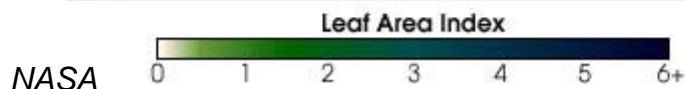
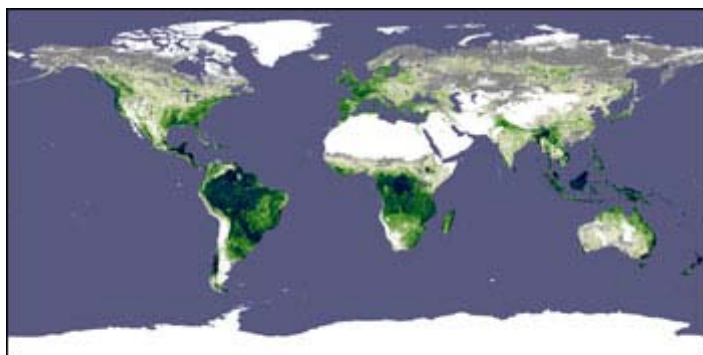
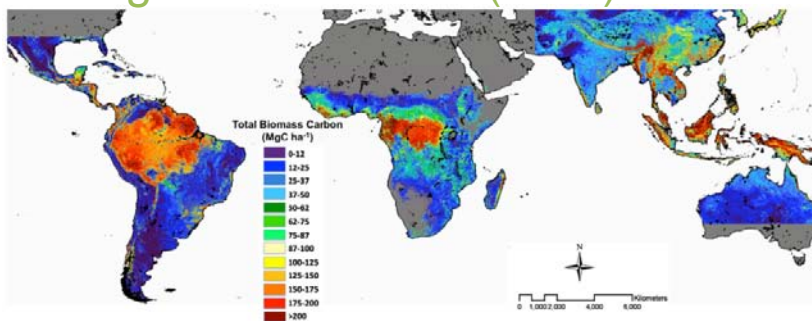


# Simple models of the global carbon balance: a data-driven approach to compare with LSMs

## MODIS Leaf Area Index (LAI)



## Above-ground Biomass (AGB)

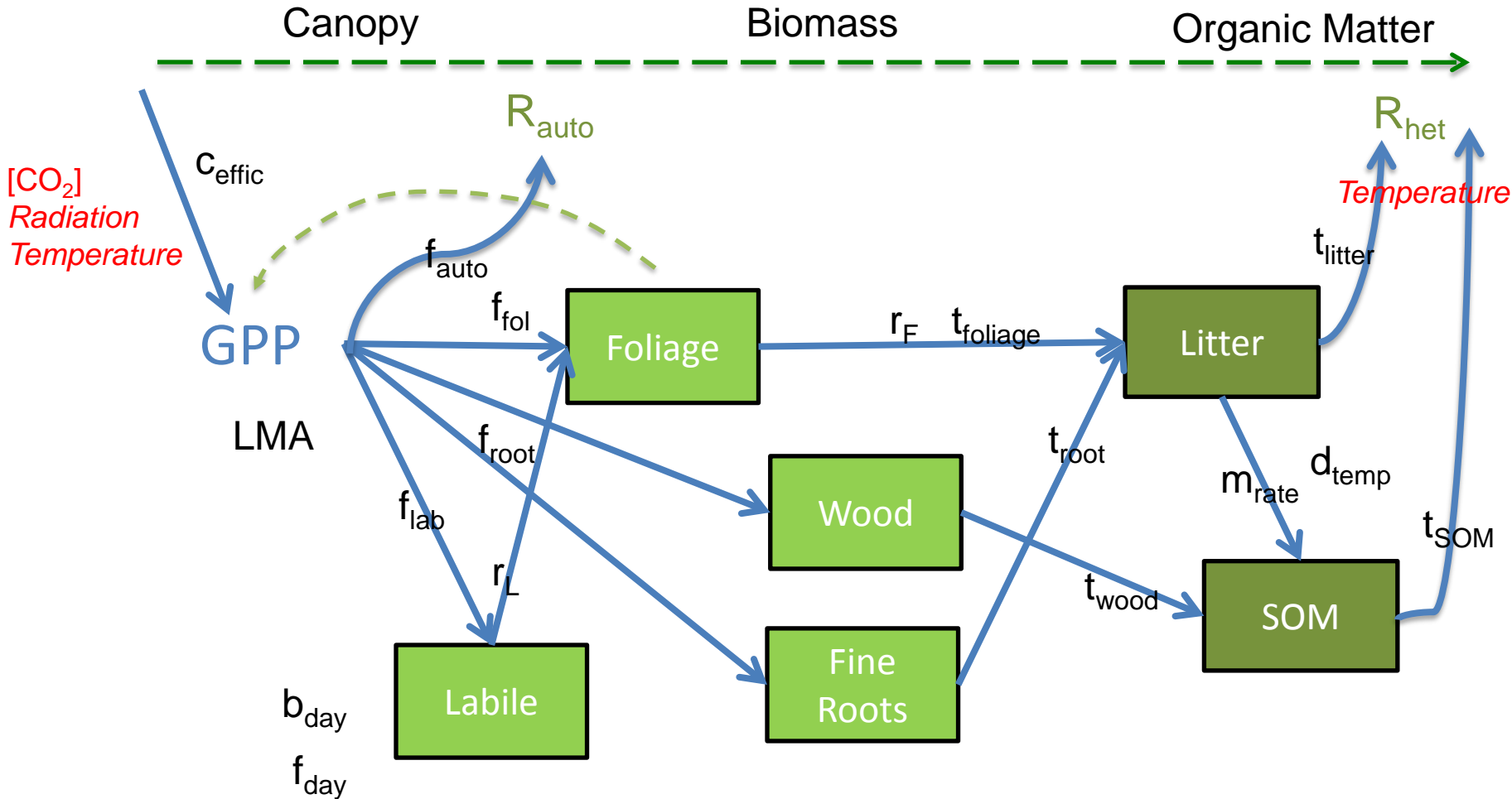


*Saatchi et al. 2011*

How can we constrain regional C flux estimates  
using satellite observations of the terrestrial C cycle?



# Data Assimilation Linked Ecosystem Carbon (DALEC) model



# Model Data Fusion (MDF)

$$p(x|c) \propto p(c|x) p(x)$$

Posterior  
parameter  
probability

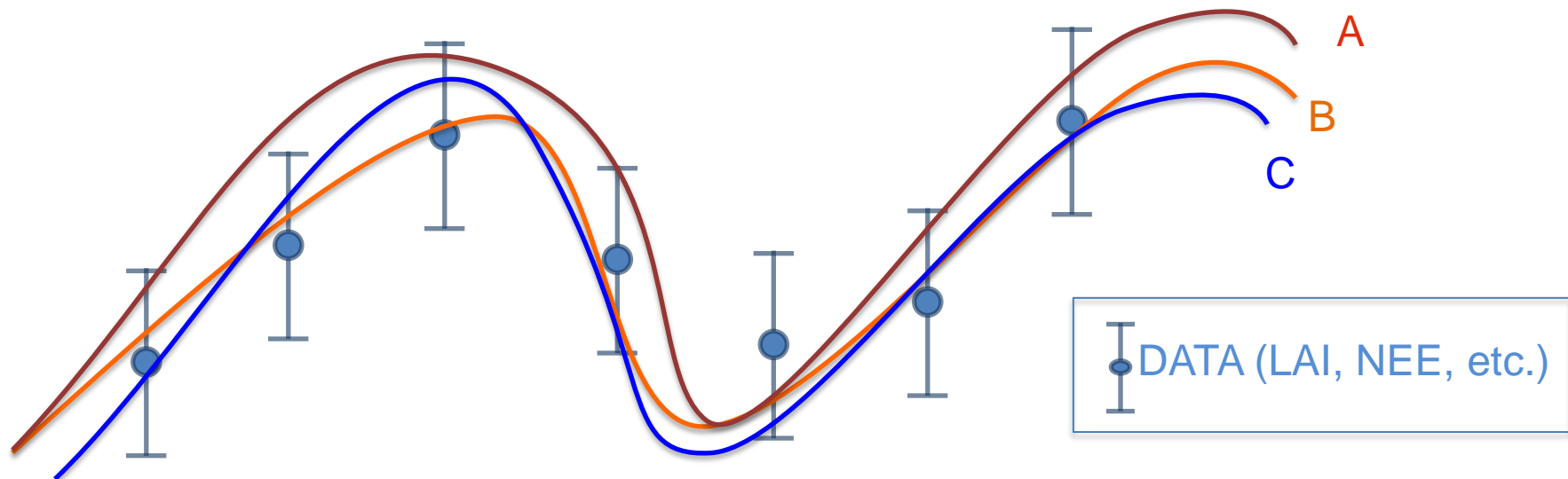
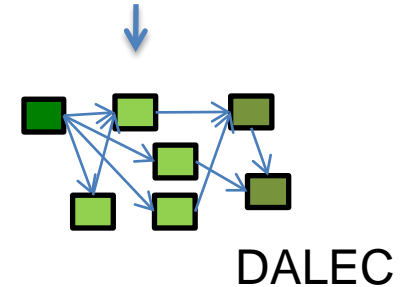
Observation  
likelihood,  
given  
parameters

Prior  
Parameter  
Probability

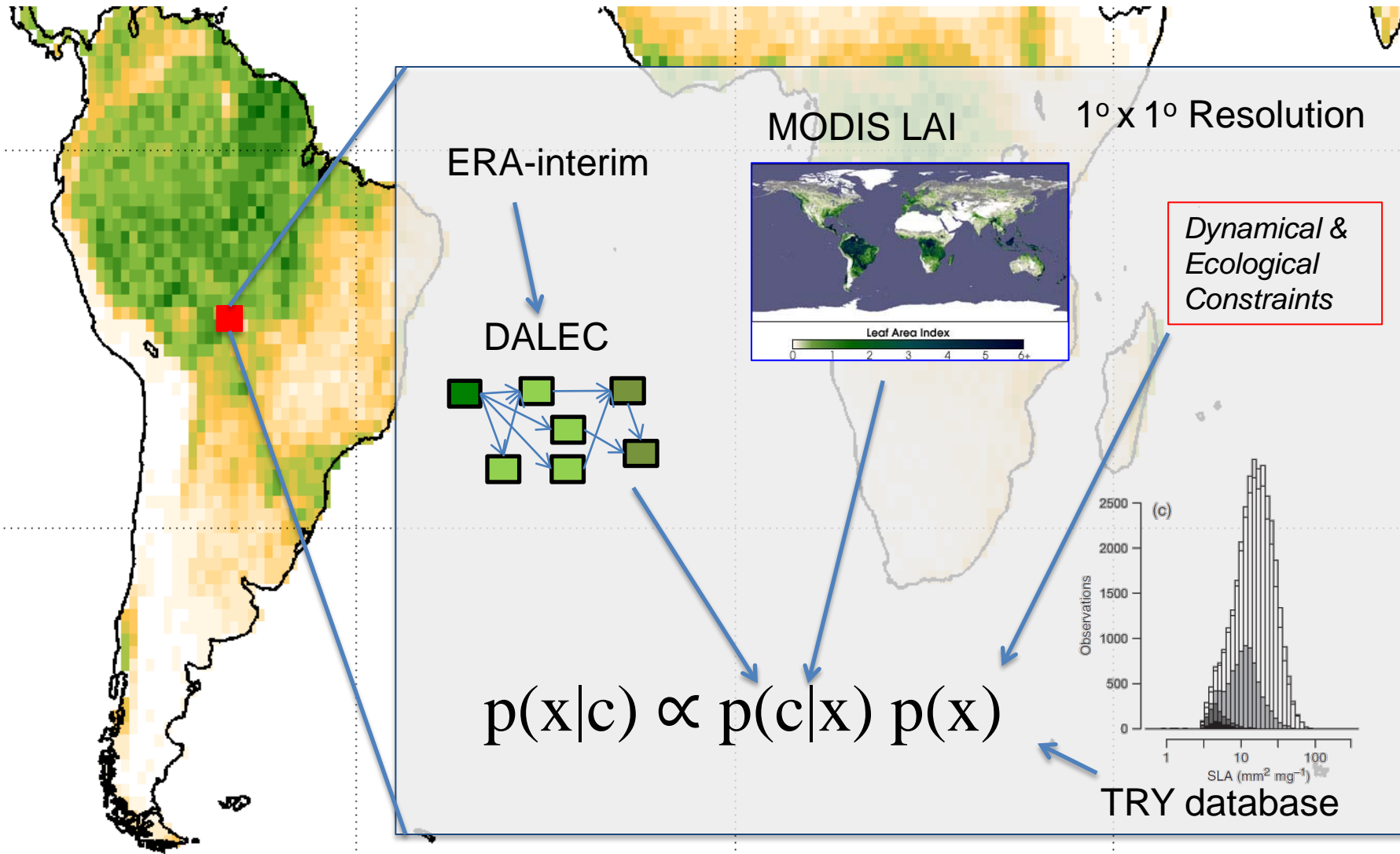
A.  $p_1, p_2, \dots, p_{23}$

B.  $p_1, p_2, \dots, p_{23}$

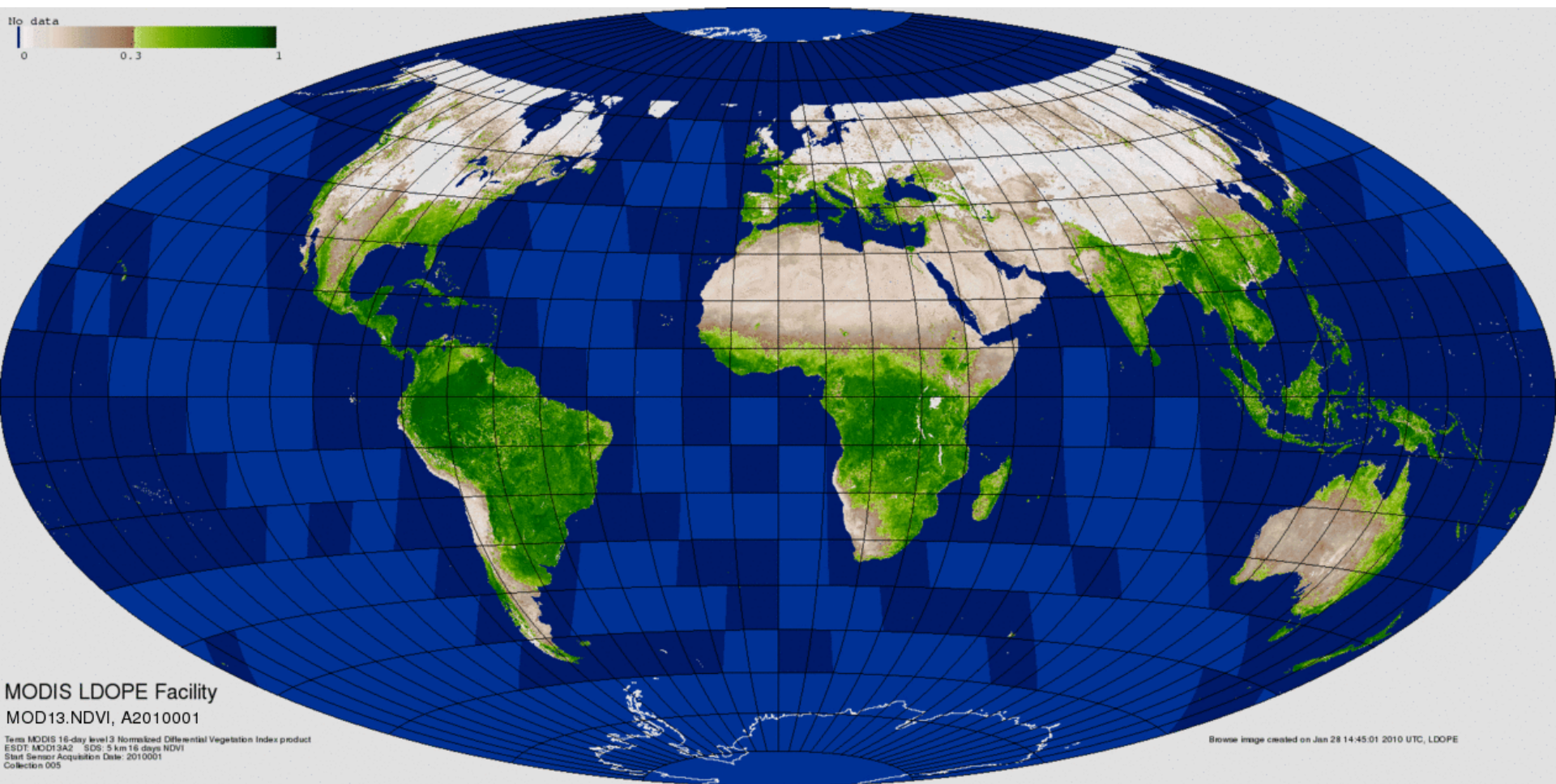
C.  $p_1, p_2, \dots, p_{23}$



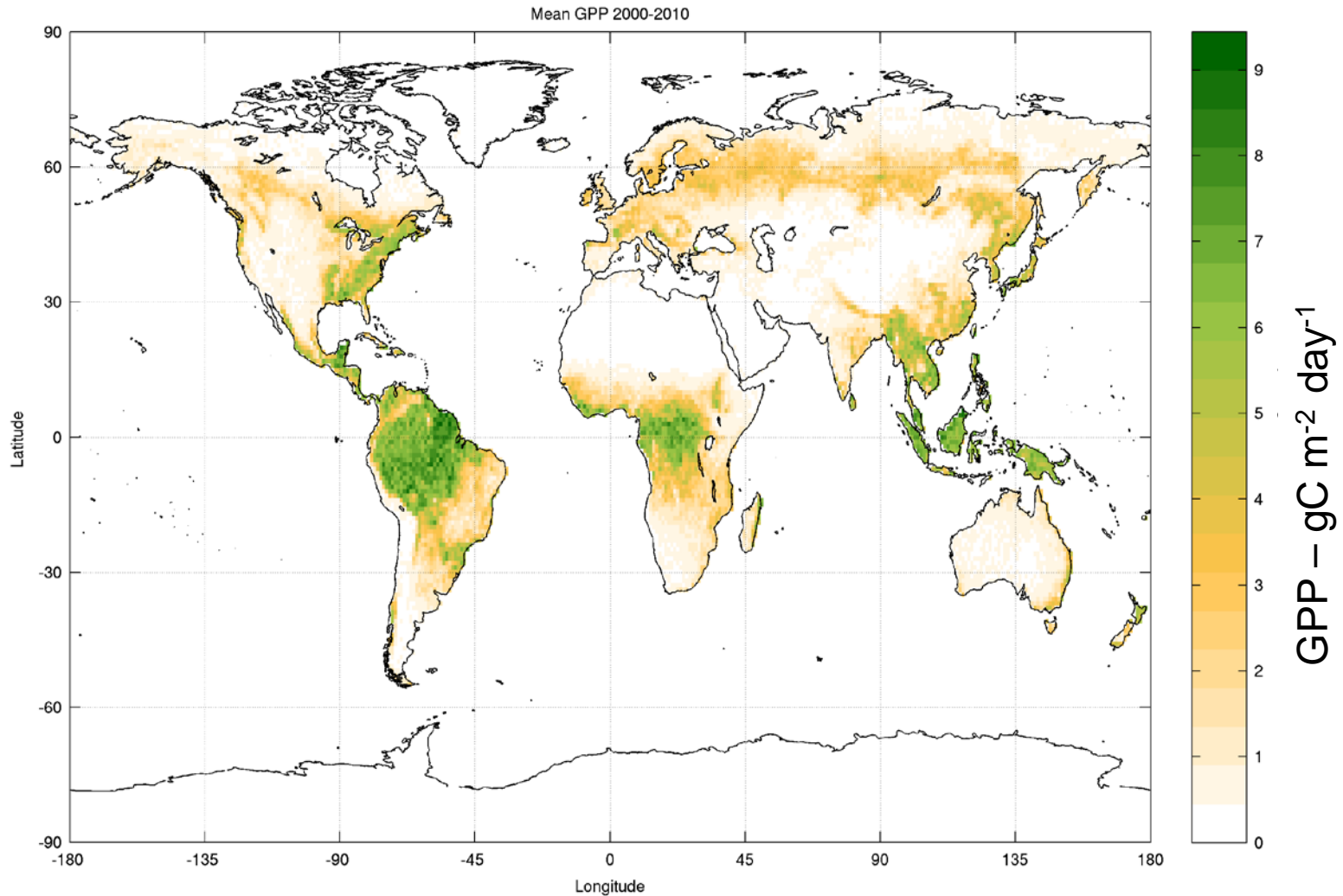
# Global Implementation



# MODIS LAI time series



# DALEC - GPP 2001-2010



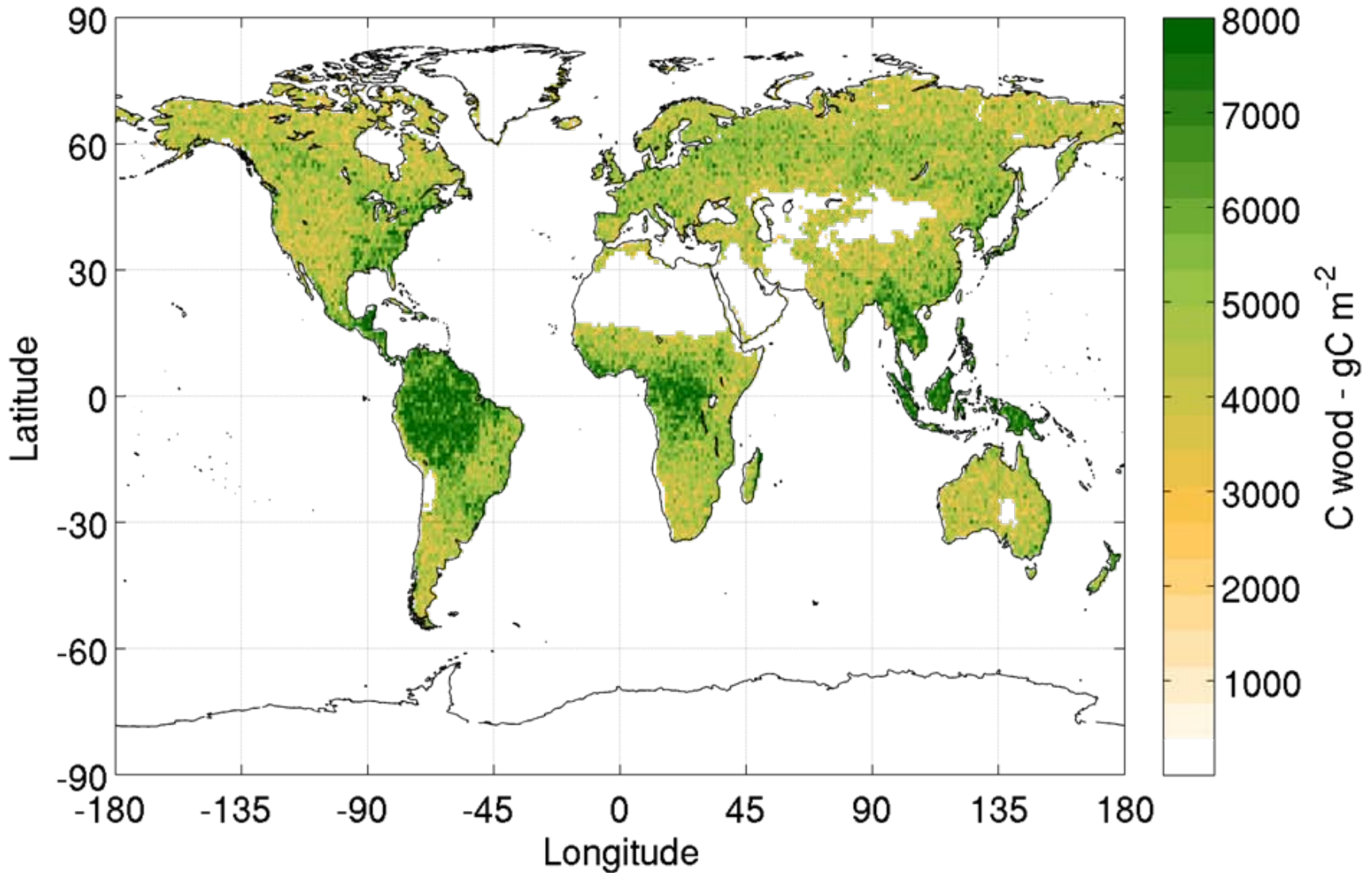
1° x 1° resolution

GPP total = 93 PgC yr<sup>-1</sup>



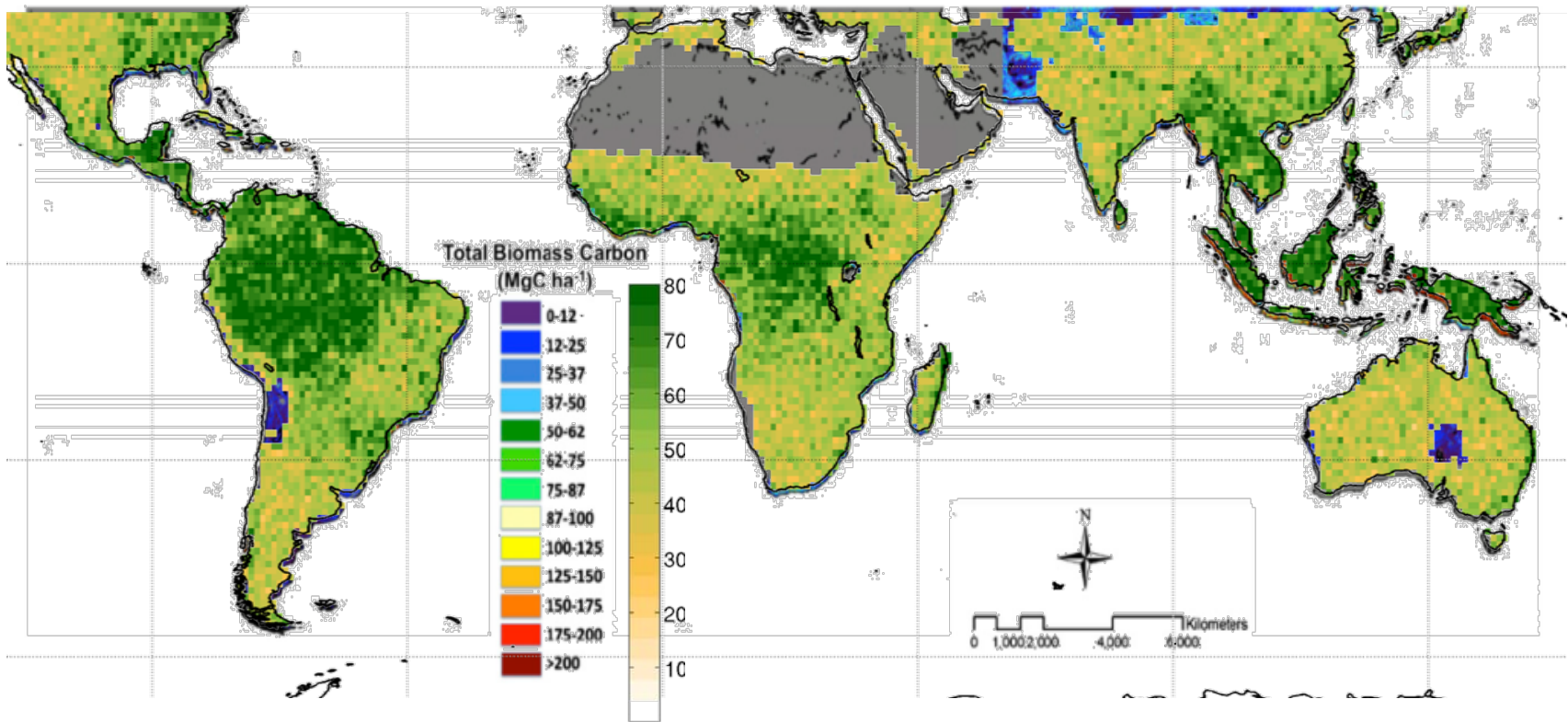
# Aboveground Biomass

Mean C wood 2000-2010



**Total = 649.2 PgC**

# Pan-tropical AGB map

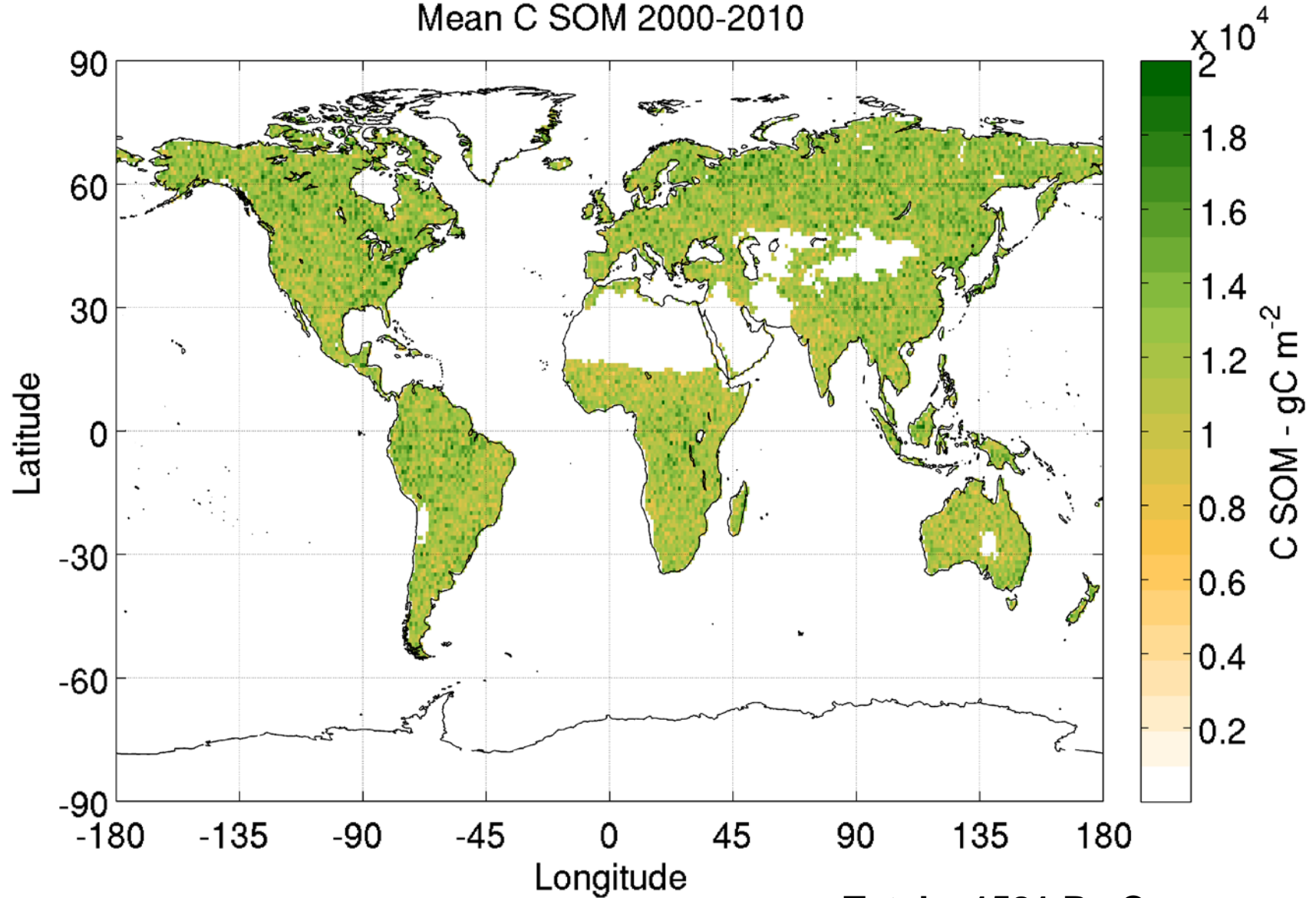


**Total AGB (global) = 649 PgC**



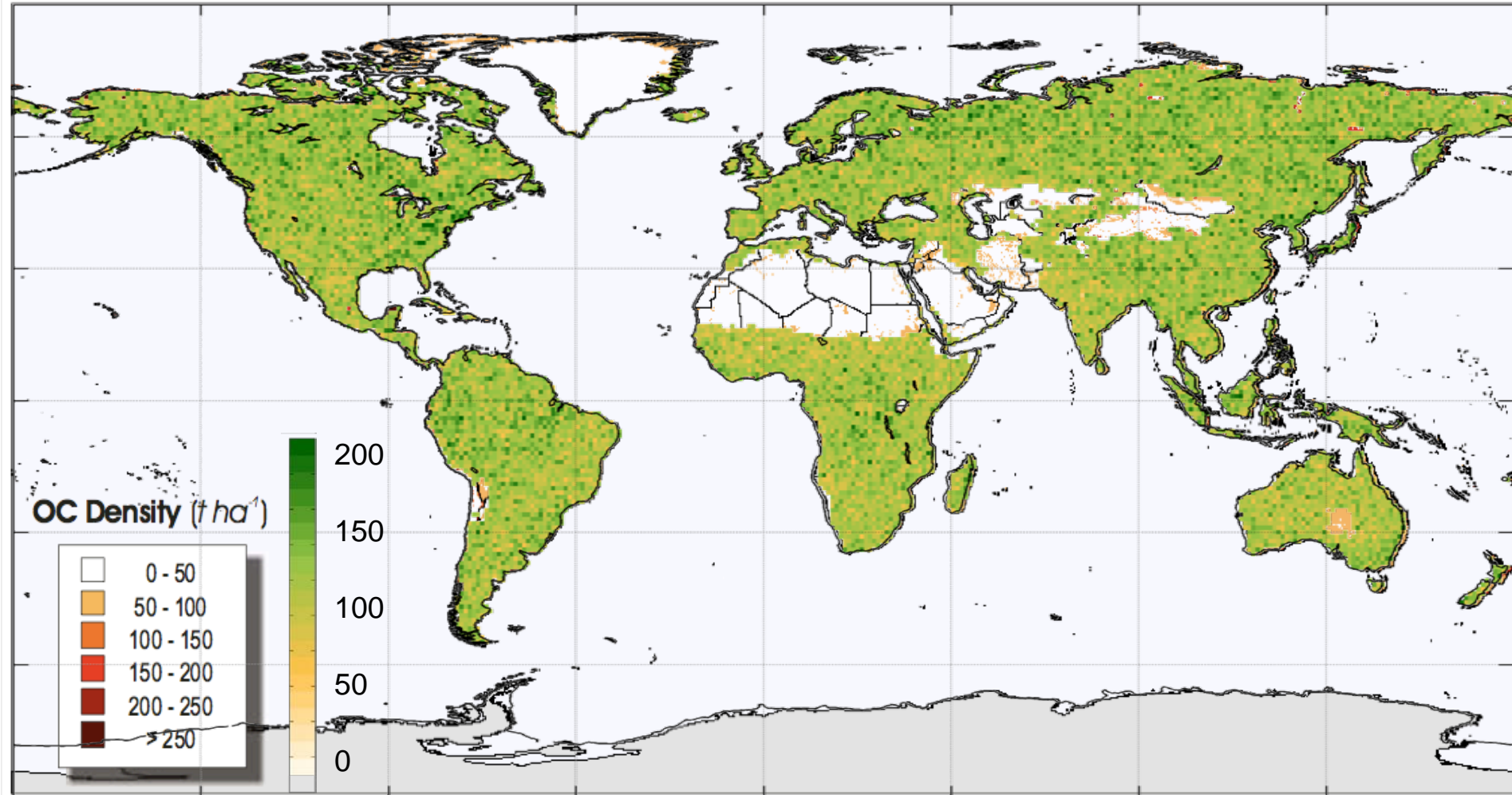
# Soil Carbon

Mean C SOM 2000-2010



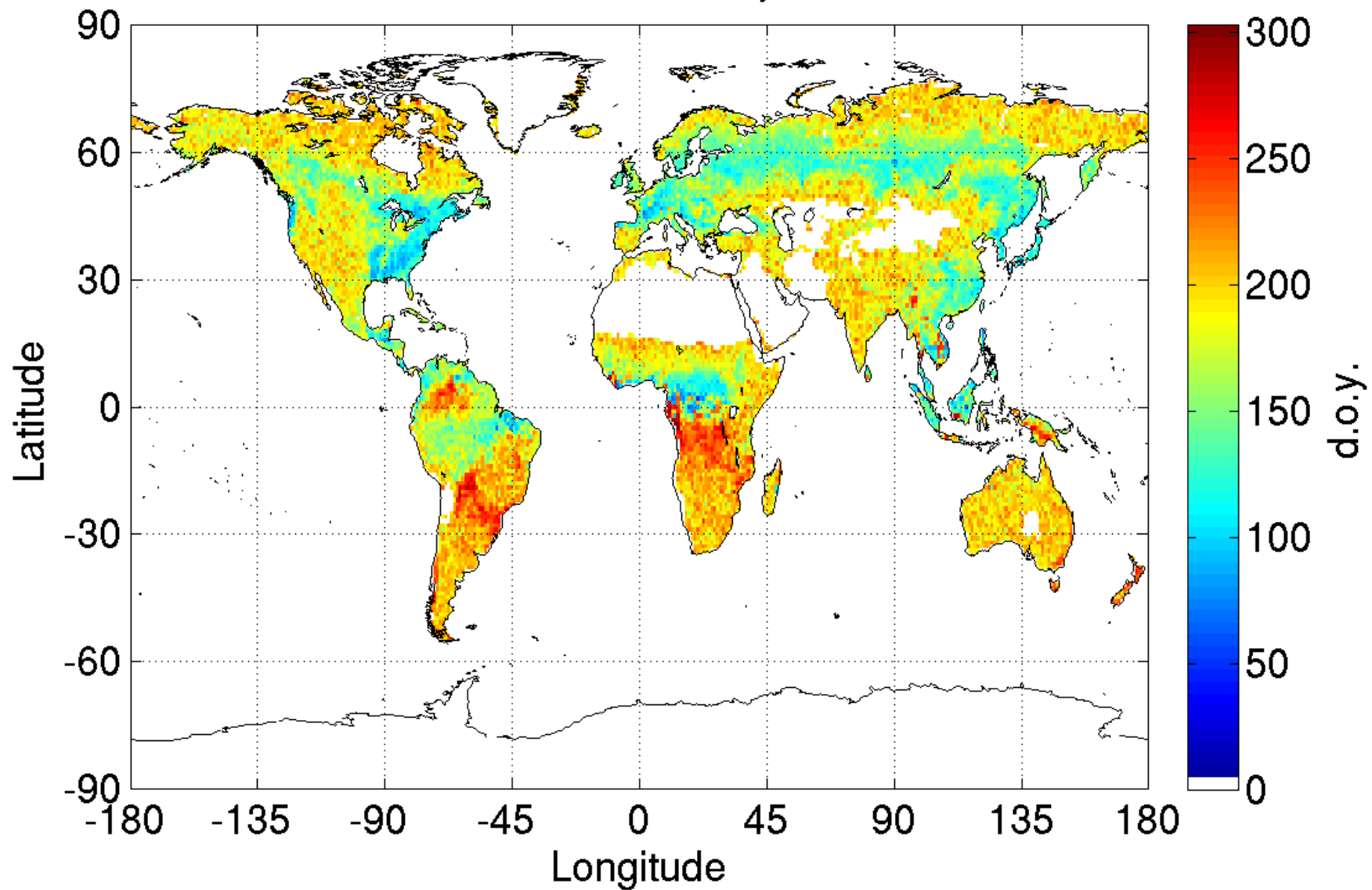
**Total = 1581 Pg C**

# HWSD – Soil Carbon

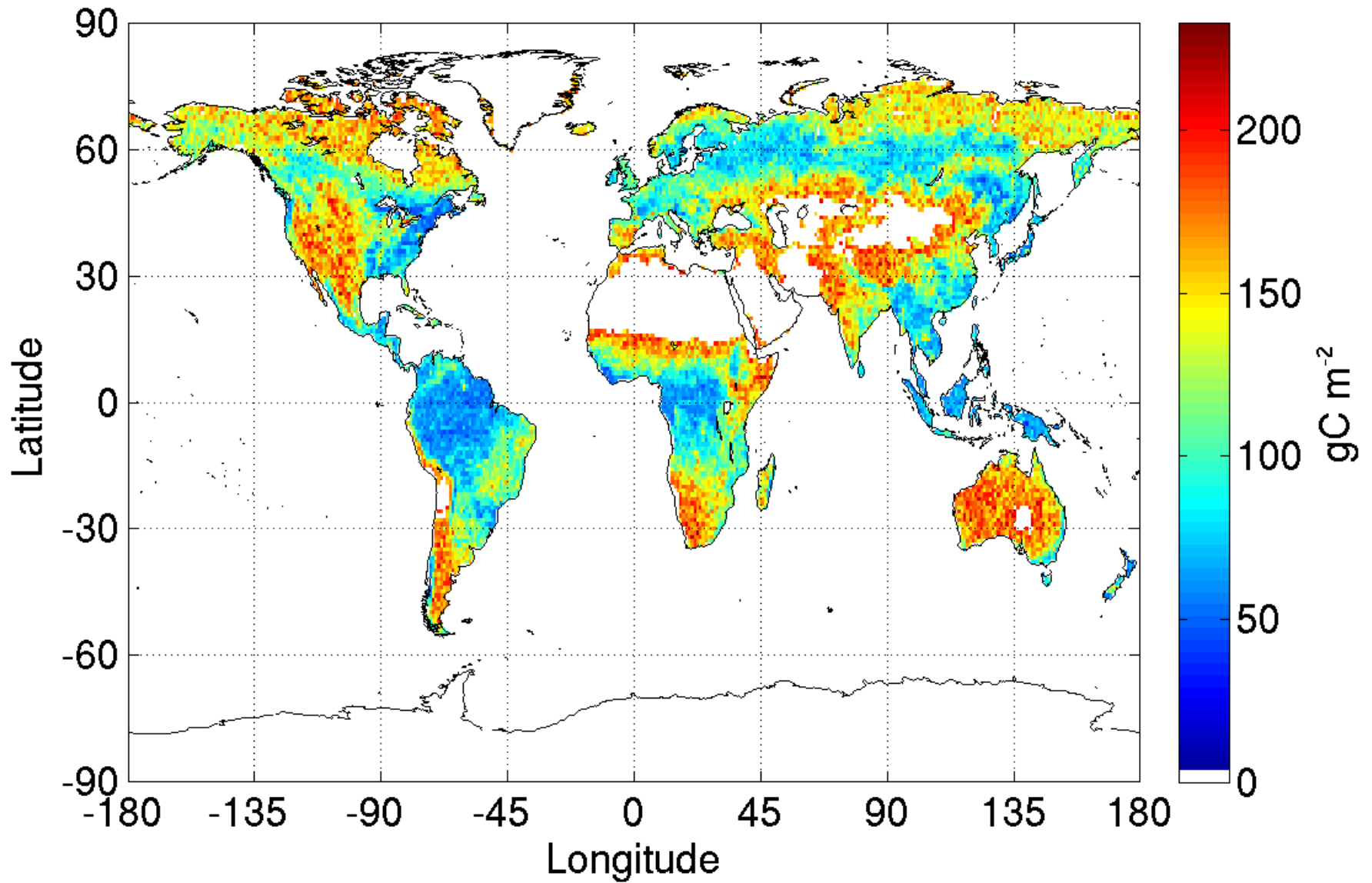


*HWSD - Hiederer & Köchy (2011)*

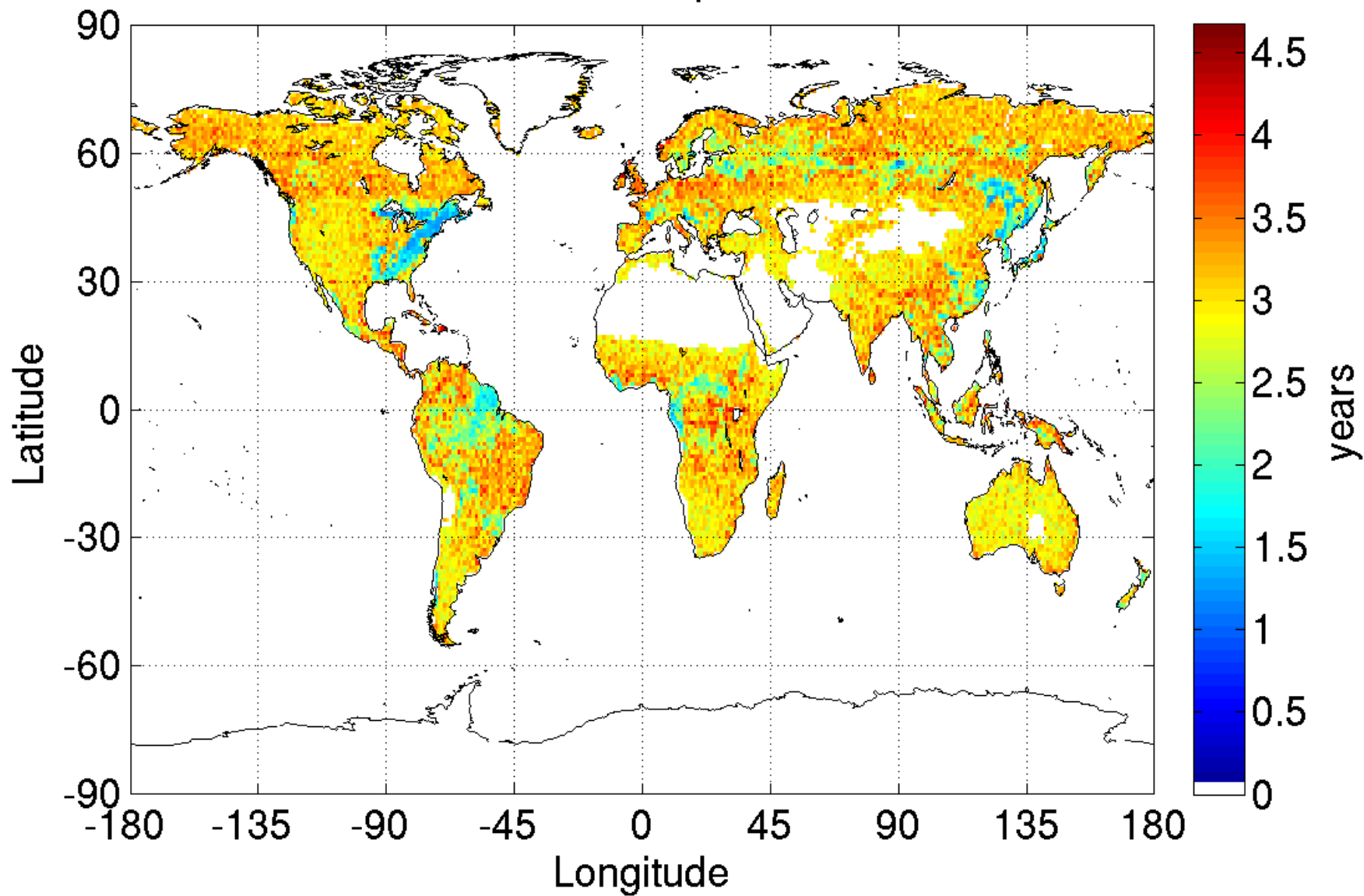
# Leaf Onset Day



# LMA

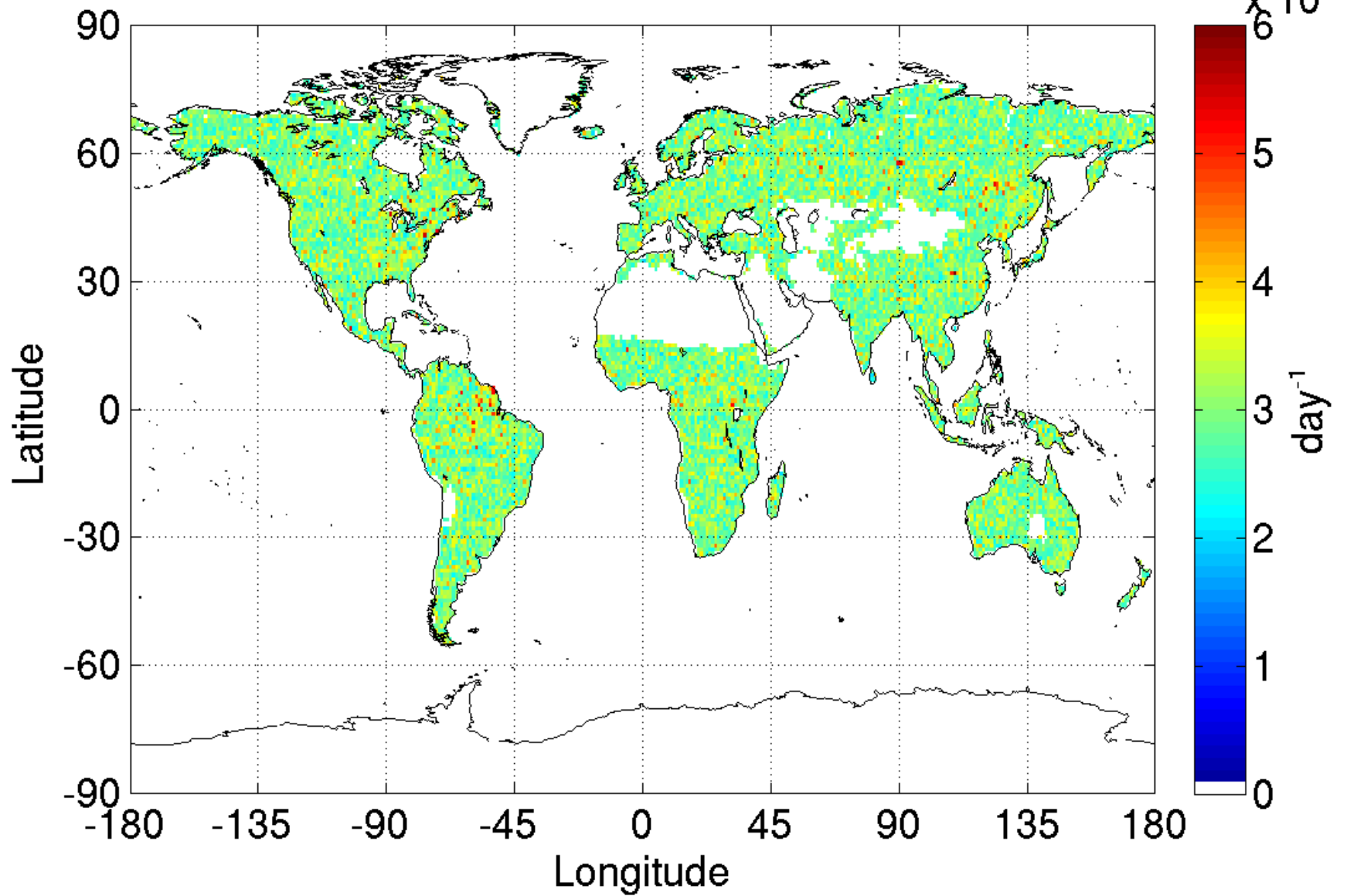


# Leaf Lifespan





T som

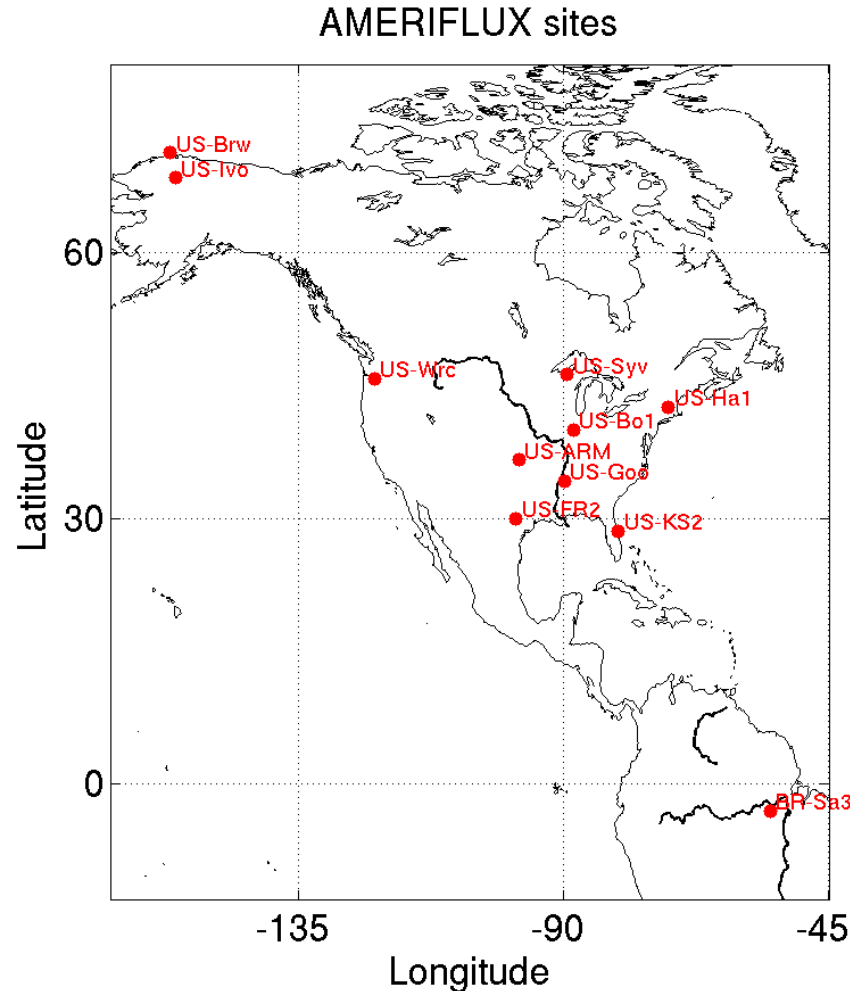


# Summary and Conclusions

1. Fluxes and stocks can be constrained from MODIS LAI
2. Global implementation of DALEC with ecological and dynamic constraints: GPP, AGB and SOM totals encouraging, GPP and AGB spatially resolve key biomes.
3. Parameter estimation indicates information content of assimilated data
4. **NEXT:** Integrate AGB maps and HWSD into D-GLOBAL as priors; include parameter correlations from TRY database
5. Spatial process information from MDF can help evaluate LSM parameterisations



# Testing Parameter estimation at 10 AmeriFlux Sites



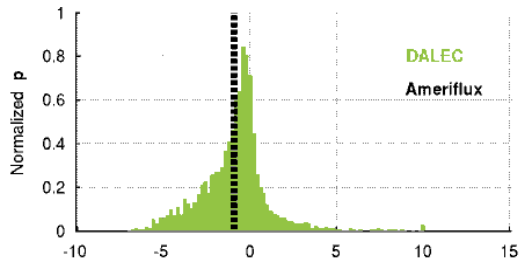
Testing DALEC & ecological/dynamical constraints

Biomes: Tropical, Sub-tropical, Temperate, Arctic.

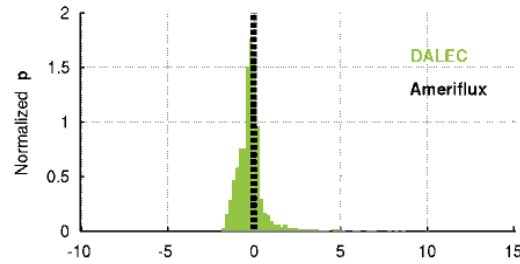
Plant Functional Types:  
Forests, Crops,  
Grasslands, Shrublands,  
Woody Savanna.



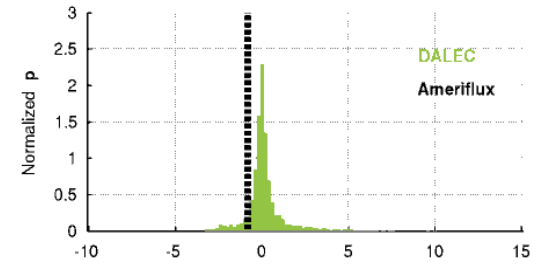
## Evergreen Broadleaf



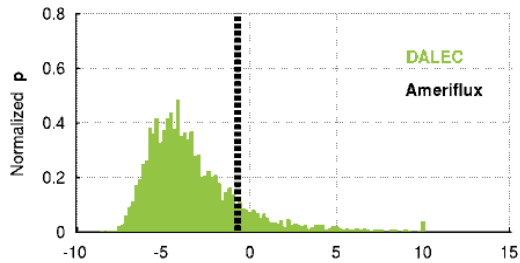
## Open Shrubland



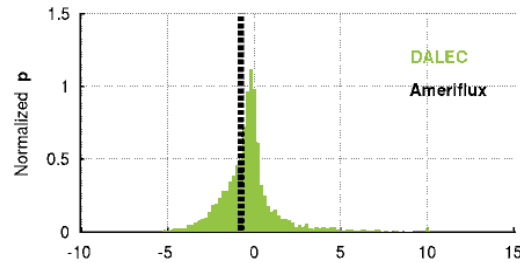
## Woody Savanna



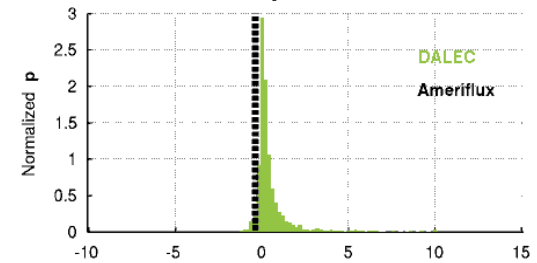
## Closed Shrubland



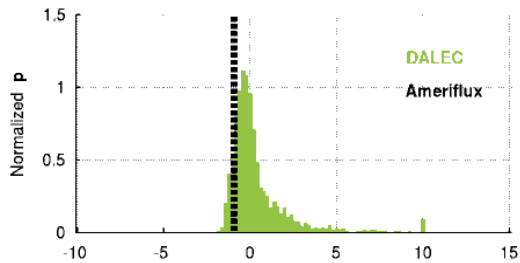
## Deciduous Broadleaf



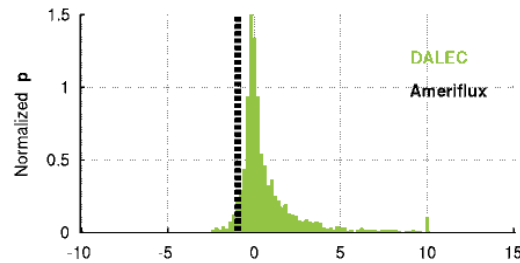
## Cropland



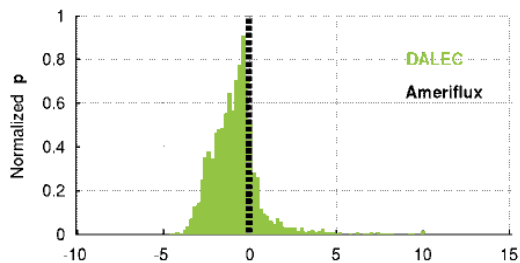
## Cropland



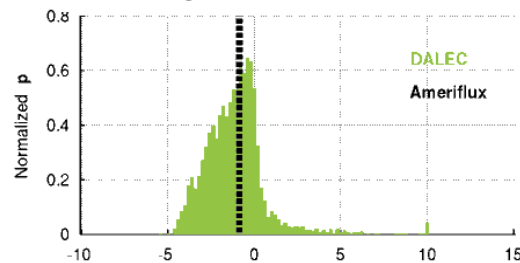
## Grassland



## Mixed Forest



## Evergreen Needleleaf



-2 -1  
NEE - gC m day

**AmeriFlux**  
**DALEC**

**Bias**

-0.7 – 1.7 gC m<sup>-2</sup> day<sup>-1</sup>

**RMSE**

1.1-2.8 gC m<sup>-2</sup> day<sup>-1</sup>

\*excluded US-KS2