

*University of
California
Center for
Hydrologic
Modeling*



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Using GRACE to estimate surface water and groundwater withdrawal for irrigation

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Jay Famiglietti

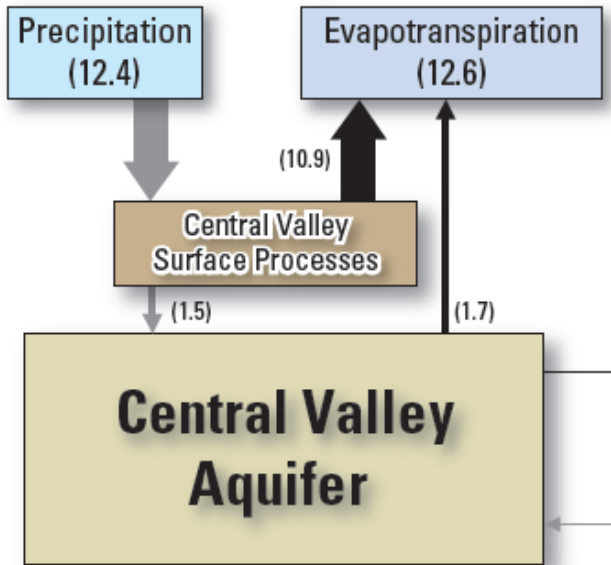
University of California
Center for Hydrologic Modeling
3/15/2011



ARTESIAN WELL-TIRUTHURAIPOUNDI, NAGAPATTINAM DISTRICT

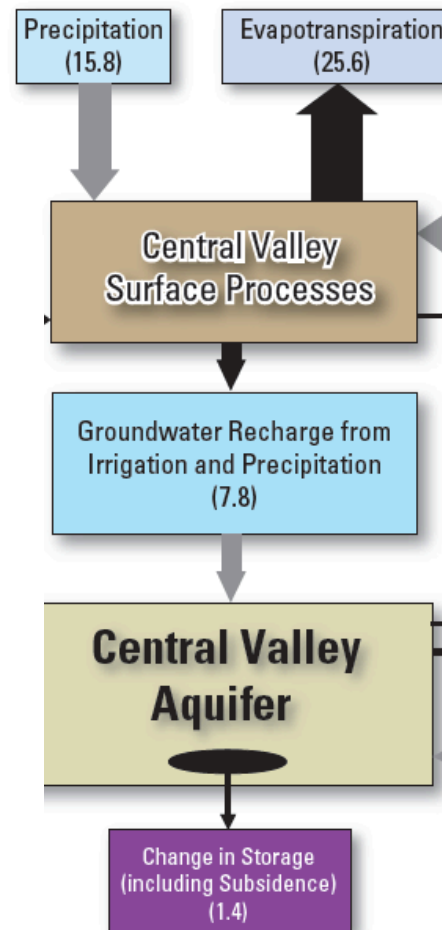


Pre-development



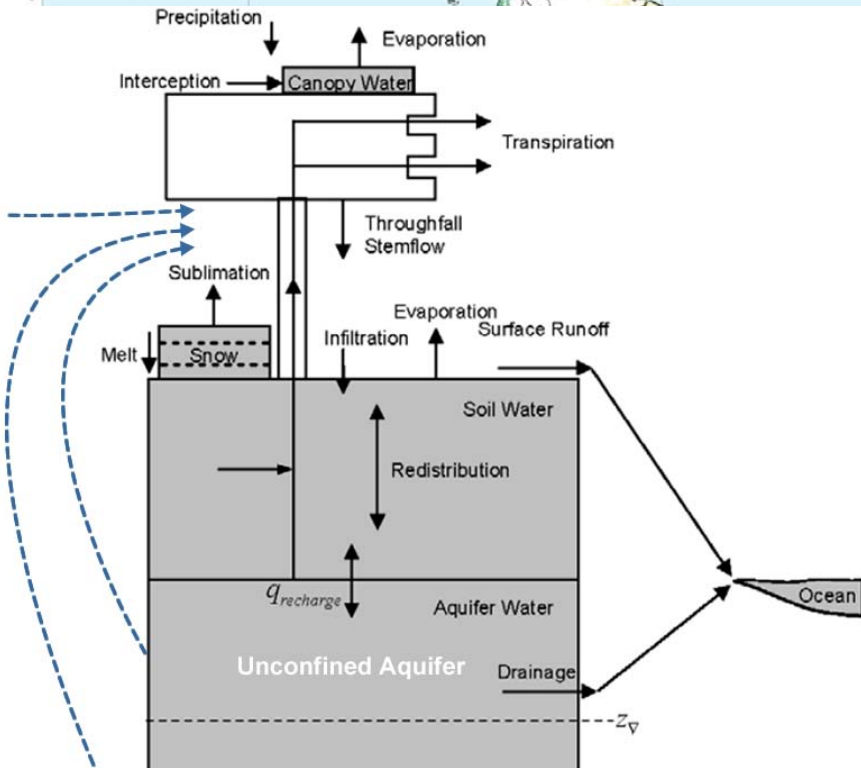
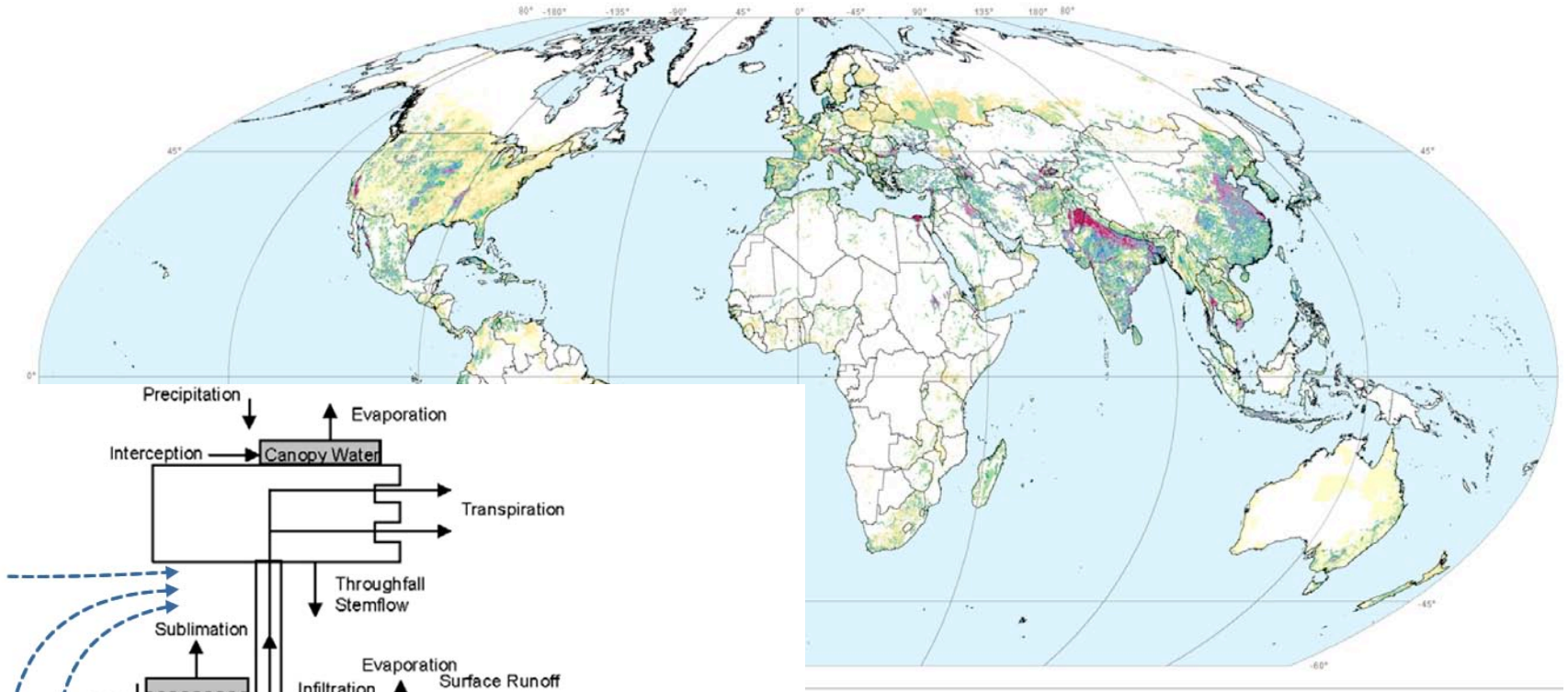
Williamson et al., 1989

development



Faunt et al., 2009

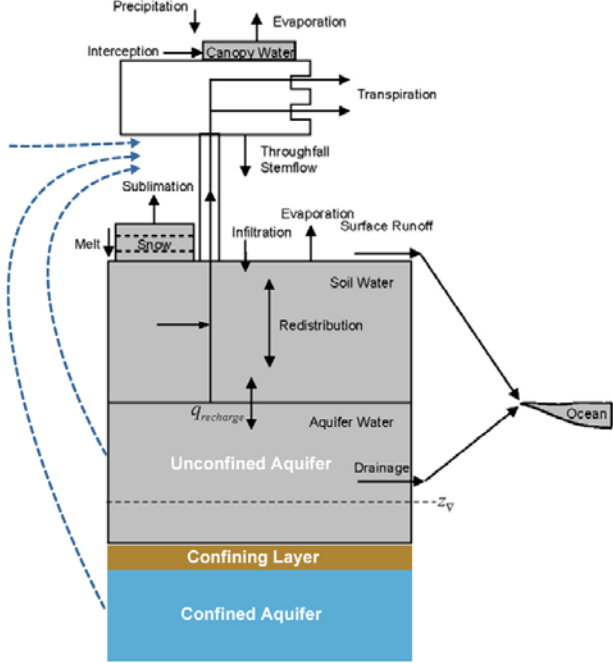
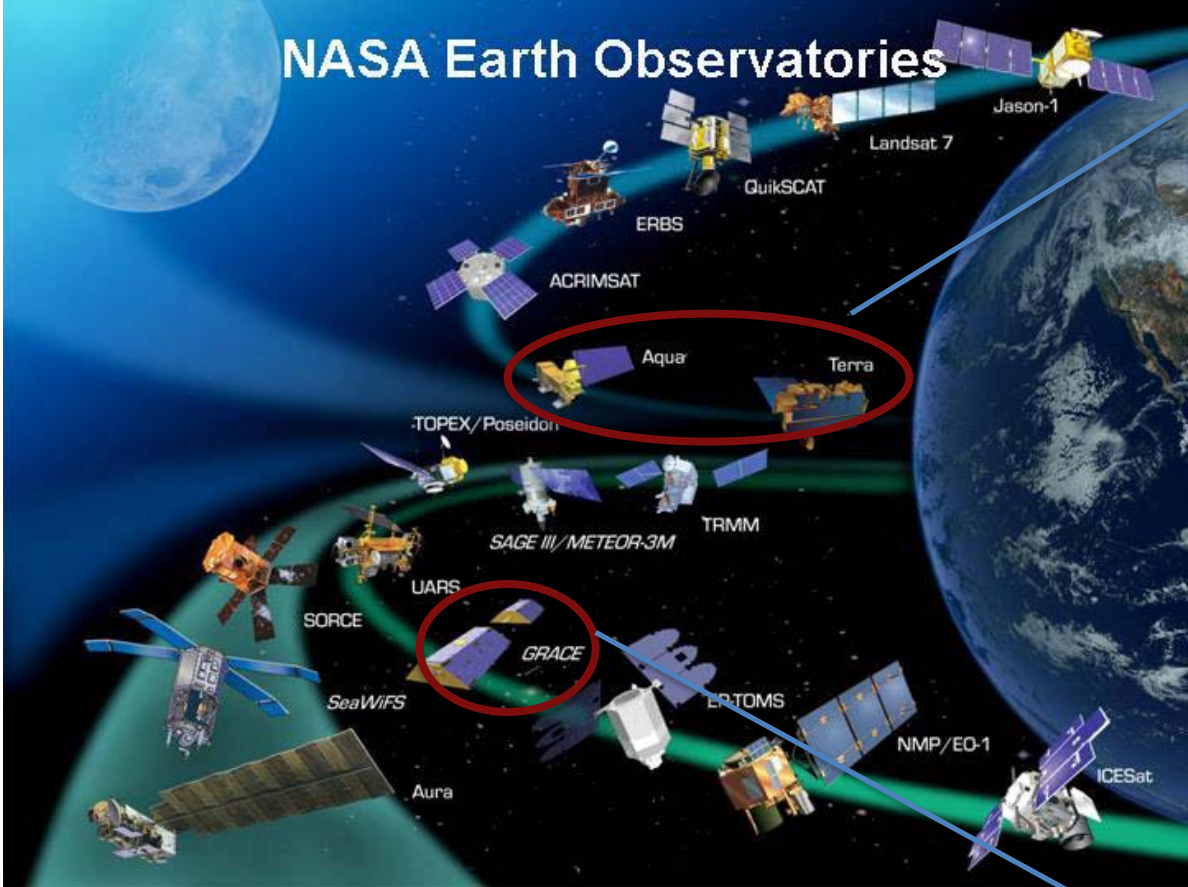




FAO Irrigation Map

Using satellite data to quantify these two fluxes

ET estimates by MODIS



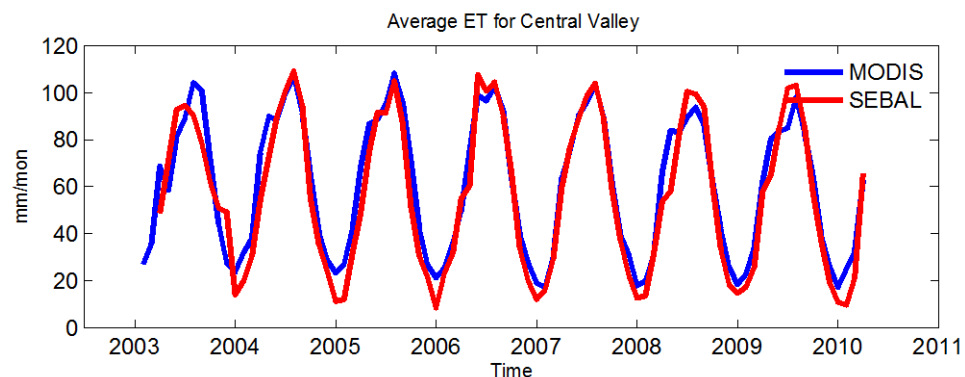
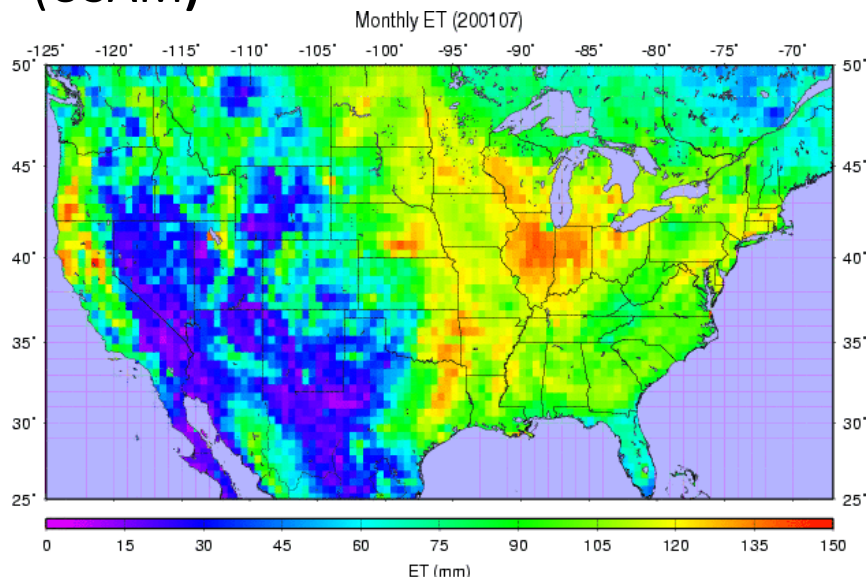
Total water storage variations from GRACE

ET Estimate

United States Agricultural Monitoring (USAM)

The surface energy balance algorithm for land (SEBAL)

From Ray Anderson



The MODIS data include Land Cover Type, Surface Reflectance, *Land Surface Temperature*/Emissivity, Vegetation Indices, and Albedo.

Surface radiation components are obtained from Surface Radiation Budget Data.

Input data:

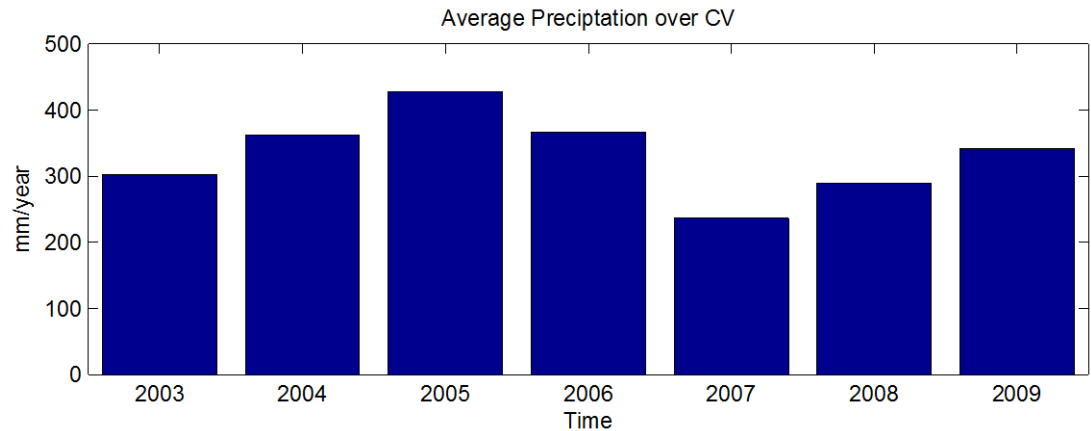
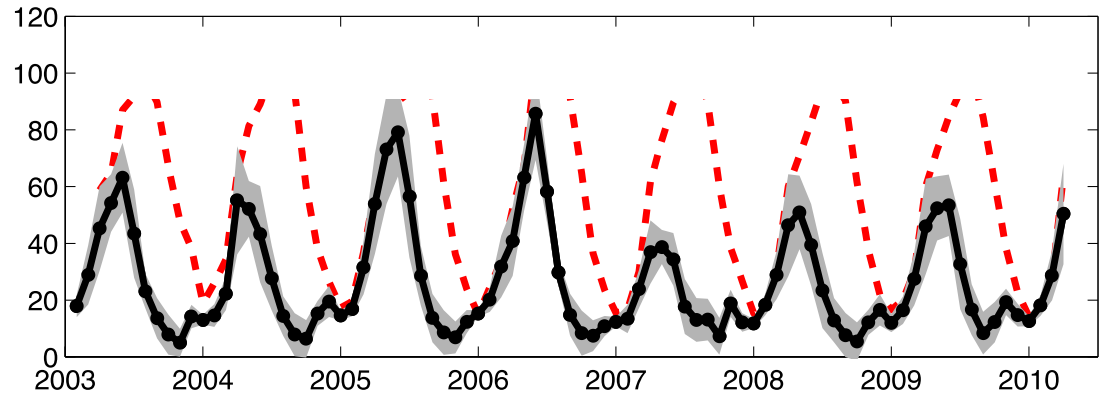
Surface T, surface emissivity, veg indices, and albedo from MODIS.

Incoming solar, air humidity, net longwave radiation, and air temperature data from CIMIS (The California Irrigation Management Information System)

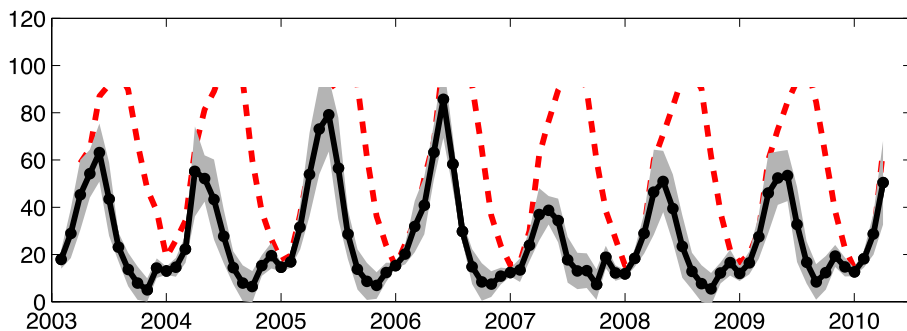
Compare the ET of 4 different LSMs to observations



- 1) CLM
- 2) MOSAIC
- 3) NOAH
- 4) VIC



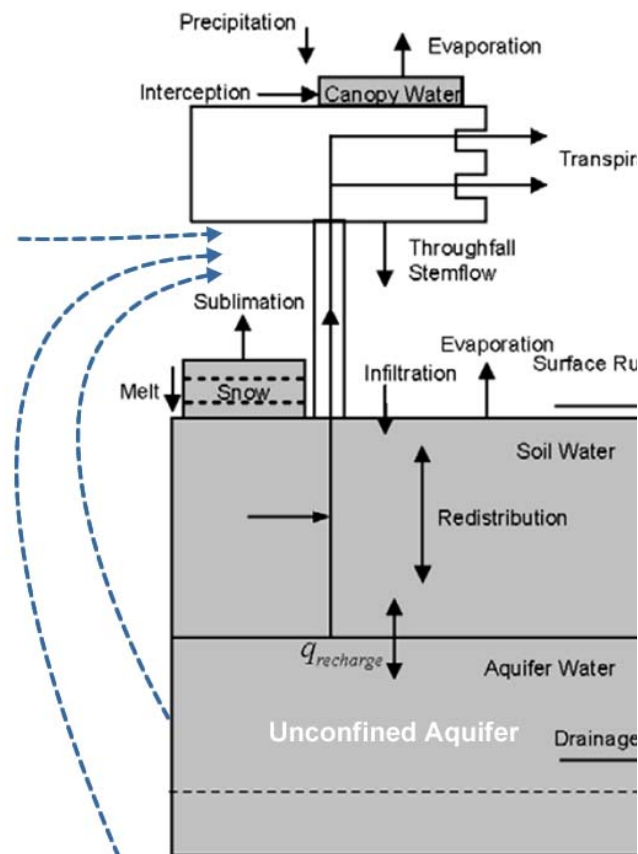
lower envelope estimate of irrigated water demand



700 +/- 5 mm/yr vs 350 +/- 20 mm/yr

How much water *at least* needs to be applied
(The difference between actually ET & model ET)

$$\frac{dS}{dt} = In - Out$$



What is GRACE?



Science Goals

High resolution gr

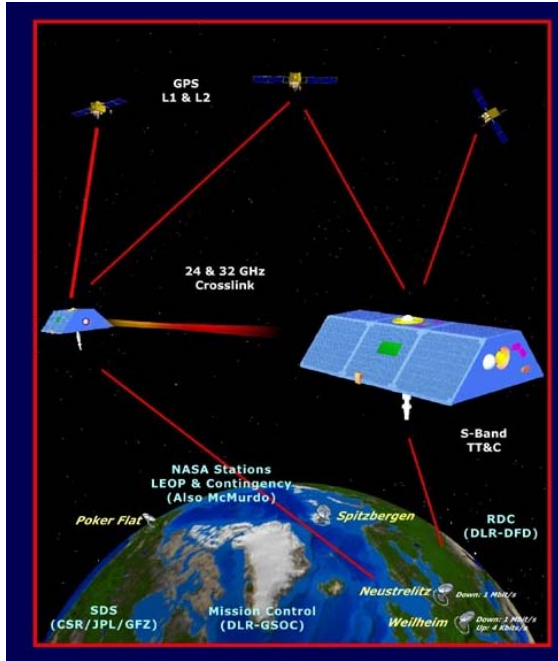
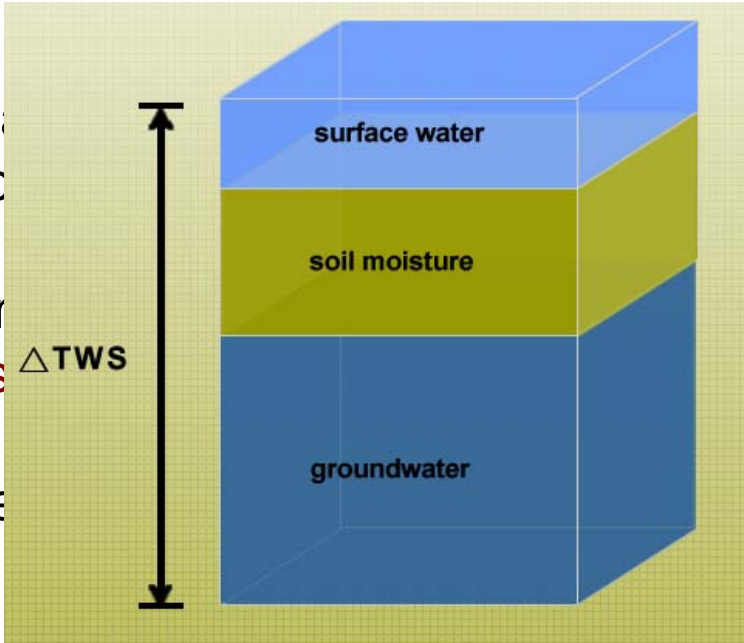
Science applicatio

→ Precise measur

between the two s

accurate maps of

monthly and longe



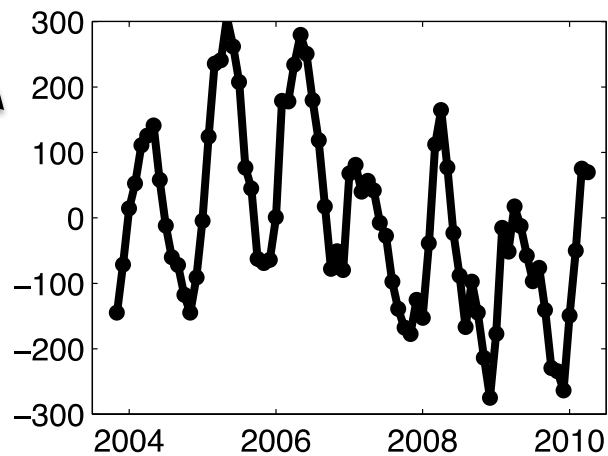
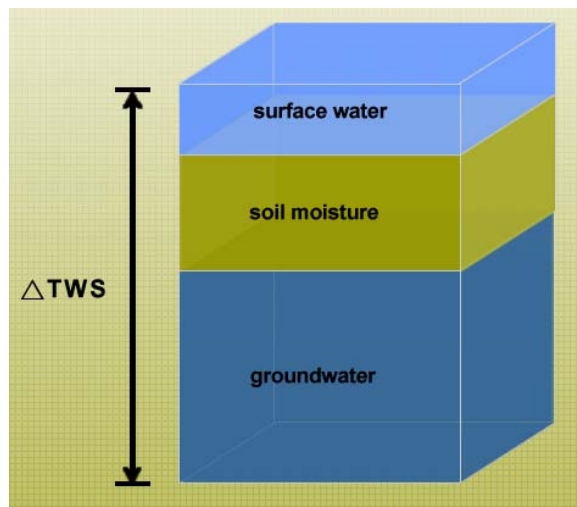
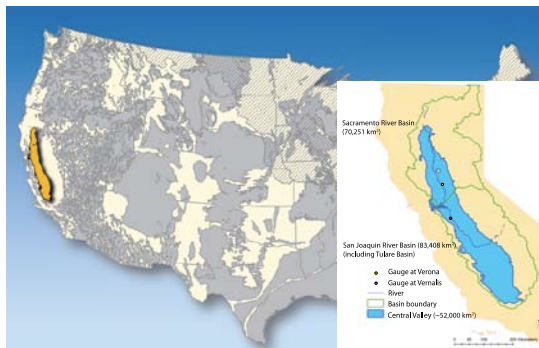
Orbit

Launched: March 17, 2002, **two satellites** in tandem orbit

Altitude: ~500 km (15 orbits per day)

Separation Distance: ~220 km

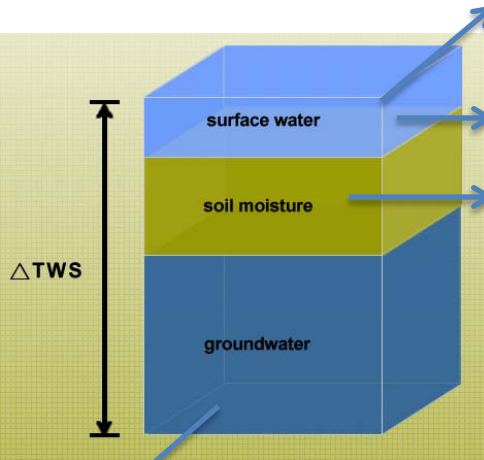
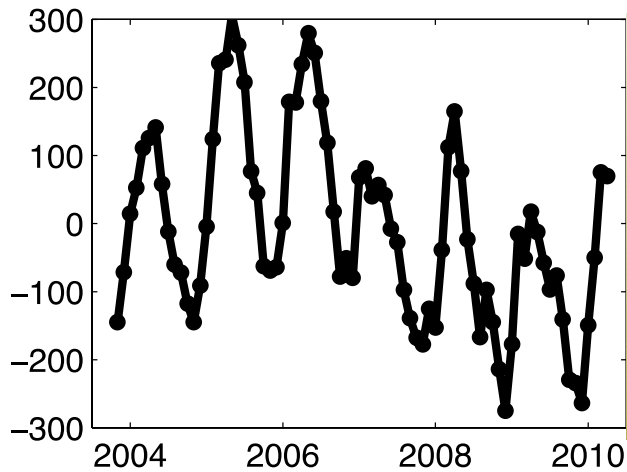
GRACE



From Swenson

Decomposition of GRACE total water storage signal

GRACE



Snow: NSIDC

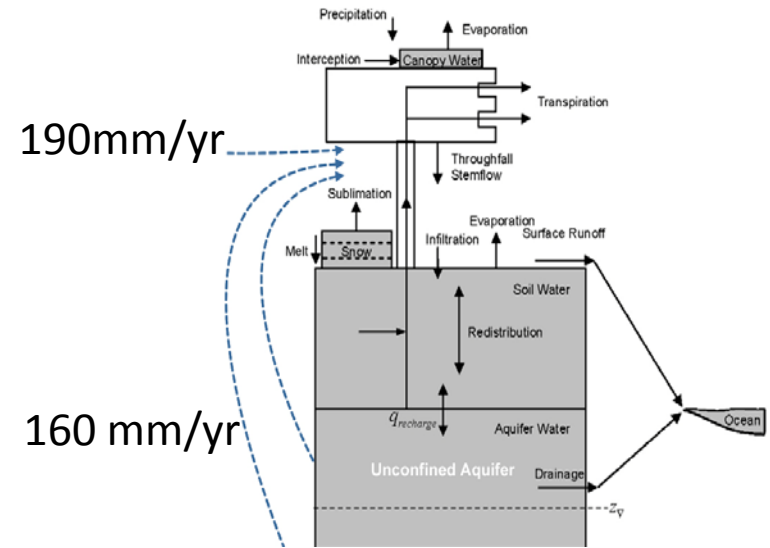
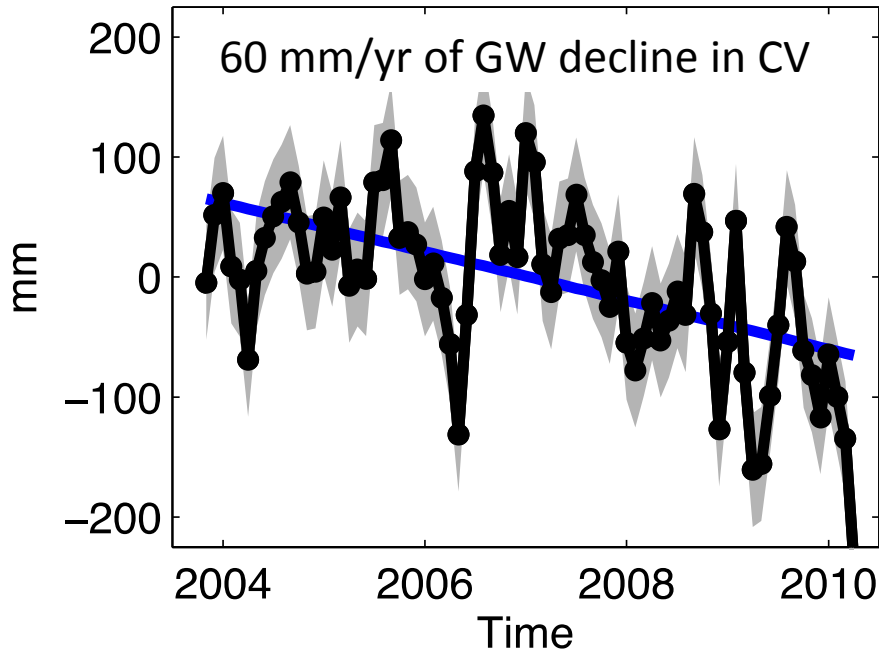
(National Snow and Ice Data Center)

Surface Water: 20 largest dams/lakes

Soil Water: 3 models results

$$GW' = TWS' - Snow' - SW' - SM'$$

GRACE estimated groundwater pumping rate



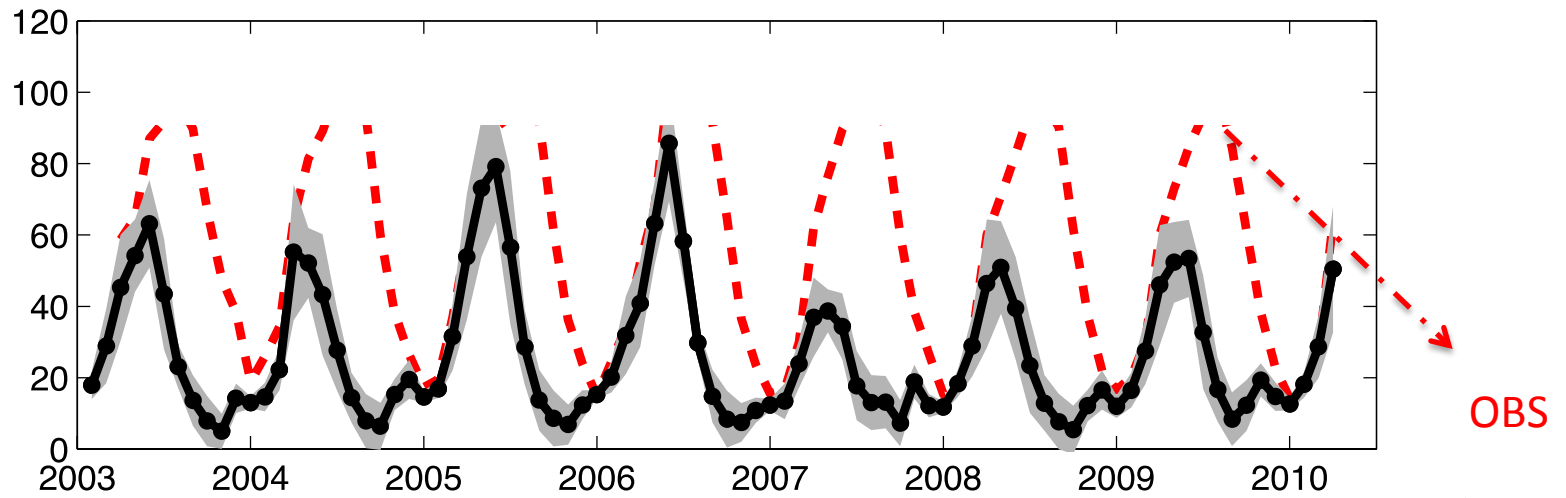
$$\frac{dGW}{dt} = GWR - \text{pumping}$$

$$= 160 \text{ mm/yr}$$

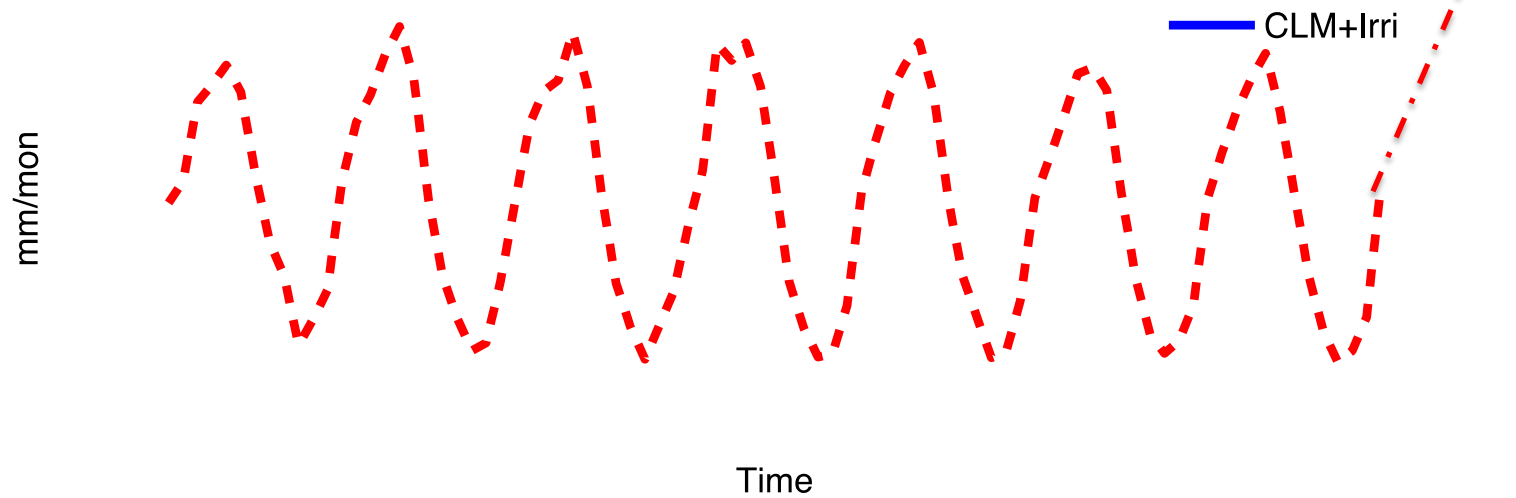
Surface water use statistics (240 mm/yr) from State Water Project, US Bureau of Reclamation, and canal streamflow data from California Data Exchange.

Total irrigated water demand (~400 mm/yr) in CV, Wisser et al., 2008

Results



(b) ET -- NEW CLM vs OBS



Caveat:

- Constant irrigated water?
- GW withdrawal from confined and unconfined aquifers globally?

Future work:

- Apply this approach globally
- Couple to GCM to see human fingerprint on the climate