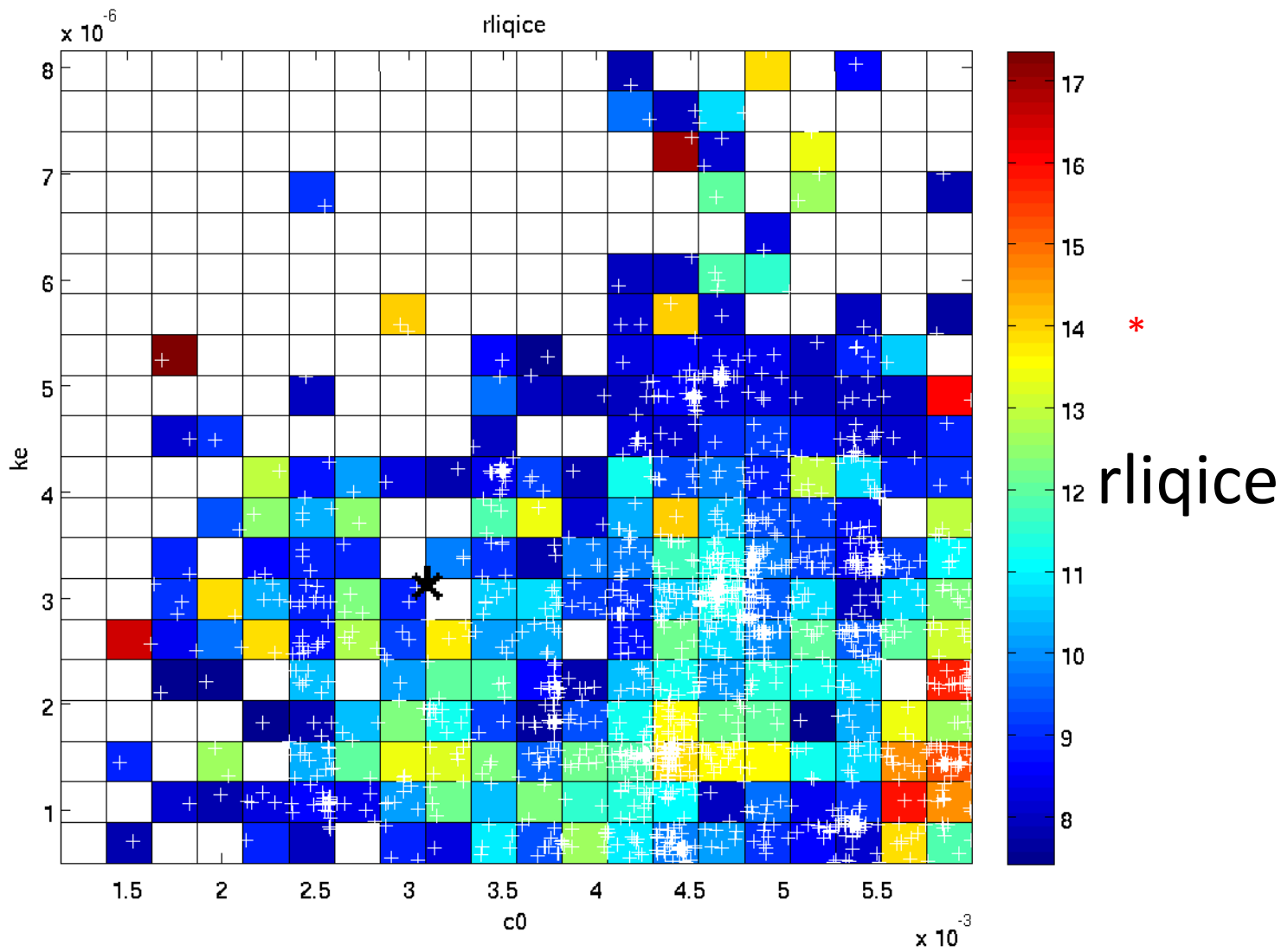


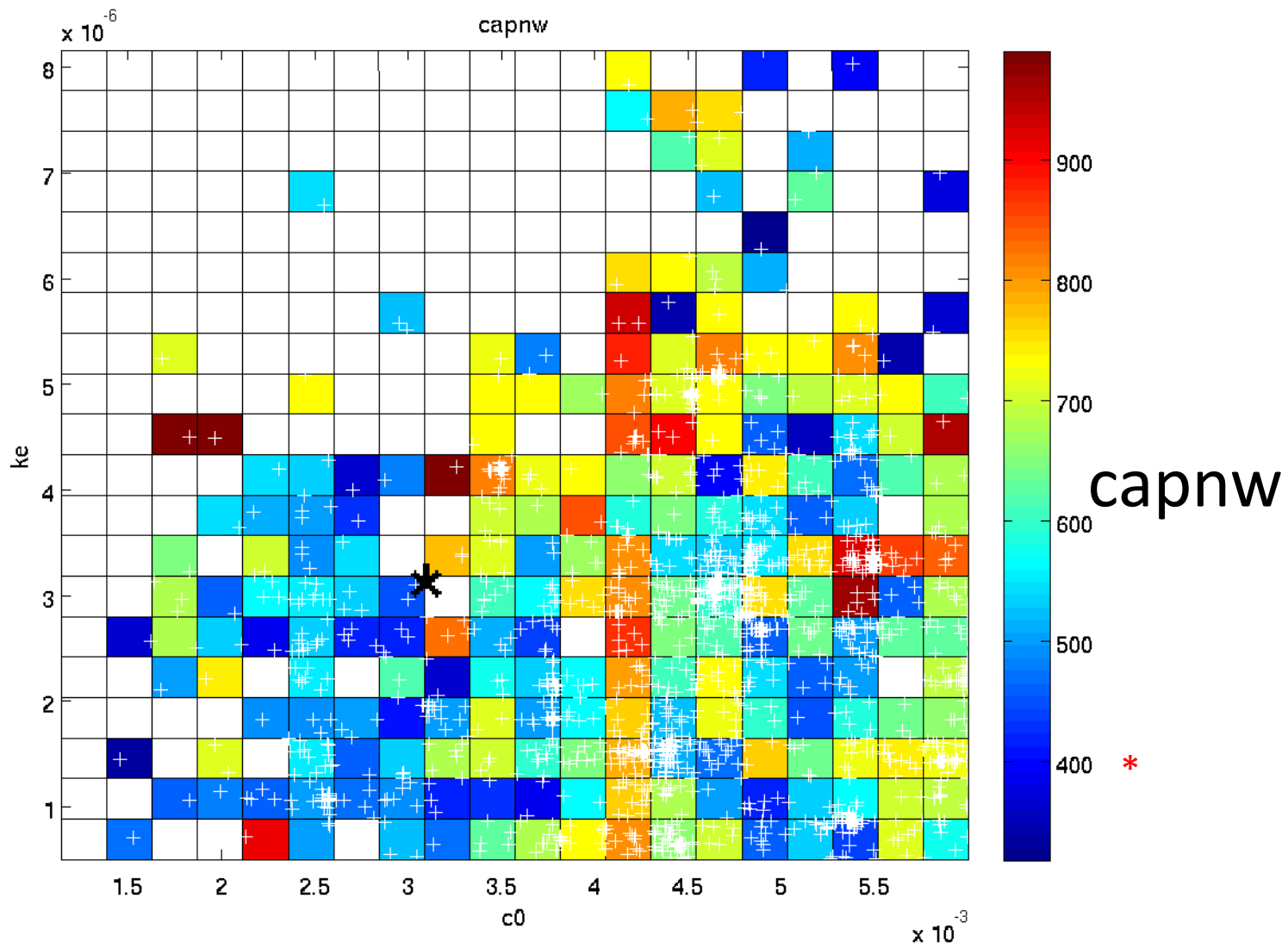




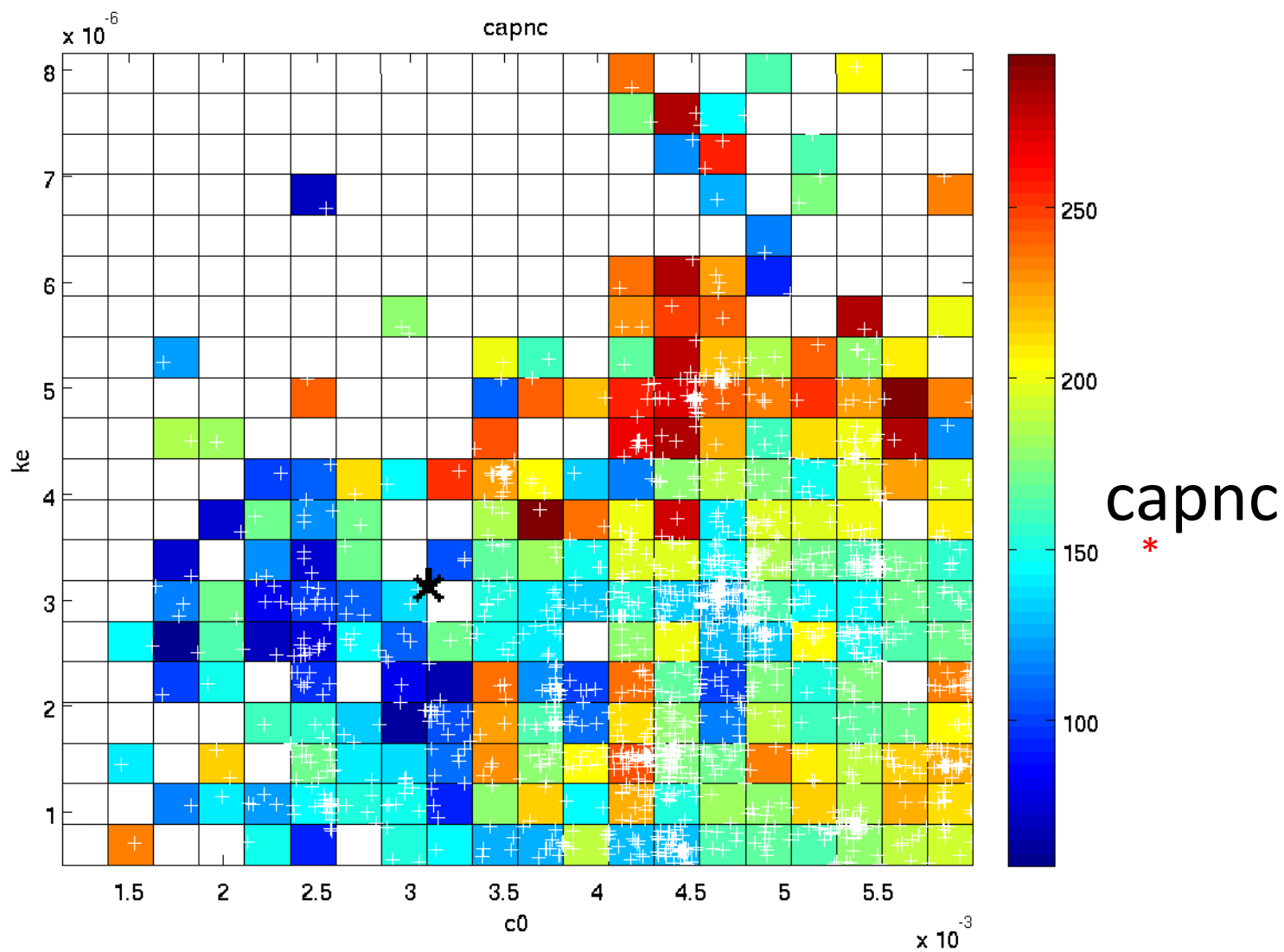


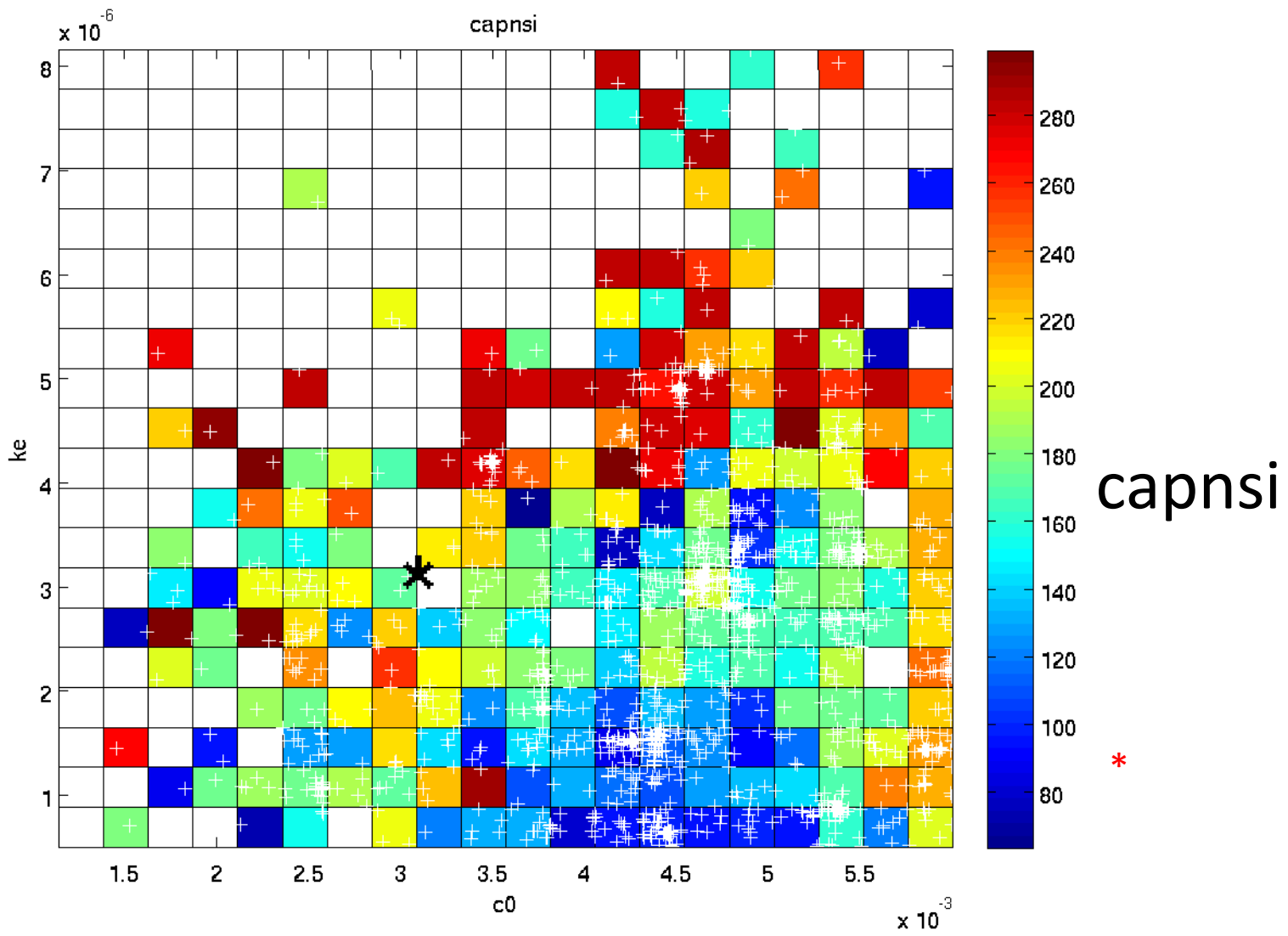












# Summary

- Maximum likelihood means that the model will be similar to observations in most respects.
- Best performing model configuration is not the most likely choice.
- Models have difficulty matching all constraints simultaneously
- There are strong dependencies among model parameters selected