

Isotopes and Reactive Transport in CLM4: CLMiso

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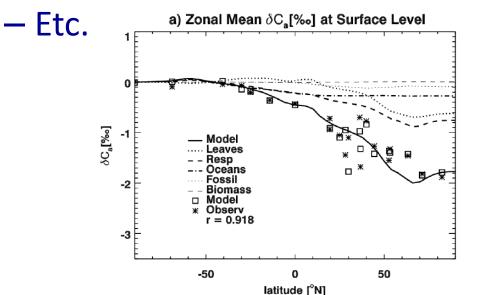
D.C. Noone (C.U. Boulder)

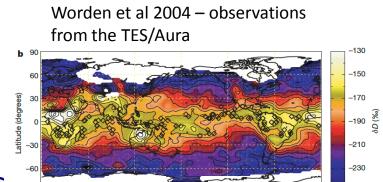


Motivation

-90

- Isotopes as tracers of processes
 - Water flows
 - Precipitation recycling
 - Cloud water processes
 - Water and C cycle interactions





180

Longitude (degrees)

240

300

Buenning et al (submitted) -Using a coupled version of ISOLSM/CAM

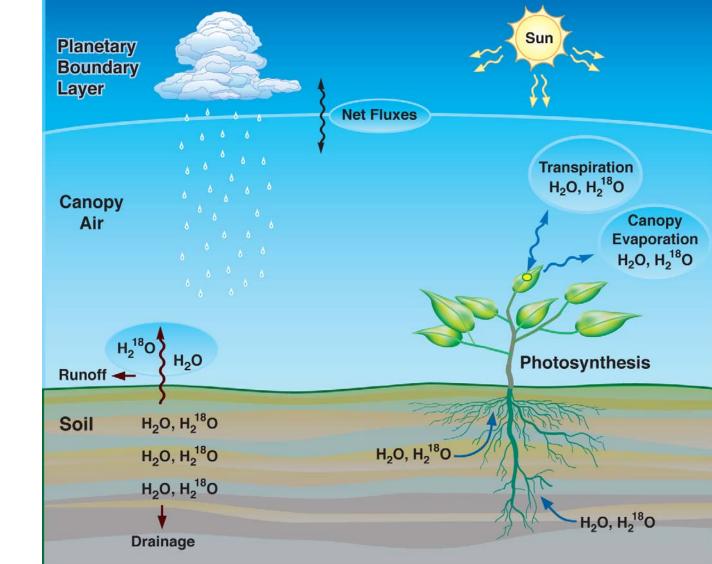
120

60

-250

360

Processes Important in HDO and H₂¹⁸O Fluxes

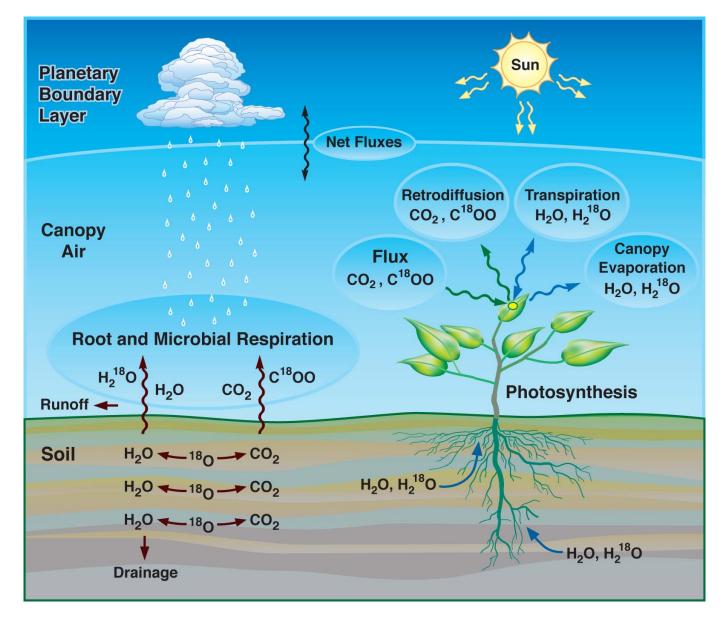


Additionally

- Snow
- Dew
- Rivers
- Glaciers
- Urban

Riley et al. 2002, 2003

Processes Important in C¹⁸OO Fluxes





Goals: CLMiso Processes

- ¹⁸O and D in H_2O
 - Soil
 - Advection, diffusion, equilibrium partitioning, root uptake, interface with canopy air
 - Xylem, Leaves
- ¹⁸O in CO₂
 - Equilibrium with leaf and soil water pools
- Fractionations
- Soil reactive transport multi-phase solver — Generic formulation



History

- ISOLSM (Riley et al. 2002, 2003)
 - Applied for H₂¹⁸O, C¹⁸OO, and ¹³CO₂ analyses
 - Site, regional, and global applications
- Coupled with CAM by David Noone
 - Buenning et al (2011)
 - Also began integration of the ISOLSM code into CLM3
- We took isotope code from CLM3 and are integrating it into CLM4
 - Some modifications and additions



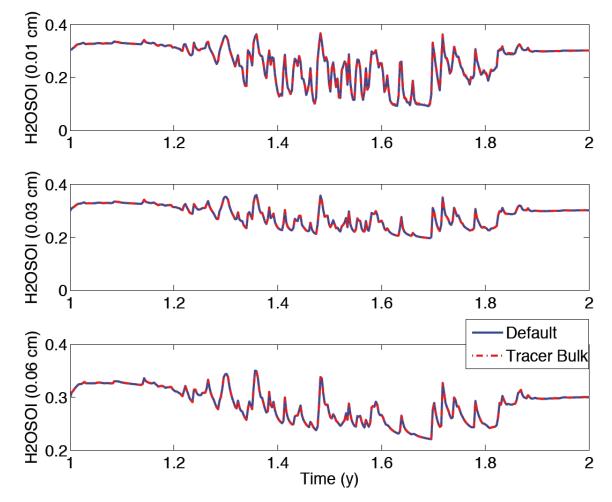
Approach

- Duplicate every water exchange in CLM4 with an tracer variable of dimension n
 - e.g., wtr_h2osoi_liq(c,j,n)
 - ~30 fluxes and stocks scattered through CLM
 - Add fractionations where applicable
- Method will facilitate change to a generic n-tracer water cycle in CLM
- Currently have only advection for water tracers, but
 - Have integrated a reactive transport model into CLM
 - Many potential applications (e.g., C & N transport and transformations)
 - Have developed a finely resolved testbed model tested against analytical solutions and observations



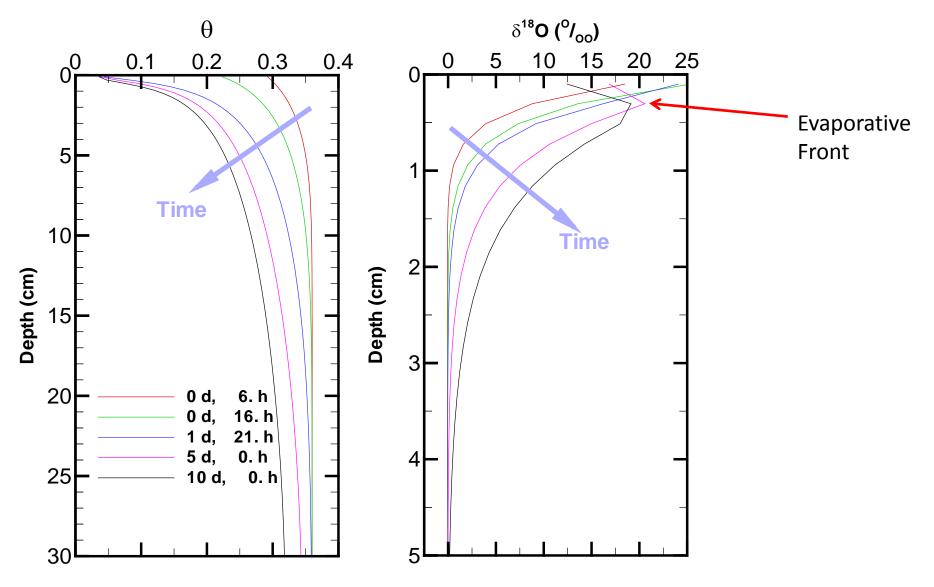
Progress on CLMiso

• Bulk water appears to be working, except for some cases with dew and snow





Example: 10-Day Soil Drying





- Applications: C&N cycling, isotopes, contaminants
- Mass Balance Equation:

$$\frac{\partial \left(\varepsilon_{t} C_{w}\right)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial (J)}{\partial t} = S$$

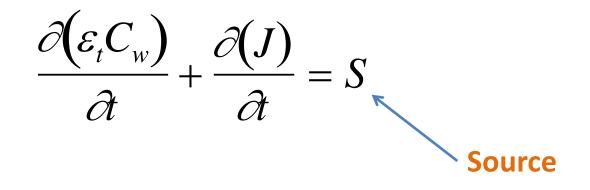


• Mass Balance Equation

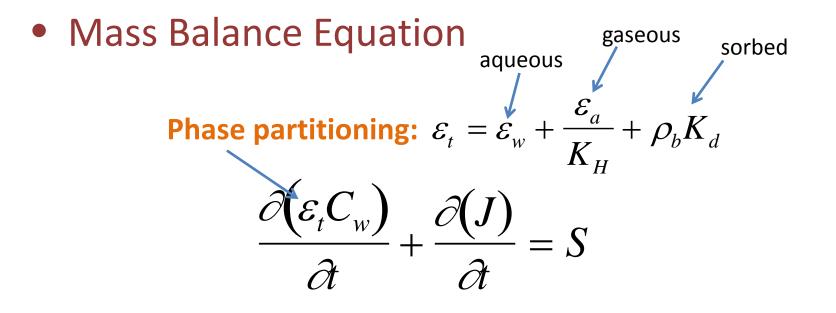
Aqueous Concentration $\frac{\partial \left(\varepsilon_{t} \tilde{C}_{w}\right)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial (J)}{\partial t} = S$



Mass Balance Equation

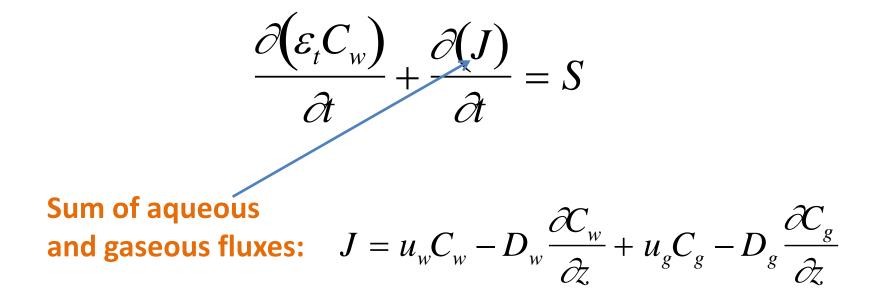






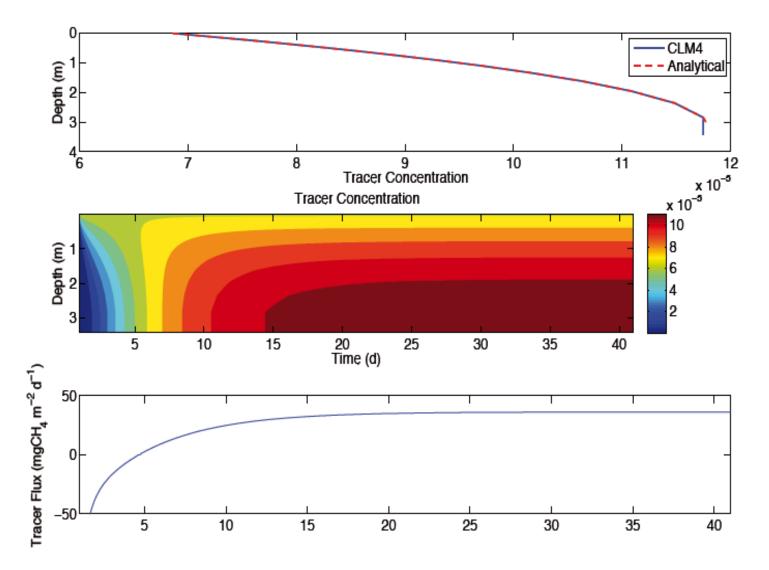


• Mass Balance Equation



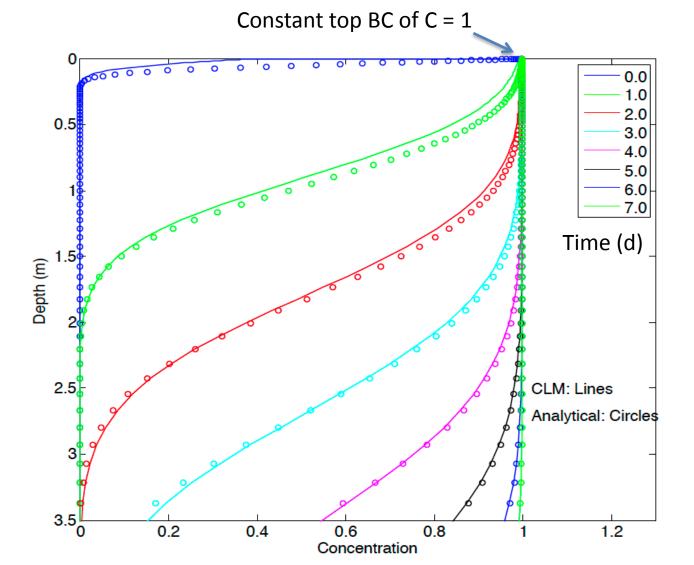


Steady-State, Constant-Source Comparison with Analytical Solutions





Transient Diffusion & Advection Comparison to Analytical Solution



Remaining Issues:

- Spatial resolution
- Temporal resolution
- Testing needed for multi-phase solutions



Next Steps

- Remaining fixes to code for isotopes
 - Dew, snow, ice
 - Urban, glaciers
- Integrate water isotopes with full transport solver including diffusion
- Integrate CO₂ transport and equilibration with H₂¹⁸O
- Integrate with atmosphere and ocean components
- Do some isotope science in CESM!







Bulk Water :

$$\frac{\partial \left\{ \rho \theta + h \rho^{s} (p - \theta) \right\}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f^{lm}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f^{lg}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f^{v\theta}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f^{v\theta}}{\partial z} = 0$$

Isotopes: $\frac{\partial \left\{ \rho \theta R^{L} + h \rho^{s} (p - \theta) R^{v} \right\}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f_{*}^{lm}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f_{*}^{lg}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f_{*}^{ld}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f_{*}^{vT}}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f_{*}^{vT}}{\partial z} = 0$

- Built a 'model testbed'
 - Based on Barnes and Allison, Barnes et al. (1980's) and Mathieu and Bariac (1996)