Advanced climate and regional model validation

for societal applications

Eric Gilleland¹ with

Barb Brown,¹ Caspar Ammann,¹ Tressa Fowler¹, Abayomi Abatan², Bill Gutowski², John Halley Gotway, ¹ Laurna Kaatz,³ Kyoko Ikeda¹ and Lawrence Buja¹

¹Research Applications Laboratory, National Center for Atmospheric Research

²Department of Agronomy, Iowa State University

³Denver Water



2014 CESM Societal Dimensions Working Group Meeting

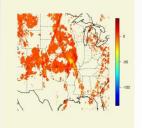


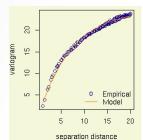
Spatial Methods

MODE

Comparison through 20110524 for APCP_06 > 1.0"

SPCT





Distributions Stributions Distributions Lead Time (hr) nam FBIAS — nmmb4 FBIAS

	Fractions skill score								
1275	0.60	0.62	0.61	0.71	0.74	0.76	0.68	0.54	0.00
645	0.60	0.62	0.61	0.71	0.74	0.76	0.68	0.54	0.00
325	0.61	0.64	0.64	0.70	0.70	0.64	0.58	0.52	0.00
165	0.59	0.61	0.58	0.54	0.49	0.43	0.46	0.50	0.00
85	0.54	0.56	0.52	0.44	0.38	0.36	0.40	0.46	0.00
45	0.50	0.51	0.46	0.38	0.30	0.30	0.35	0.34	0.00
25	0.45	0.46	0.40	0.33	0.27	0.26	0.30	0.18	0.00
15	0.41	0.42	0.36	0.30	0.24	0.23	0.26	0.09	0.00
5	0.35	0.34	0.28	0.24	0.19	0.17	0.18	0.03	0.00
	0.1	0.2	0.5	1 Thres	2 shold (5 'mm)	10	20	50

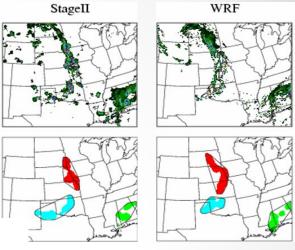


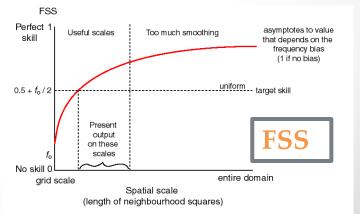


Image Warping

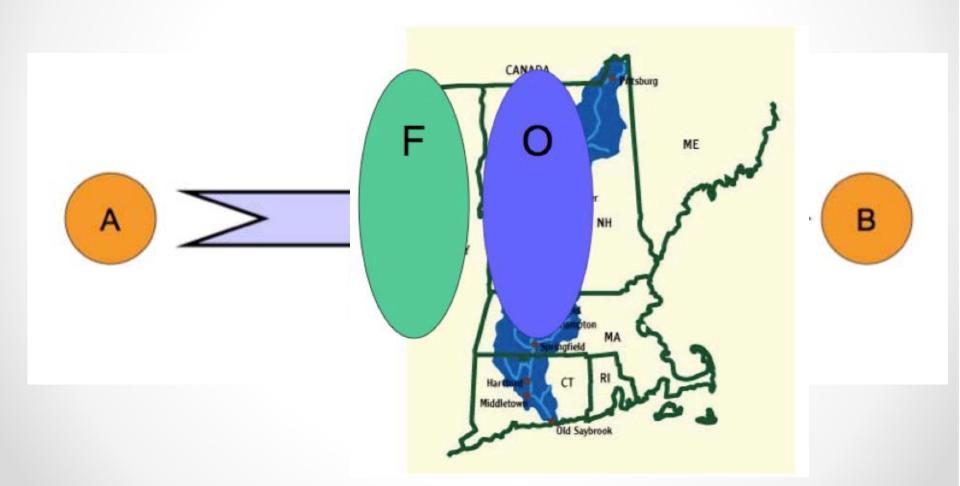




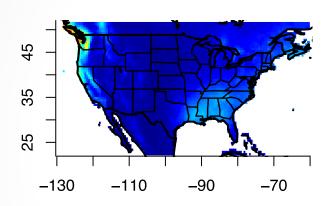




User Needs



Current Climate: Precipitation (mm)

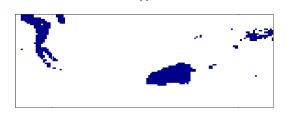


CESM-CAM5 (t = January)

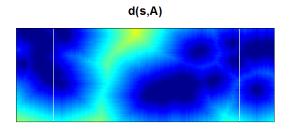


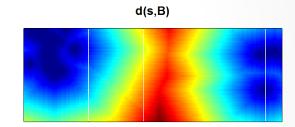
Location Error Measures

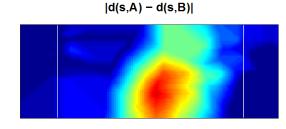
Binary fields obtained via setting all values below 5 mm to zero.

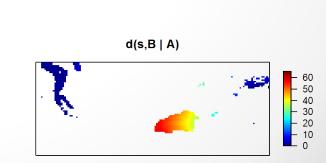


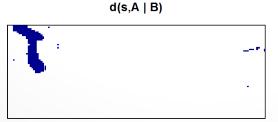








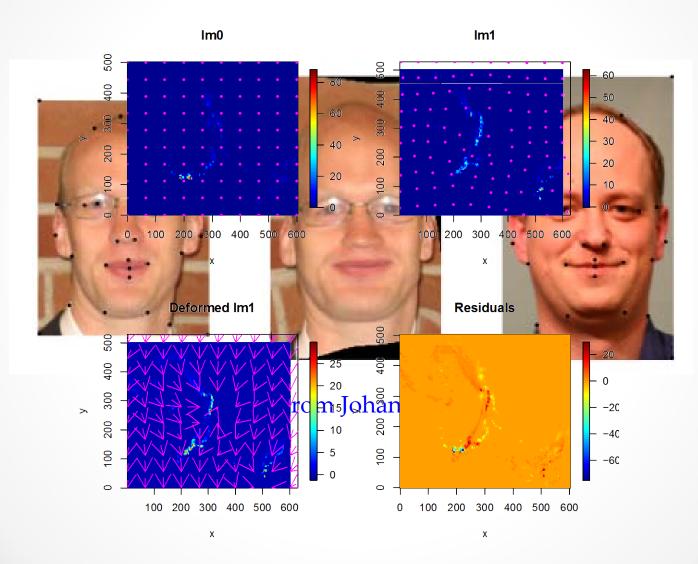




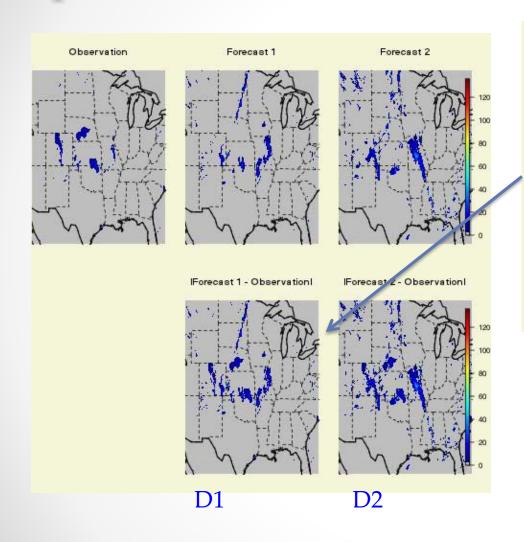
Location Error Measures

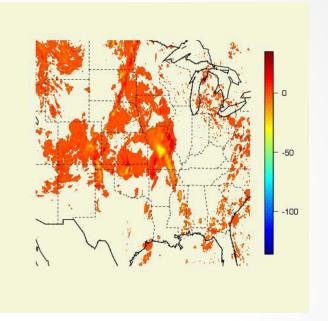
Threshold (mm)	0	0.1	1	2	5	10	15	20
Hausdorff distance	0	0	10.6	19.6	59.1	9.2	215.4	0
Baddeley's Δ metric	0	0	1.80	4.0	21.4	2.7	149.6	0
Mean Error Distance	0	0	0.2	1.4	21.9	2.5	0.5	0
metrV	0	0	13.85	15.77	21.14	5.44	72.18	0
FQI	-	0	0.42	0.70	1.93	0.14	-	-

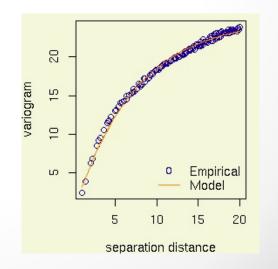
Field Deformation



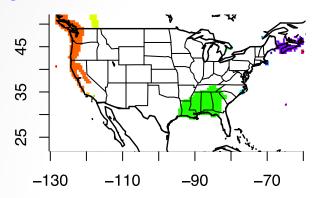
Spatial Prediction Comparison Test



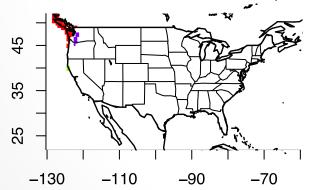


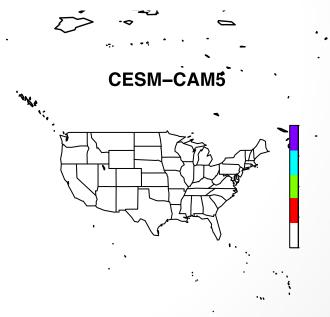


Threshold = 5 mm

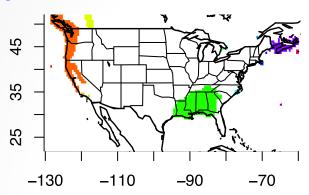


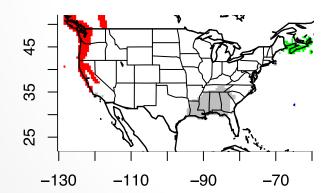
Threshold = 10 mm



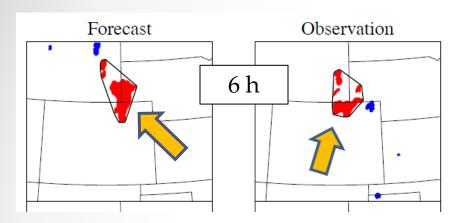


Threshold = 5 mm



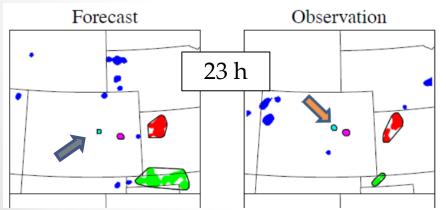


Same as above, but features have been merged and matched



Area ratio	1.5
Intersection area / Obs area	0.51
Centroid distance	31 km
50 th percentile intensity ratio	0.98
90 th percentile intensity ratio	1.10

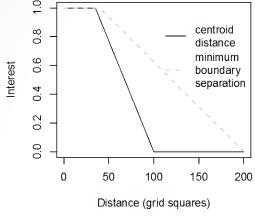
Convolution radius = 2 grid boxes; Threshold = 4 mm h⁻¹

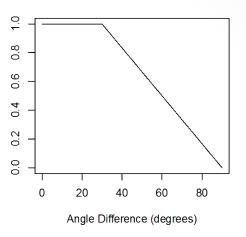


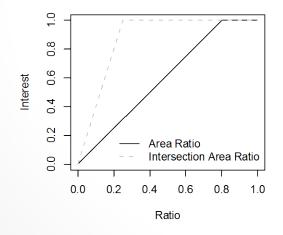
Area ratio	0.70
Intersection area / Obs area	0.06
Centroid distance	19 km
50 th percentile intensity ratio	1.14
90 th percentile intensity ratio	0.78

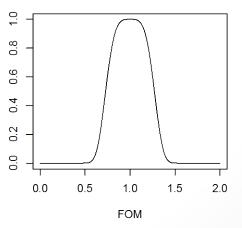
Results show (1) forecasts have some skill in capturing these events and (2) in which aspects the forecasts need improvement Ex: 90th percentile of precipitation; storm placement/timing











This is the end

- SpatialVx is an R package (in the works) for doing spatial verification. Most of the techniques shown in this presentation are already available in the package.
- MesoVICT is the second phase of a spatial forecast verification methods inter-comparison project.

http://www.ral.ucar.edu/projects/icp