



State of CLM Update

David Lawrence and LMWG

LMWG Andrew Slater Award

The award will be given out annually for the “best student or postdoc performance” at the meeting. We hope that this award will help us all to remember the special way that Drew went about being a scientist and further that it will inspire young scientists to follow in his footsteps. Drew's way included a dedication to deep understanding of his research topics from theoretical, observational (fieldwork) and modelling angles, and also involved a certain irreverence for the status quo.



The Land Model Working Group

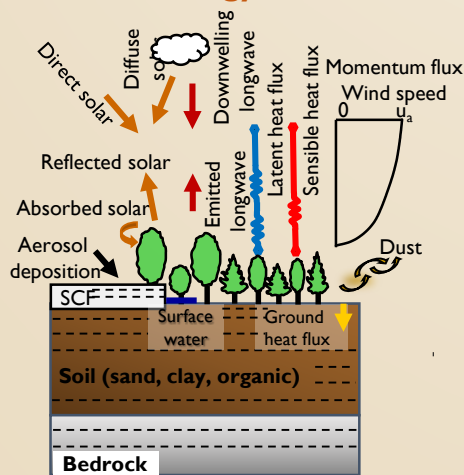
Andrew Slater Award

Is hereby granted to:

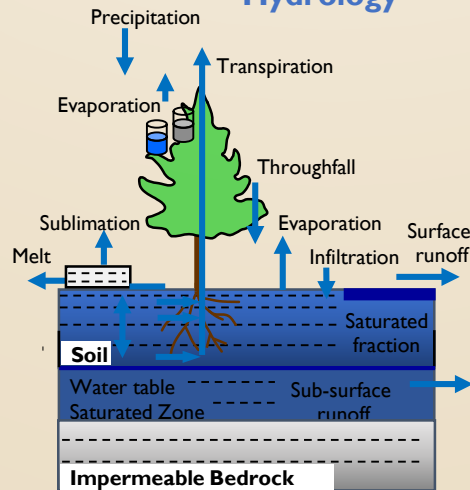
???

for best student or postdoc performance at 2018 LMWG Workshop

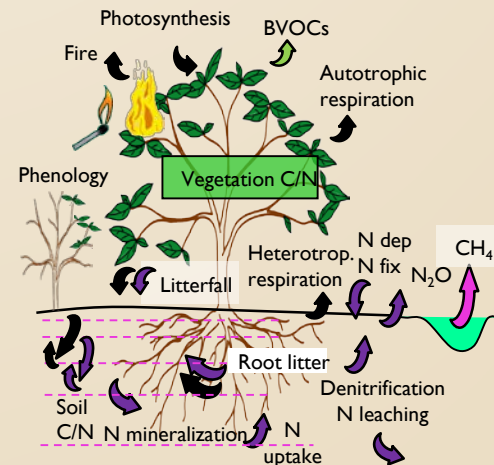
Surface energy fluxes



Hydrology

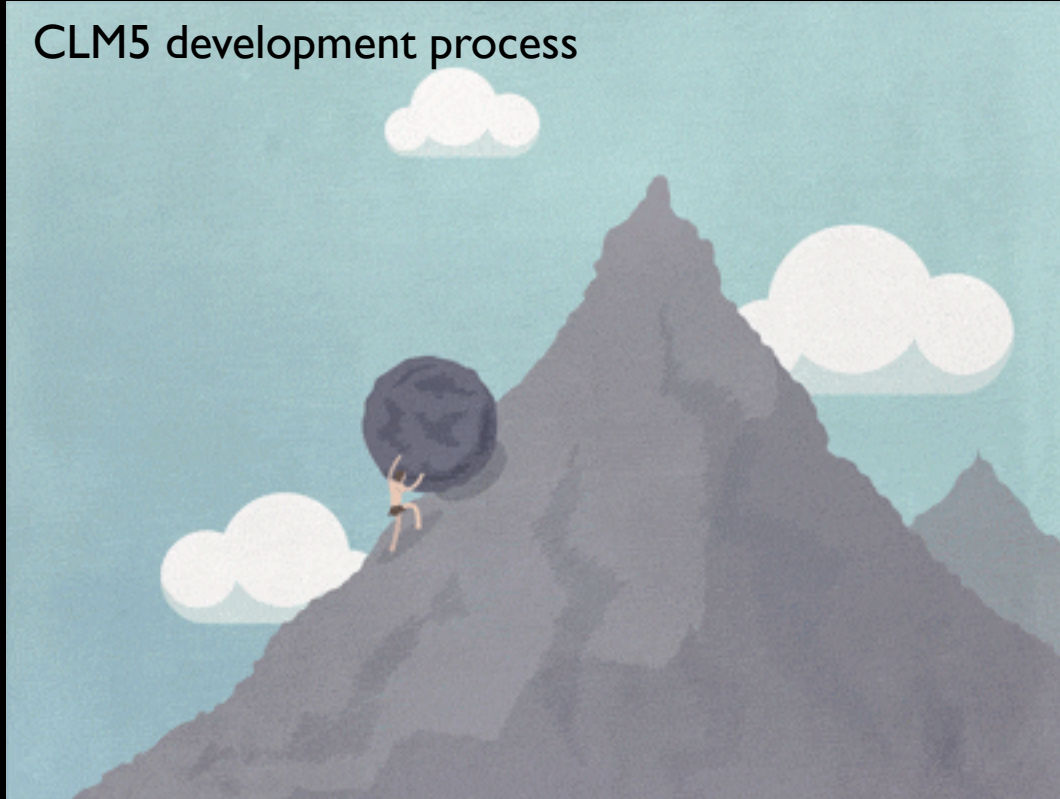


Biogeochemical cycles



CLM5 Release!

CLM5 development process





COMPOSE

Inbox (29)

Important

Sent Mail

Drafts (283)

Categories

Admin

Archives

Arctic

CCP

larches



Inbox x



Will Wieder <wwieder@ucar.edu>

10/6/17



to me, Keith, Rosie

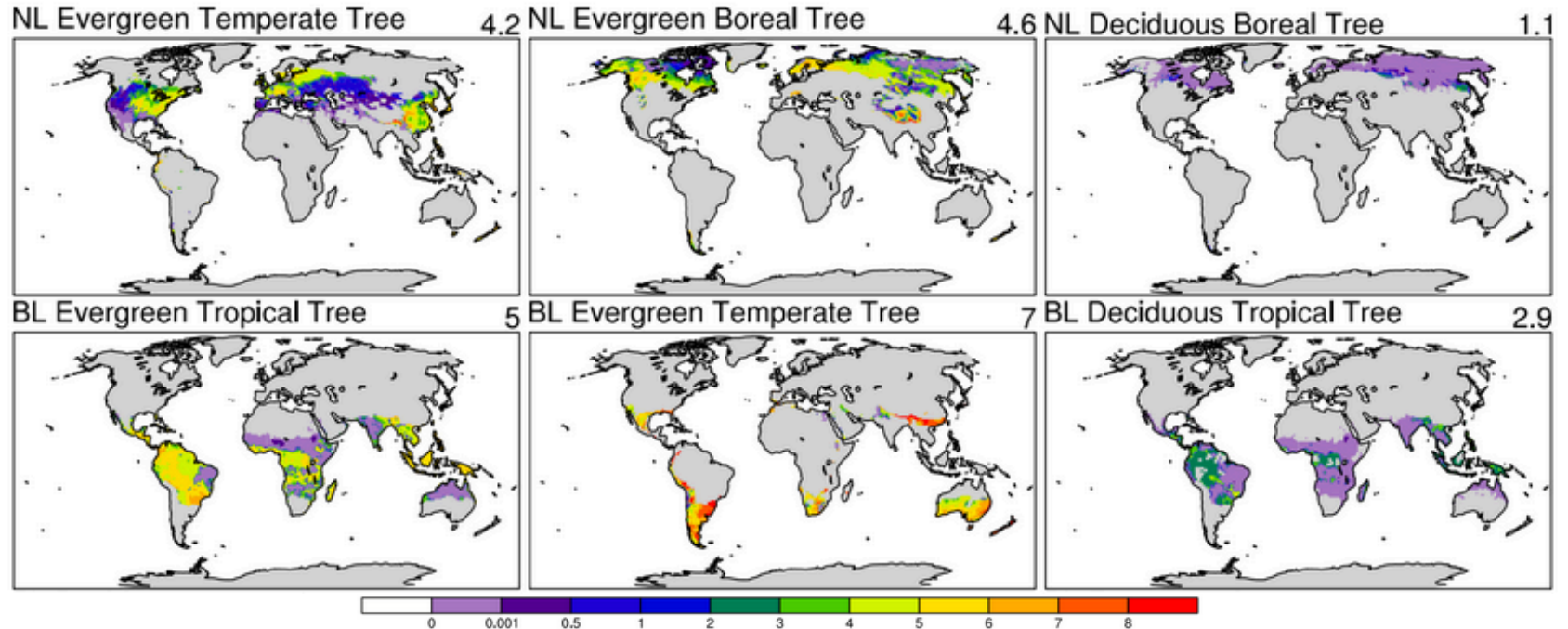
I'm afraid larches are dead again in clm5? Ditto for decid. tropical trees.

The first plot here shows the total area of each pft. The second shows the regions where max LAI is > 0.1 in 2010.

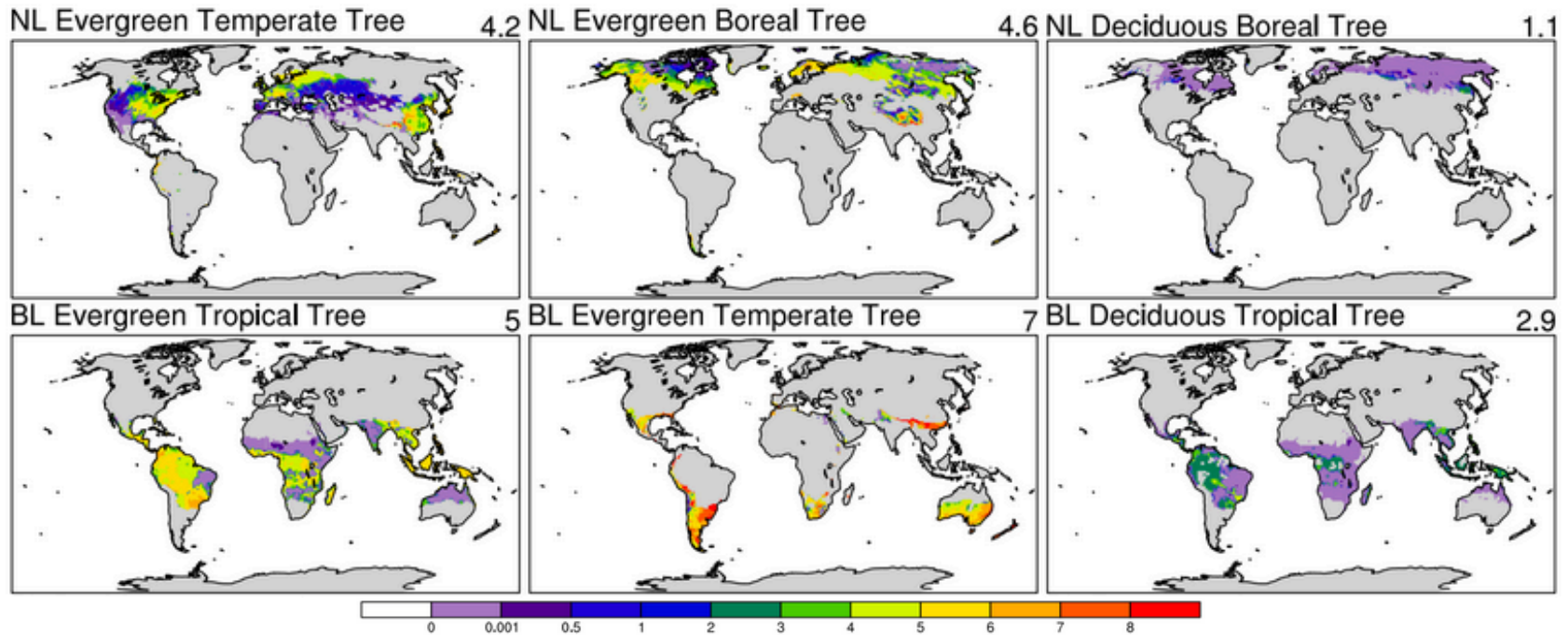
pages 3 & 4 show LAI in CLM5 and 4.5, respectively.

These are from Keith's 20th century control (tag 243) that I cloned for subsequent +CO2 and +N simulations

clm50_r243_1deg_GSWP3V2_hist 2010: ANN Max TLAI none



clm50_r243_1deg_GSWP3V2_hist 2010: ANN Max TLAI none



Parameter changes

stem_leaf from 1.5 to 1.0 for BL Deciduous Boreal Tree

stem_leaf from 0.12 to 0.24 for BL Deciduous Shrub and BL Deciduous Boreal Shrub

ekc_active from 0.36 to 0.036 for BL Deciduous Boreal Tree

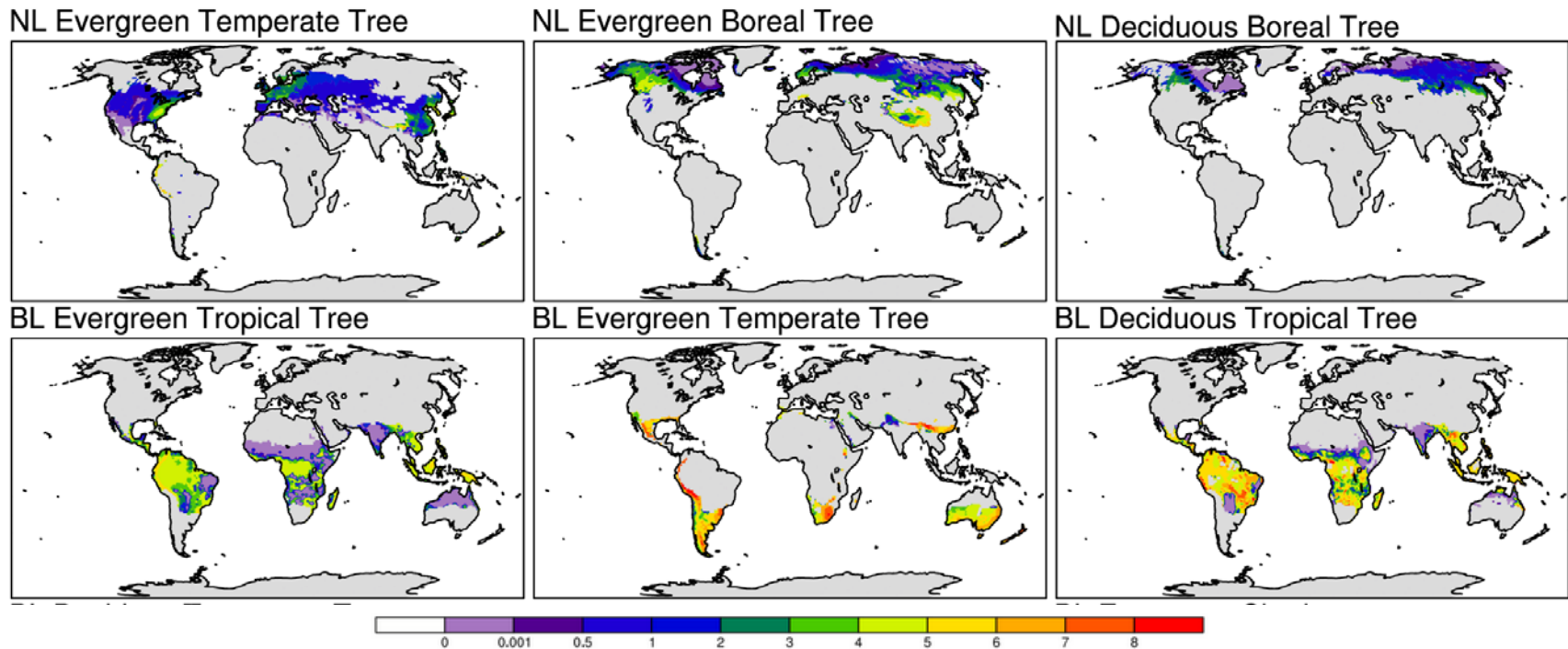
ekn_active from 0.06 to 0.006 for BL Deciduous Boreal Tree

kn_nonmyc from 0.012 to 0.0012 for BL Deciduous Boreal Tree

stem_leaf from 2.3 to 1.0 for BL Deciduous Tropical Tree

psi50 from -270000 to -340000 for BL Deciduous Tropical Tree (same as C4 grass)

b.e20.BHIST.f09_g17.20thC.215_01_1888: ANN Max TLAI (m² m⁻²)



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Mail ▾

COMPOSE

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preliminary grain plots Inbox x

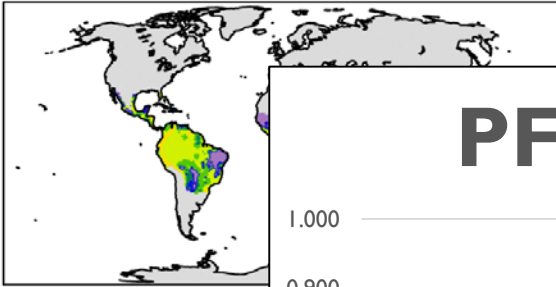
 **Danica Lombardozzi** <dll@ucar.edu> 10/13/17 ☆

to me ▾

Hi Dave,

I have to leave in a few minutes, but I wanted to send some preliminary plots. I'm still trying to figure out the best units to use for the grain time series, and I was surprised by the fact that there are some increases in grain without irrigation (the calculation is $(\text{no irrigation} - \text{control})/\text{control}$). I'll continue to work on these on Monday morning. I also have latent heat flux plotted, but I need to figure out some plotting problems.

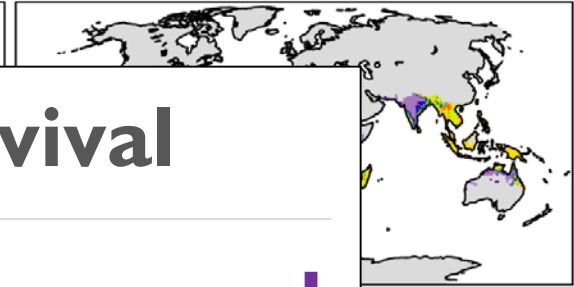
BL Evergreen Tropical Tree



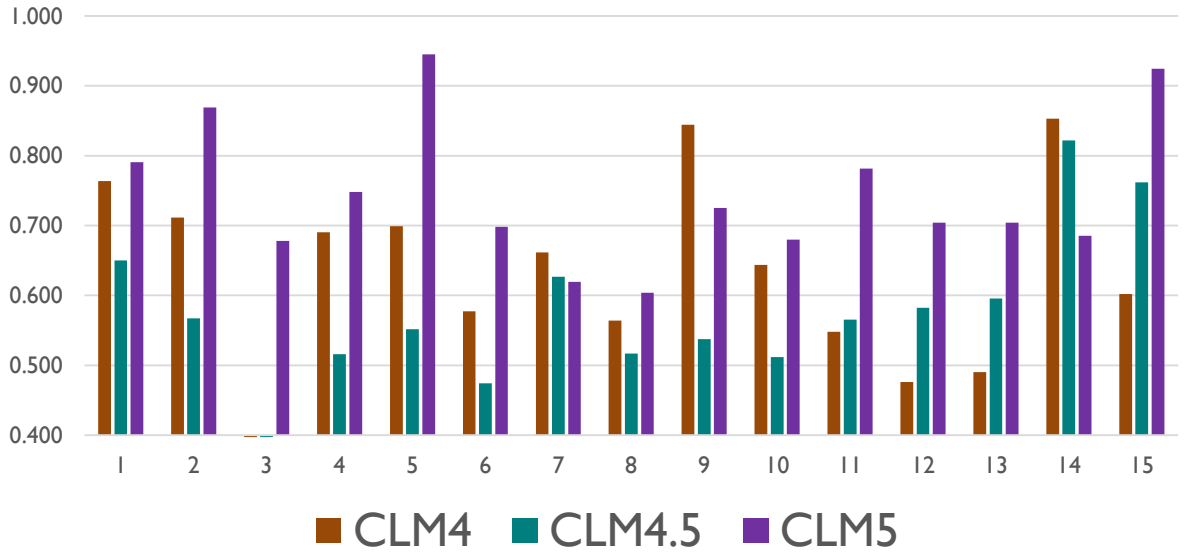
BL Evergreen Temperate Tree



BL Deciduous Tropical Tree

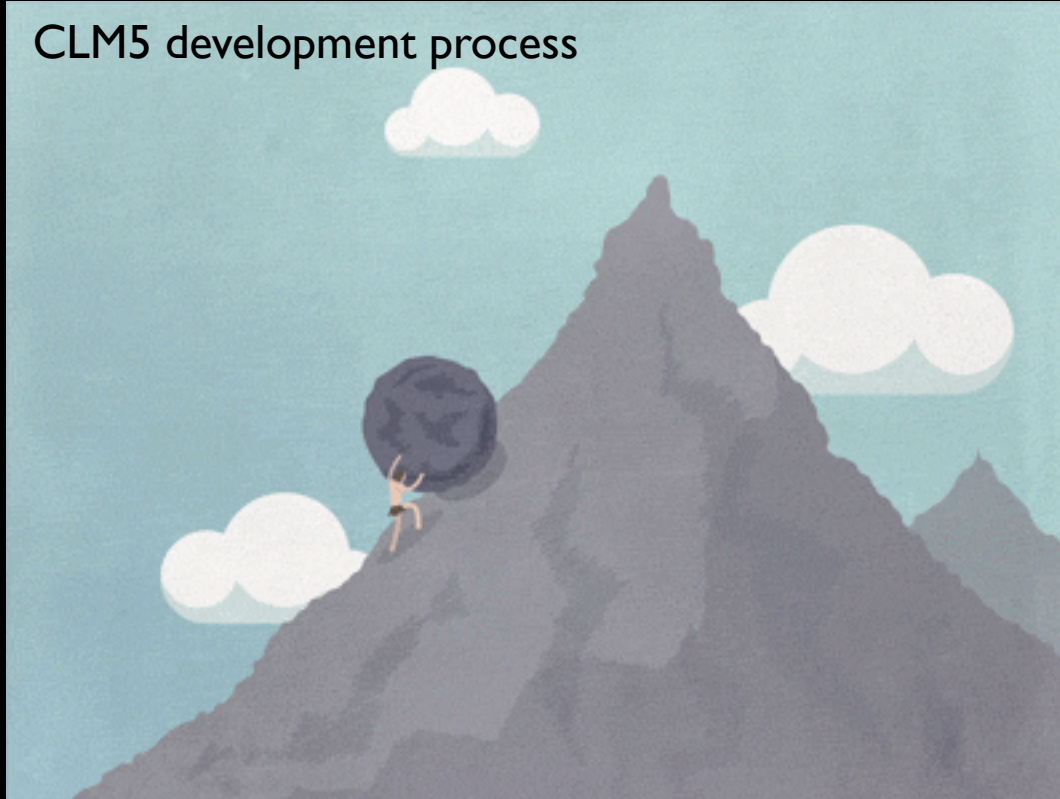


PFT Percent Survival



CLM5 Release!

CLM5 development process



CLM5 Release!



CLM5 release webpage

(www.cesm.ucar.edu/models/cesm2.0/land/)

[Home](#) / [CESM Models](#) / [CESM 2.0 Release](#) / [CLM5 Documentation](#)

CLM5 Documentation

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CLM5.0 is the latest in a series of land models developed through the CESM project. More information on the CLM project and access to previous released CLM model versions and documentation can be found via the [CLM Web Page](#). Note that CLM4.5 biogeophysics and biogeochemistry can be run from this release code. A new river model (MOSART) is also included. This release is a land-only release. The capability to run CLM5.0 within CESM2.0 will be included in the CESM2.0 release.

The Functionally Assembled Terrestrial Ecosystem Simulator ([FATES](#)) is available within the CLM5 release as a research option.

Access

- CLM5.0 is publicly available through the [Community Terrestrial System Model \(CTSM\) git repository](#)
- Download the code by executing the following commands:

```
git clone -b release-clm5.0 https://github.com/ESCOMP/ctsm.git clm5.0
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```



Documentation

- [CLM5.0 Technical Description \[html\]](#)
- [What's new in CLM5.0 \(text description\), \(list\)](#)

- [CLM5.0 User's Guide](#) (In development)
- [Quickstart Guide](#) (this is CESM2.0 Quick Start guide; note that same script commands used for CLM land-only)
- [CIME documentation](#) (CIME - pronounced "SEAM" - is the Common Infrastructure for Modeling the Earth provides a UNIX command-line-based interface for configuring, compiling and executing Earth system models including CLM)

Collaborative software development

This repository Search Pull requests Issues Marketplace Explore


ESCOMP / ctsm Watch 5 Star 1 Fork 1

<> Code Issues 204 Pull requests 3 Projects 0 Wiki Insights

Accelerate progress by enabling scientists to engage in end-to-end development

- Coding (follow coding guidelines)
- Science testing and evaluation
- Documentation (update Technical Descr.)
- Software / unit testing

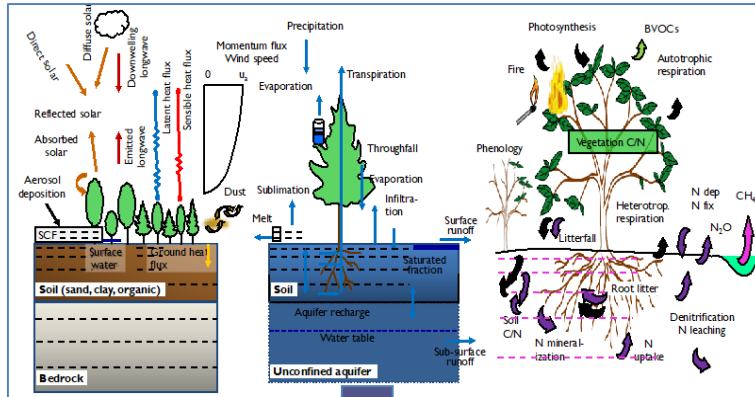
▶ Pages 10

- Development guides 
 - [Recommended git setup](#)
 - [Coding guidelines](#)
 - [System testing guide](#)
 - [Development workflow \(work in progress\)](#)
 - [Testing and PR high-level workflow](#)
 - [Testing and PR complex workflows](#)
- Meetings
 - [2018 meeting notes](#)
 - [2017 meeting notes](#)
 - [2016 meeting notes](#)

The Community Terrestrial Systems Model

a model for research and prediction in **climate**, **weather**, **water**, and **ecosystems**

CLM (CGD)

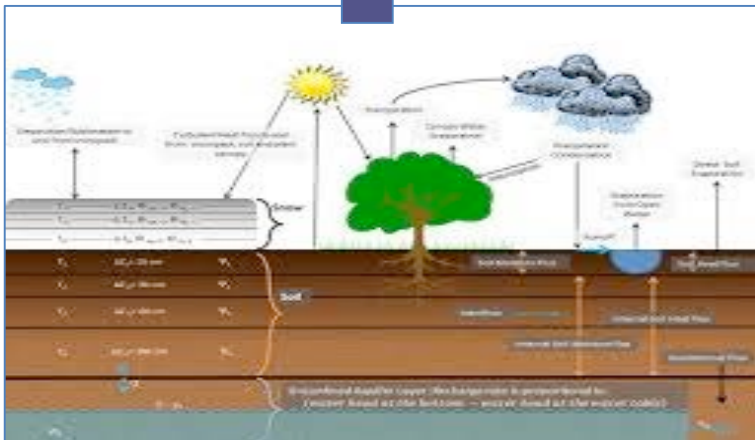


Unify land modeling across NCAR

- More efficient use of NCAR and community resources
- Consistent with NCAR emphasis on unified modeling
- Extend NCAR leadership in community modeling
- Accelerate advances
- Increase flexibility and robustness of process representation, spatial disaggregation, and numerical solution (SUMMA concepts, modularization)
- Enable more hypothesis-driven science
- Integrate and expand land modeling research and development community
- Expand funding opportunities?

SUMMA
concepts

CTSM



Noah-MP, WRF-Hydro (RAL)

CLM5 release webpage (www.cesm.ucar.edu/models/cesm2.0/land/)

[Home](#) / [CESM Models](#) / [CESM 2.0 Release](#) / [CLM5 Documentation](#)

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 - 2.1.1.2. CLM2
 - 2.1.1.3. CLM3
 - 2.1.1.4. CLM3.5
 - 2.1.1.5. CLM4
 - 2.1.1.6. CLM4.5
 - 2.1.1.7. CLM5.0
- 2.1.2. Biogeophysical and Biogeochemical Processes

Previous topic

2. CLM Technical Note

Next topic

2.2. Surface Characterization, Vertical Discretization, and Model Input Requirements

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Show Source

Quick search

February 2018

Technical Description of version 5.0 of the Community Land Model (CLM)

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National Center for Atmospheric Research P. O. Box 3000, Boulder, Colorado 80307-300

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- [Figure 2.1](#) Land biogeophysical, biogeochemical, and landscape processes simulated by CLM (adapted from [Lawrence et al. \(2011\)](#) for CLM5.0).
- [Figure 2.2](#) Configuration of the CLM subgrid hierarchy.
- [Figure 2.3](#) Schematic diagram of (a) direct beam radiation, (b) diffuse solar radiation, and (c) longwave radiation absorbed, transmitted, and reflected by vegetation and ground.

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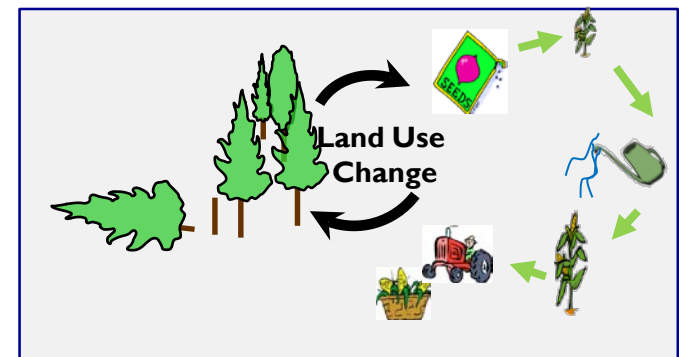
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What's new in CLM5 since CLM4.5

- Hydrology:** dry surface layer, spatially variable soil depth (0.4 to 8.5m) max depth, revised GW and canopy interception, adaptive time-stepping, increased soil layer resolution
- Snow:** canopy snow, wind and T effects on snow dens., firn model (12 layers), glacier MEC
- Rivers:** MOSART (hillslope → tributary → main channel)
- Nitrogen:** New C-N coupling (flexible leaf C:N ratio, leaf N optimization, C cost for N)
- Vegetation:** plant hydraulics and hydraulic redist, deep rooted tropical trees, Medlyn stomatal cond, **Ecosystem Demography (FATES), prognostic roots, ozone damage**
- Fire:** updates, **trace gas and aerosol emissions**
- Crops:** global crop model with transient irrigation and fertilization (8 crop types), grain product pool, revised irrigation scheme
- Carbon:** revisions to carbon allocation and soil carbon decomposition
- Land cover/use:** dynamic landunits, updated PFT-distribution, wood harvest by mass
- Isotopes:** carbon and isotope enabled

CLM5 default configuration

CLM5 optional feature



Component Model Namelist Definitions for CLM4.5/5.0

Component tag: clm4_5_18_r274

CESM Version: CESM2.0

HTML created on: 2018-02-02

This page contains the complete list of CLM4.5/5.0 namelist variables available.

They are grouped by categories designed to aid browsing.

Clicking on the name of a variable will display additional descriptive information.

Click on the "Show Details" button and then ctrl+F key to search for specific strings in this file.

Show Details

Hide Details

Category: bgc

denitrif_nitrateconc_coefficient Group: nitrif_inparm	Multiplier for nitrate concentration for max denitrification rates (ONLY us...
denitrif_nitrateconc_exponent Group: nitrif_inparm	Exponent power for nitrate concentrationfor max denitrification rates (ONLY...
denitrif_respiration_coefficient Group: nitrif_inparm	Multiplier for heterotrophic respiration for max denitrification rates (ONL...
denitrif_respiration_exponent Group: nitrif_inparm	Exponent power for heterotrophic respiration for max denitrification rates ...
k_nitr_max Group: nitrif_inparm	Maximum nitrification rate constant (1/s) (ONLY used if use_nitrif_denitrif...
use_century_decomp Group: clm_inparm	Use parameters for decomposition from the CENTURY Carbon model Requires the...
use_cn Group: clm_inparm	CLM Biogeochemistry mode : Carbon Nitrogen model (CN) (or CLM45BGC if phys=...
use_cndv Group: clm_inparm	CLM Biogeochemistry mode : Carbon Nitrogen with Dynamic Global Vegetation M...

Land-only simulations for CLM5 release, documentation papers, and CMIP6

	CLM4				CLM4.5				CLM5			
Forcing	SP	BGC	+N, +CO ₂	no LULC C	SP	BGC	+N, +CO ₂	no LULC C	SP	BGC crop	+N, +CO ₂	no LULC C
GSWP3 v1	✓ <input type="checkbox"/>	✓ <input type="checkbox"/> *	✓ <input type="checkbox"/>	✓ <input type="checkbox"/>	✓ <input type="checkbox"/>	✓ <input type="checkbox"/> *	✓ <input type="checkbox"/>	✓ <input type="checkbox"/>	✓ <input type="checkbox"/>	✓ <input type="checkbox"/> *	✓ <input type="checkbox"/>	✓ <input type="checkbox"/>
CRUNCEP v7		✓ <input type="checkbox"/>				✓ <input type="checkbox"/>			✓ <input type="checkbox"/>	✓ <input type="checkbox"/> *		✓ <input type="checkbox"/>
WATCH/ WFDEI									✓ <input type="checkbox"/> F	✓ <input type="checkbox"/> F		

✓ Historical simulation (1850-2014,^W 1850-2001,^{WF} 1979-2014)

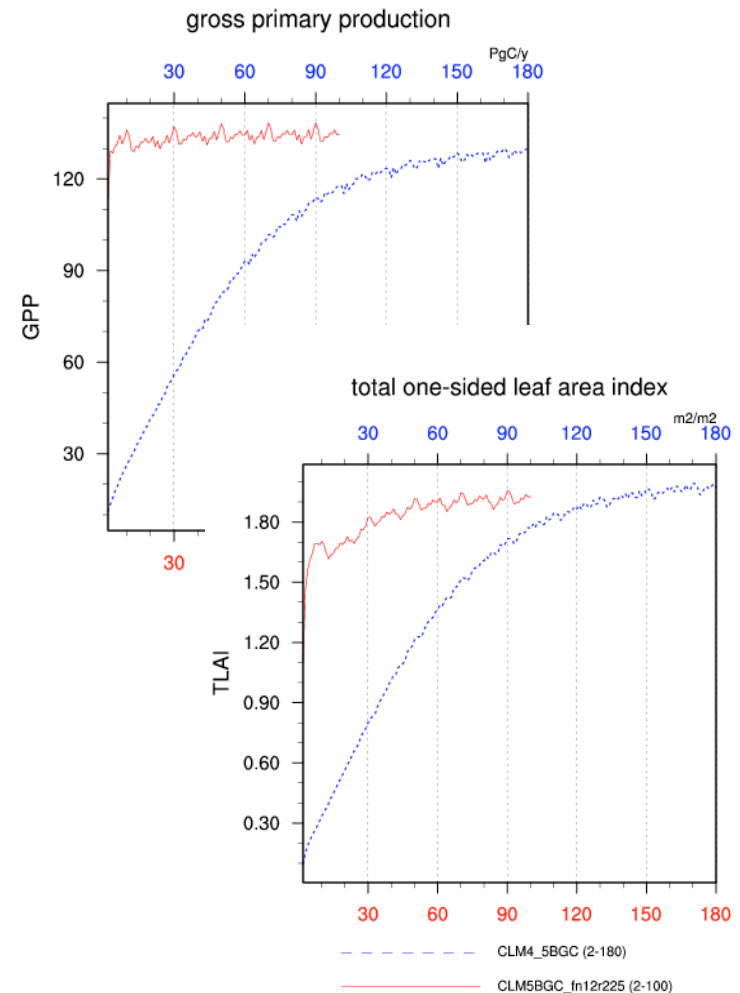
* Projection period simulations (RCP8.5 2015-2300)

○ Daily and hourly output

New features

- Online initial condition interpolation (`use_init_interp = .true.`)
- Much faster accelerated spin-up (biogeophysical land state comes into equil quickly)
 - CLM4, 2000+ years; CLM5, ~800 years
- Lots of namelist control
 - `Ind_in`: ~240 lines CLM5; 18 lines CLM4
- Anomaly forcing
 - Force CLM with climate anomalies
- Dynamic landunits

Configuration	Cost (pe-hrs/yr)
CLM4.0 CN	20
CLM4.5 BGC	80 (4x)
CLM5.0 BGC	120 (6x)
CLM5.0 BGC-crop	175 (8x)
CLM5.0 no BGC	50



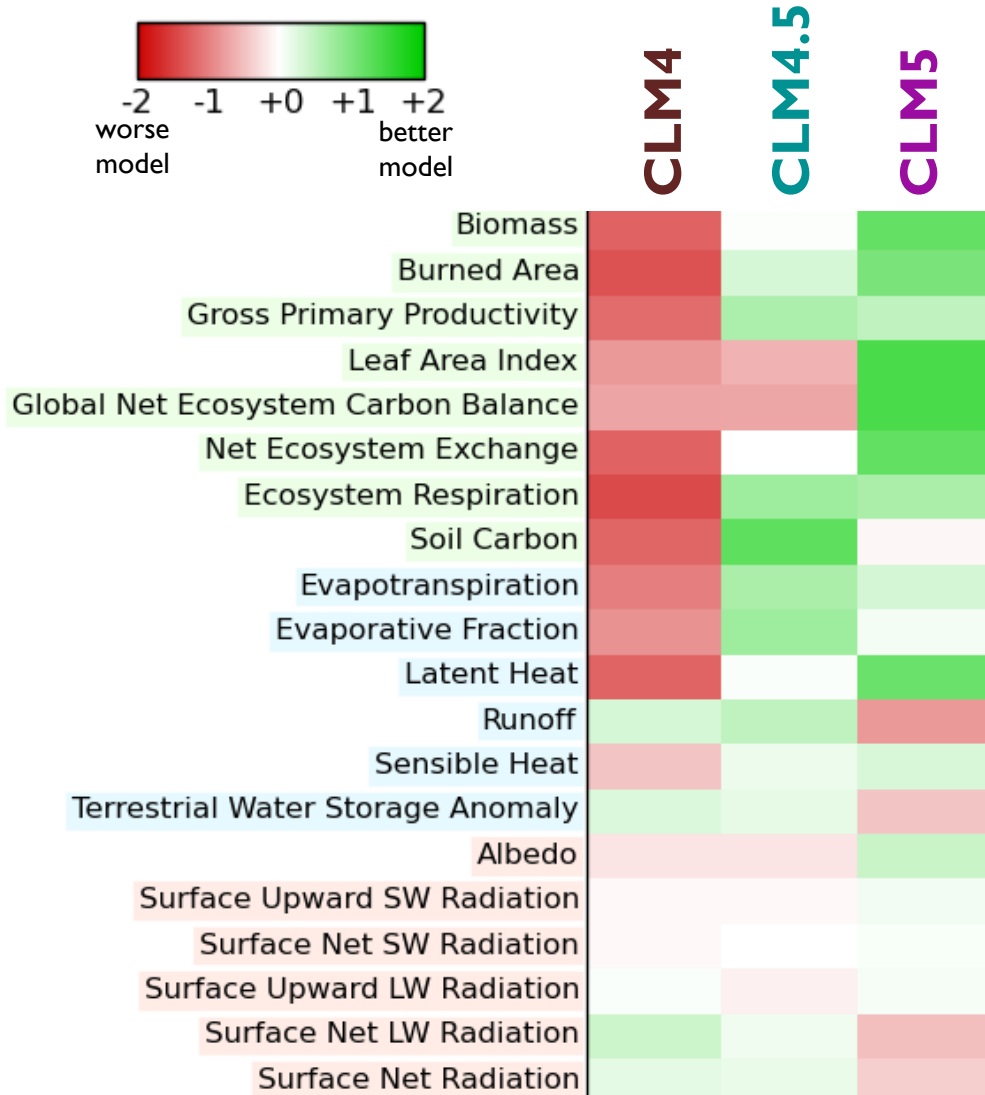
CLM4.0, CLM4.5, AND CLM5.0 0.9°X1.25° "STAND-ALONE" (I COMPONENT SET) ILAMB DIAGNOSTICS

ILAMB (International Land Atmosphere Model Benchmarking) project

[CESM2.0 Home Page](#)

Models and (Forcing Datasets)	Regions	Diagnostics
CLM5SP (GSWP3,CRUNCEP,WFDEI)	Global Only	Plots
CLM5BGC (GSWP3,CRUNCEP,WATCH)	Global Only	Plots
CLM4BGC, CLM4.5BGC, CLM5BGC (GSWP3)	All	Plots
CLM4BGC,CLM4.5BGC,CLM5BGC (GSWP3,CRUNCEP); CLM4SP,CLM4.5SP,CLM5SP (GSWP3)	Global Only	Plots

CLM land-only forced with GSWP3 prognostic vegetation and carbon configuration



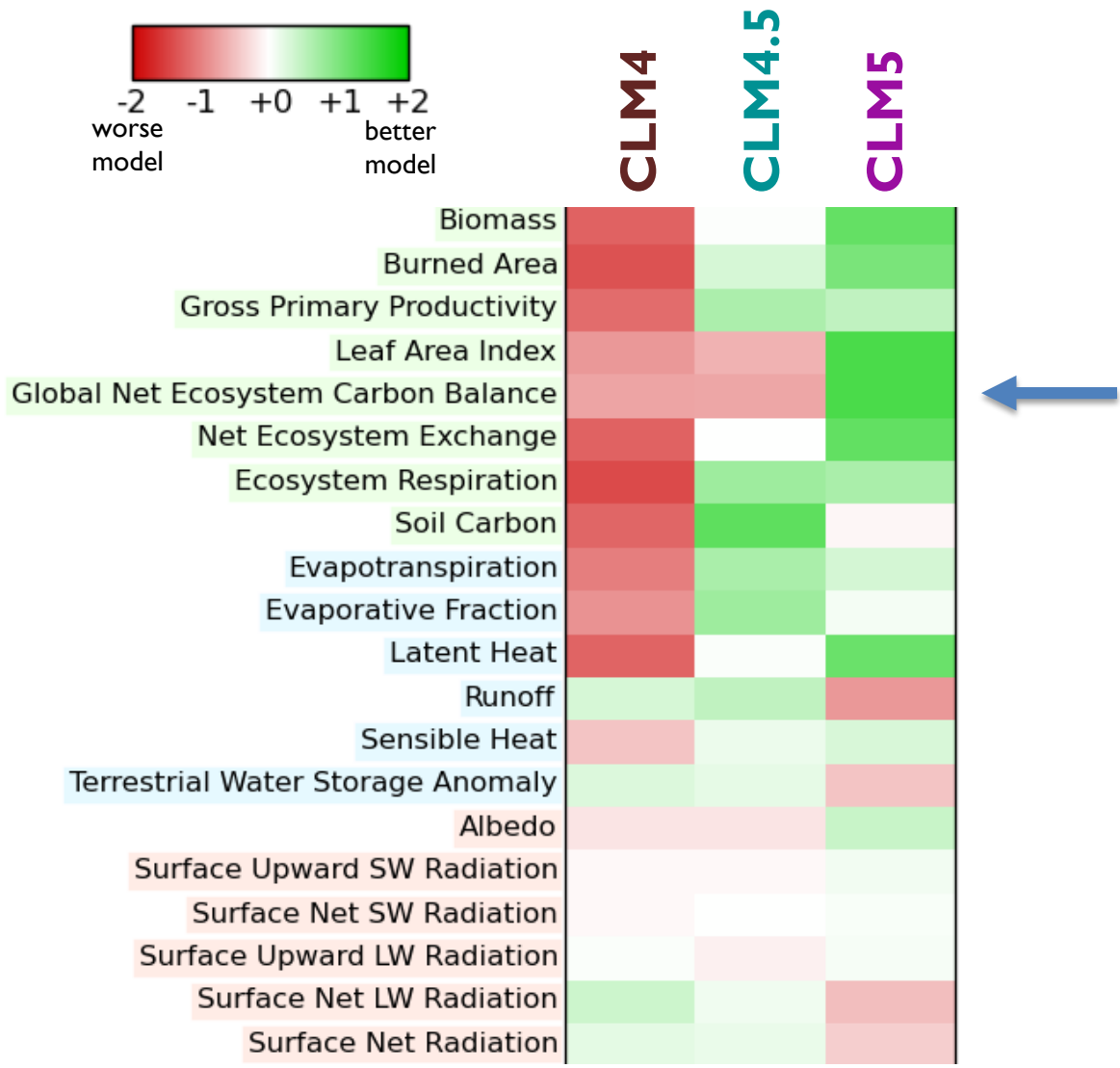
- For majority of variables, progression in simulation quality from CLM4 to CLM5
- Why?
 - Improvements in mechanistic treatment of processes (e.g., hydrology, biogeochemistry, land use)
 - But, many more moving parts

ILAMB Runoff Metrics Table

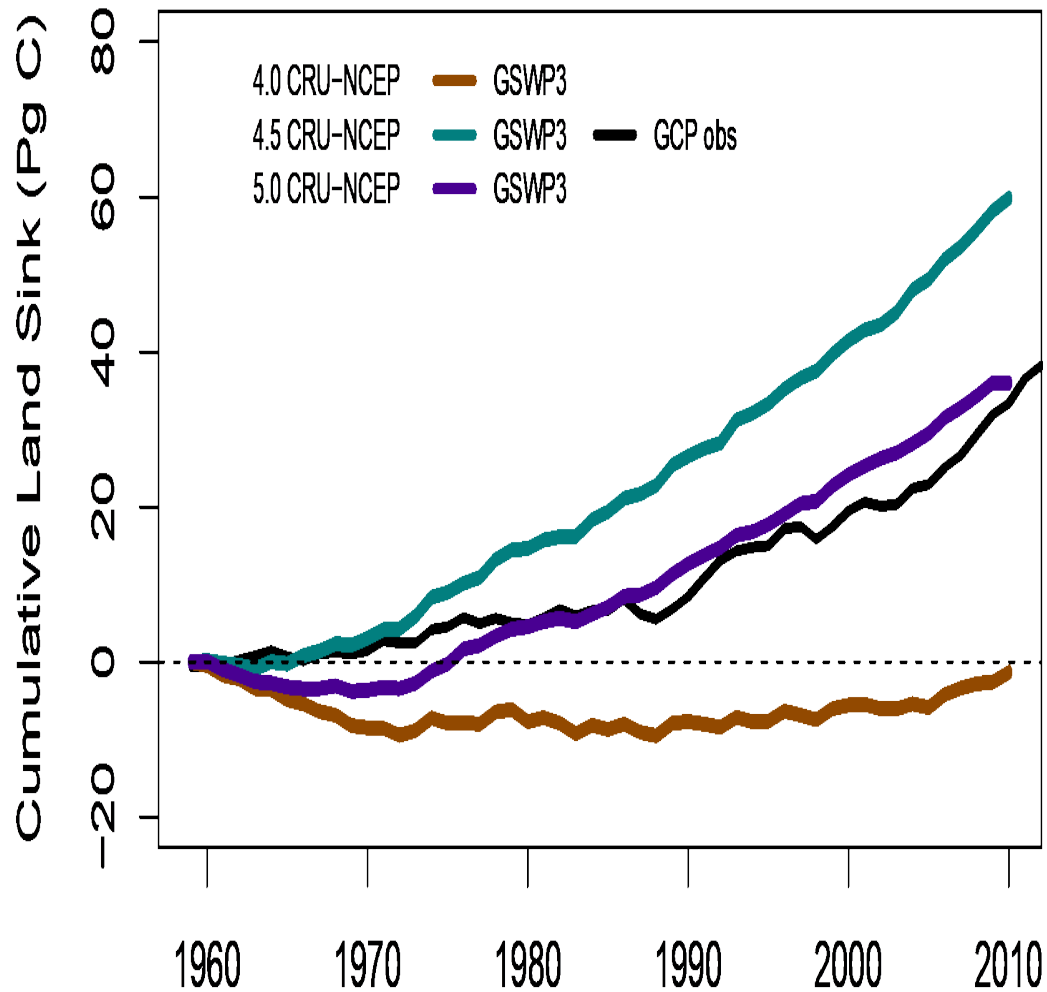
Benchmark	[-]	Download Data	Period Mean [mm d-1]	Bias [mm d-1]	Bias Score [1]	Spatial Distribution Score [1]	Interannual Variability Score [1]	Overall Score [1]
Benchmark	[-]	0.825						
CLM4.0_CRUNCEP	[-]	0.525		-0.300	0.68	0.68	0.69	0.68
CLM4.0_GSWP3	[-]	0.769		-0.0568	0.81	0.93	0.68	0.81
CLM4.0SP_GSWP3	[-]	0.861		0.0353	0.81	0.97	0.64	0.81
CLM4.5_CRUNCEP	[-]	0.581		-0.244	0.72	0.87	0.67	0.75
CLM4.5_GSWP3	[-]	0.812		-0.0137	0.80	0.97	0.66	0.81
CLM4.5SP_GSWP3	[-]	0.836		0.0108	0.82	0.98	0.66	0.82
CLM5.0_CRUNCEP	[-]	0.581		-0.245	0.69	0.80	0.58	0.69
CLM5.0_GSWP3	[-]	0.913		0.0875	0.79	0.97	0.59	0.79
CLM5.0SP_GSWP3	[-]	0.888		0.0627	0.81	0.97	0.61	0.79



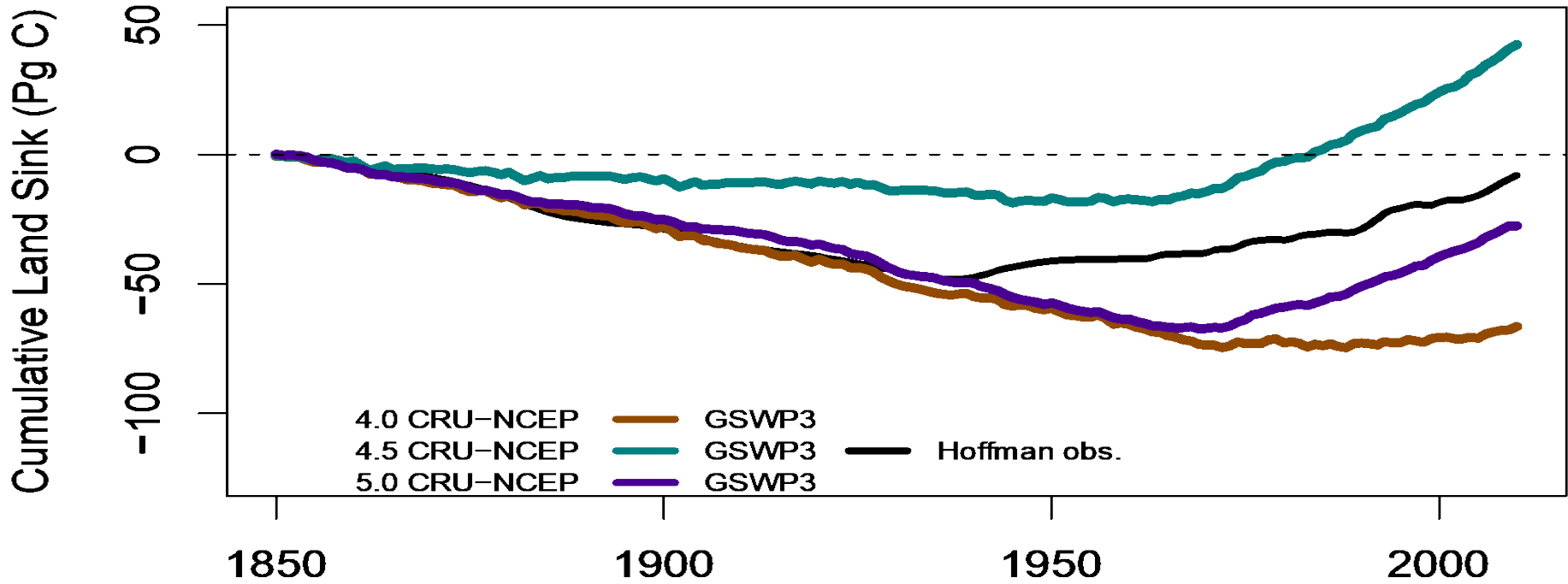
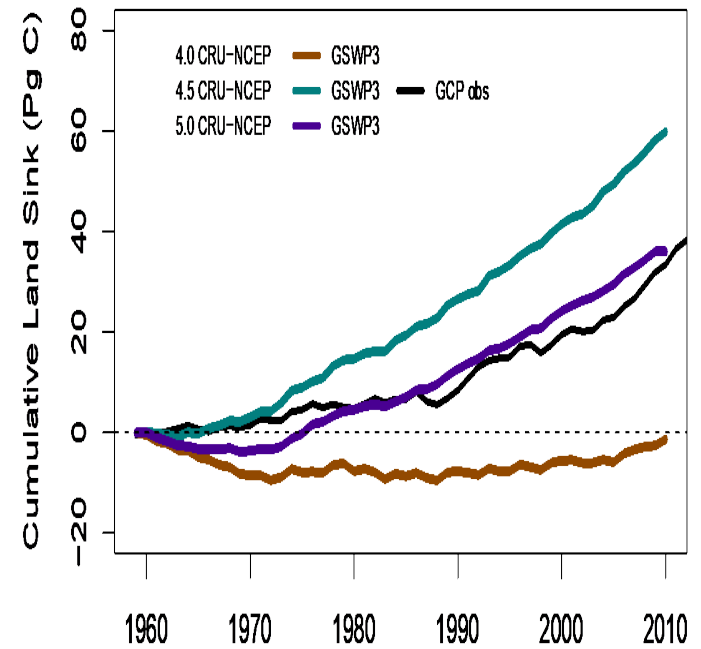
CLM land-only forced with GSWP3 prognostic vegetation and carbon configuration



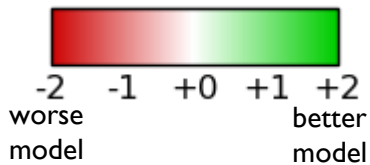
Cumulative historical land carbon fluxes



Cumulative historical land carbon fluxes



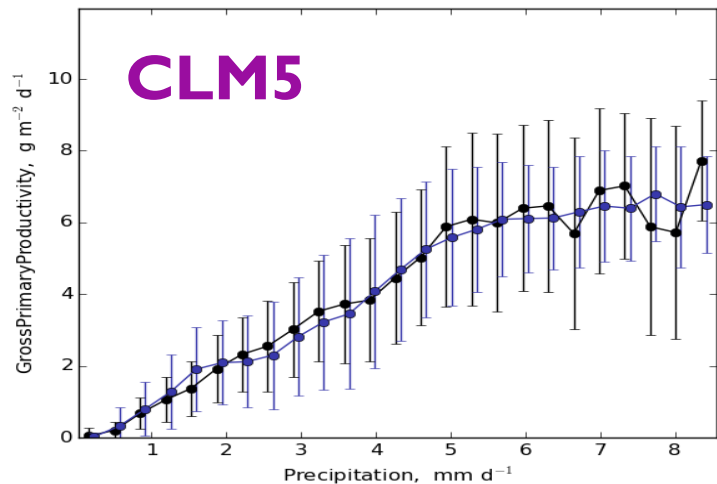
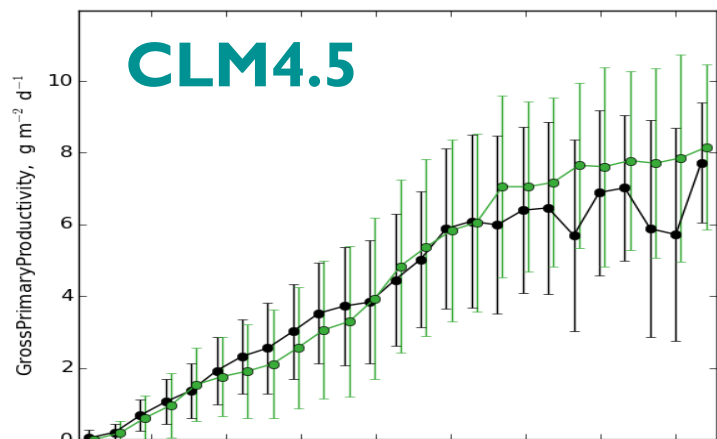
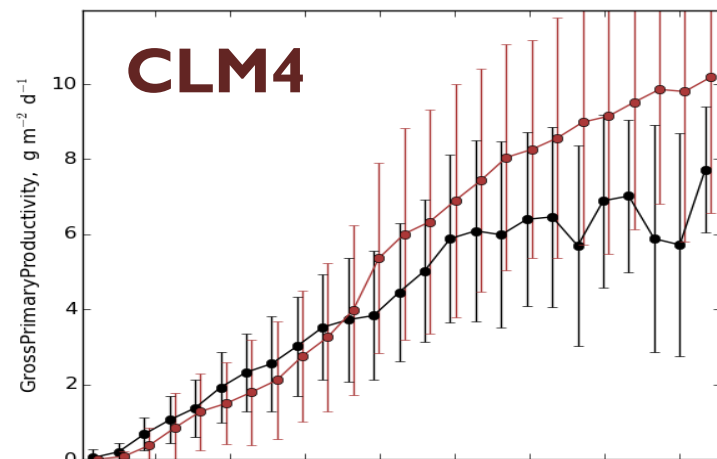
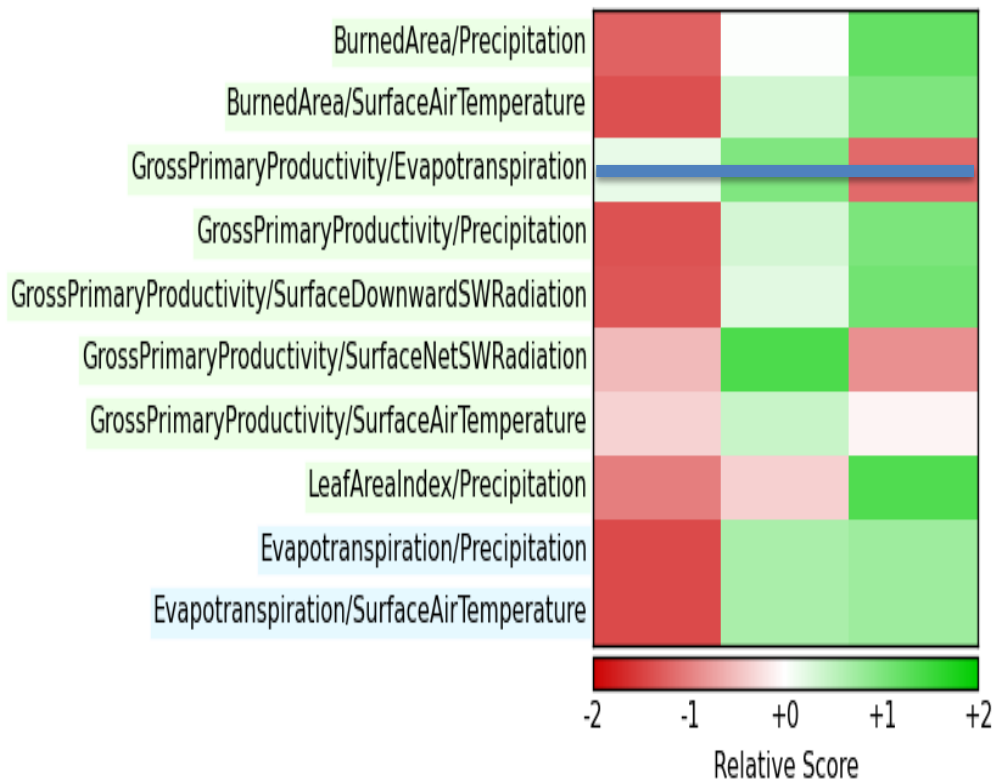
Functional Relationships: Summary diagram



CLM4

CLM4.5

CLM5



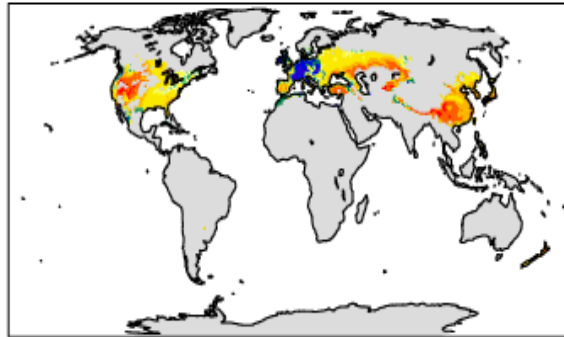
Future ILAMB diagnostics: Leaf Area Index (LAI) bias by Plant Functional Type

**Reduced bias in 12
out of 15 PFTs**

NL Evergreen Temperate Tree

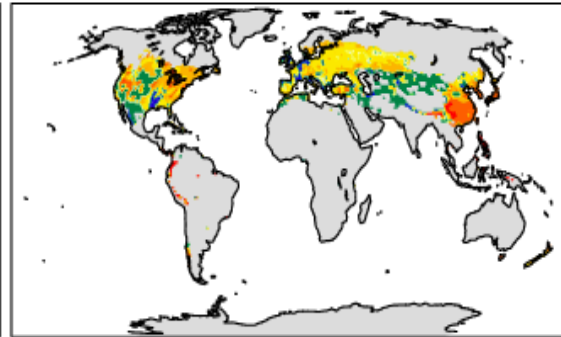
rmsd= 2.5

CLM4



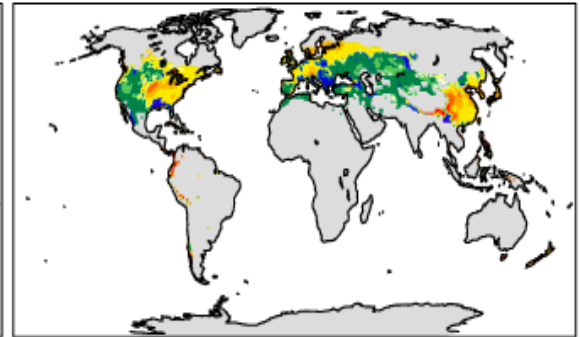
rmsd= 2.6

CLM4.5



rmsd= 2.1

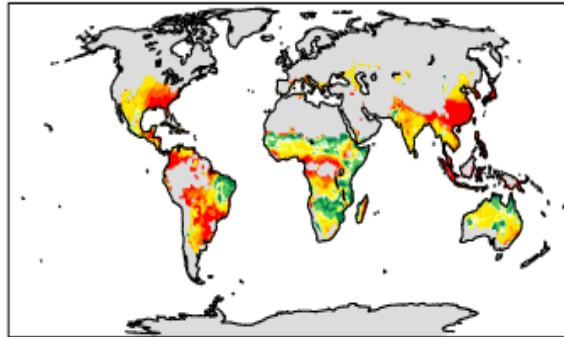
CLM5



C4 grass

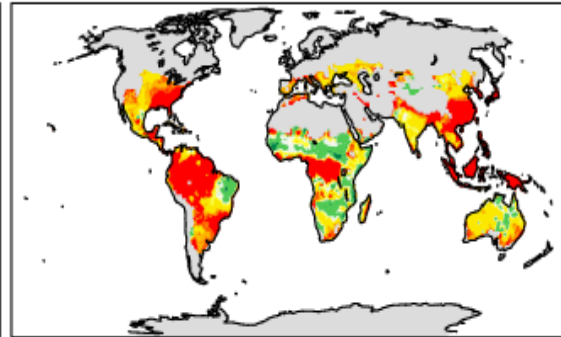
rmsd= 4.0

CLM4



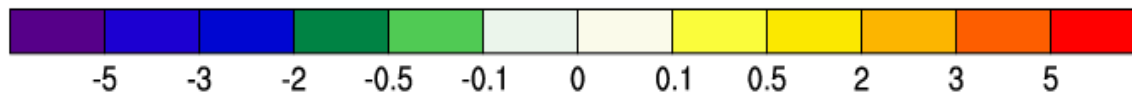
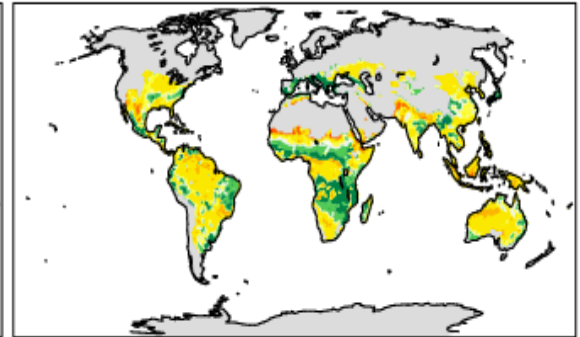
rmsd= 5.9

CLM4.5



rmsd= 1.3

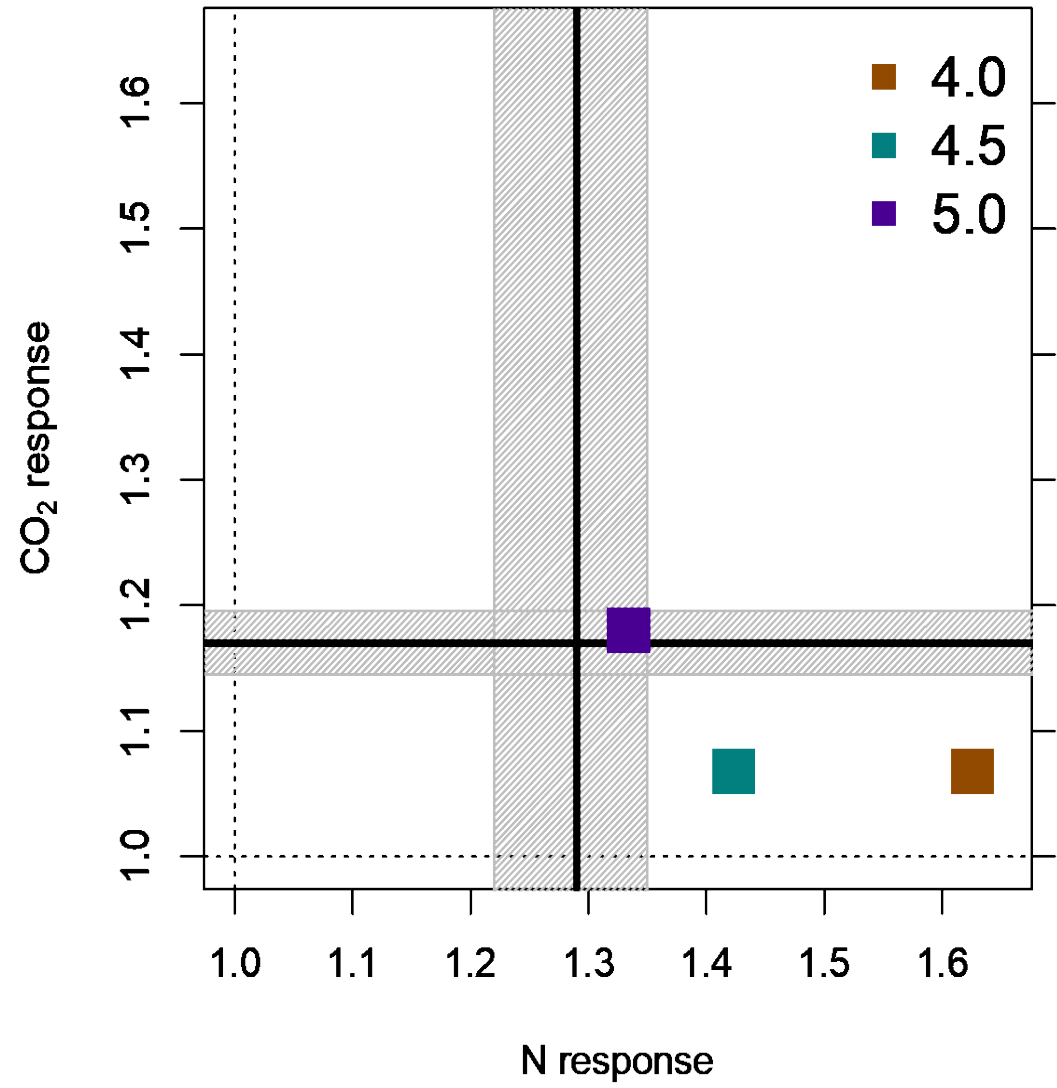
CLM5





Future ILAMB metric:

Response to CO₂ doubling and N fertilization (preliminary)

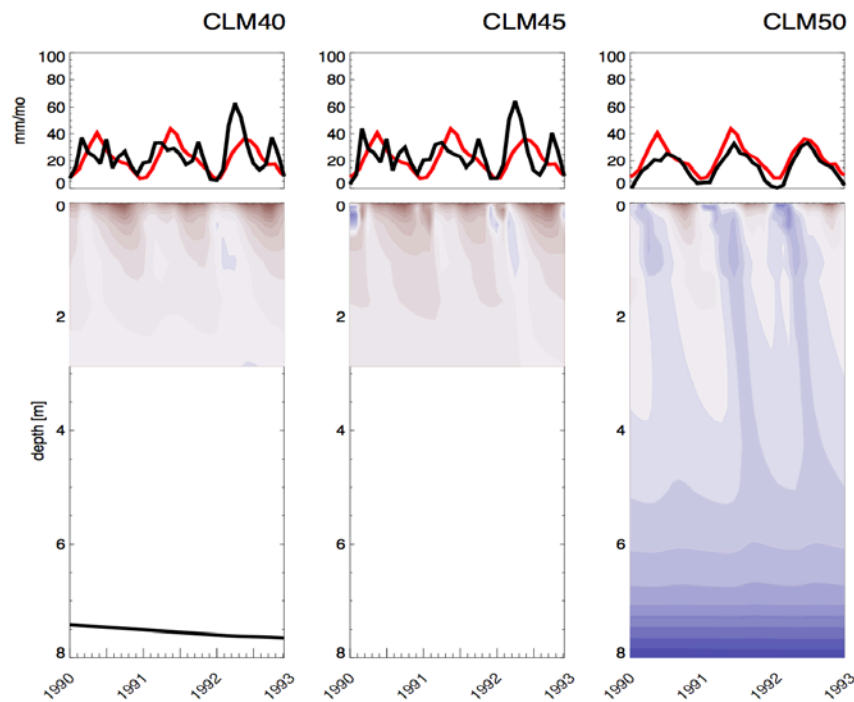
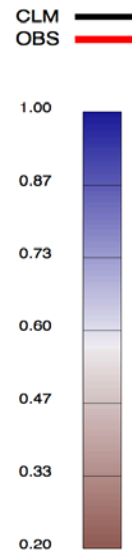


- +5 gN/m² globally
- +200 ppm CO₂

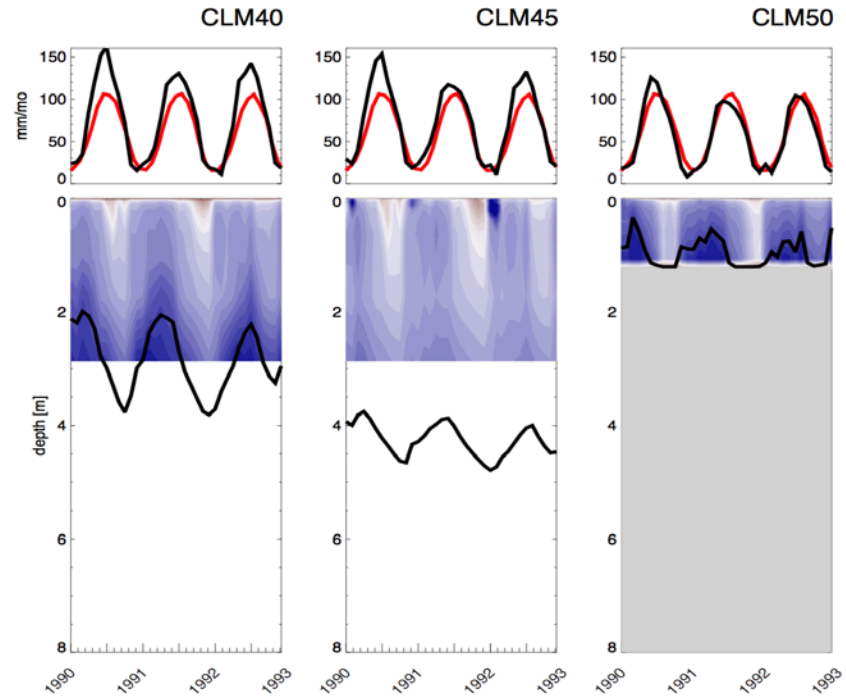
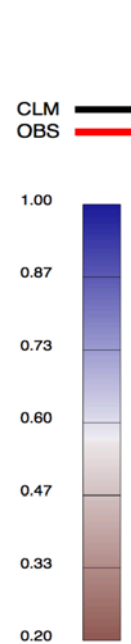
- N fertilization obs (ANPP) from Lebauer & Treseder, 2008
- CO₂ obs from Ainsworth and Long, 2005

Figure from Will Wieder


Soil moisture and ET



Southwest US
grid cell




Eastern US
grid cell



CLM5 documentation papers for CESM2 special issue

CLM5 model overview and technical description	Lawrence et al.	JAMES
CLM5 C-N coupling	Fisher et al.	JGR-Biogeosciences
N and CO ₂ fertilization	Wieder et al.	GBC
Plant Hydraulic Stress	Kennedy et al.	JAMES
Land use and land cover change	Lawrence et al.	JAMES
CLM5 Crop	Lombardozi, Lu et al.	JGR-Biogeosciences
Stomatal conductance	Franks et al.	JGR-Biogeosciences
Urban model	Oleson et al.	JAMES



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CESM2 update

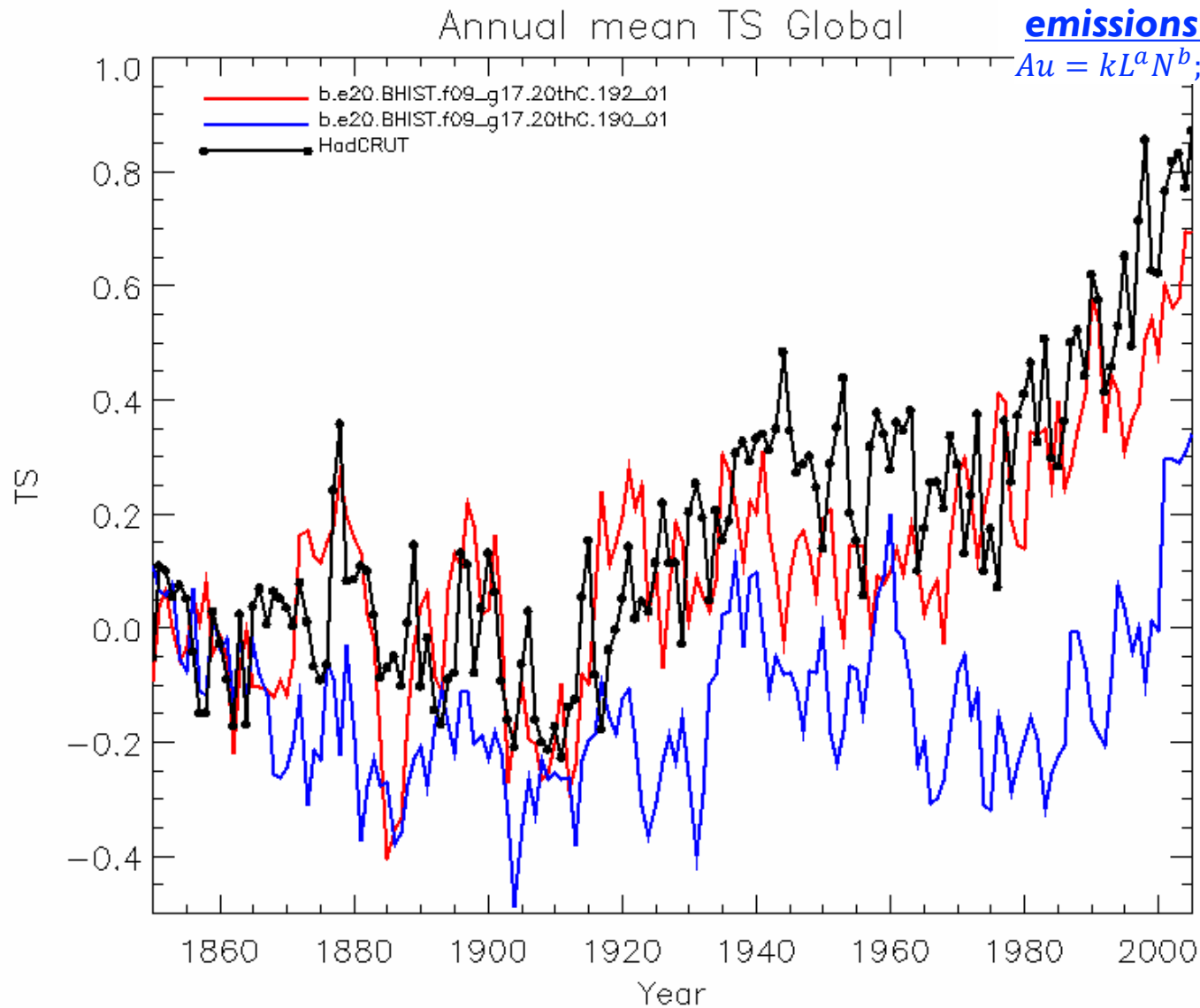
where CESM2 stood in Sept 2017

- Good 20thC simulation with CMIP5 emissions, not so much with CMIP6

Simulation forced with **CMIP6** emissions doesn't warm much (w/resp HadCRUT)

emissions=CMIP5
 $Au = kL^a N^b$; with $b = -1.1$

emissions=CMIP6
 $Au = kL^a N^b$; with $b = -1.1$

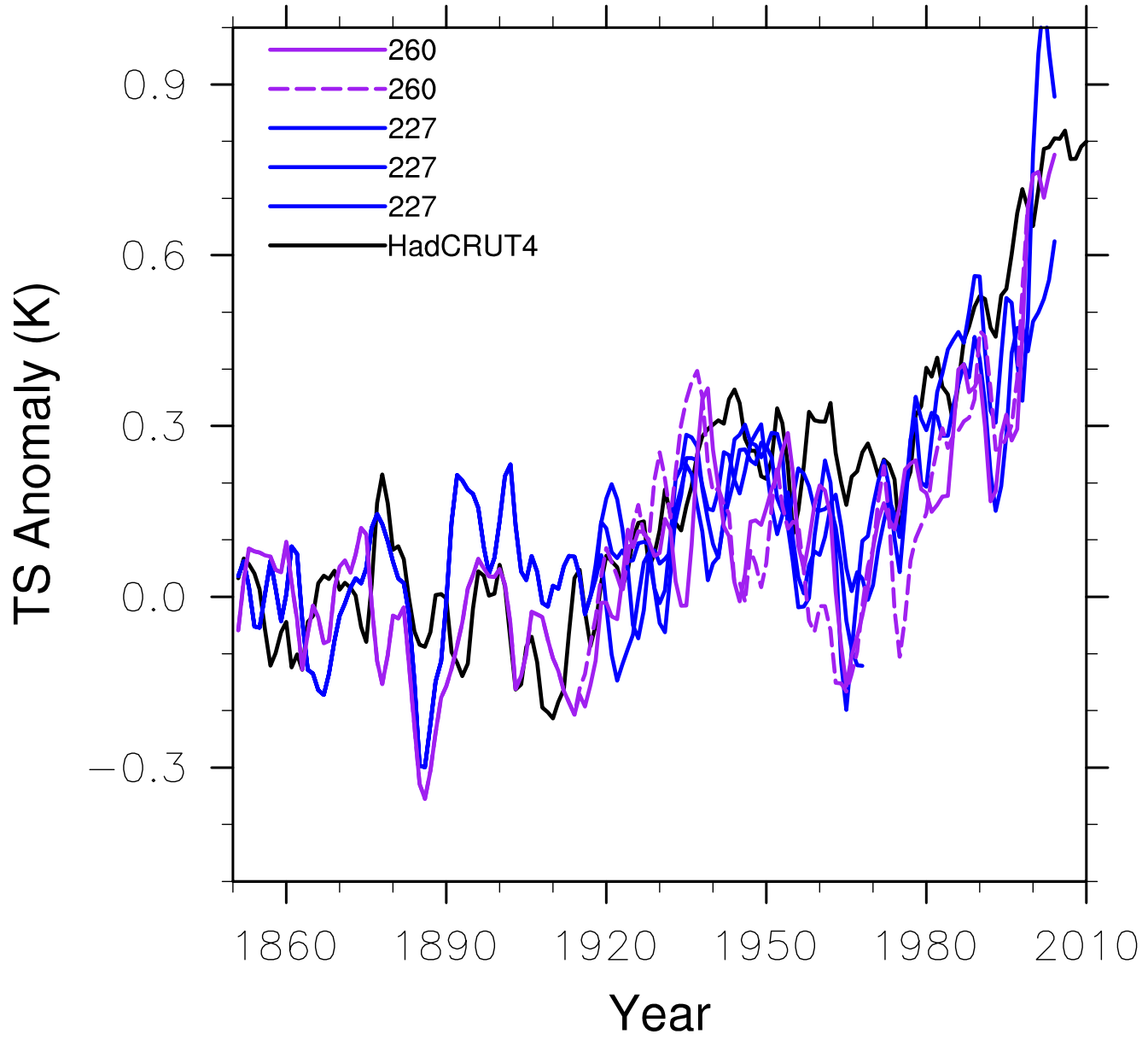


Further development since September

- Then, uncovered bug in microphysics
 - Bug led to enhanced rain re-evaporation
 - Fixing bug degraded mean precip, MJO and ENSO
- Increased convective rain re-evaporation to compensate for bugfix (*leads to warmer model overall*)
- Decrease lifetime of SO₂

Thinner stratus help with 20th C simulation:

TS Timeseries



Sea-ice concentrations

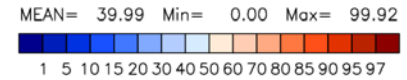
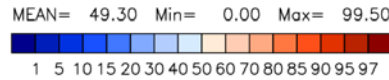
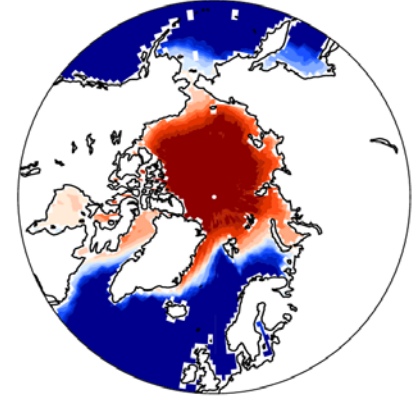
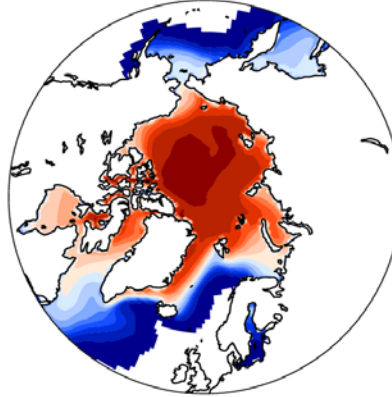
ANN

b.e20.B1850.f09_g17.pi_control.all.215 (yrs 55-74)

HadISST_PI

Sea ice concentration %

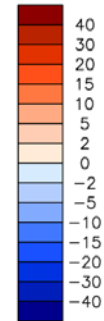
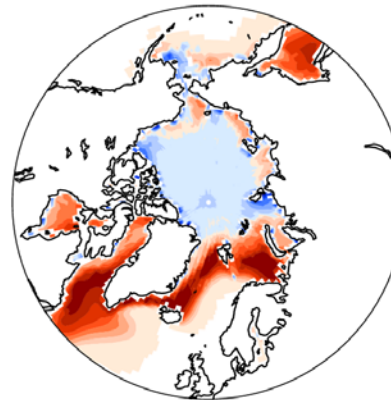
Sea ice concentration %



b.e20.B1850.f09_g17.pi_control.all.215 - HadISST_PI

Sea ice concentration %

MIN = -73.79 MAX = 72.11

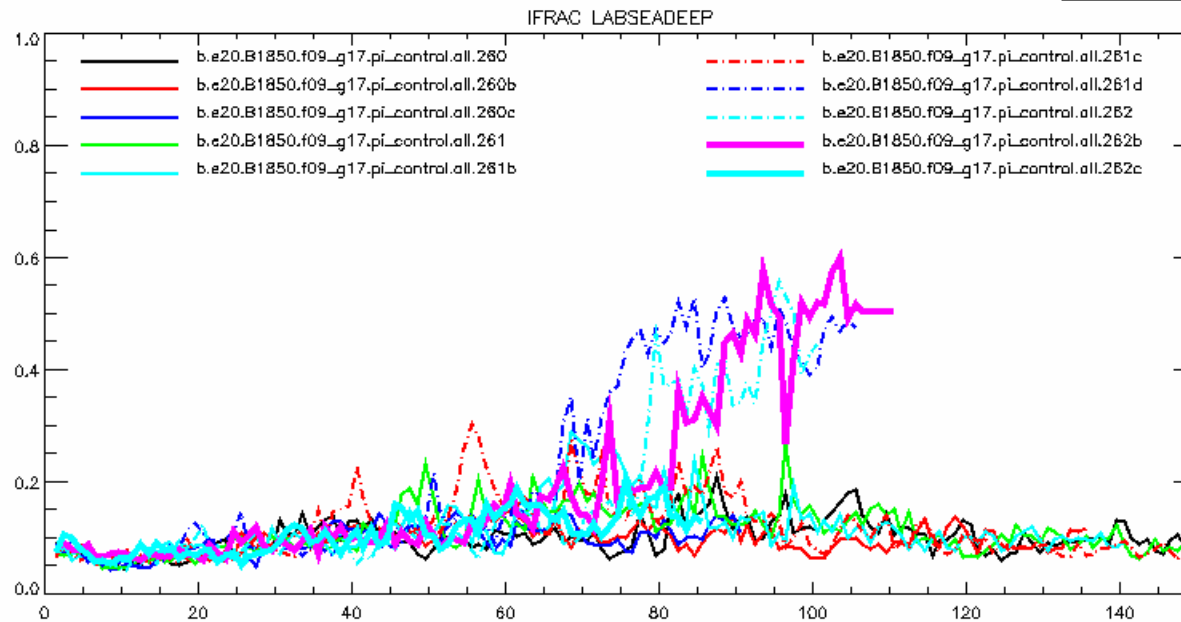
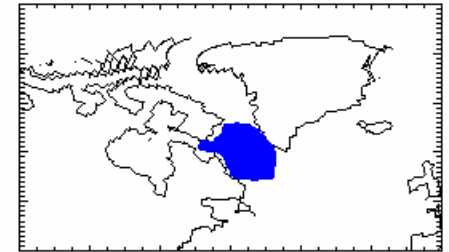


Labrador Sea Freeze!!!



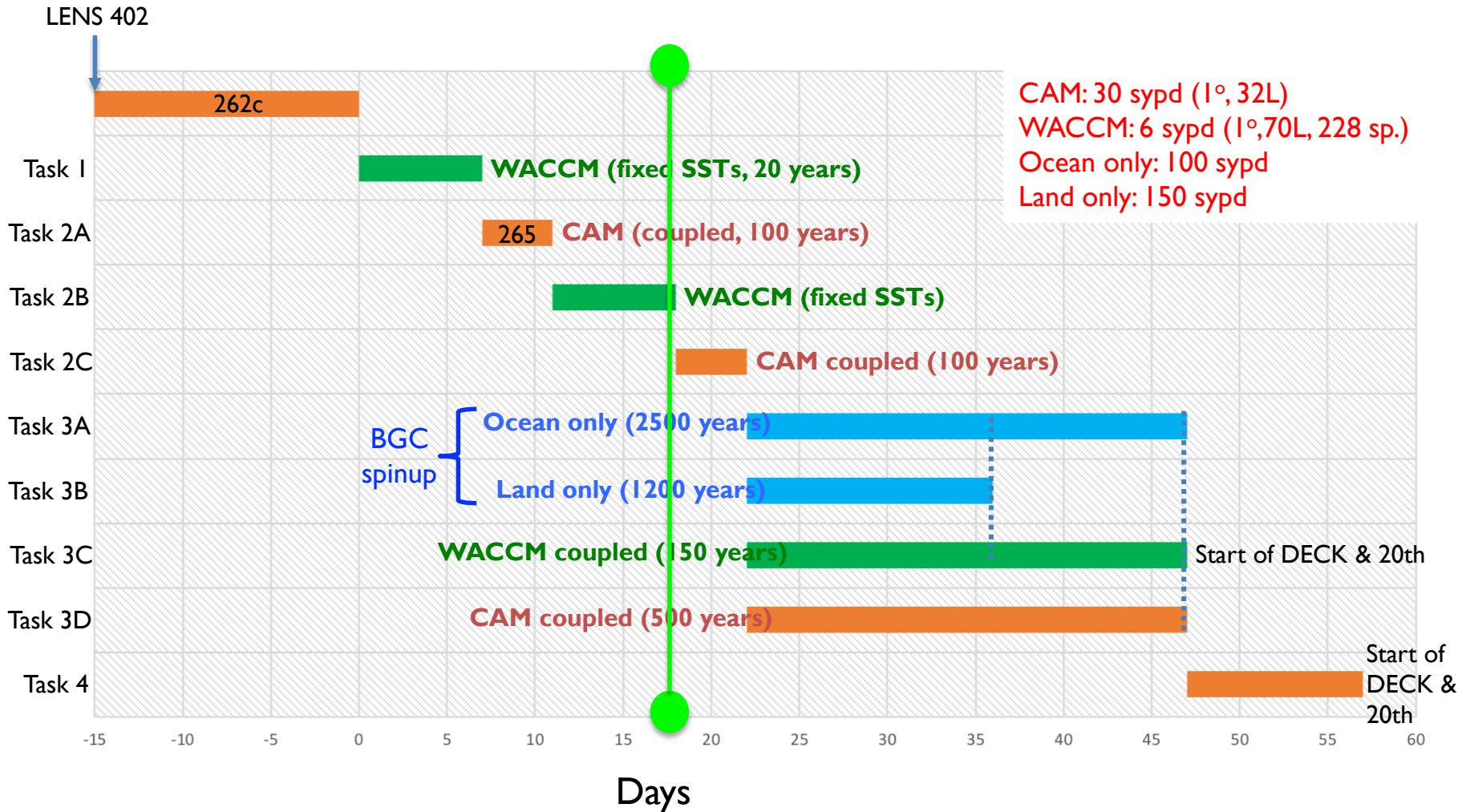
~4/10 chance of freeze when starting from current ICs

Mo=JFMAMJJASOND

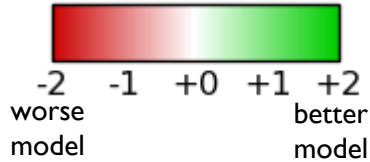


Lab sea freezing is a problem because deep water formation is interrupted

Tasks for PI control



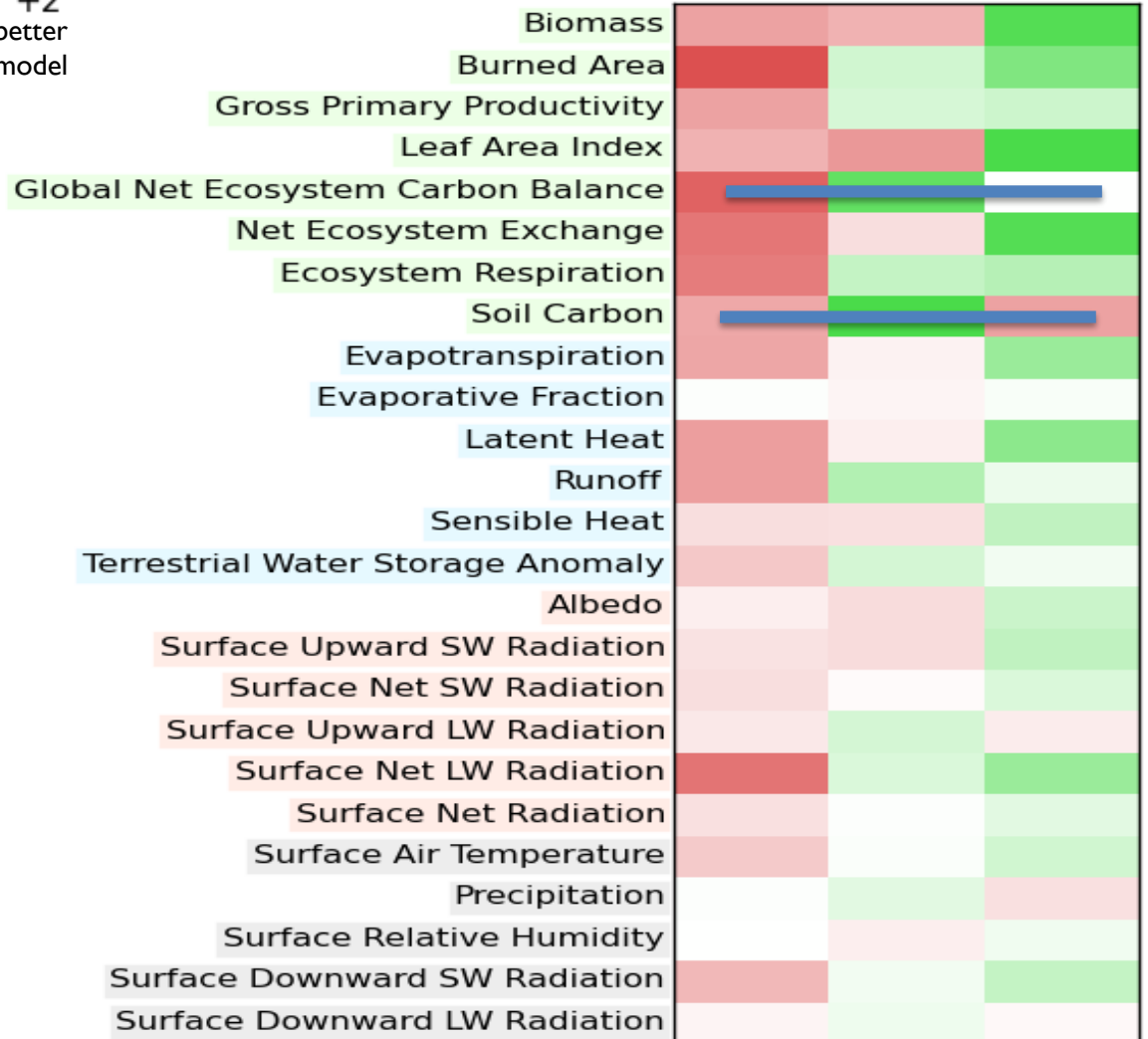
Preliminary land simulations assessment in fully coupled CESM2



**CESM1
CLM4**

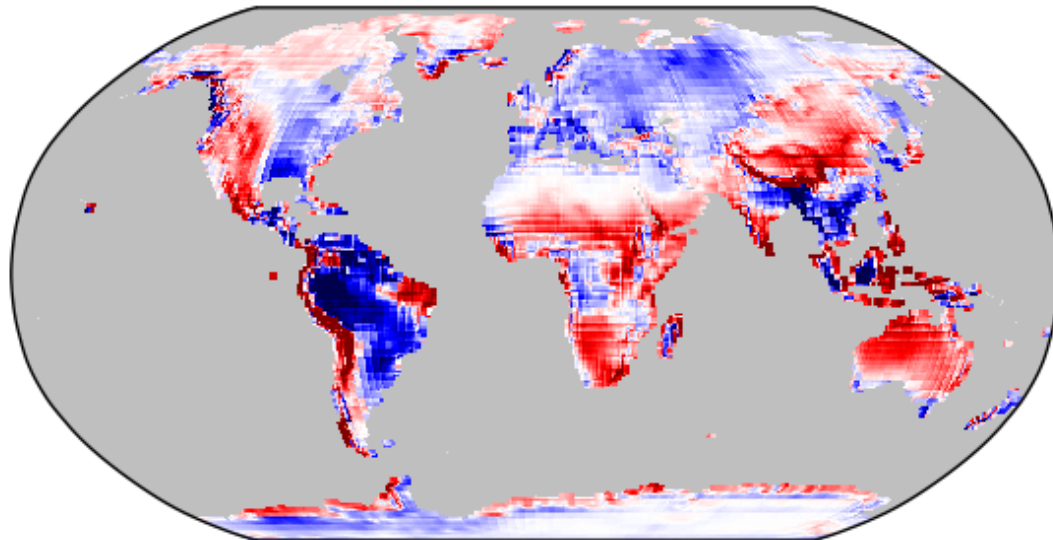
**CESM1.2
CLM4.5**

**CESM2 (227)
CLM5**

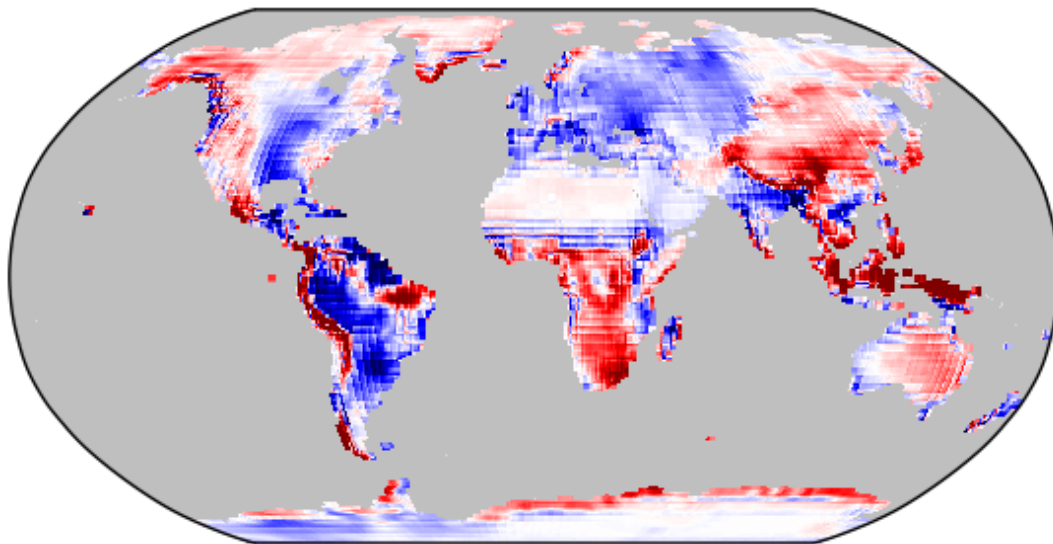




Precipitation biases (GPCP2)



**CESM1
CLM4**

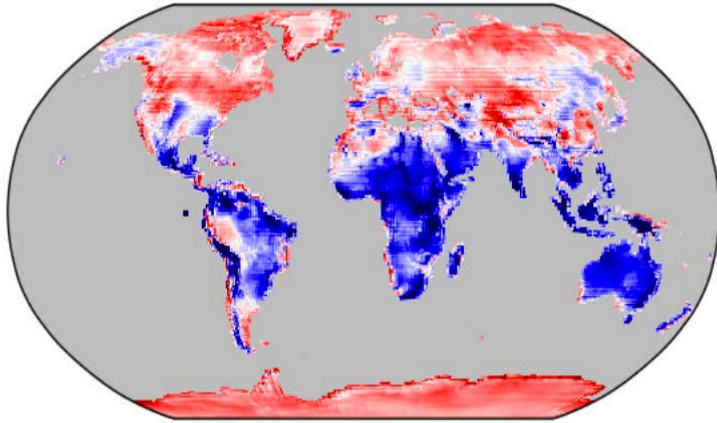


**CESM2 (227)
CLM5**

Solar radiation biases and RMSE (CERES)

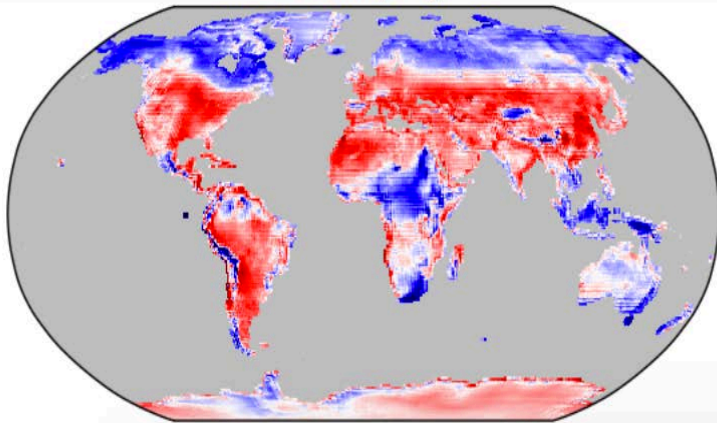
Bias

CESM1(LENS1)



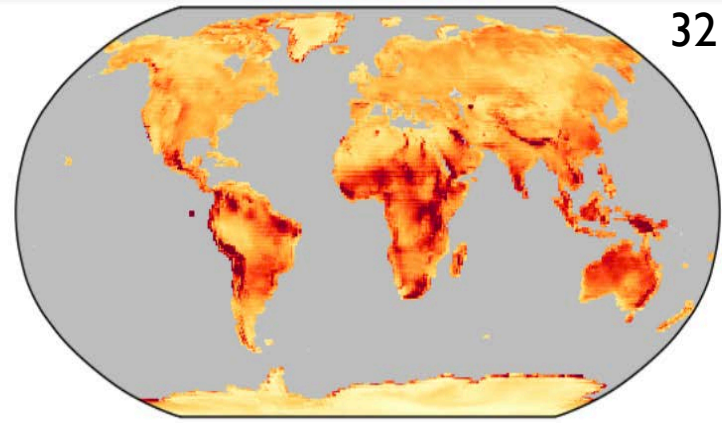
-40 -30 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40
W/m²

CESM2(227)



RMSE

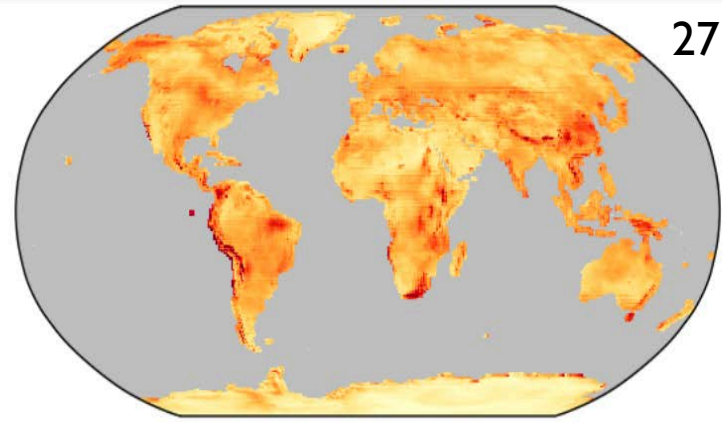
CESM1(LENS1)



32 W/m²

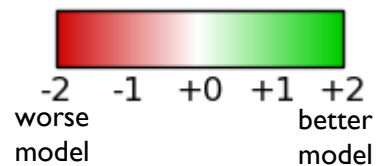
8 16 24 32 40 48 56 64
W/m²

CESM2(227)



27 W/m²

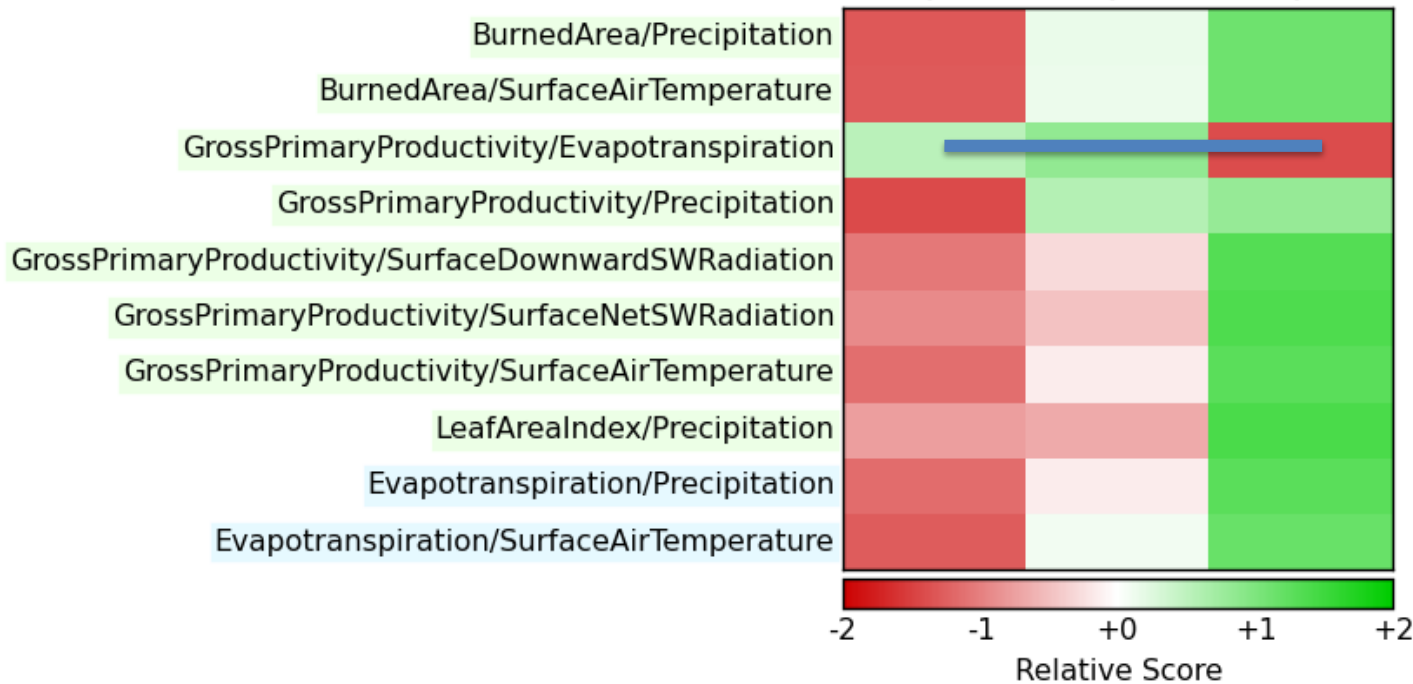
Preliminary assessment in fully coupled CESM



**CESM1
CLM4**

**CESM1.2
CLM4.5**

**CESM2 (227)
CLM5**



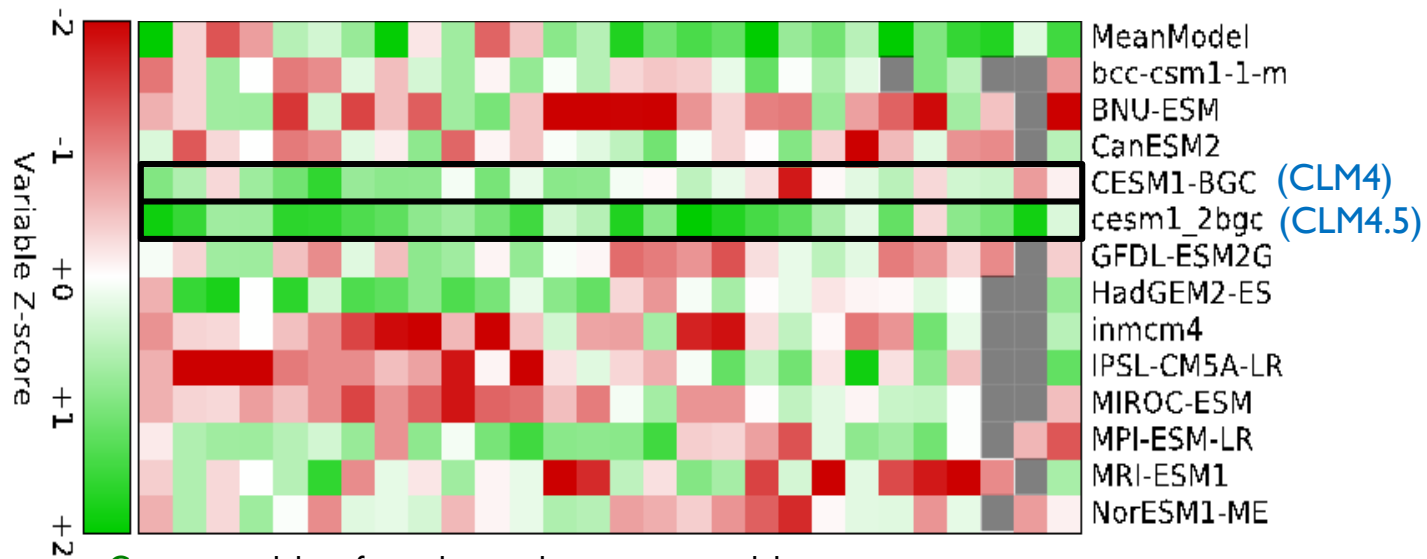
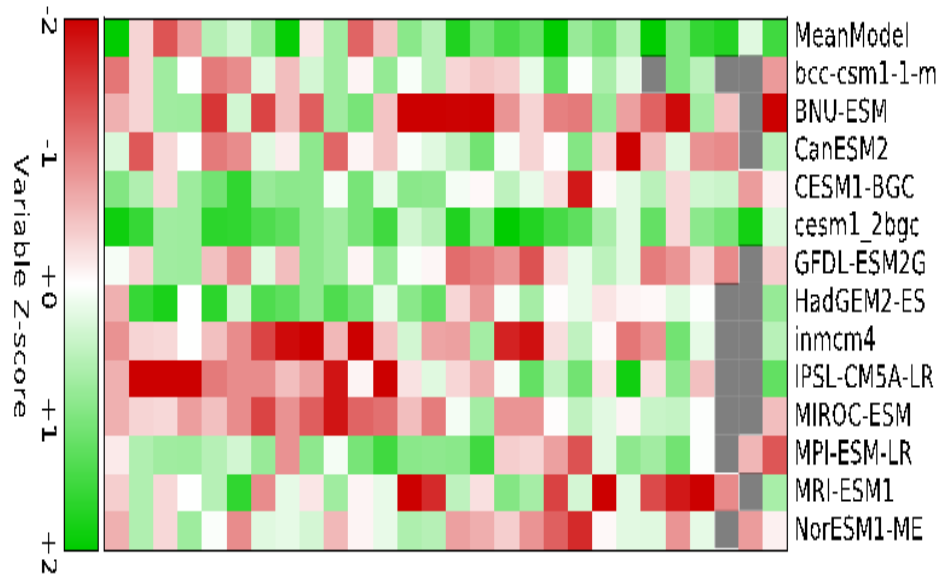
Thanks

Questions or comments?



International LAnd Model Benchmarking (ILAMB) project

scores for RMSE, interannual variability, pattern correlation, variable-to-variable comparisons, +

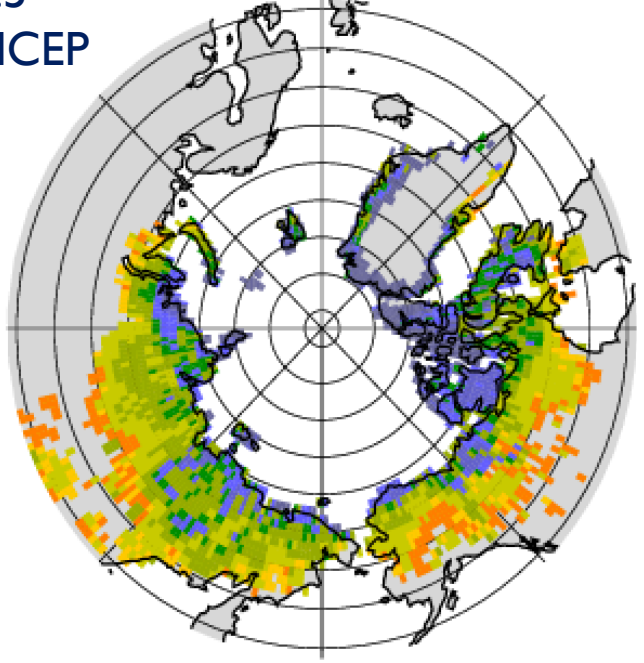


Green: model performs better than average model

Red: model performs worse than average model

CLM4.5
CRUNCEP

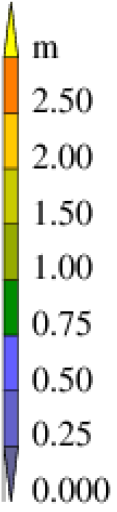
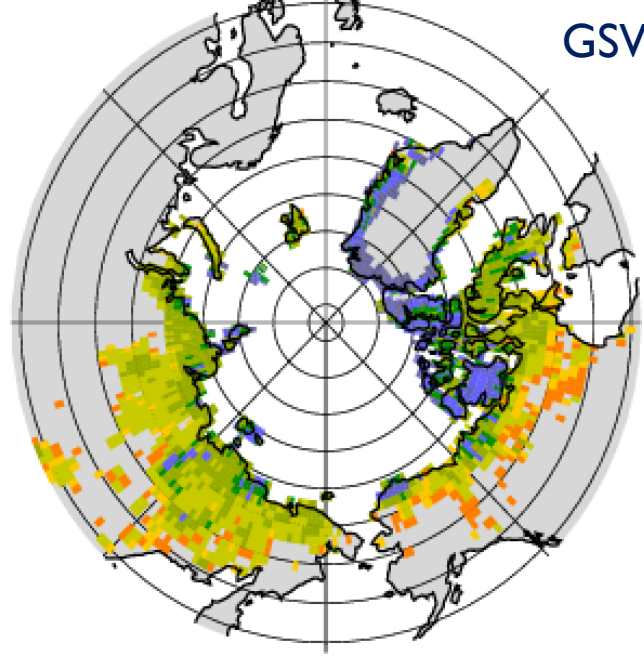
Max ALT 2000: 19.6



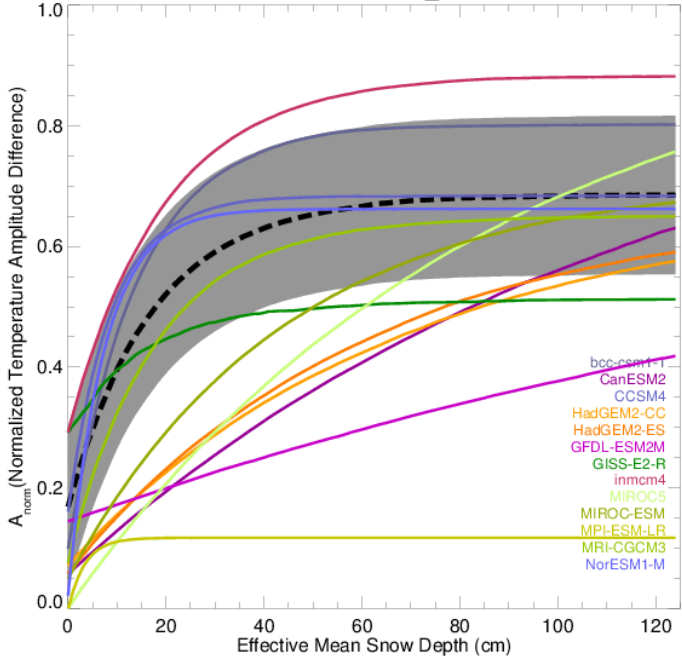
Permafrost
Distribution
~15-16 million km²
(obs)

Max ALT 2000: 14.5

CLM4.5
GSWP3



All Models 1975_2000



Slater et al. 2017

CLM5 snow density

Revised fresh snow density
with improved temperature
and wind effects
Lead to increased and more
realistic snow density and
less thermal insulation

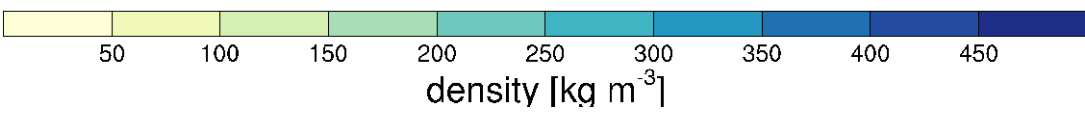
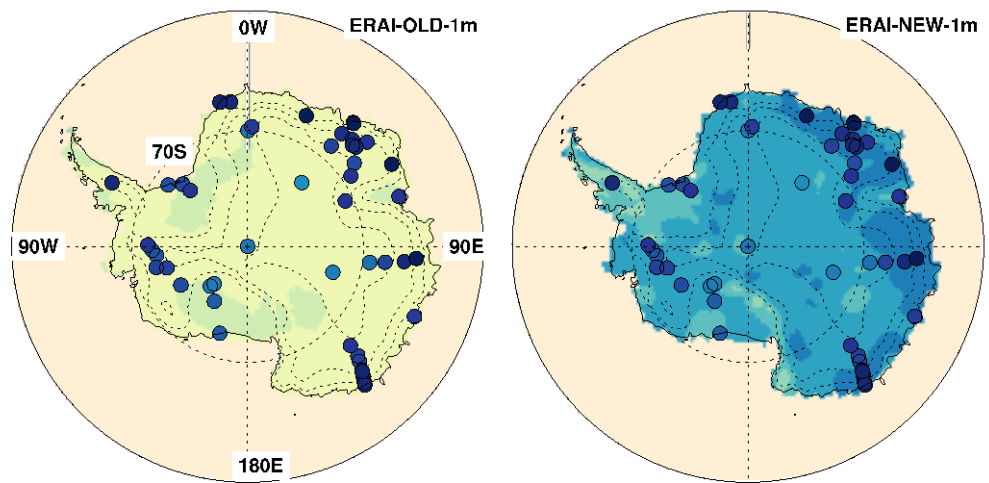
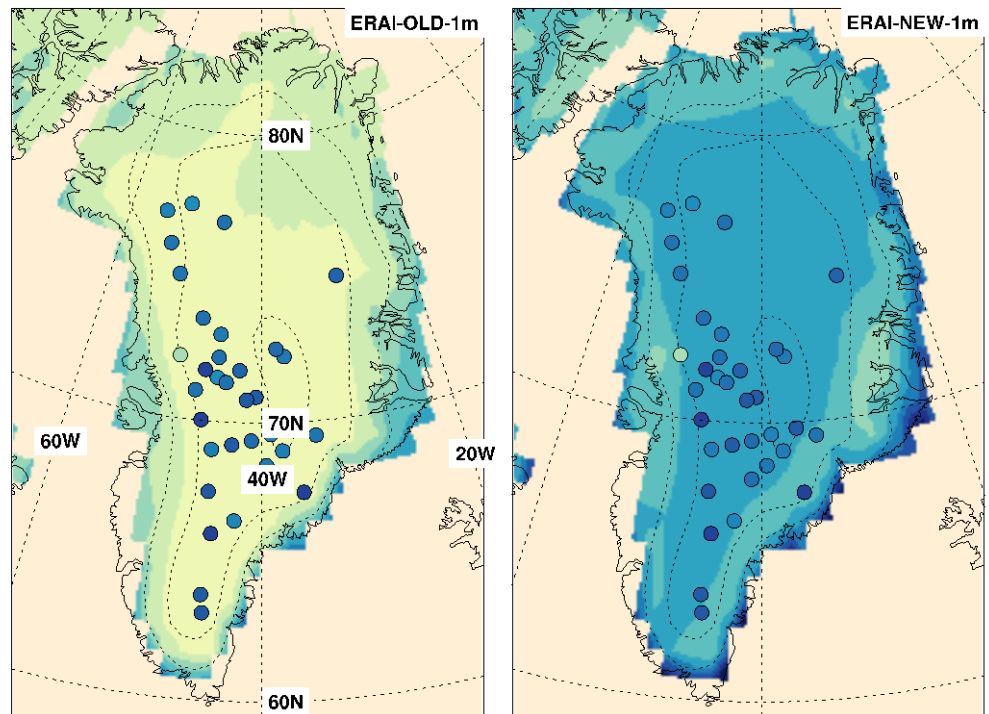
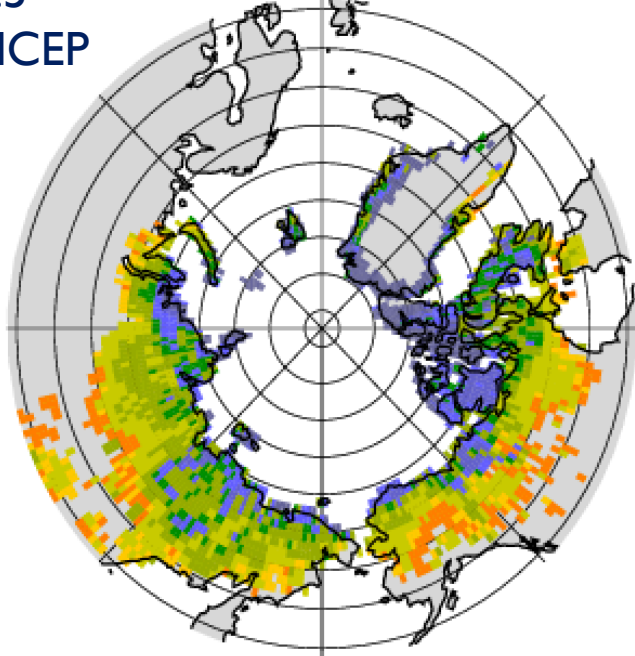


Figure courtesy L. Van Kampenhout

CLM4.5
CRUNCEP

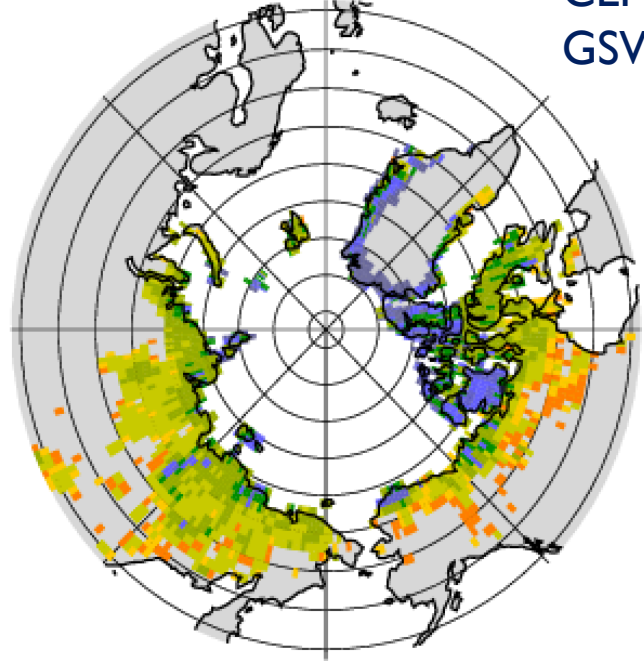
Max ALT 2000: 19.6



Permafrost
Distribution
~15-16 million km²
(obs)

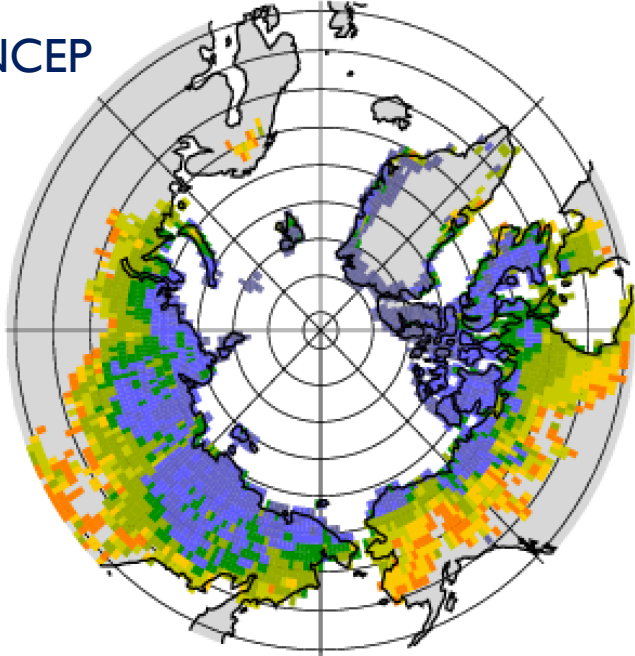
Max ALT 2000: 14.5

CLM4.5
GSWP3



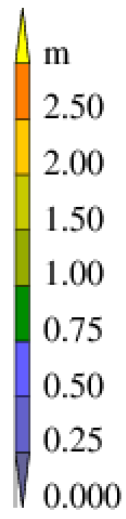
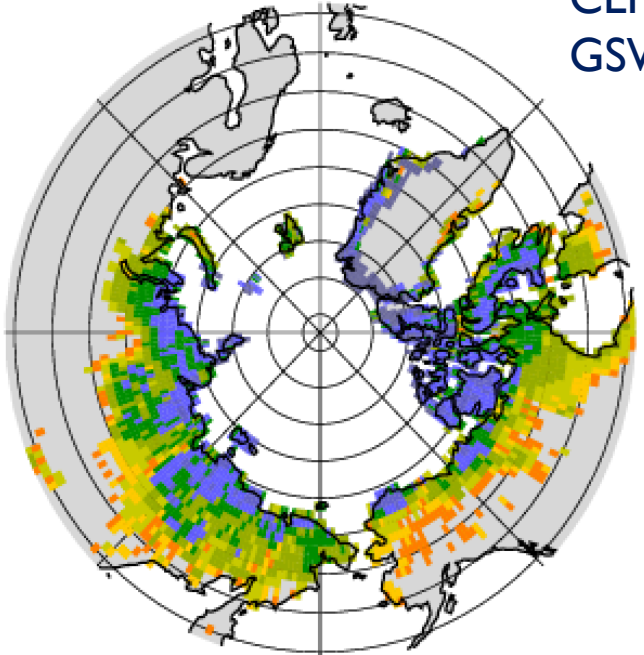
CLM5
CRUNCEP

Max ALT 2000: 18.1

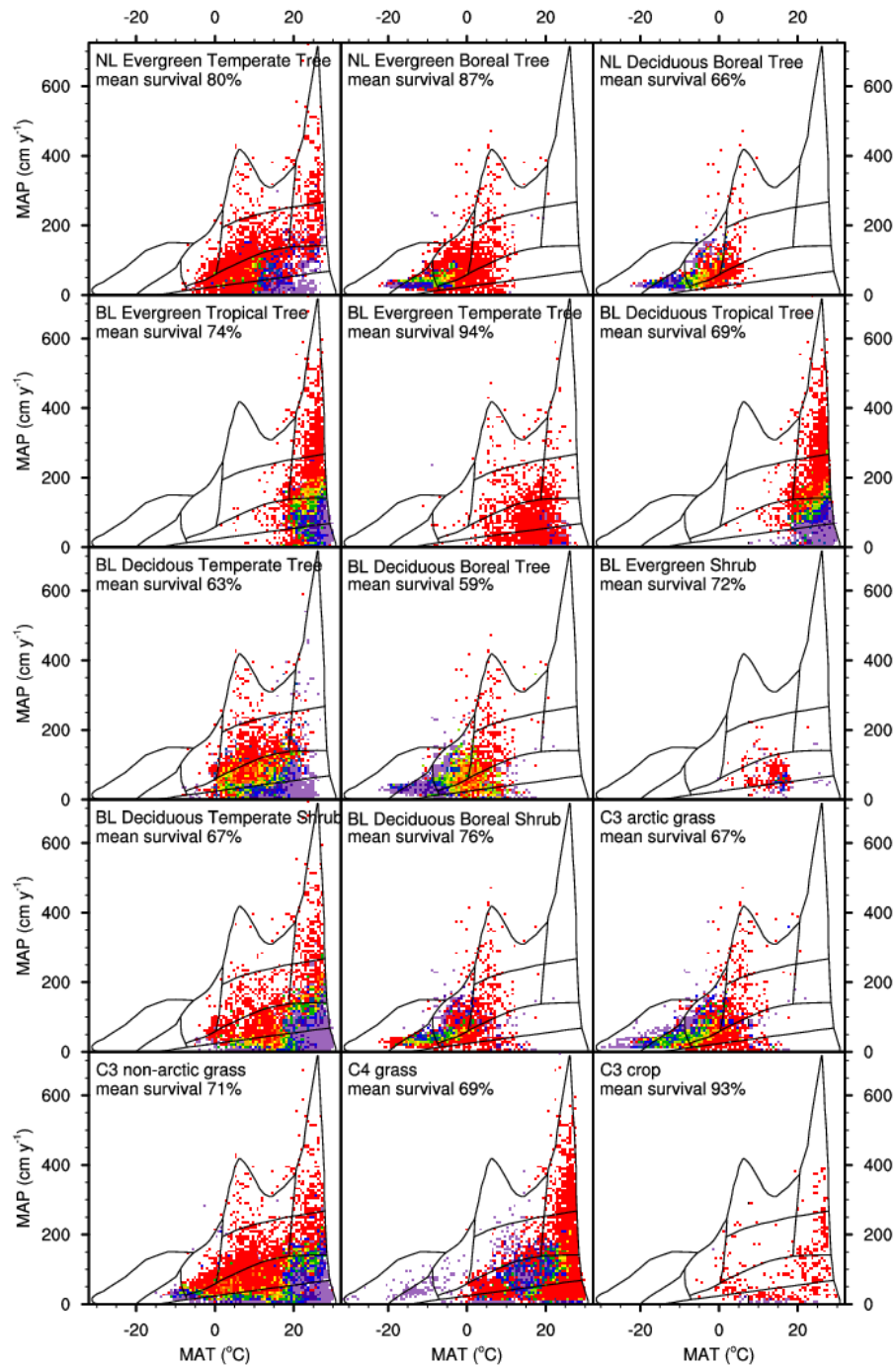
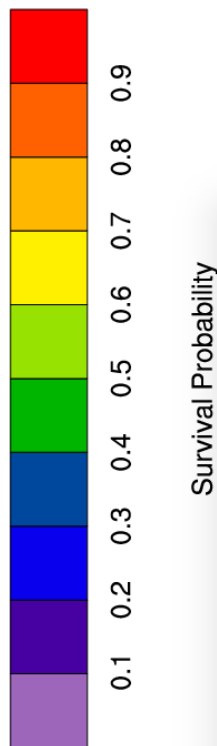


Max ALT 2000: 15.1

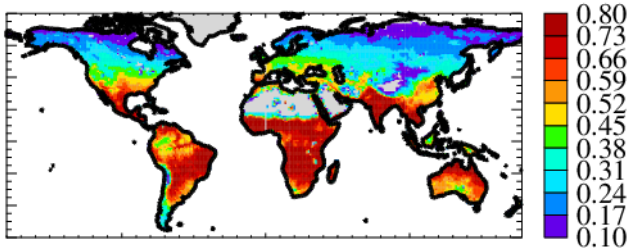
CLM5
GSWP3



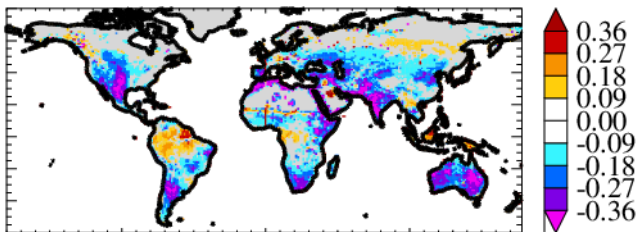




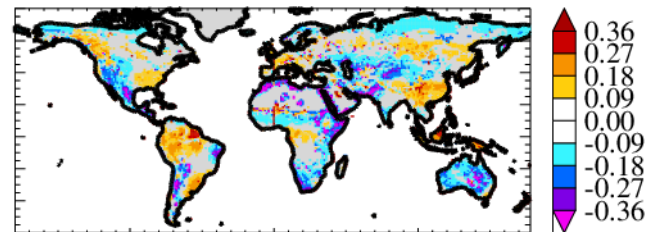
Transpiration fraction
WECANN (obs)



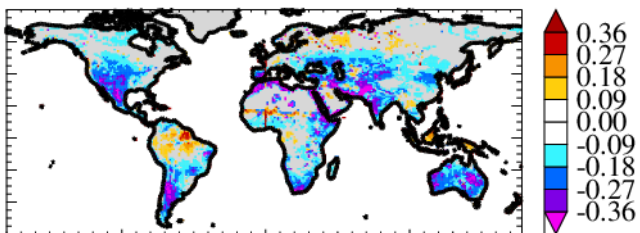
CLM4SP



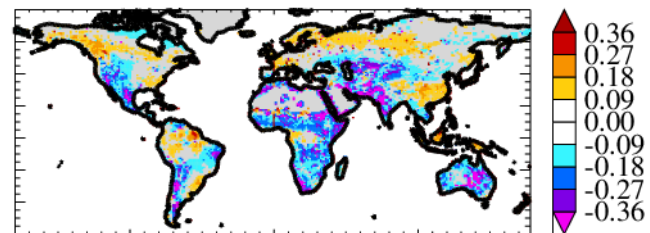
CLM4BGC



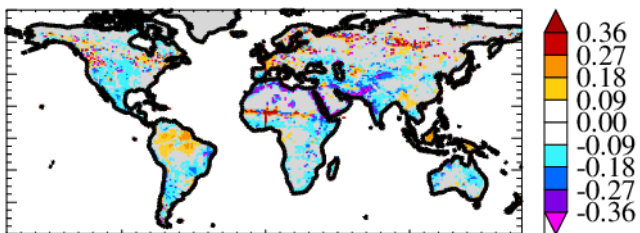
CLM4.5SP



CLM4.5BGC



CLM5SP



CLM5BGC

