

Crops in CLM5

A landscape photograph showing a vast field under a dramatic sky at sunset. The sun is low on the horizon, partially obscured by large, dark clouds, creating a golden glow. In the foreground, a center pivot irrigation system is visible, with its long metal arms stretching across the field. The background features a range of low mountains under a blue sky with scattered white clouds.

Danica Lombardozzi

Dave Lawrence, Peter Lawrence, Yaqiong Lu, Sean Swenson, Keith Oleson, Rosie Fisher

CLM5: Active Crop Types

Corn*



Wheat



Sugarcane



Soy*

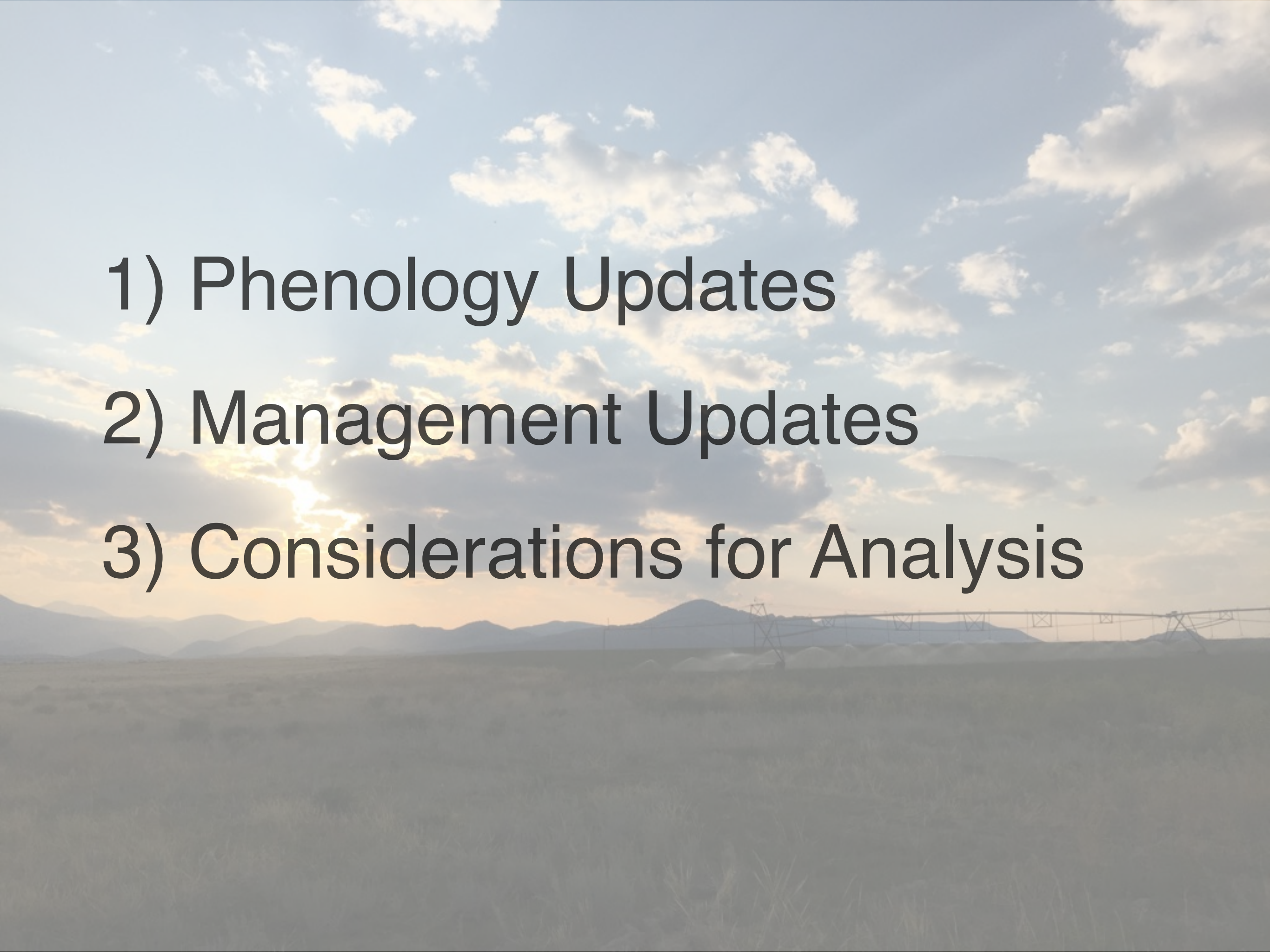


Cotton

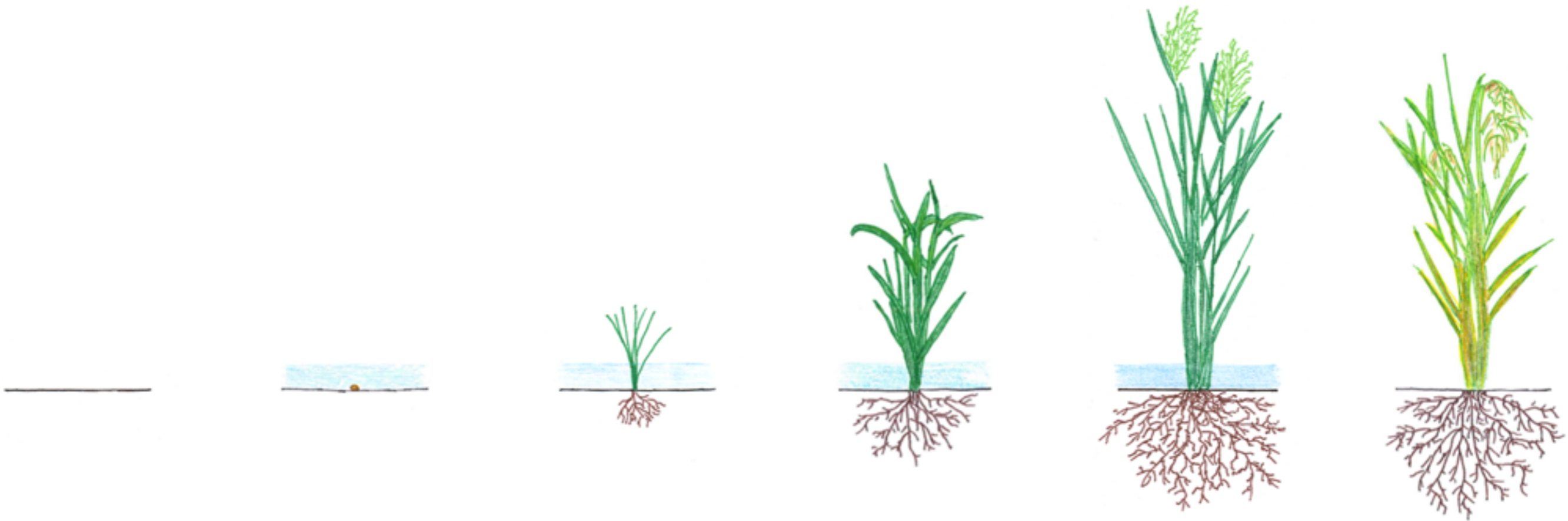


Rice

* Temperate and tropical varieties

- 
- 1) Phenology Updates
 - 2) Management Updates
 - 3) Considerations for Analysis

Phenology



1) Plant



1) Plant



2) Leaf Emergence



1) Plant



3) Grain Fill



2) Leaf Emergence



1) Plant



2) Leaf Emergence



3) Grain Fill



Two Changes:

1. Extend grain fill phase

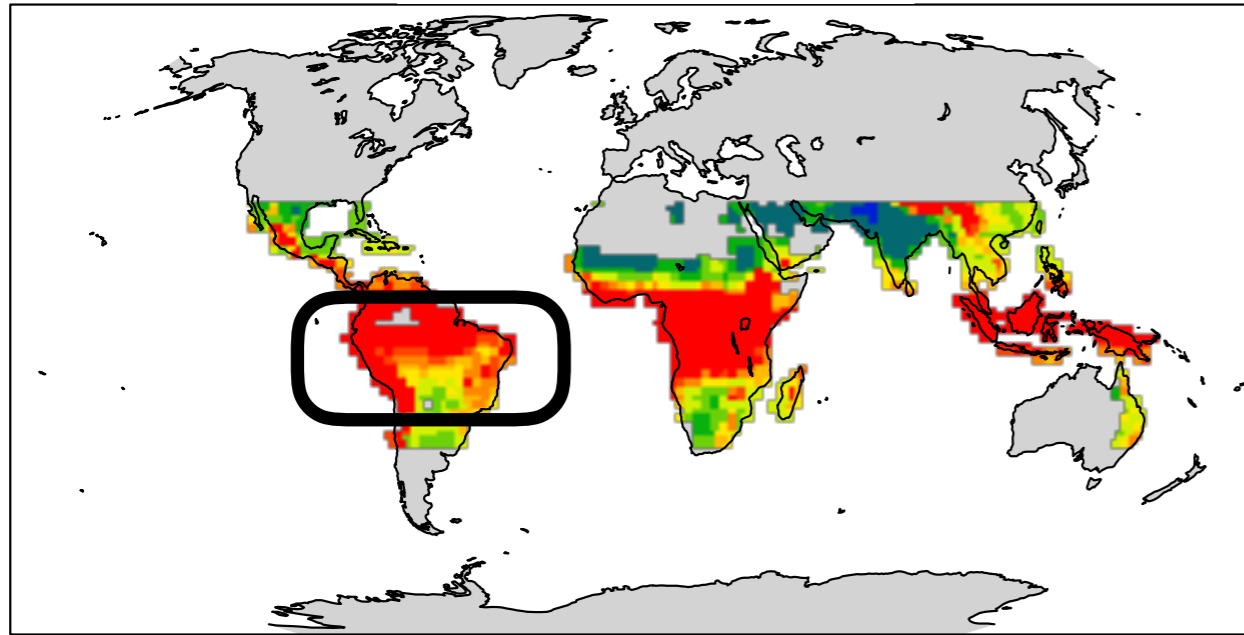
Changing Grain Fill Phase Length

Tropical Corn

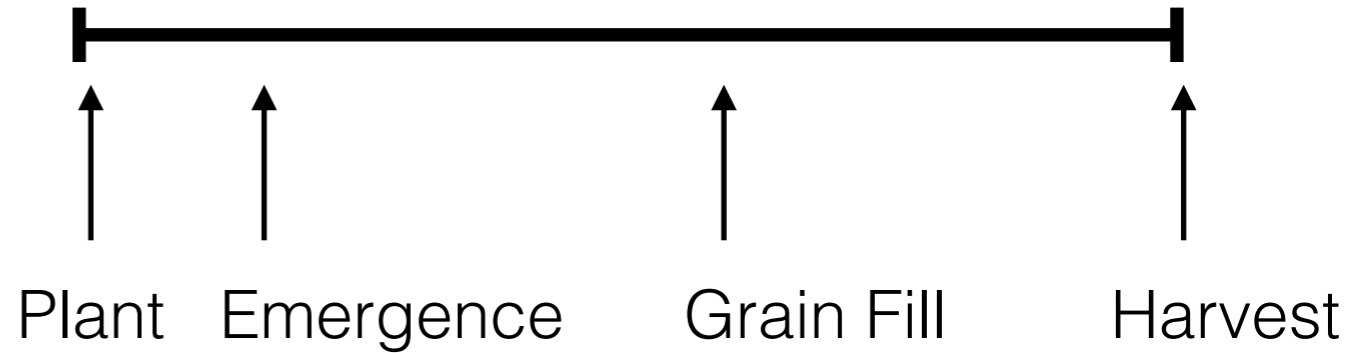
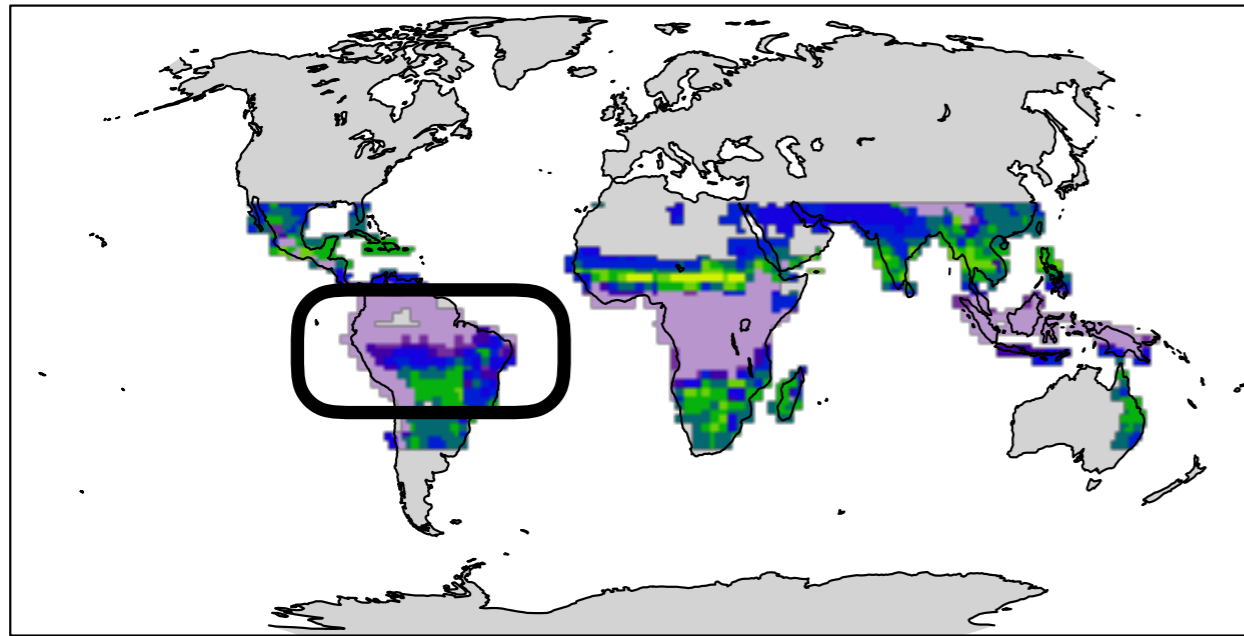
Before

Leaf Emergence

After



Grain Fill



0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130

Number of Days

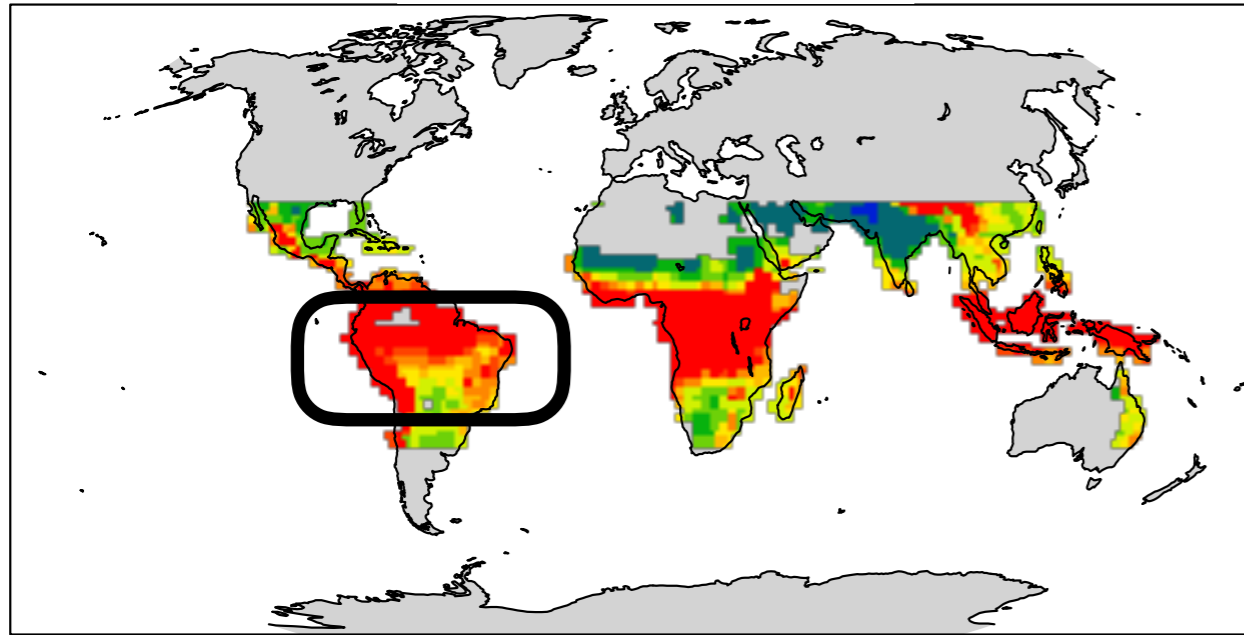
Changing Grain Fill Phase Length

Tropical Corn

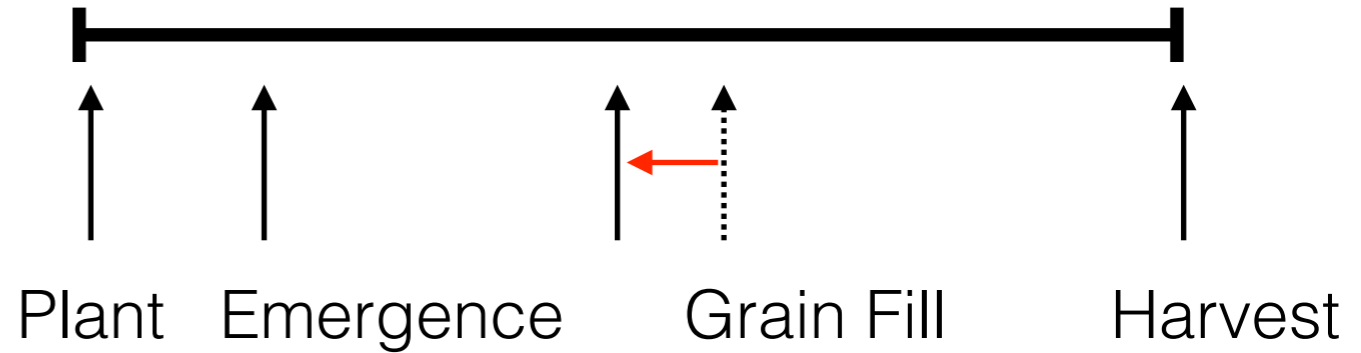
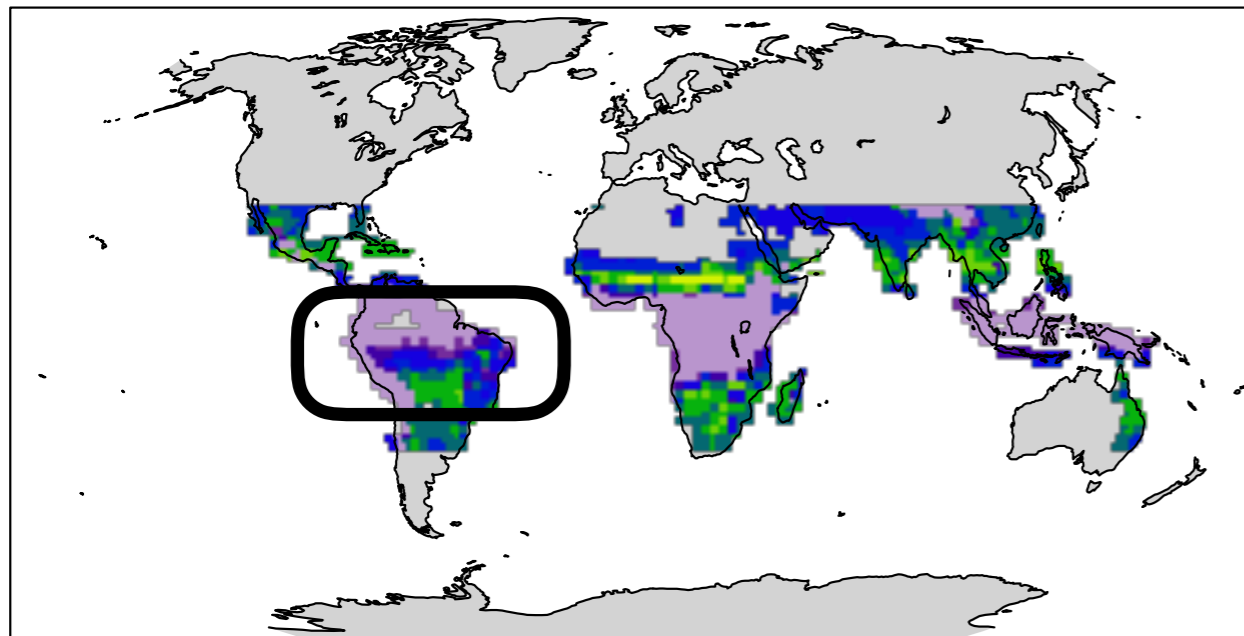
Before

Leaf Emergence

After



Grain Fill



0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130

Number of Days

Changing Grain Fill Phase Length

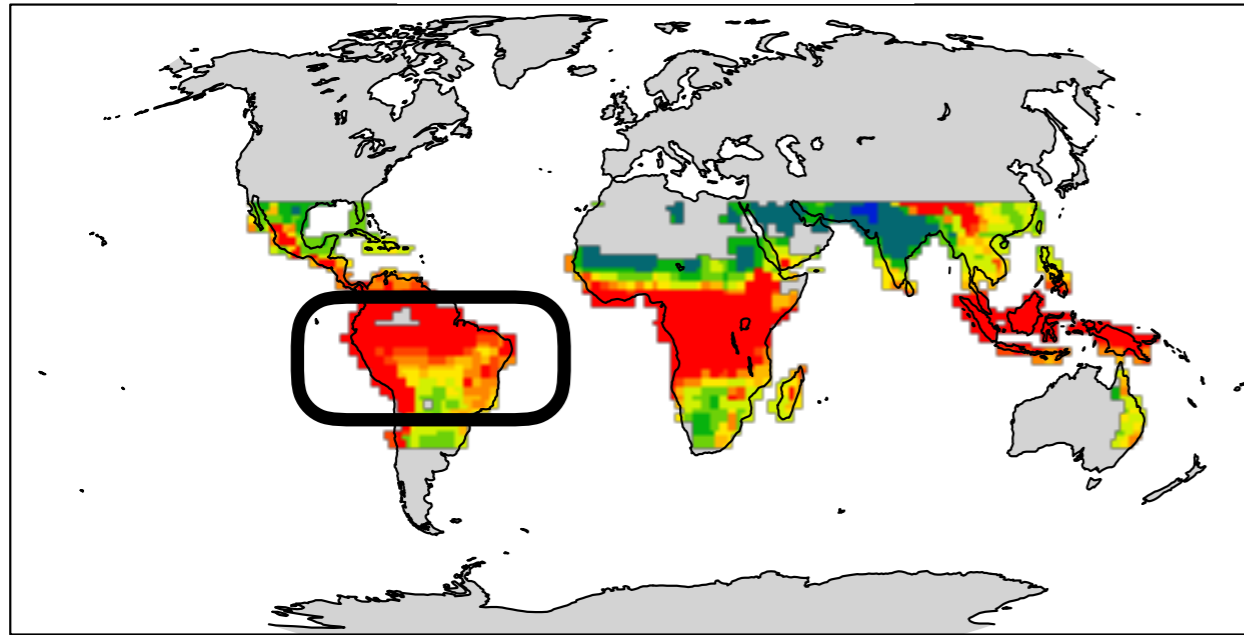
Tropical Corn

Before

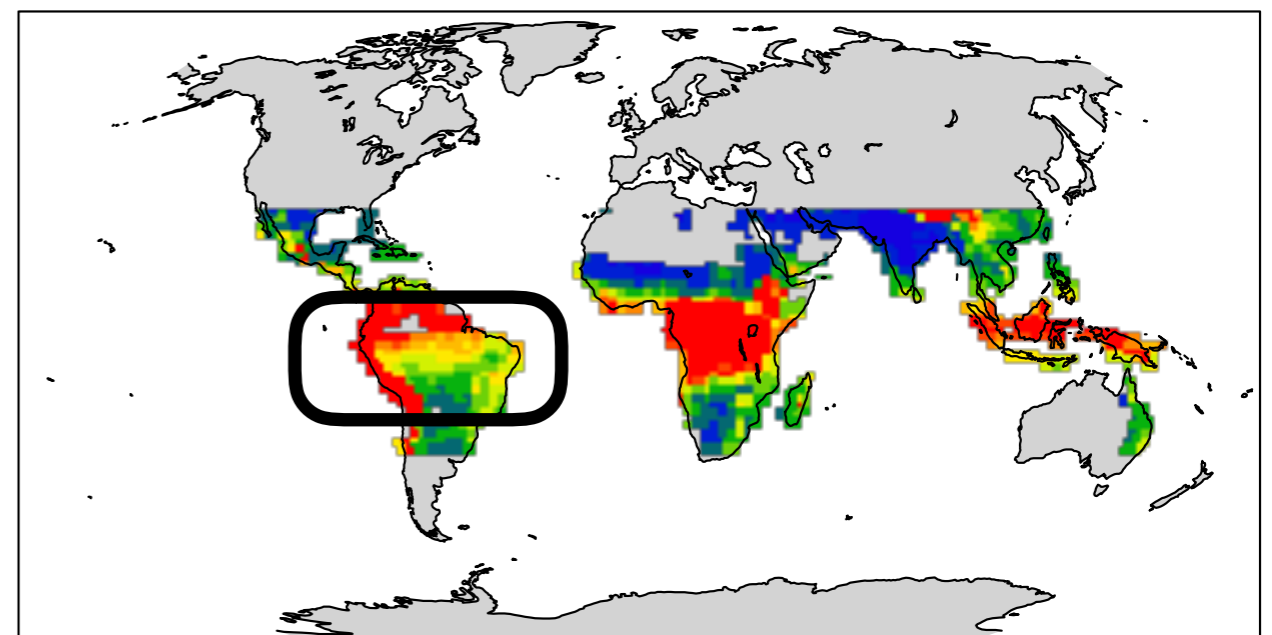
Leaf Emergence

Leaf Emergence

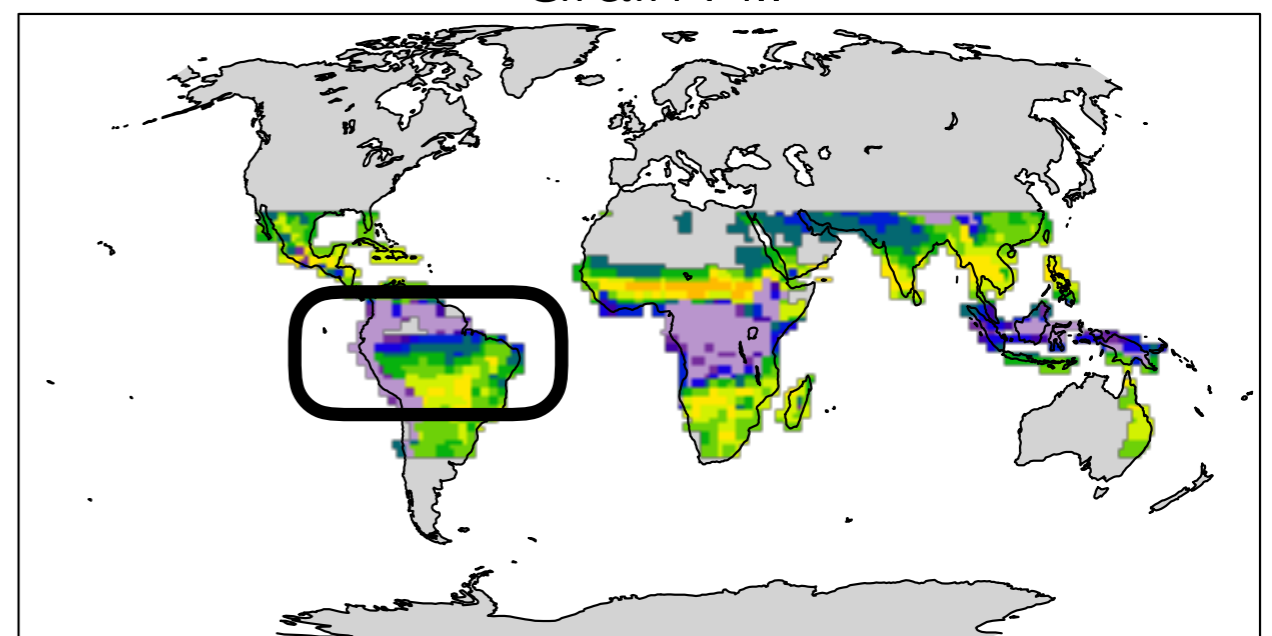
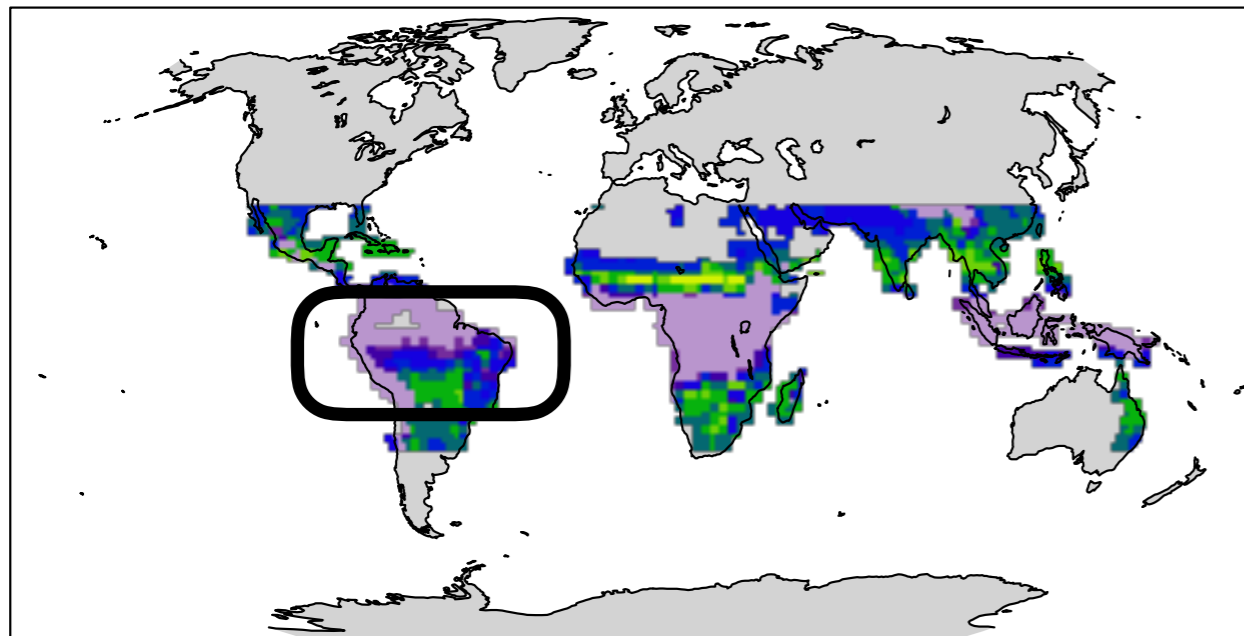
After



Grain Fill



Grain Fill



0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130

Number of Days

1) Plant



2) Leaf Emergence

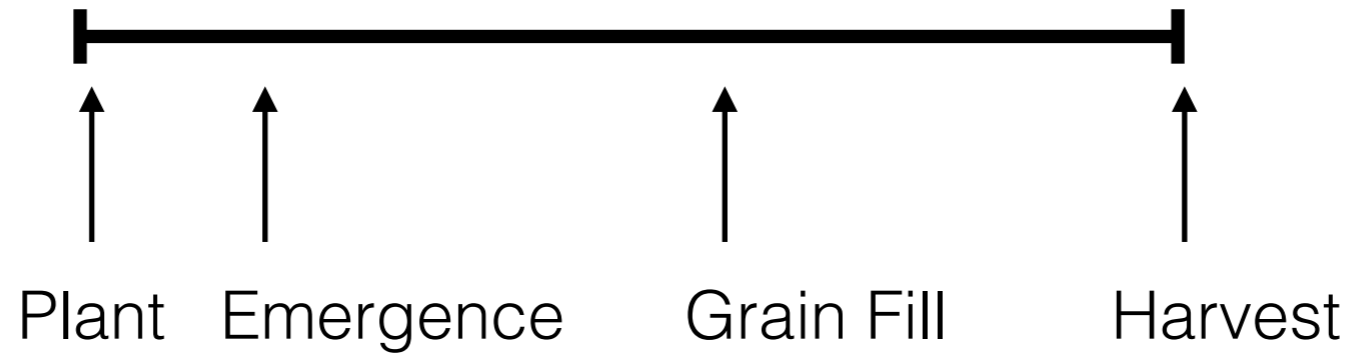


3) Grain Fill

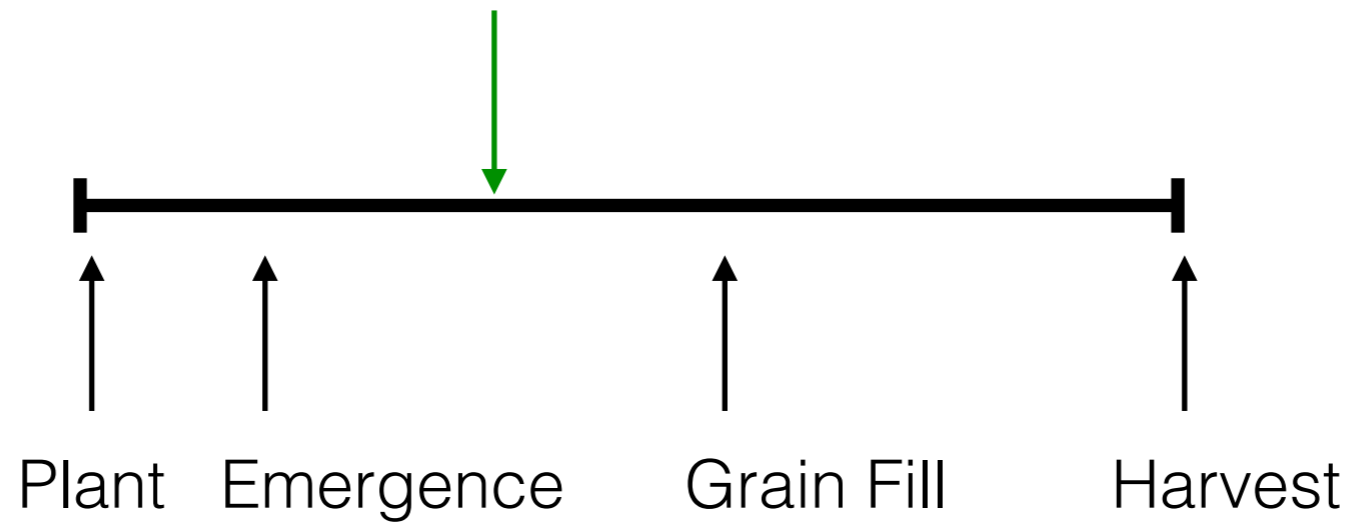


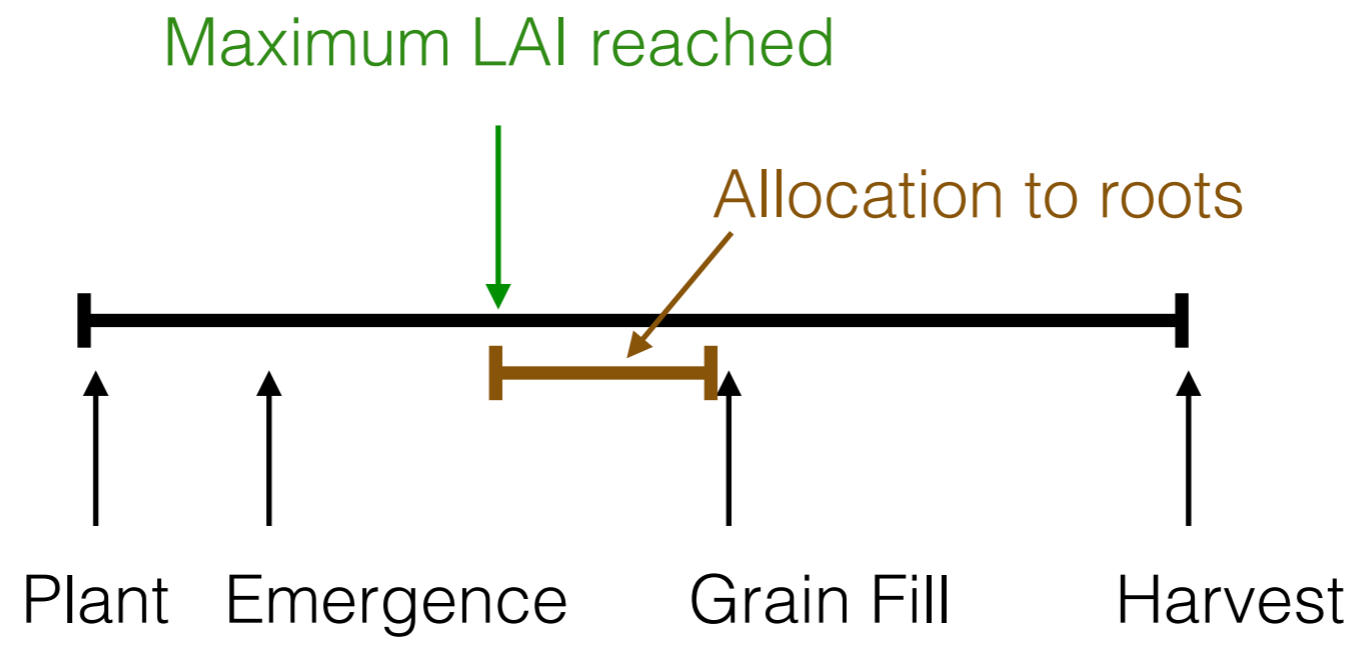
Two Changes:

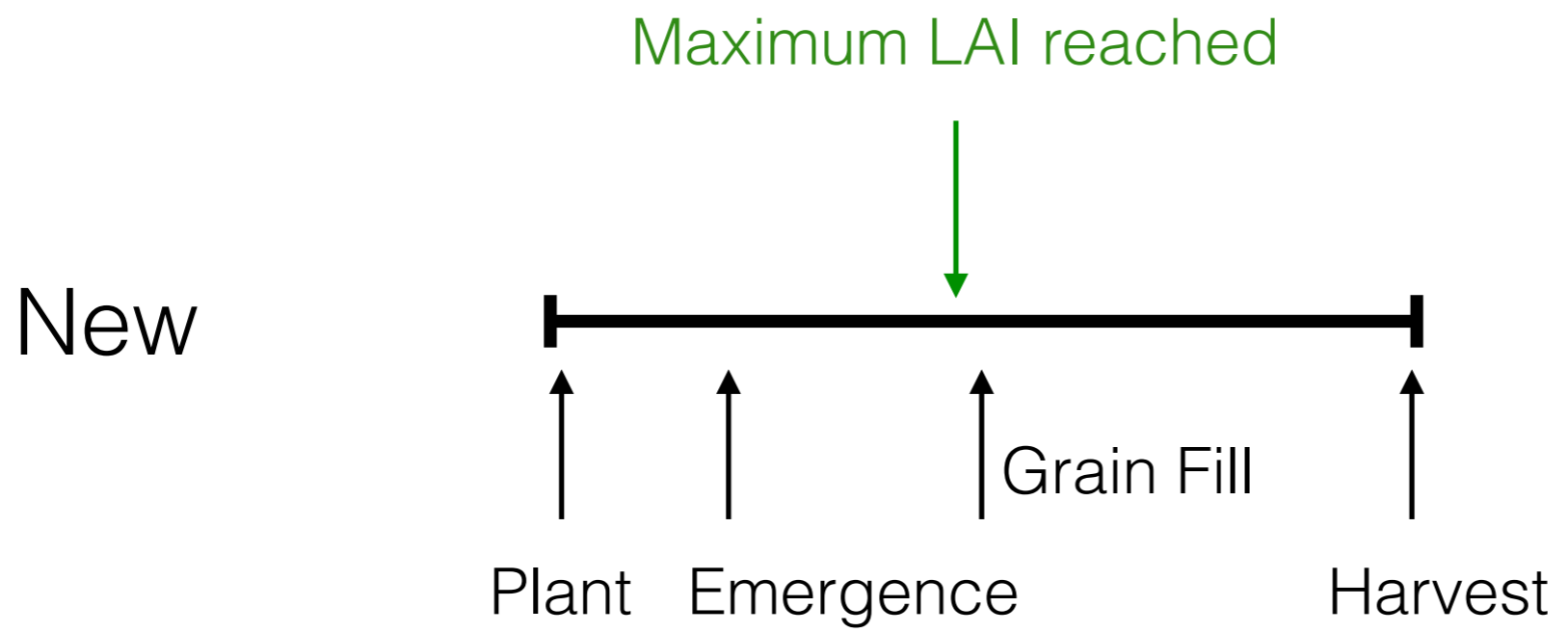
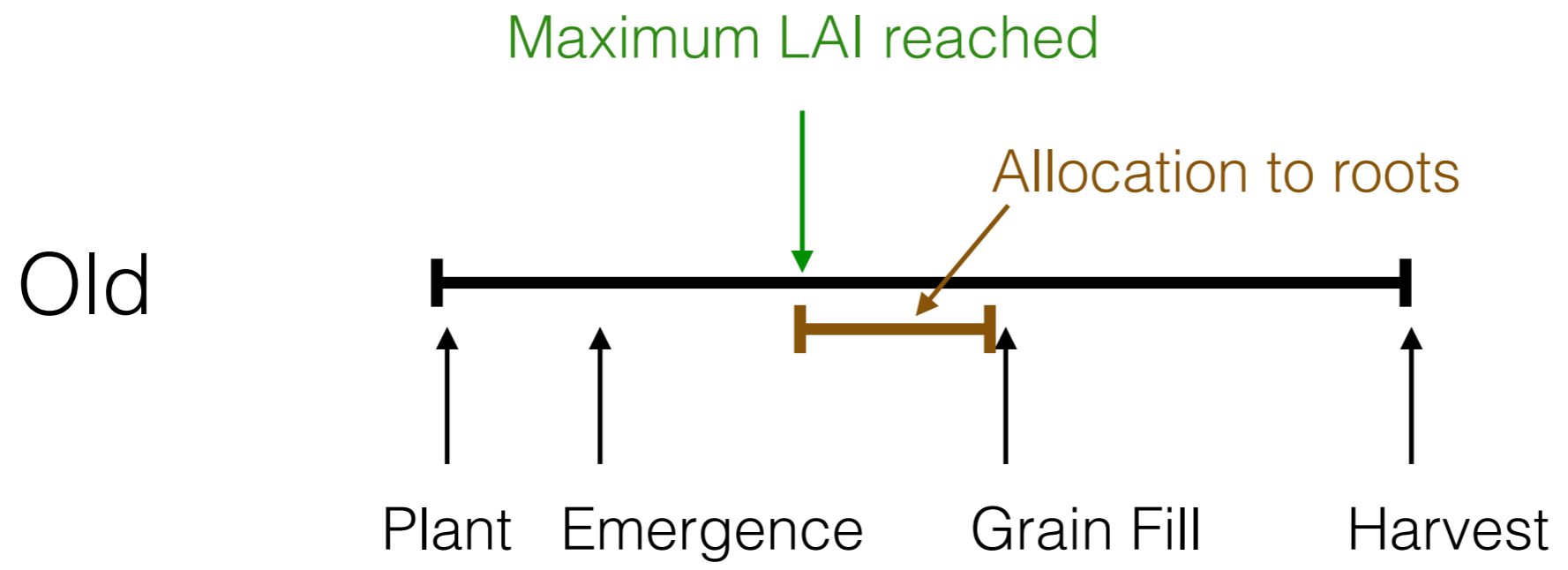
1. Extend grain fill phase
2. Reaching the maximum LAI triggers the grain fill phase

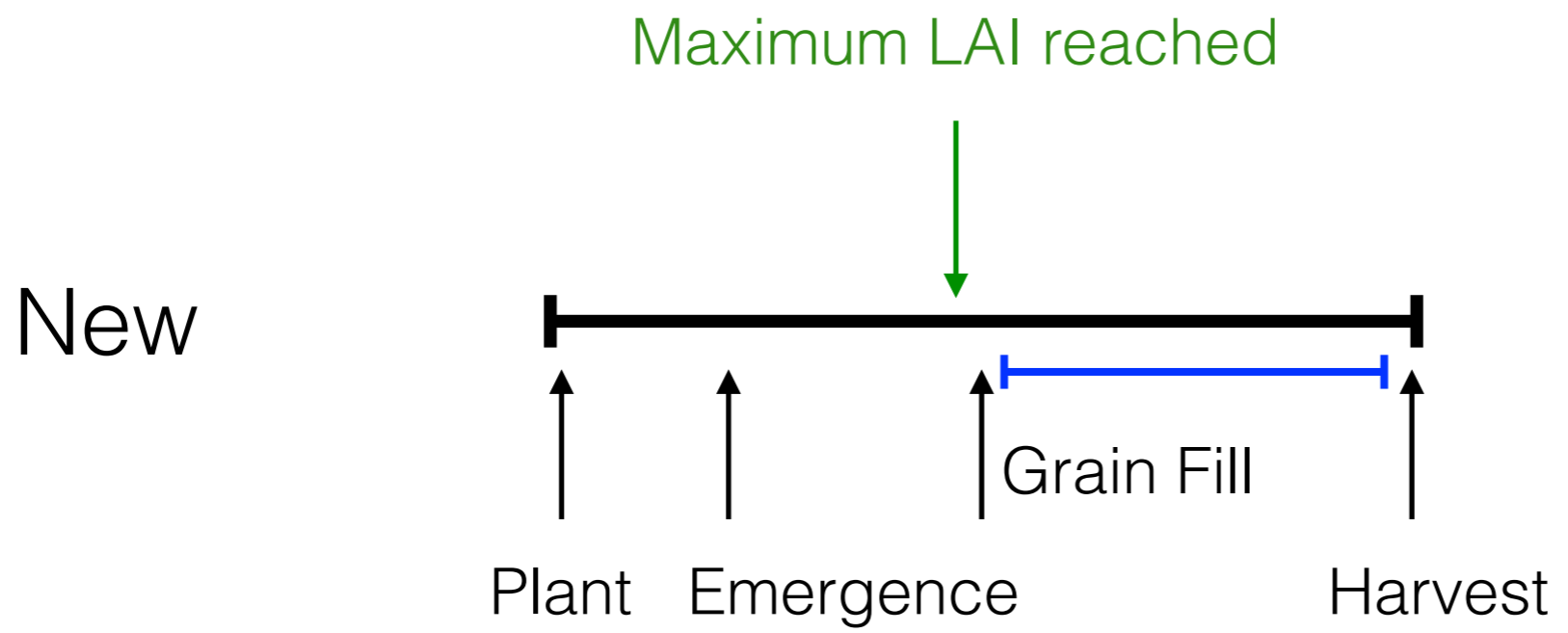
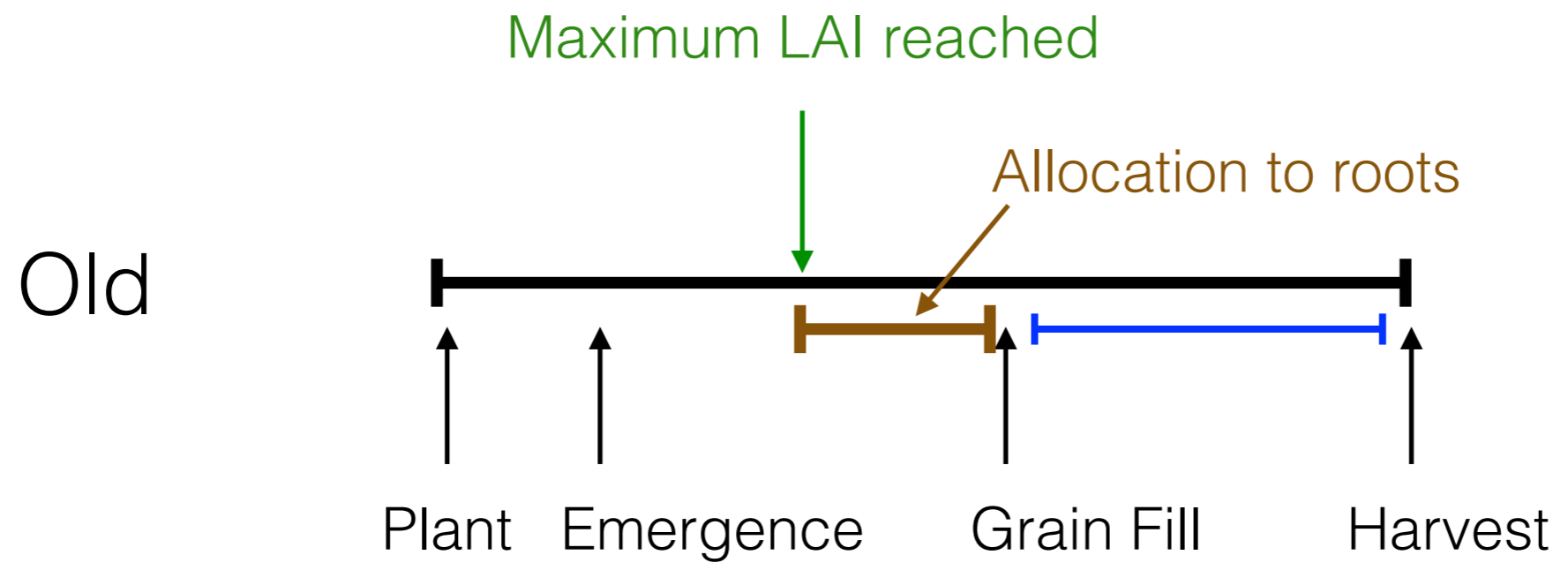


Maximum LAI reached









1) Plant



2) Leaf Emergence



3) Grain Fill



4) Harvest



1) Plant



2) Leaf Emergence



3) Grain Fill



4) Harvest



Also changing allocation parameters

Management



Fertilize



Irrigate



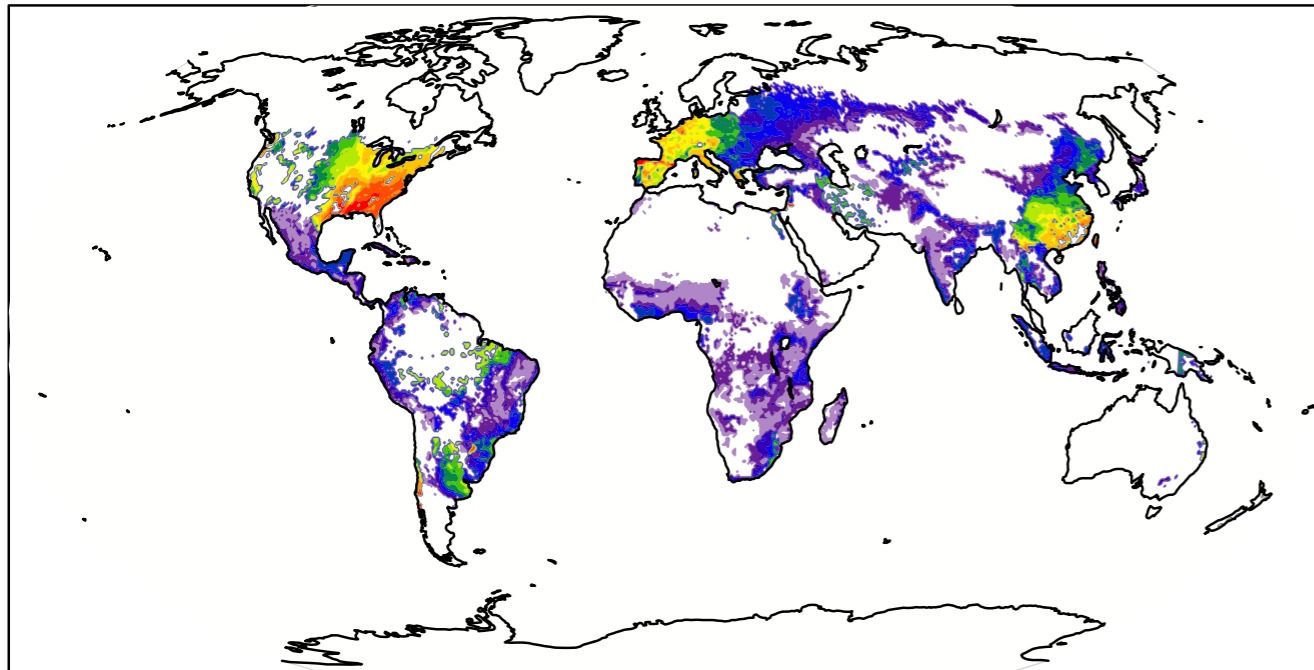
Transient fertilizer and irrigation are now on surface dataset

1850 fertilizer assumed to be from manure only

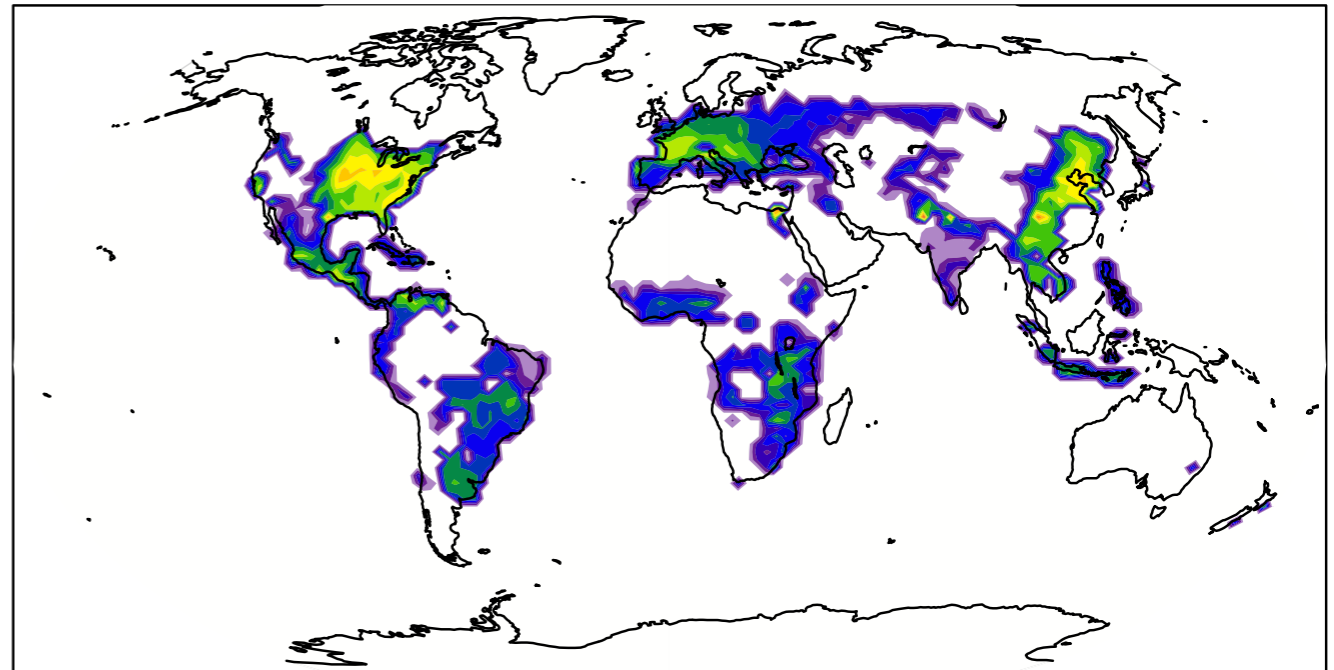
Analysis



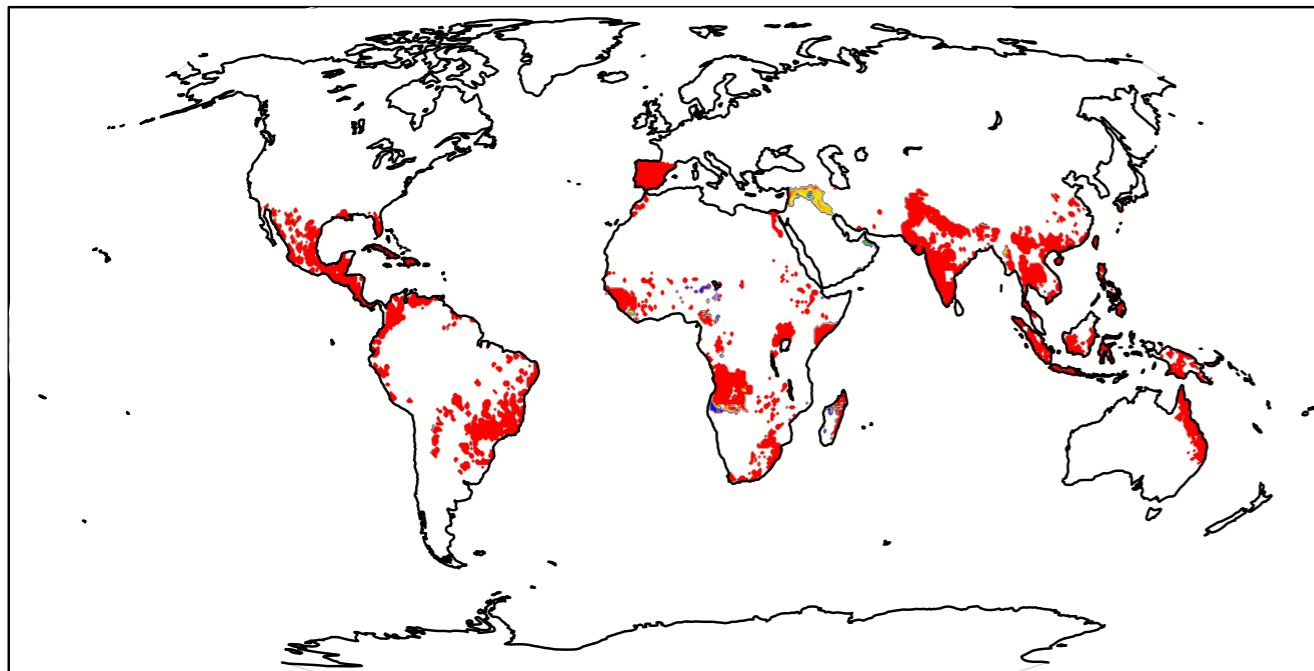
FAO Corn



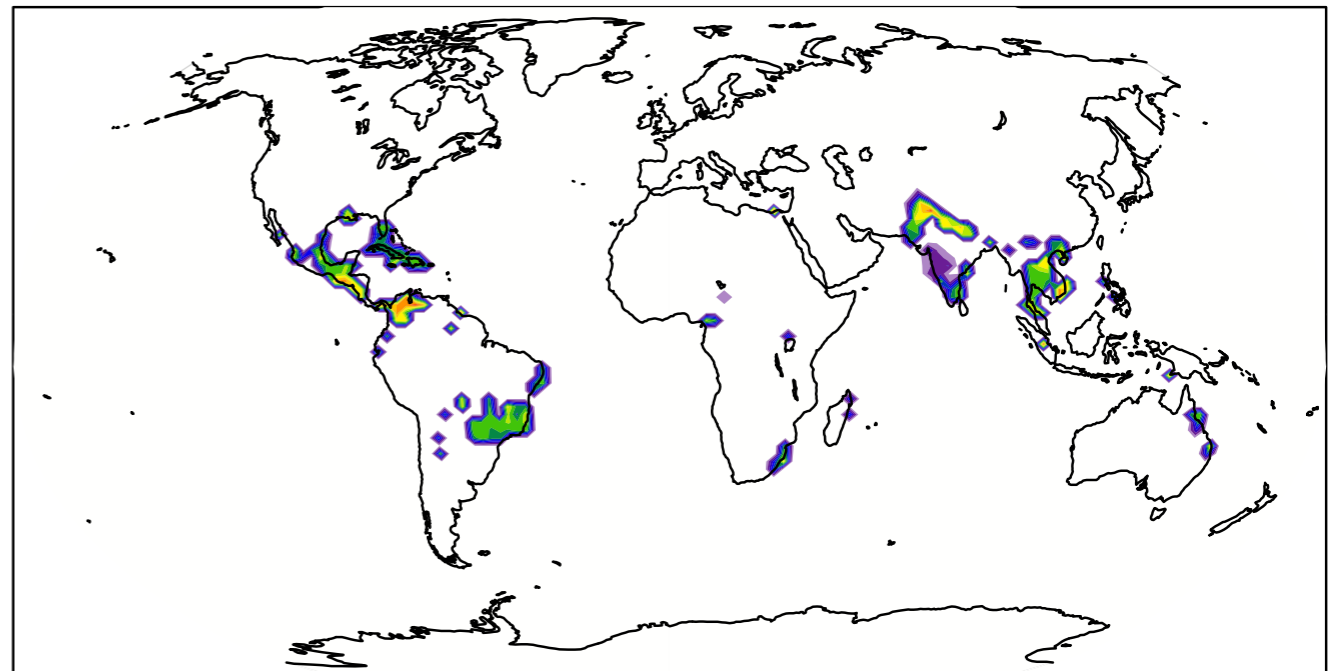
CLM5 Corn



FAO Sugarcane



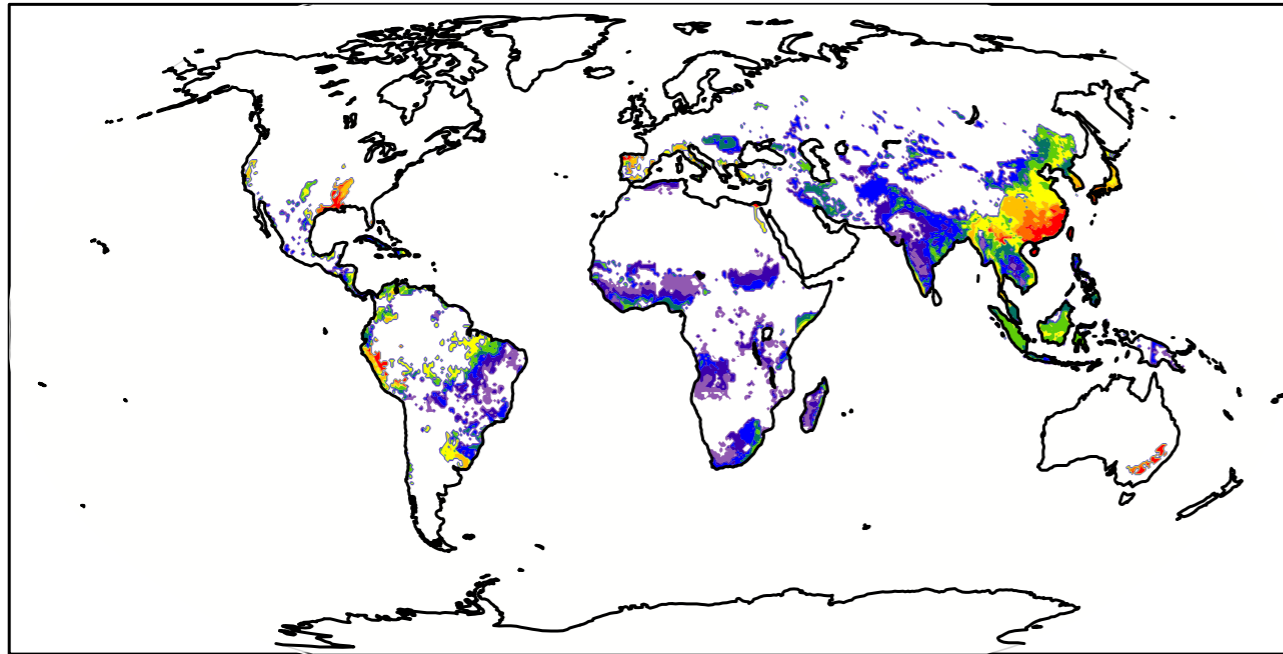
CLM5 Sugarcane



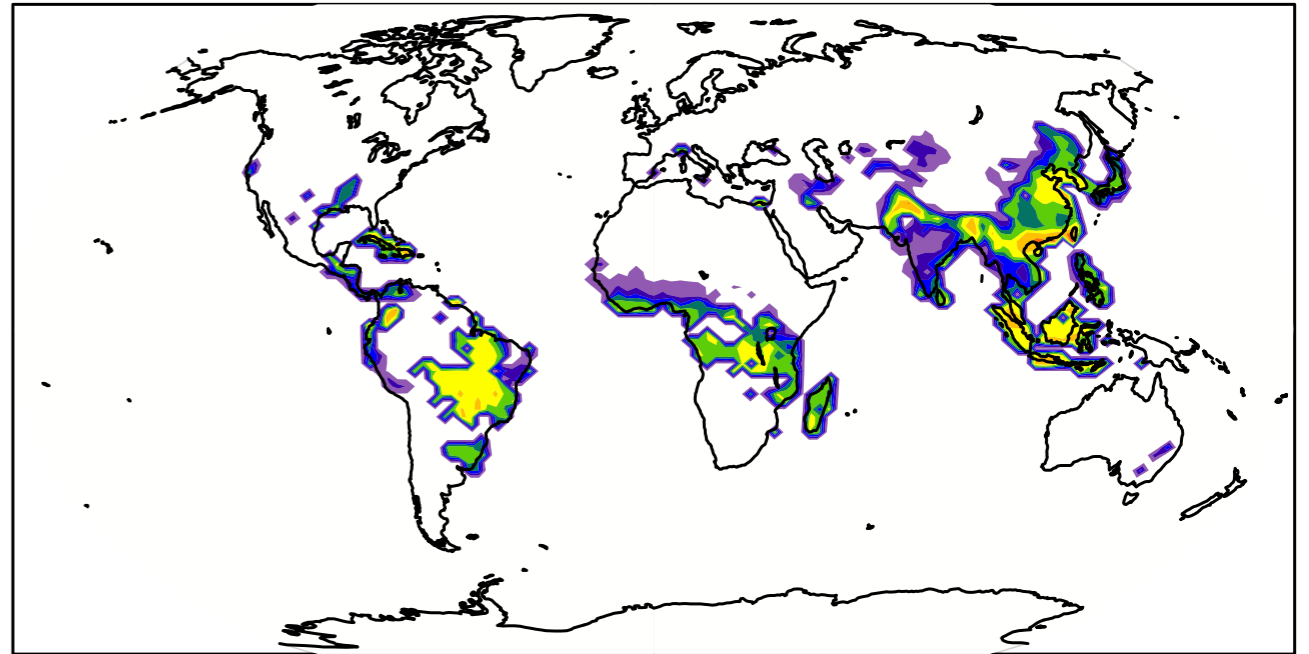
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

Annual Yield (tonnes ha⁻¹)

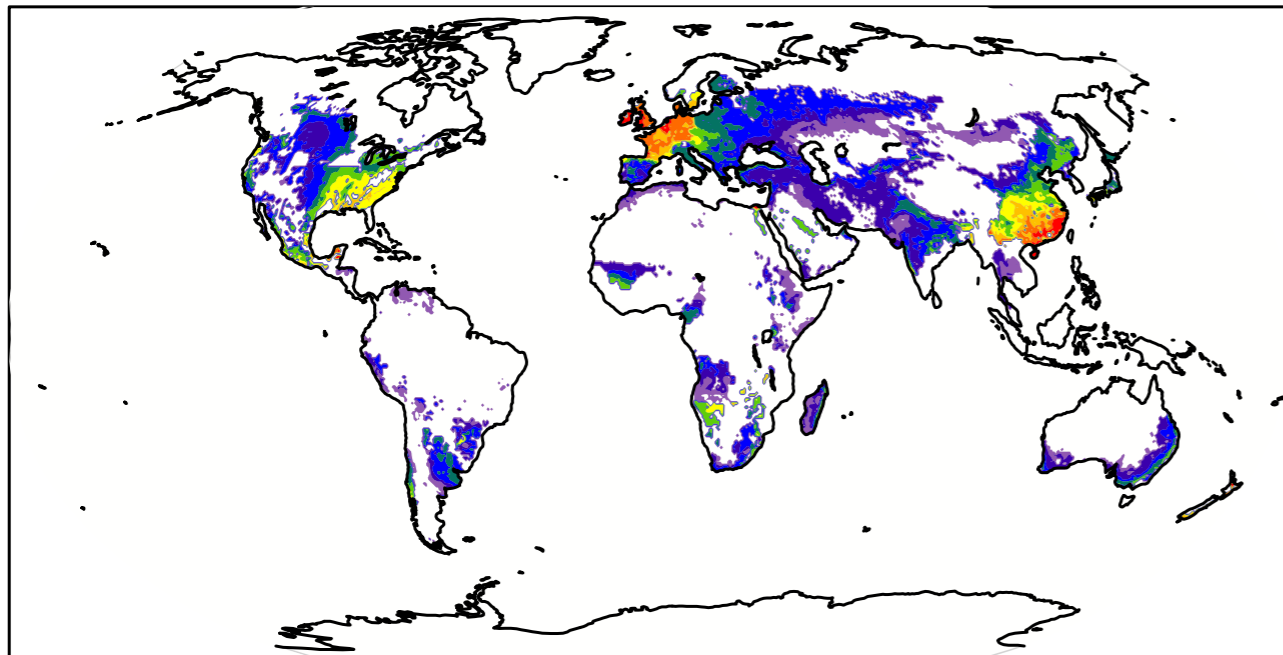
FAO Rice



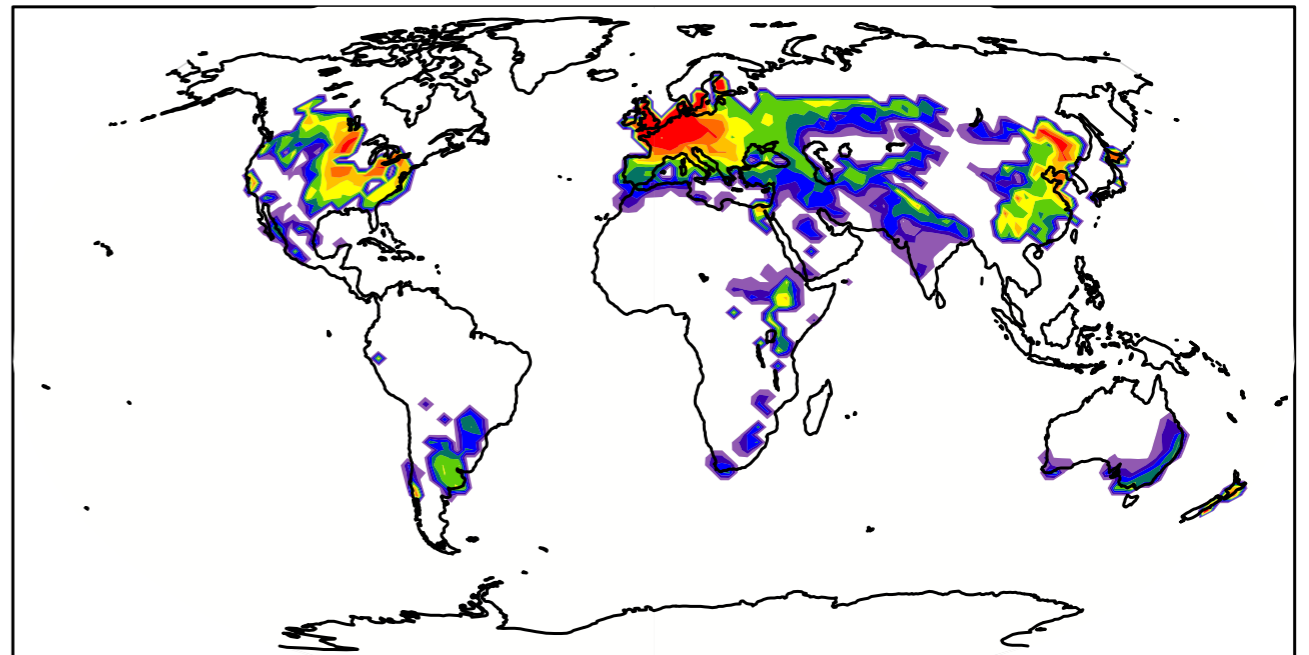
CLM5 Rice



FAO Wheat



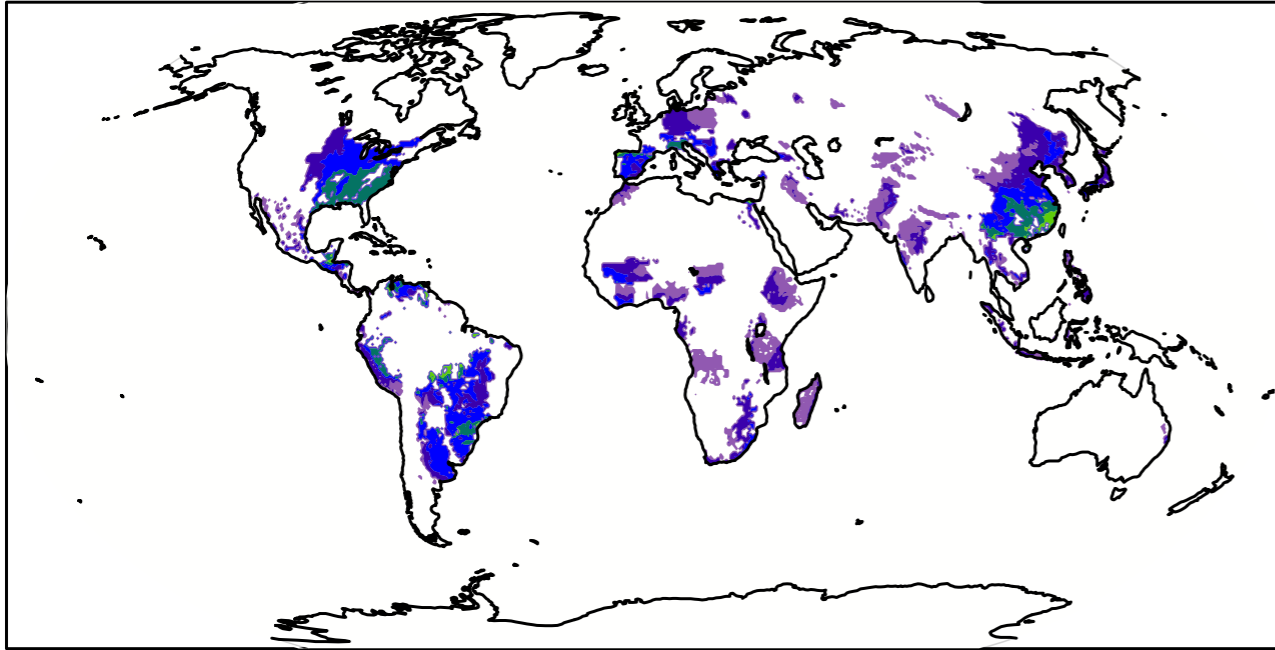
CLM5 Spring Wheat



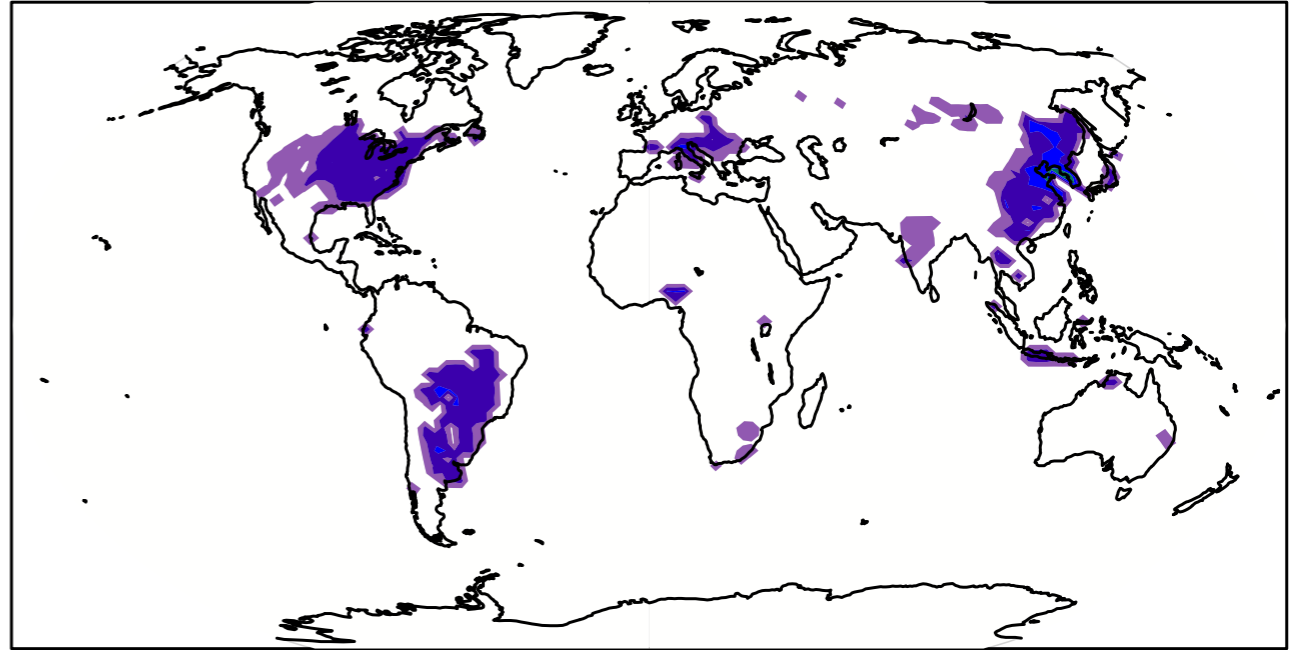
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Annual Yield (tonnes ha⁻¹)

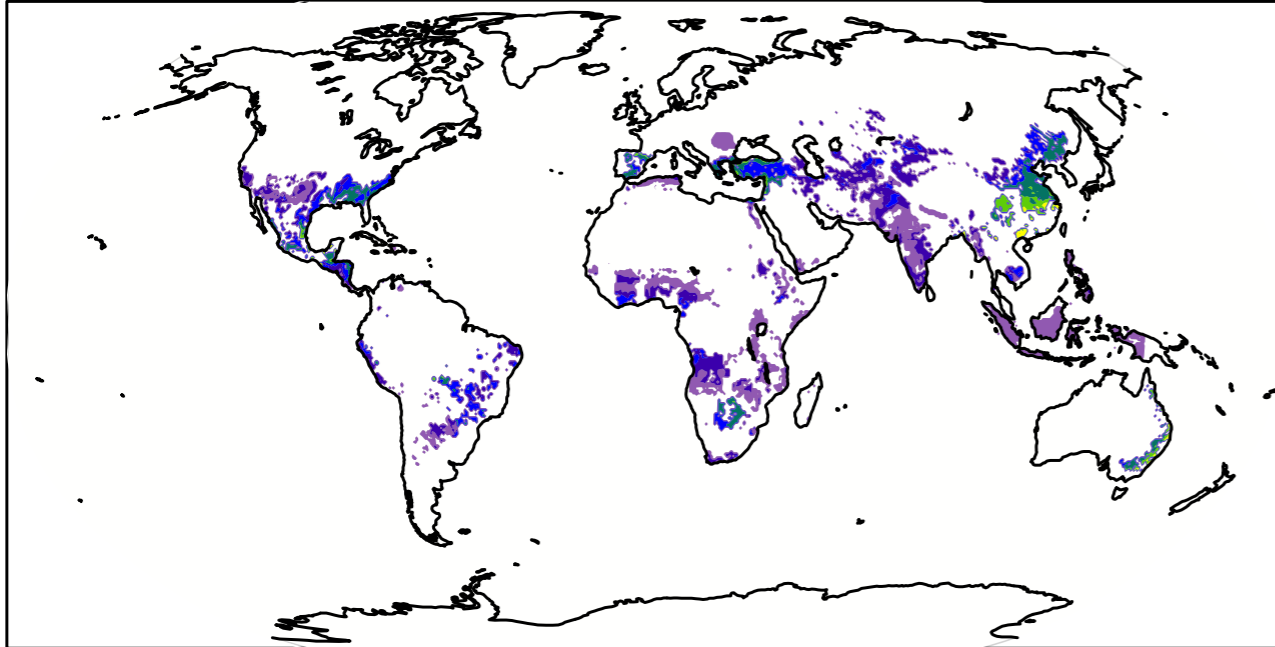
FAO Soy



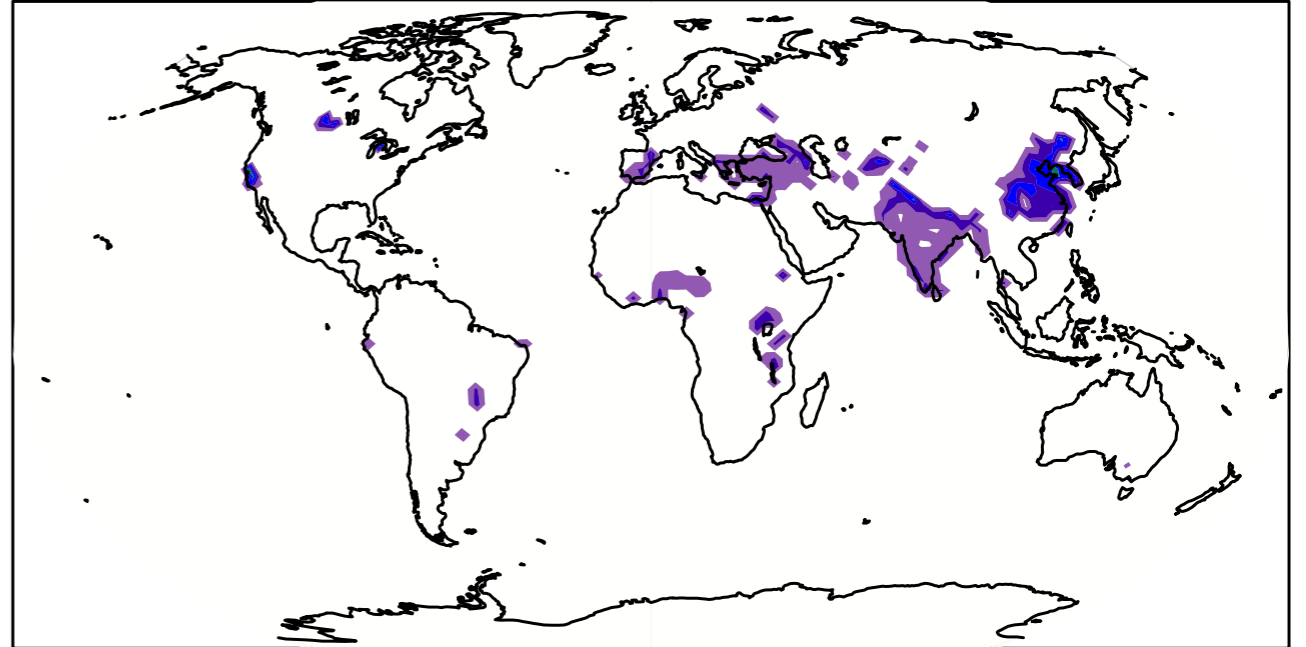
CLM5 Soy



FAO Cotton



CLM5 Cotton



0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Annual Yield (tonnes ha⁻¹)

Corn

Soybean

Barley

Spring Wheat

Corn

Soybean

Barley

Spring Wheat

Corn

Soybean

Barley

→ Spring Wheat

Corn

Soybean

Spring Wheat

Barley





Yields can be calculated for 31 crop types

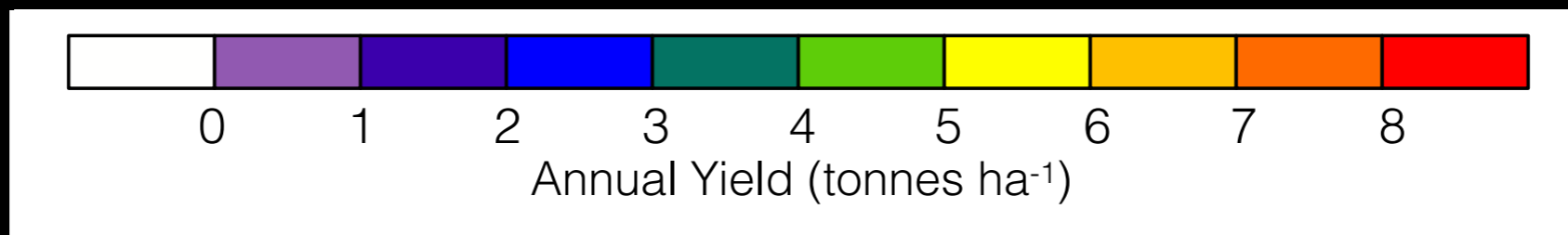
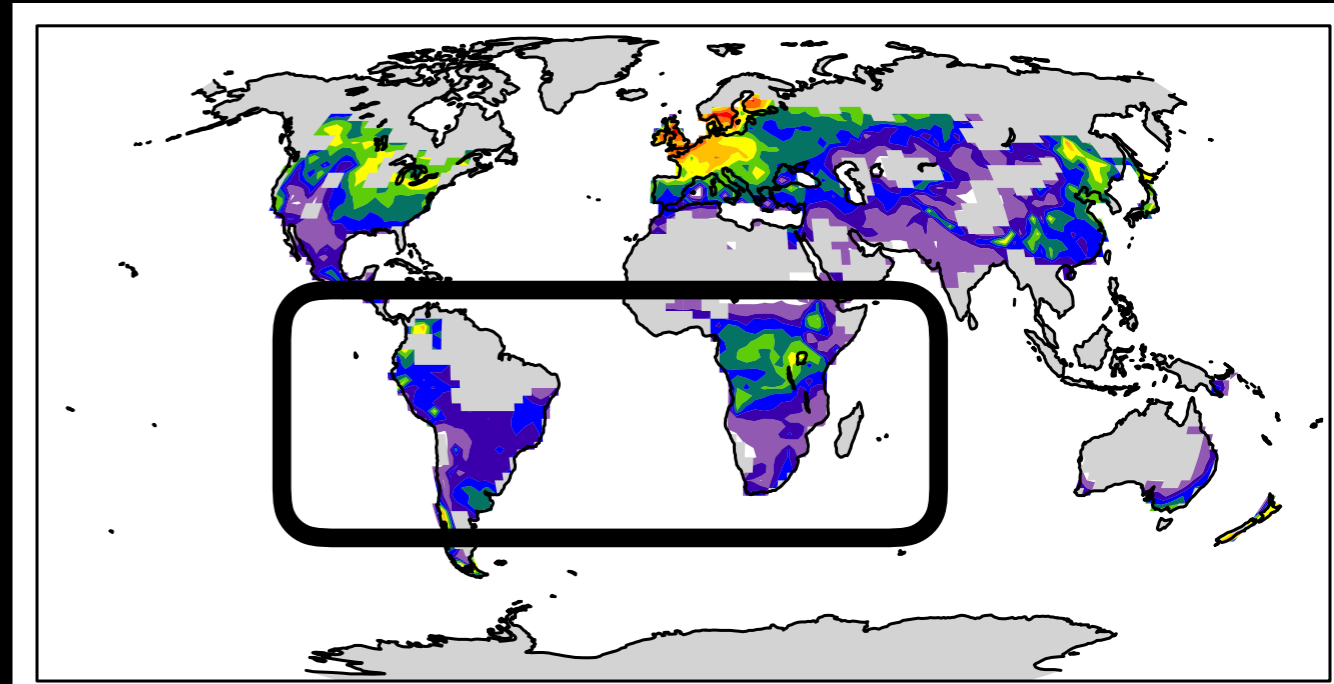
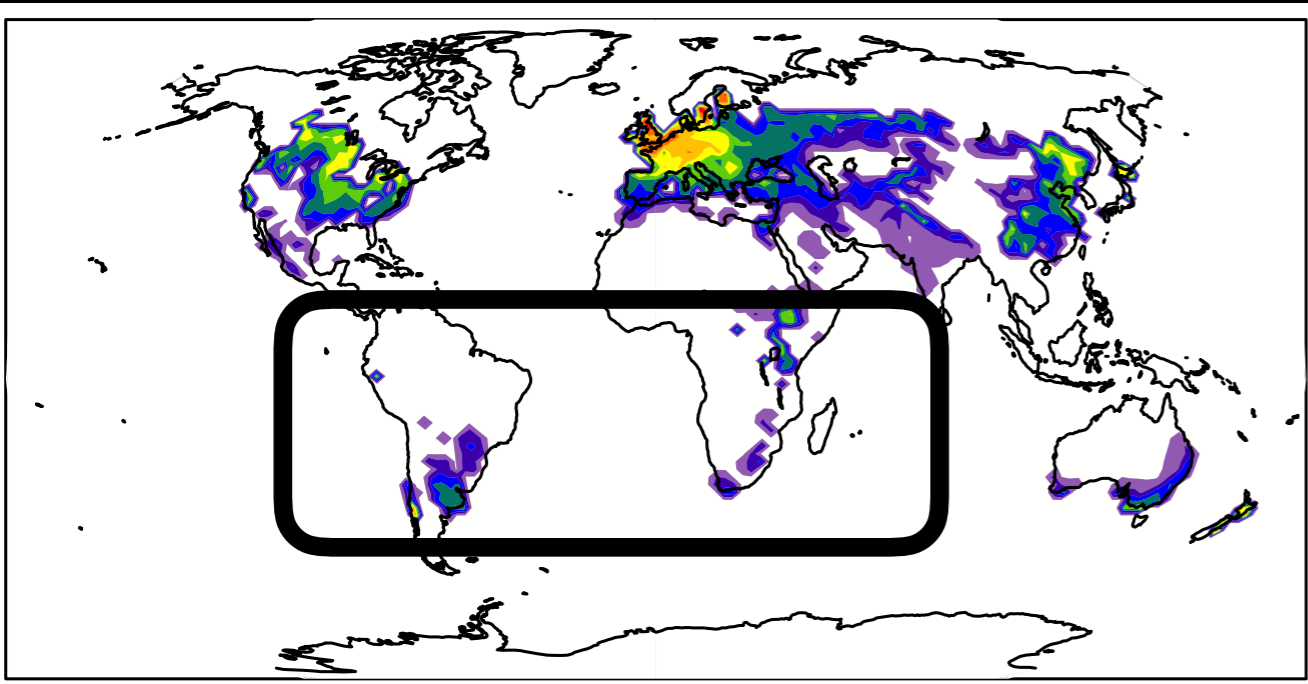
Assumption that inactive crops have same growing triggers & allocation as the active crop

Need to use surface dataset for remapping during analysis

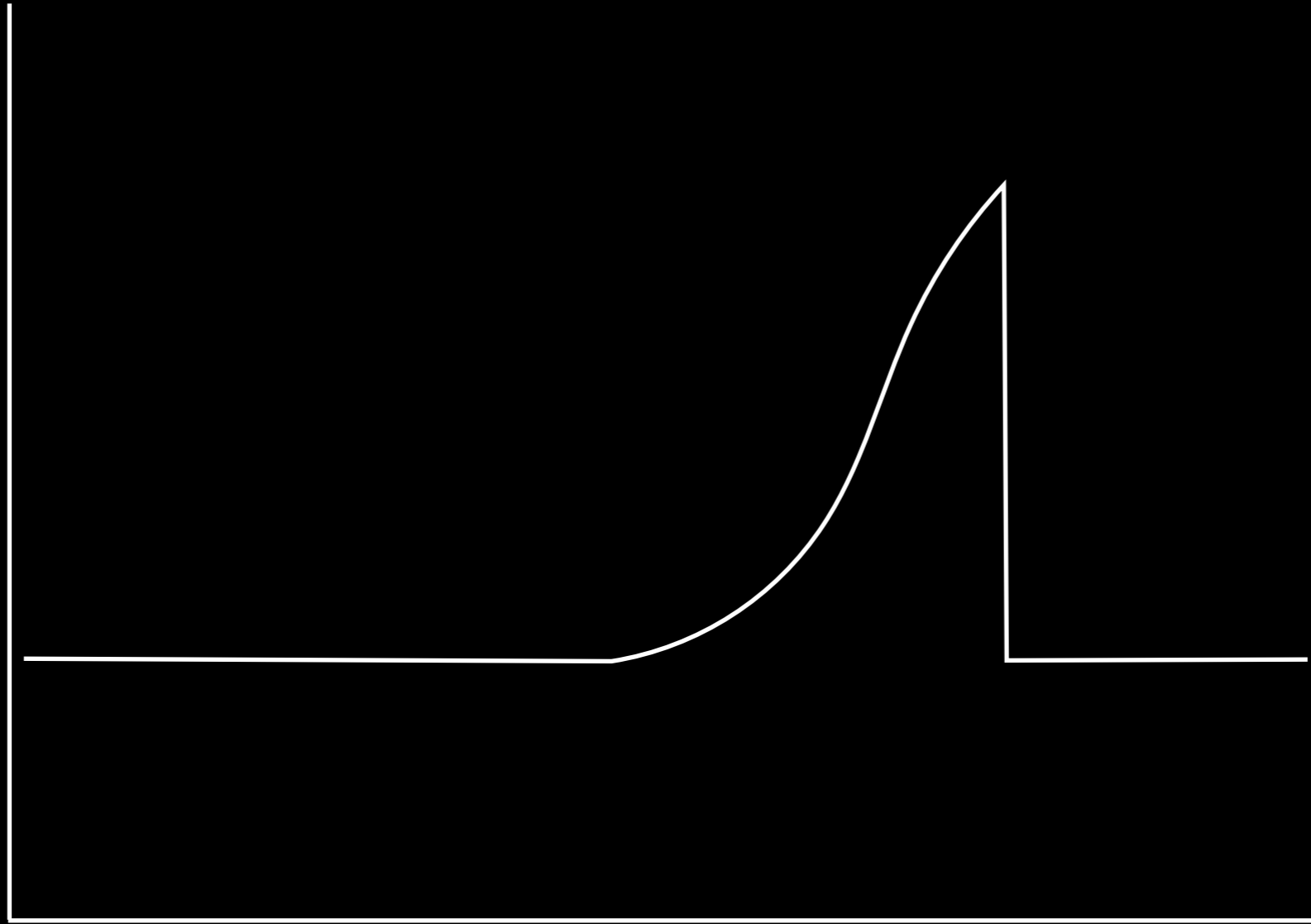
Spring Wheat

With Surface Dataset Mask

Without Surface Dataset Mask

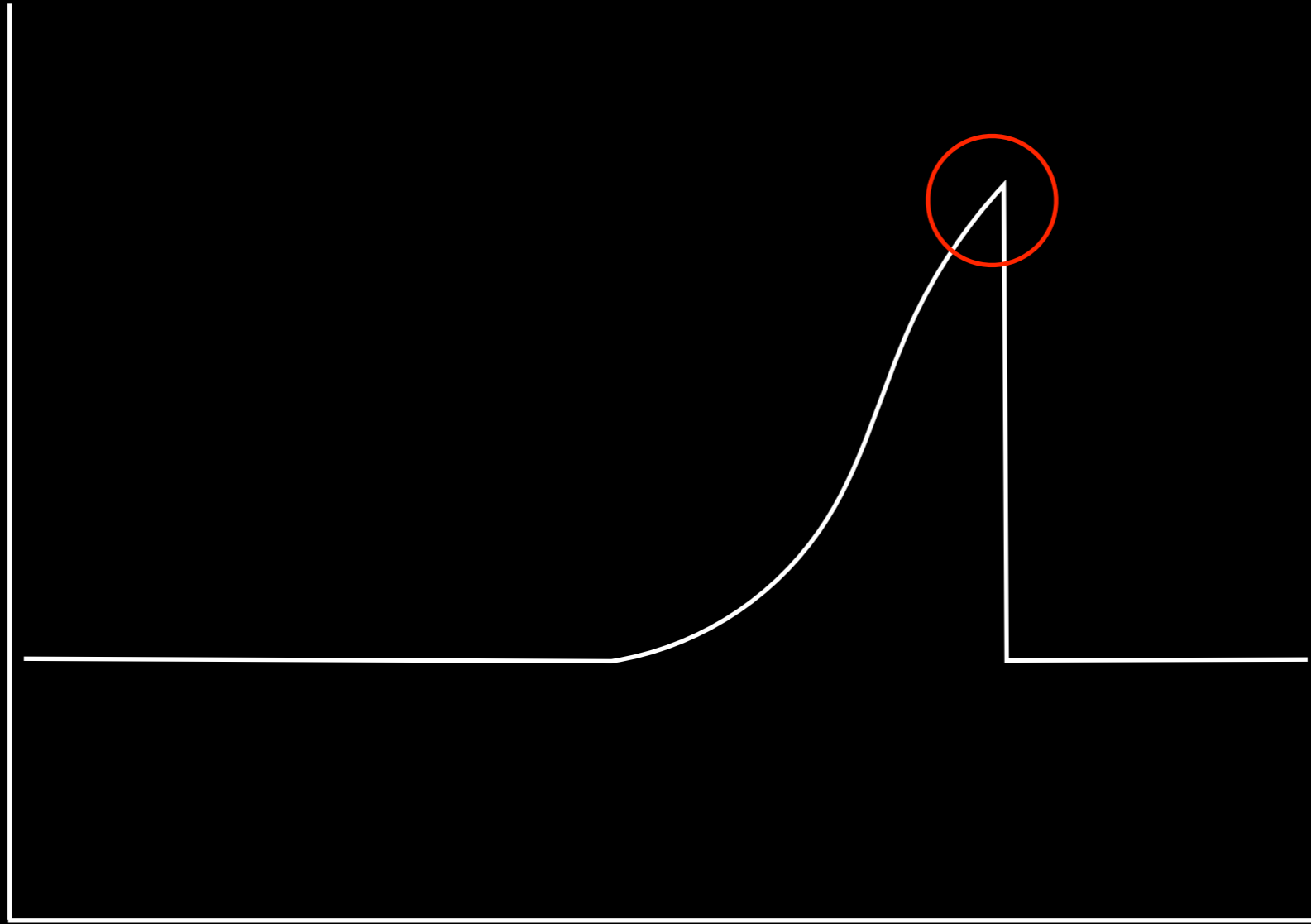


Grain C



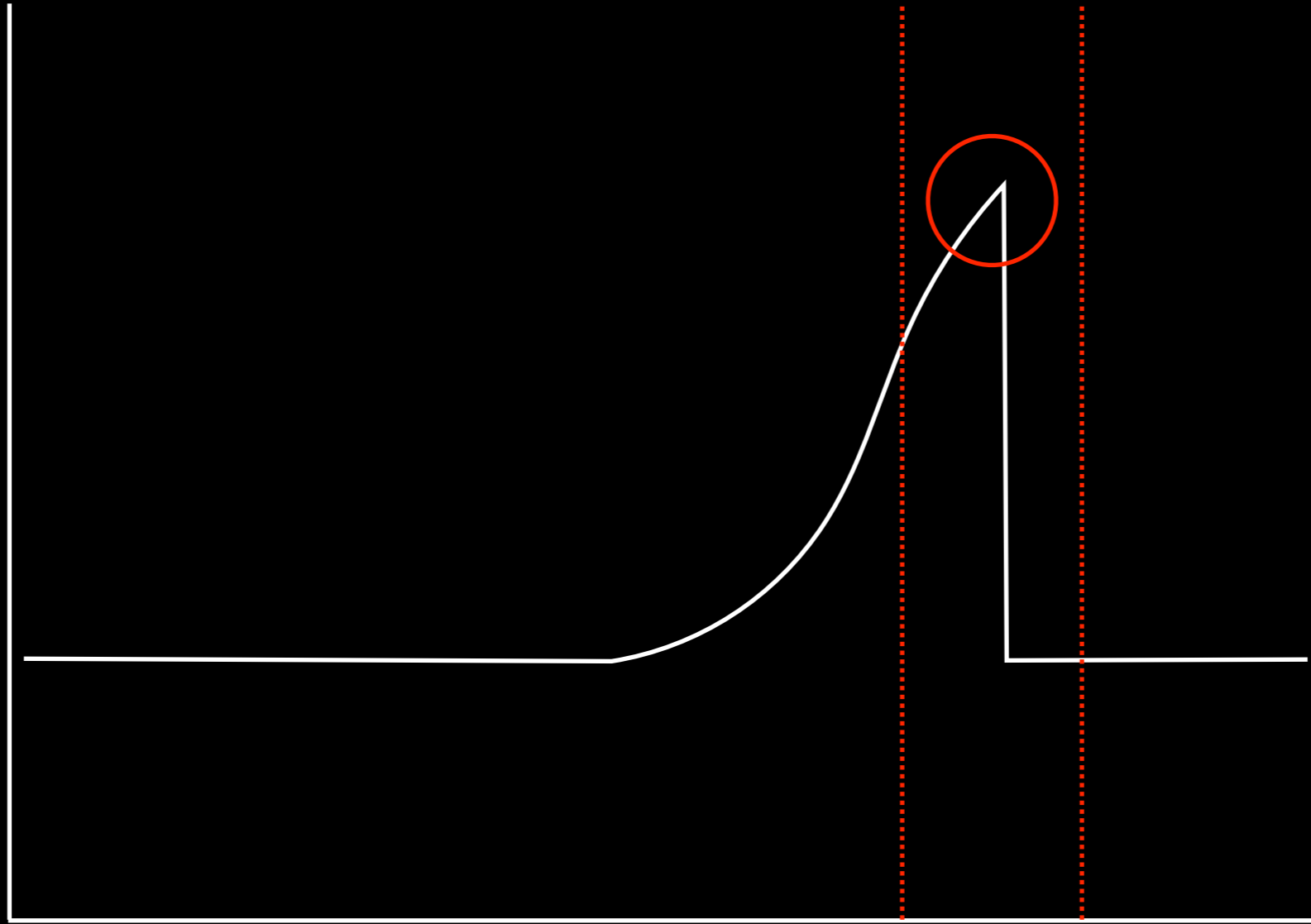
Month

Grain C



Month

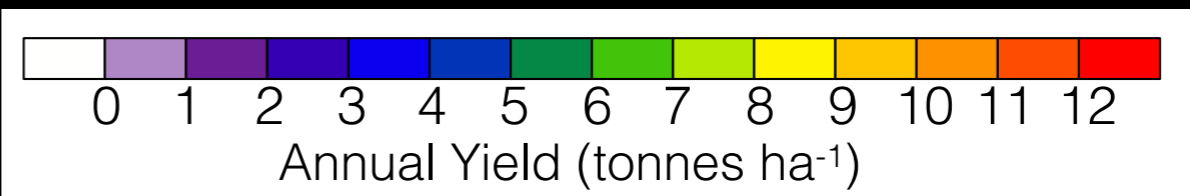
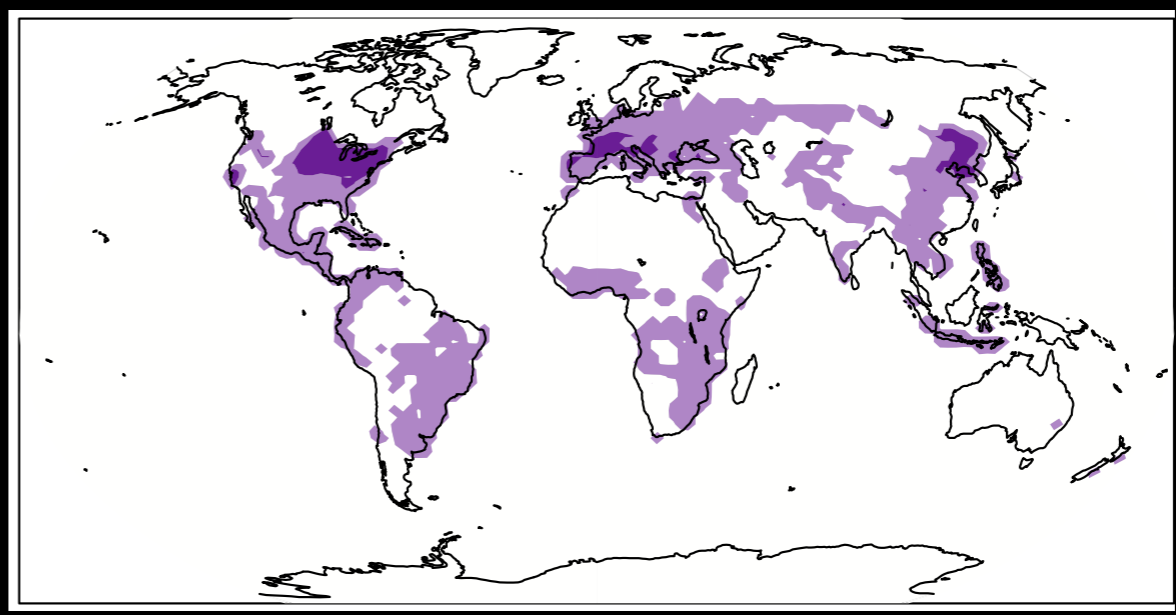
Grain C



Month

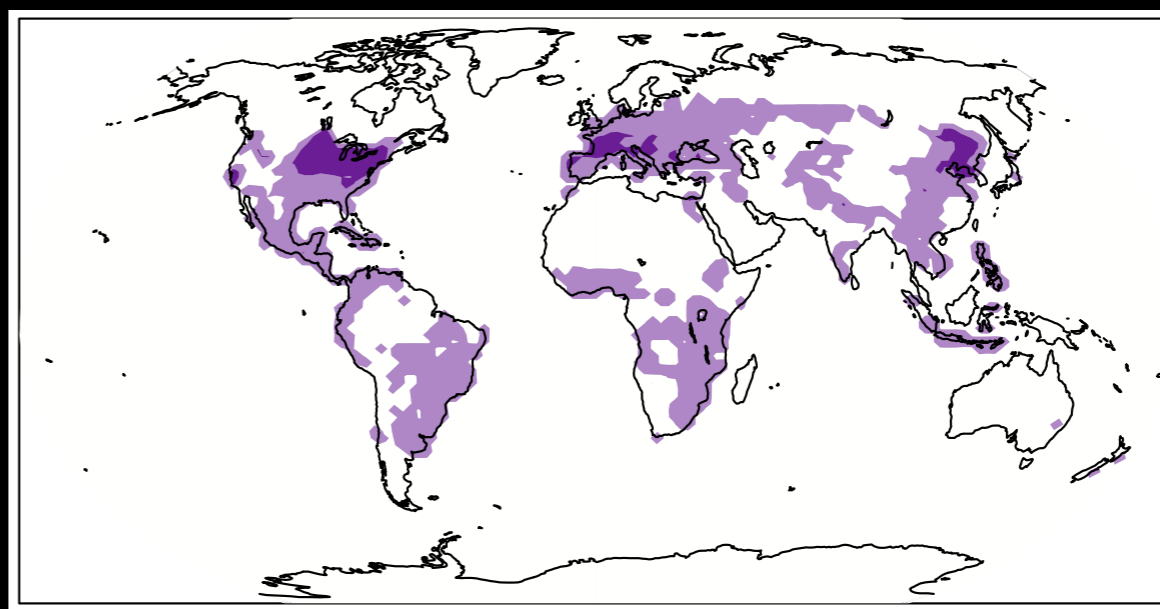
Corn

Grain C
Annual Average

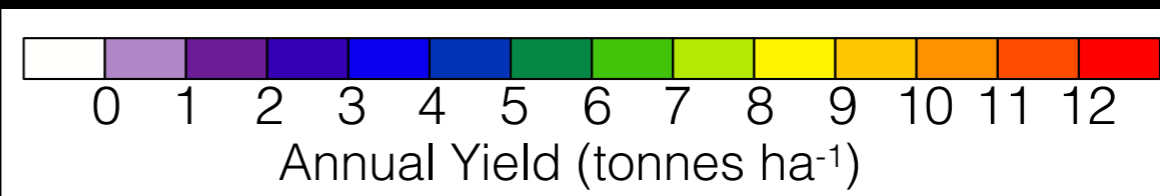
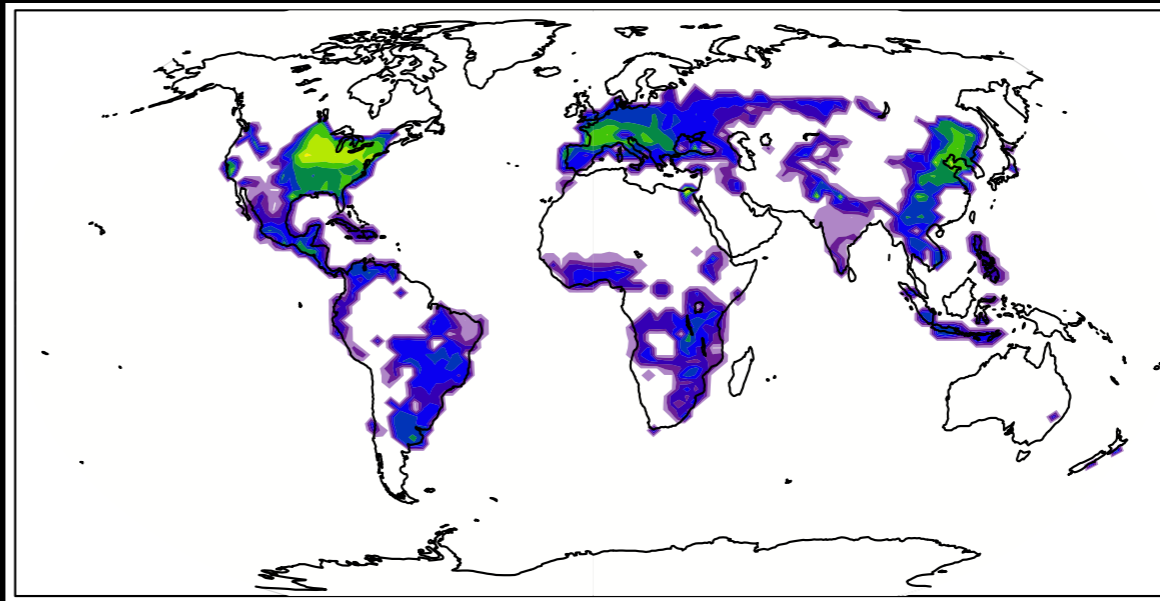


Corn

Grain C
Annual Average

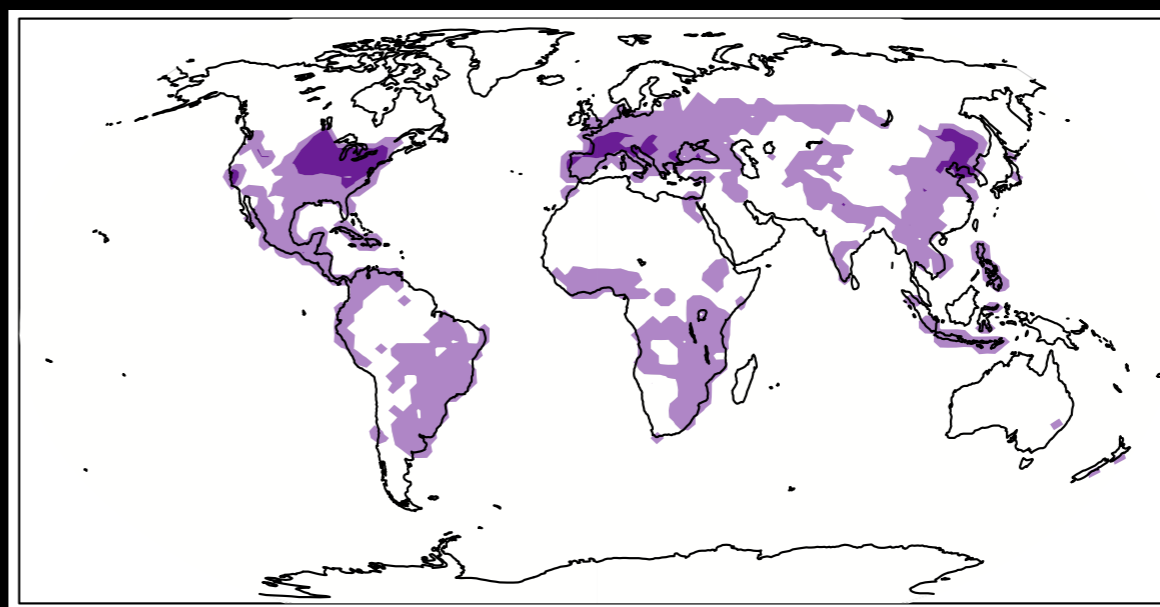


Grain C
Max Monthly Average

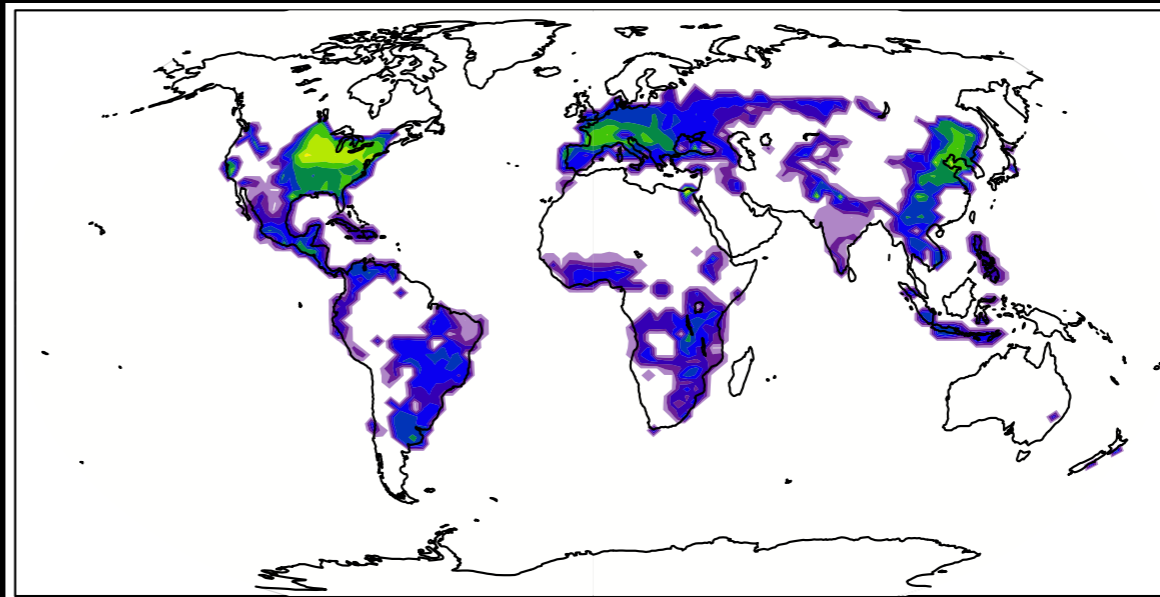


Corn

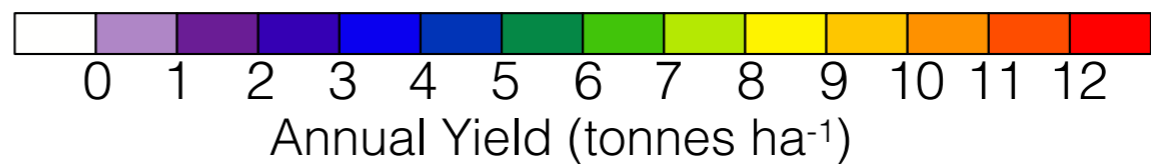
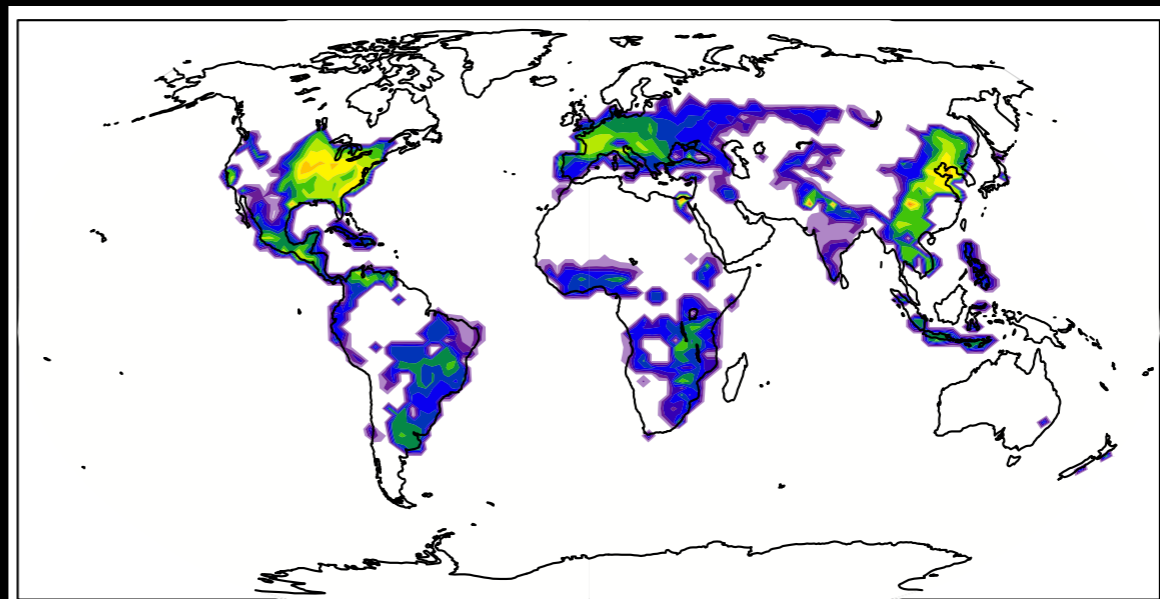
Grain C
Annual Average



Grain C
Max Monthly Average



Grain C to Food
Annual Sum



CLM5-Crop

Things to keep in mind

- Yields available for 31 different crop types
 - (rain-fed & irrigated)
- Ability to run transient
 - (land area, irrigation, fertilizer)
- Several considerations for analysis
 - (conversion of 1-D output; variable used; remapping)
- Crop model is ~50% more computationally expensive
 - Active for CMIP6 simulations
- Still working on minor adjustments