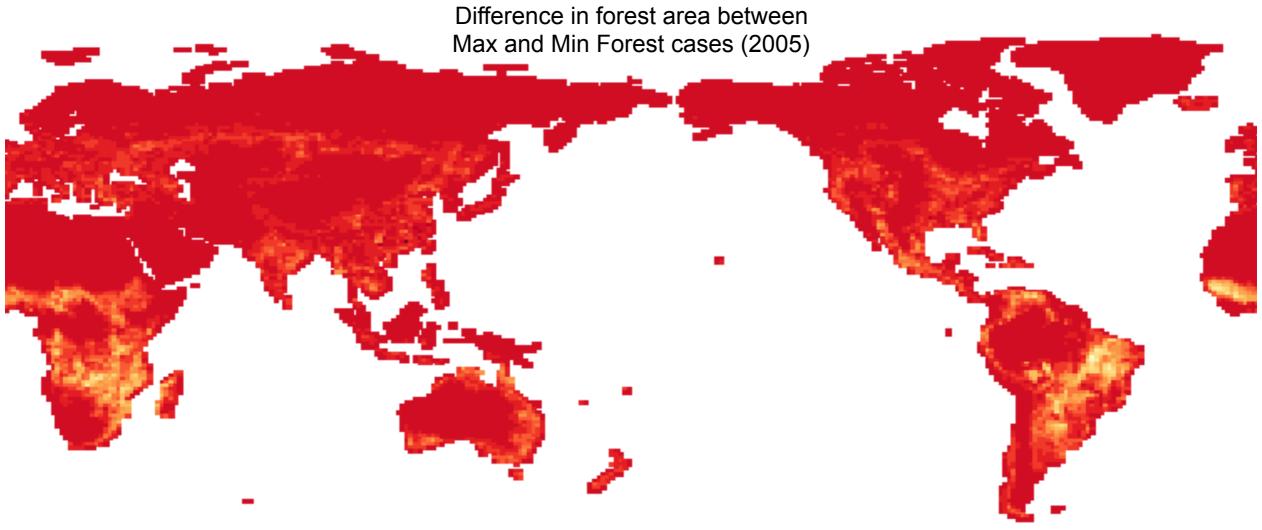
# Land use/cover distribution is a primary determinant of global carbon and regional temperature projections



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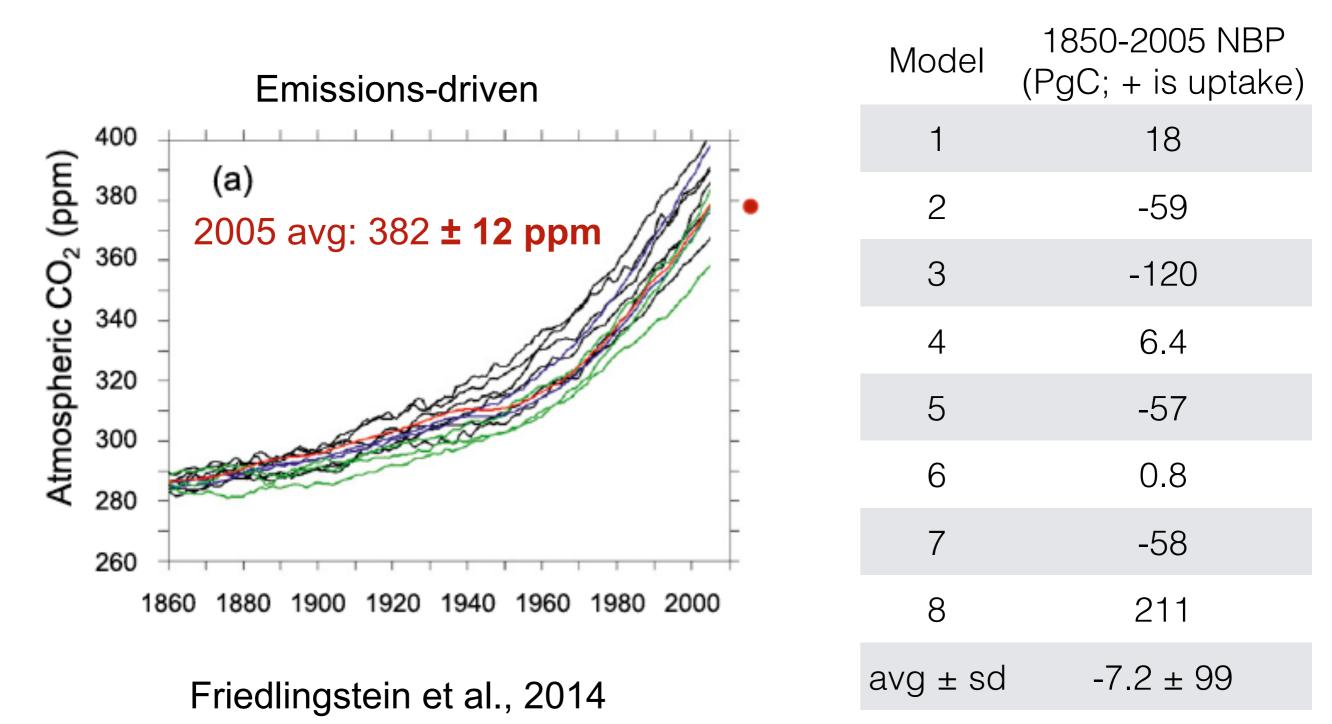
Earth Systems and Society Program





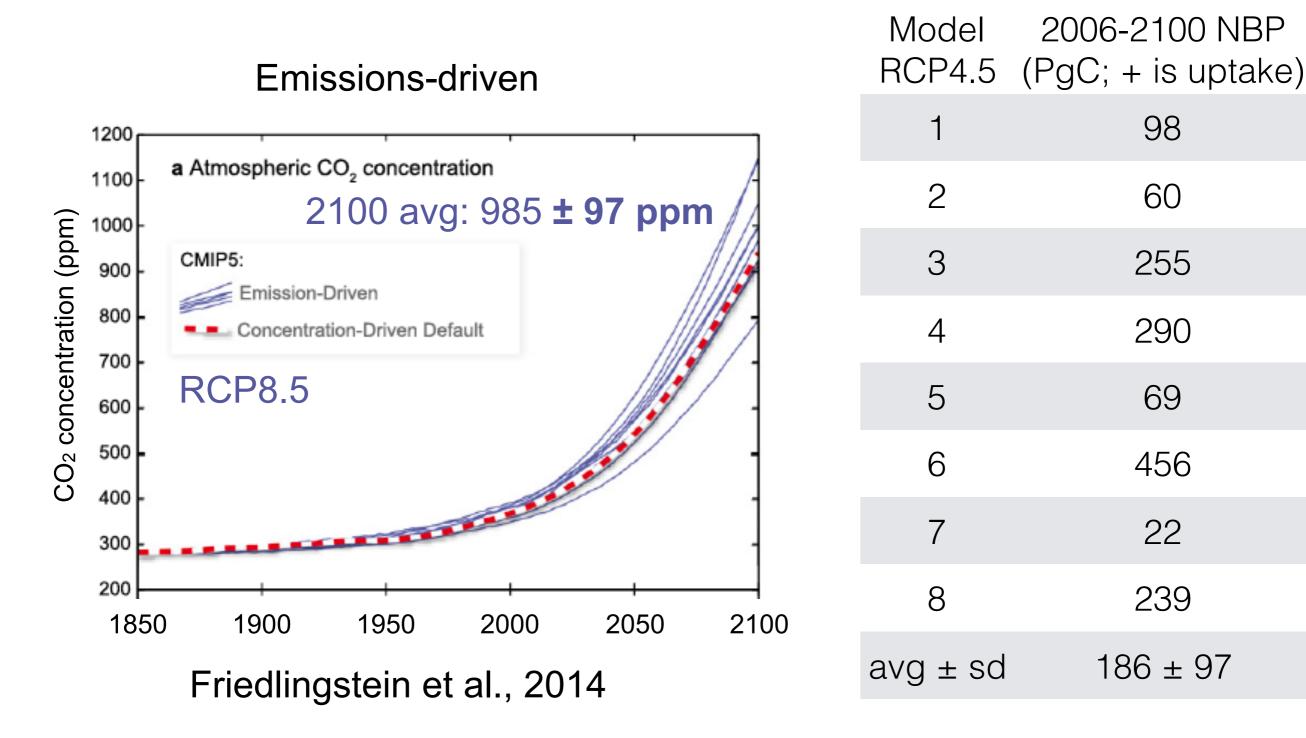


### **Historical Carbon Uncertainties**



Concentration-driven Shao et al., 2013

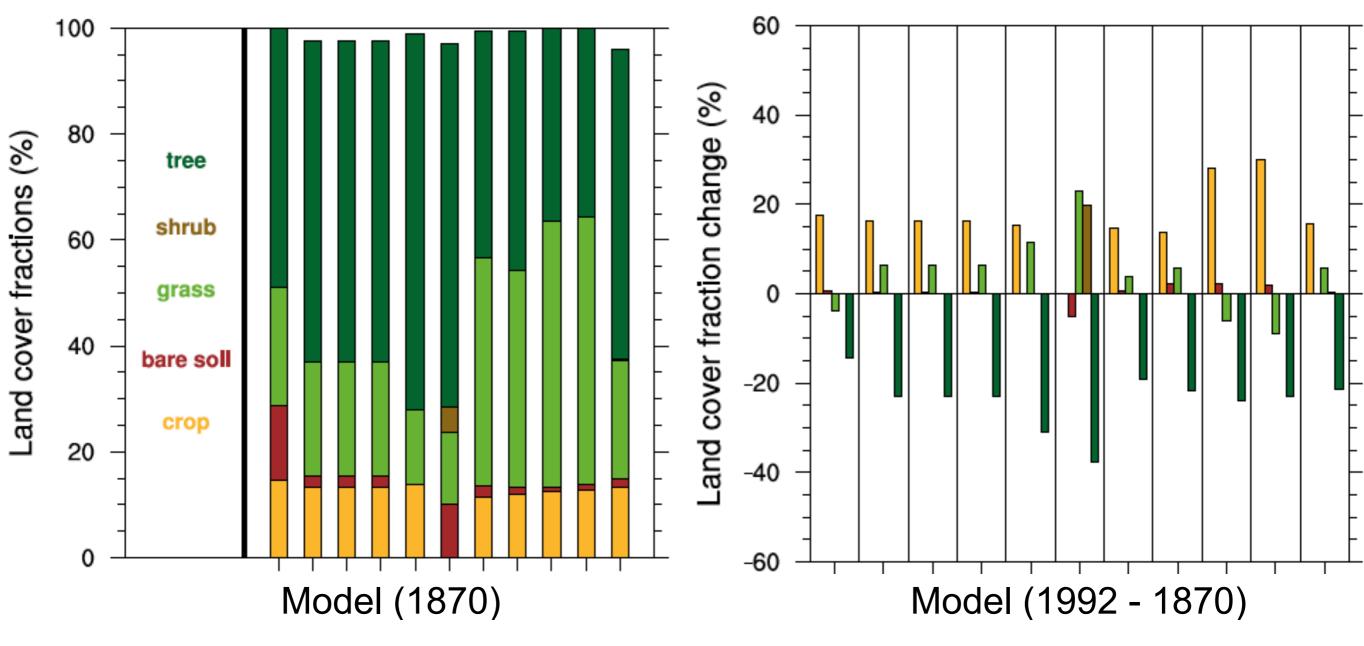
### **Future Carbon Uncertainties**



Concentration-driven Shao et al., 2013

### CMIP5 ESM land use/cover varies across models (LULC generally not reported)

4



North America

(Lejeune et al., 2017)

# CMIP5 IAM 2005 land use/cover varies across models (M km<sup>2</sup>)

5

Land Type	RCP 2.6	RCP 4.5	RCP 6.0	RCP 8.5
Forest		41	44	39
Grassland		11	58	47
Pasture	33	33		
Shrubland		7		
Crops	16	16	14	16
Urban		0.5	1	1
Tundra		5		
Non-vegetated		14		30
Other			17	

(Masui et al., 201; Riahi et al. 2011; Thomson et al. 2011; van Vuuren et al. 2011)

### What is the contribution of initial land cover uncertainty to Global carbon and temperature projections?

Global carbon cycle uncertainty is exacerbated by initial land cover uncertainty in ESM projections

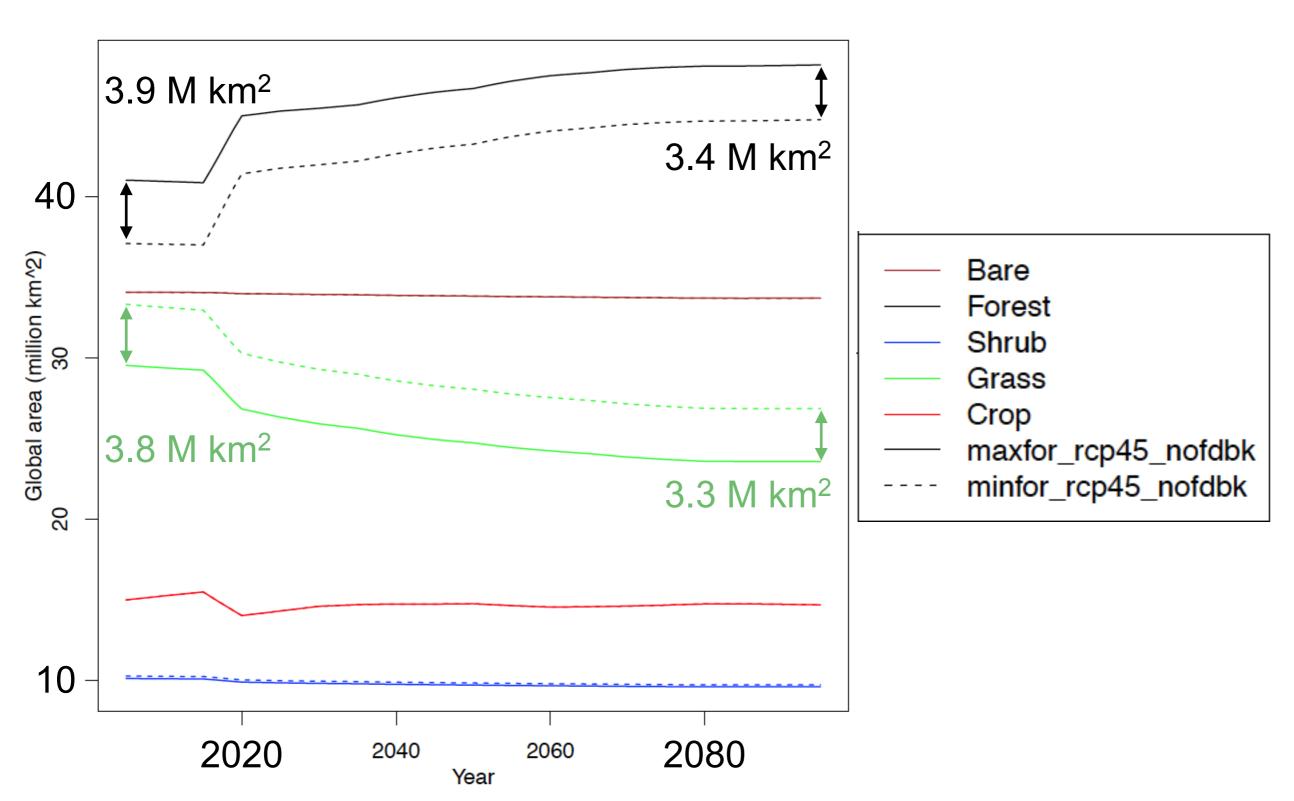
Local temperature uncertainty persists throughout simulations

### Atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> uncertainty increases by 50% in RCP 4.5

Atmospheric CO <sub>2</sub> concentration (ppmv)						
Default	Proportional	Max Forest	Min Forest			
<u>2004</u>						
392	398	397	402			
<u>2005</u>						
393	NA	398	404			
<u>2094</u>						
607	NA	608	617			

Up to 50% (6 ppmv) of 2005 C4MIP variability (+- 12 ppmv) may be explained by land cover uncertainty

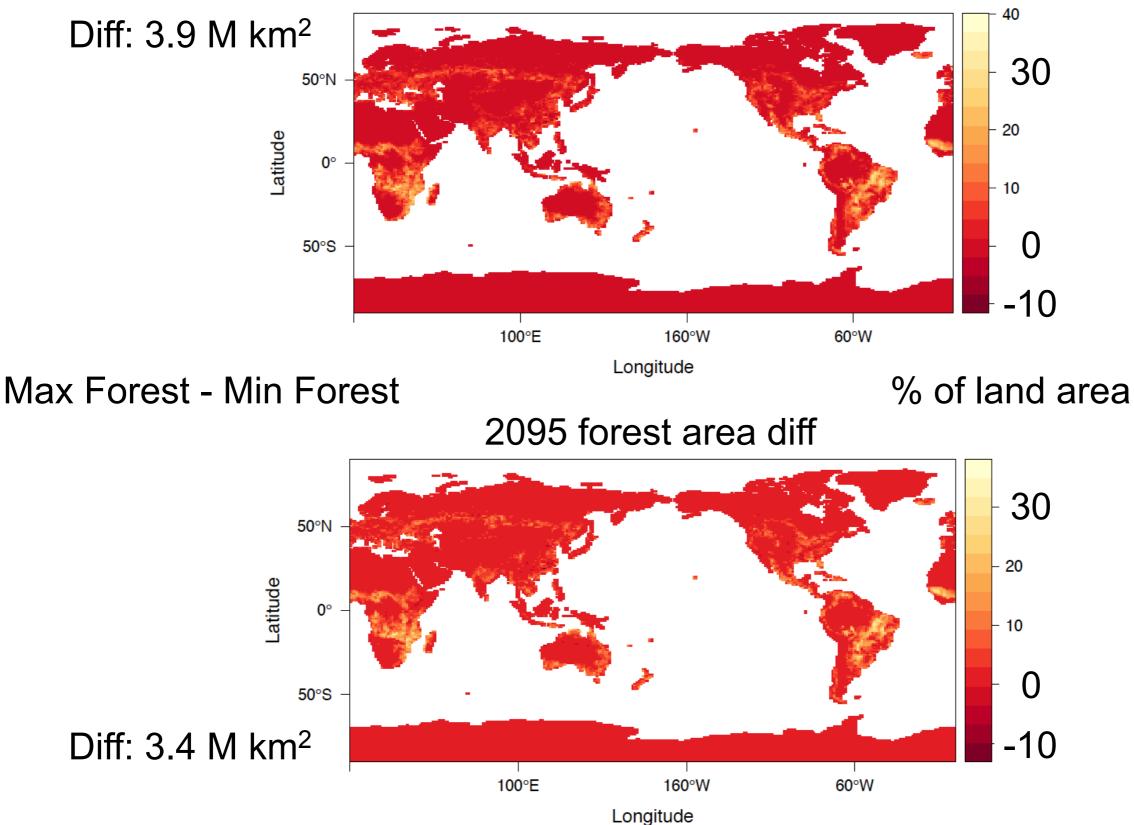
### Land cover differences are maintained



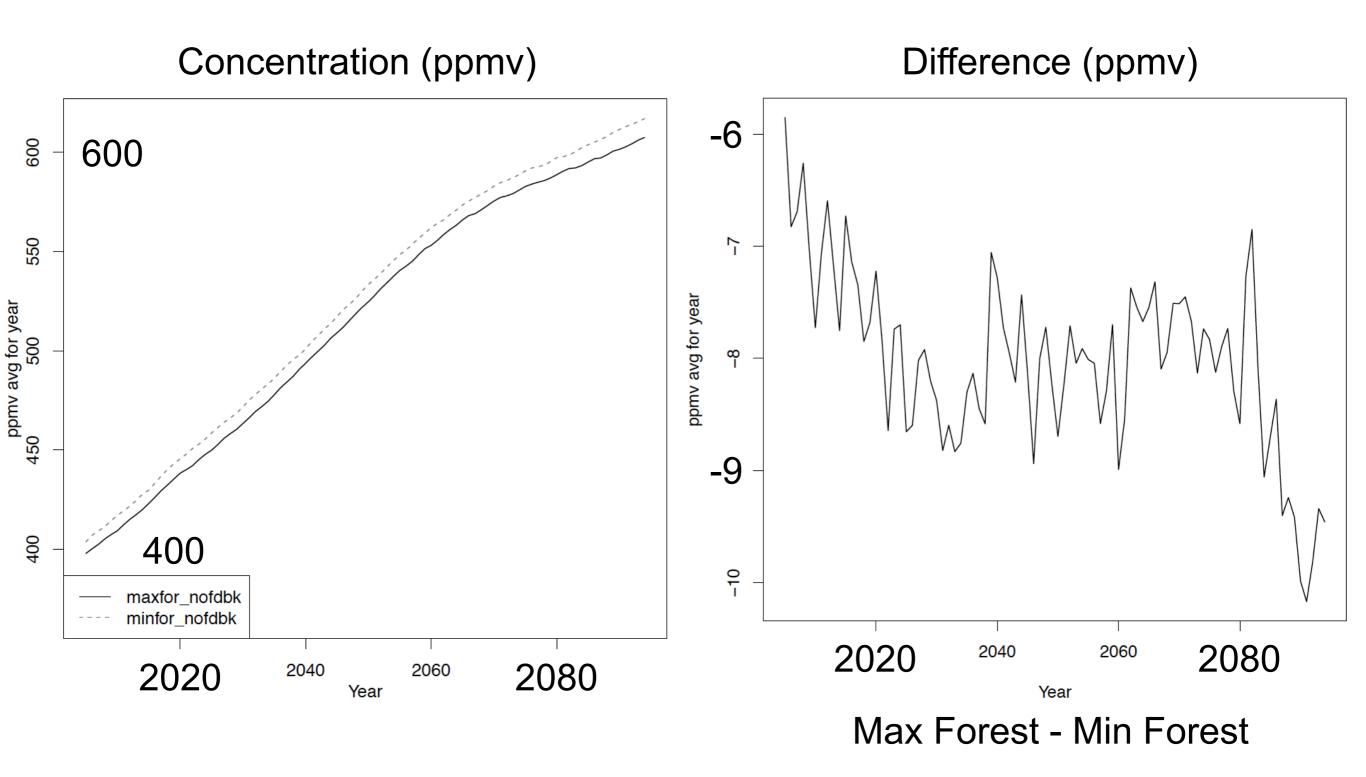
Global PFT area

### Land cover differences are maintained

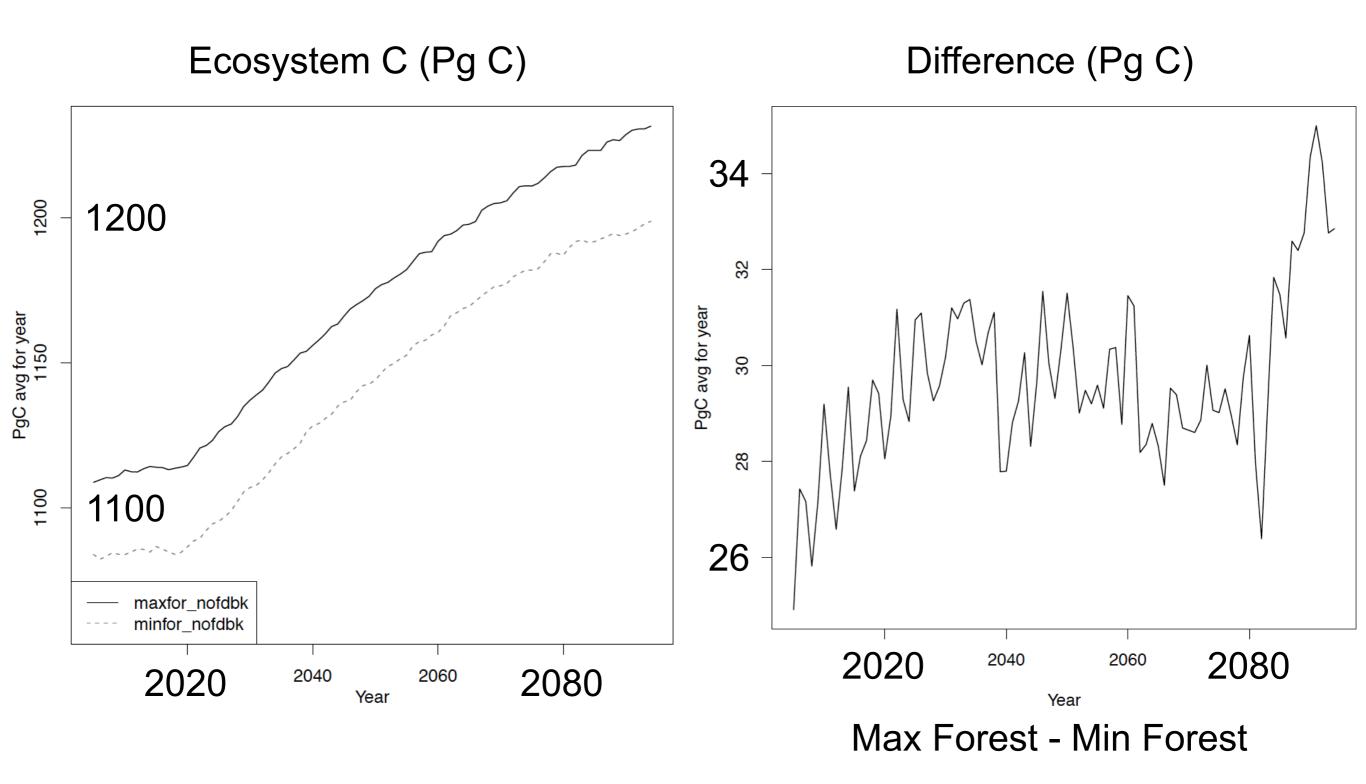
2005 forest area diff



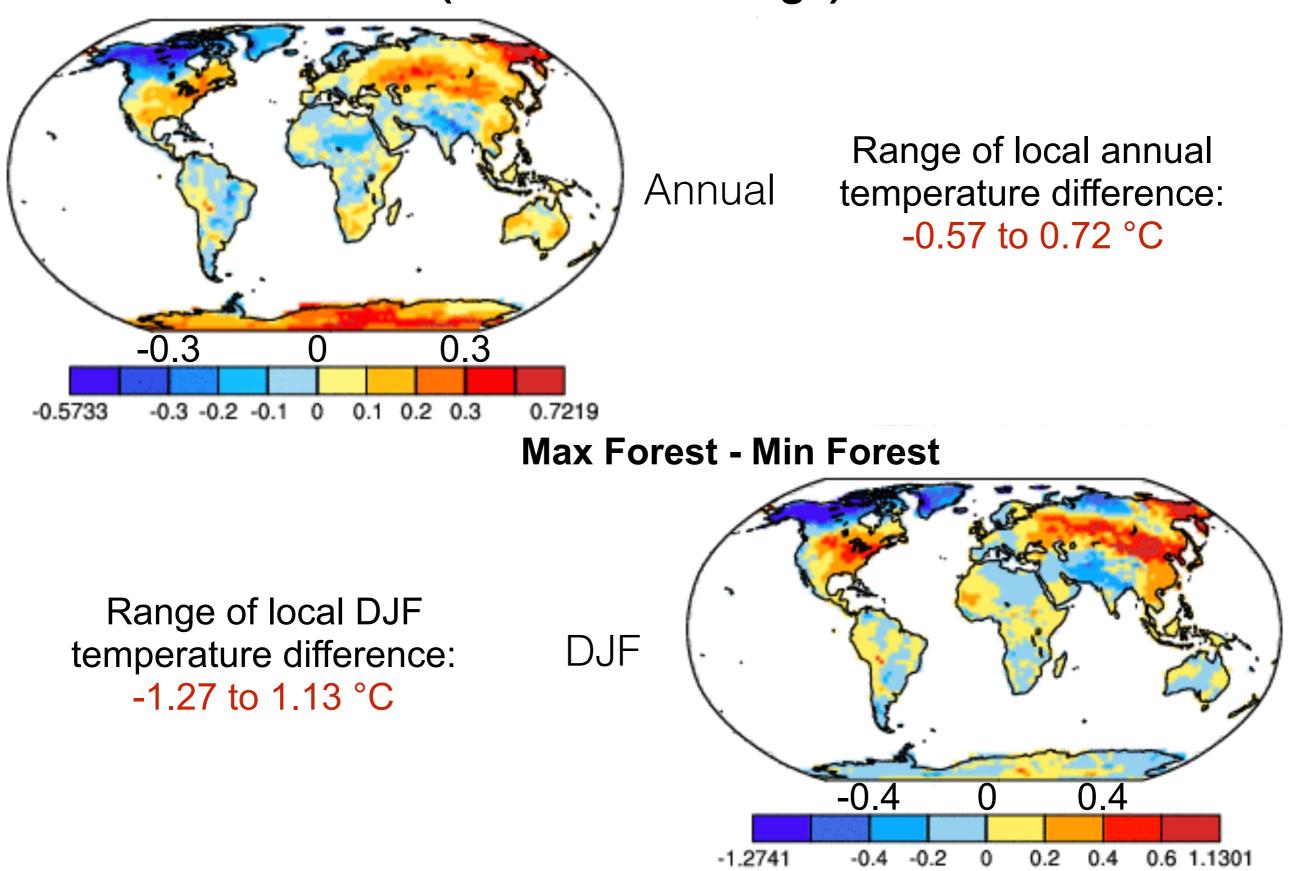
### Atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> uncertainty grows by ~50%



### **Ecosystem C uncertainty grows by ~27%**

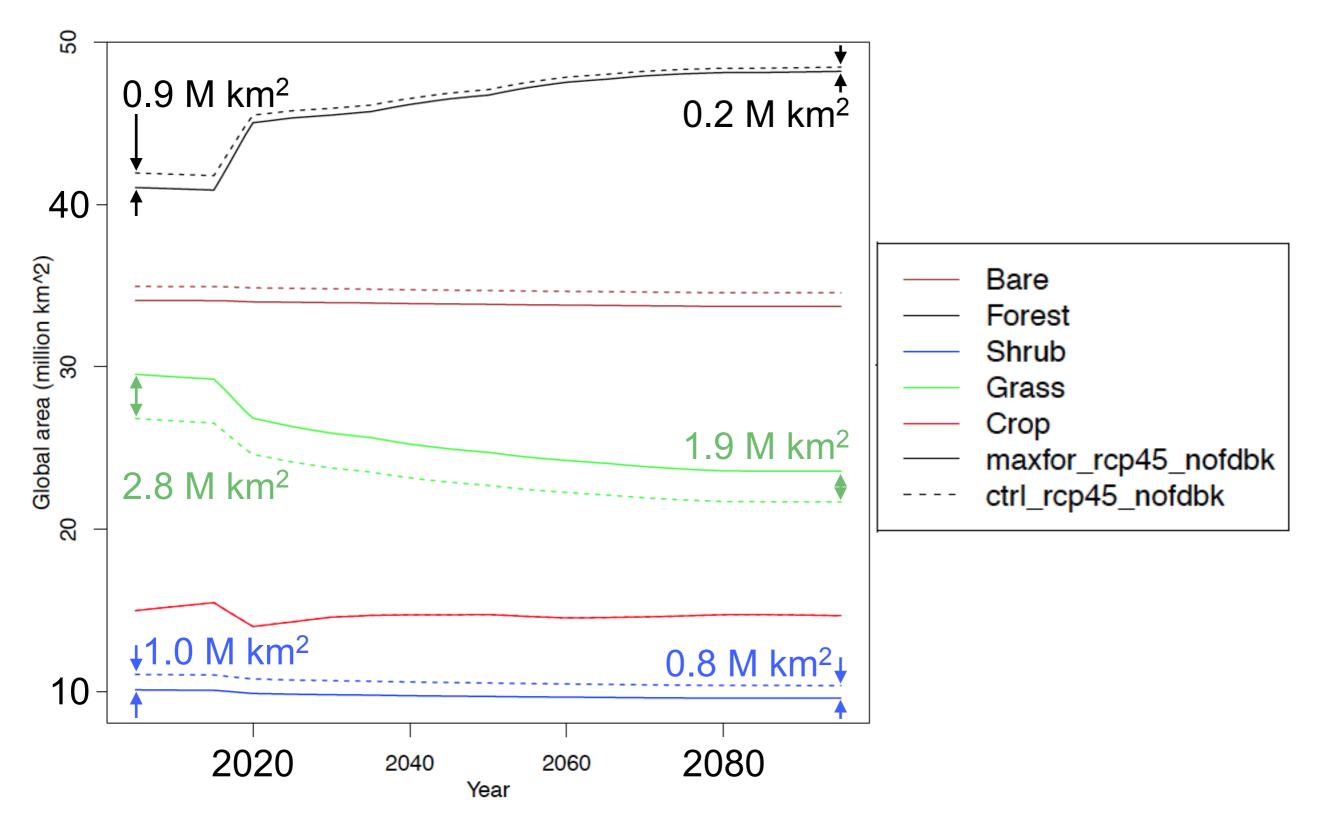


## Persistant surface air temperature uncertainty (2005-2094 average)



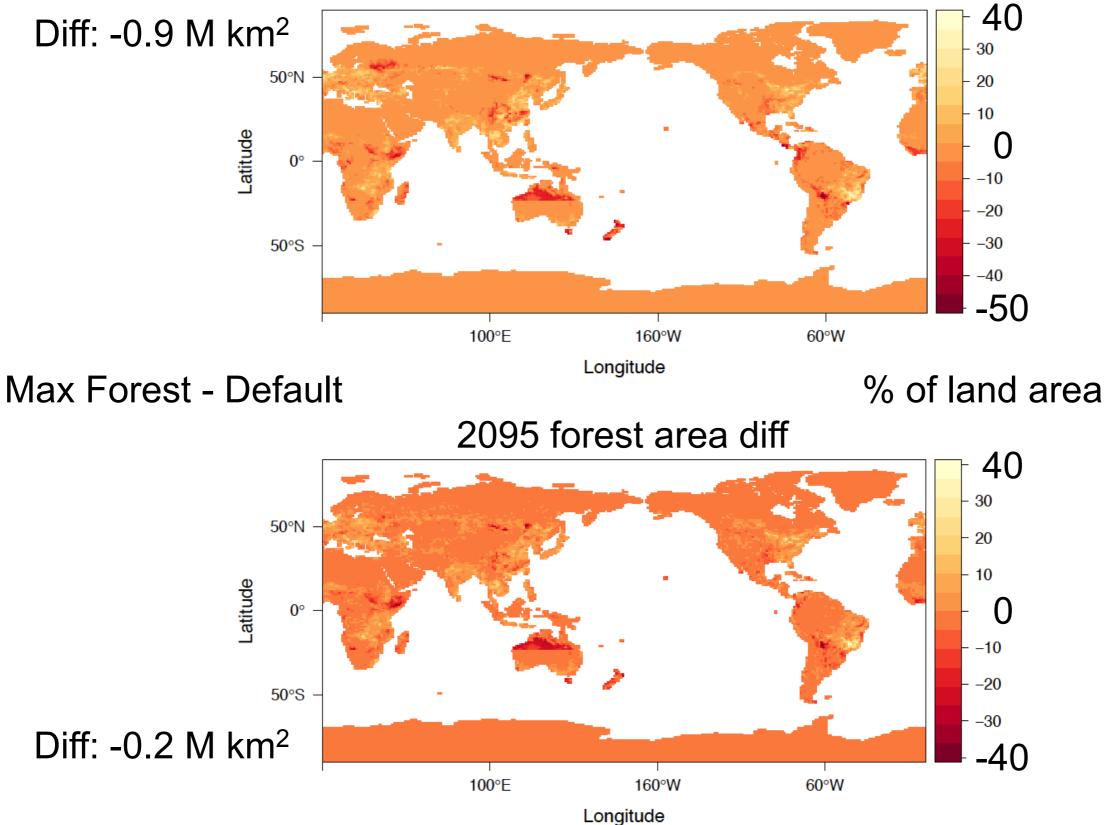
### Land cover differences are reduced

**Global PFT area** 

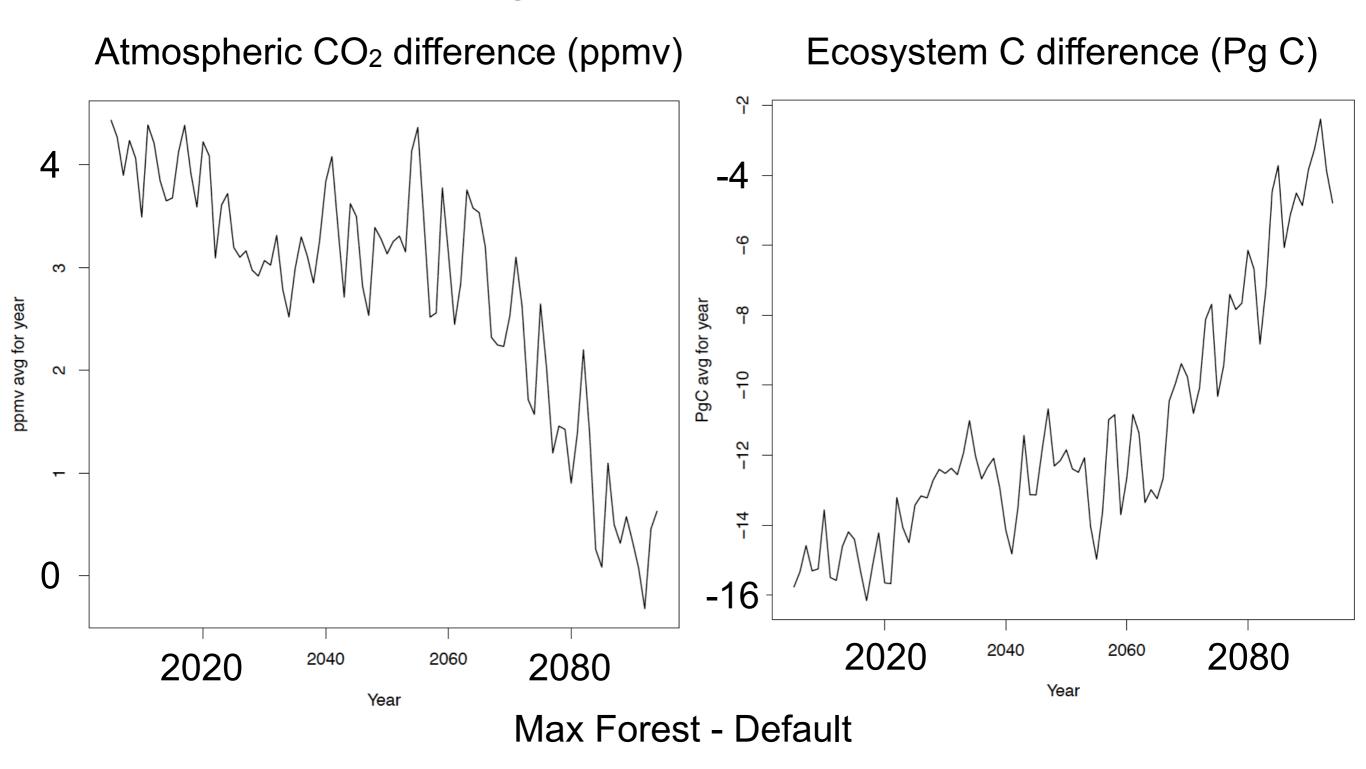


### Forest cover differences are reduced

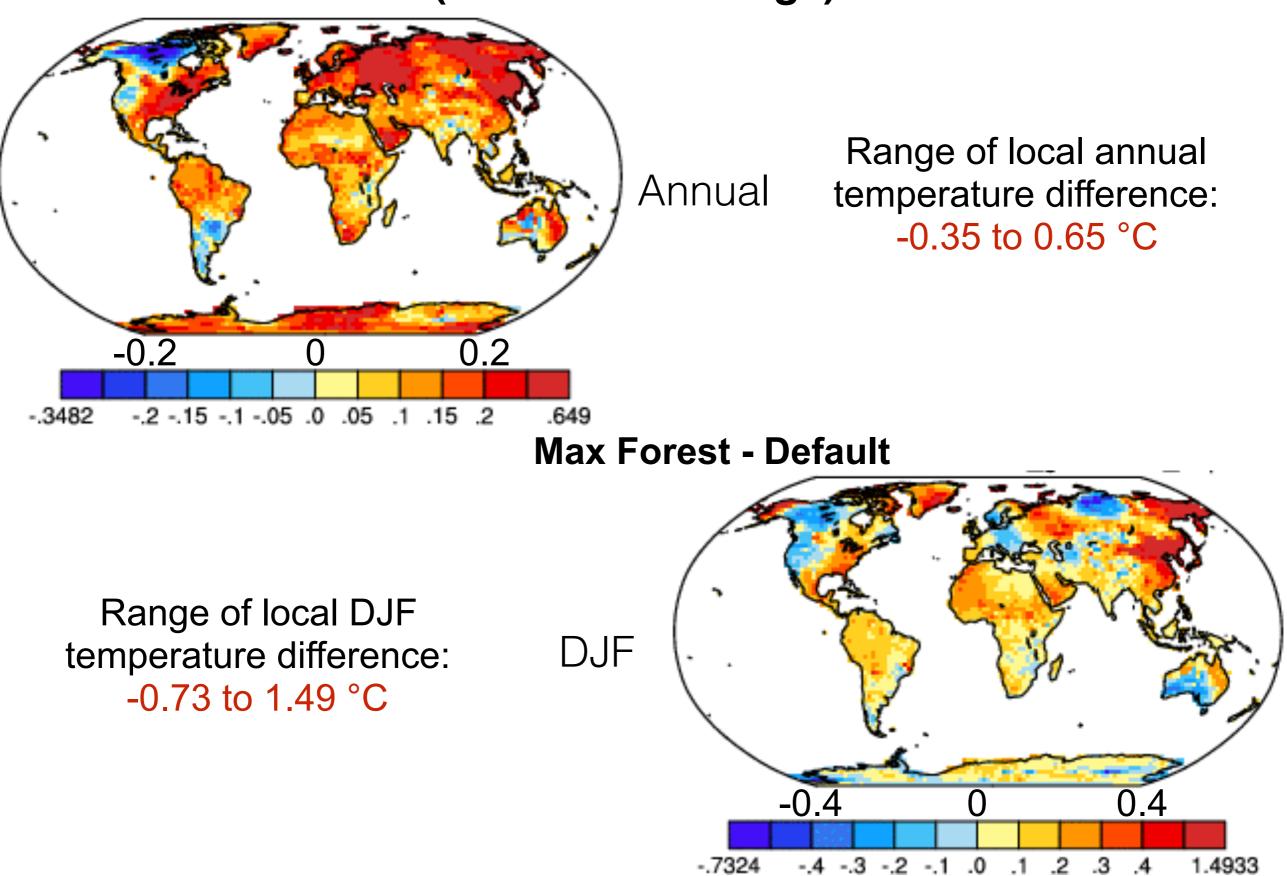




# CO<sub>2</sub> and Ecosystem C differences shrink for similar global forest area



## Persistant surface air temperature uncertainty (2005-2094 average)



 50% of 2005 atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> projection variability may be attributable to land conversion uncertainty

- 3.9 M km<sup>2</sup> initial forest area uncertainty (RCP 4.5)
  - 50% increase in atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> uncertainty
  - 27% increase in ecosystem C uncertainty
  - Range of temperature difference: -0.57 to 0.72
- Smaller differences in initial forest (0.9 M km<sup>2</sup>) and shrub (1 M km<sup>2</sup>) area also generate CO<sub>2</sub> and C and temperature differences
  - Nearly eliminating forest area difference over 90 years reduces these differences
- Forest area difference reduction may be due to cell area saturation in higher initial forest scenarios

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#### Thank you!

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