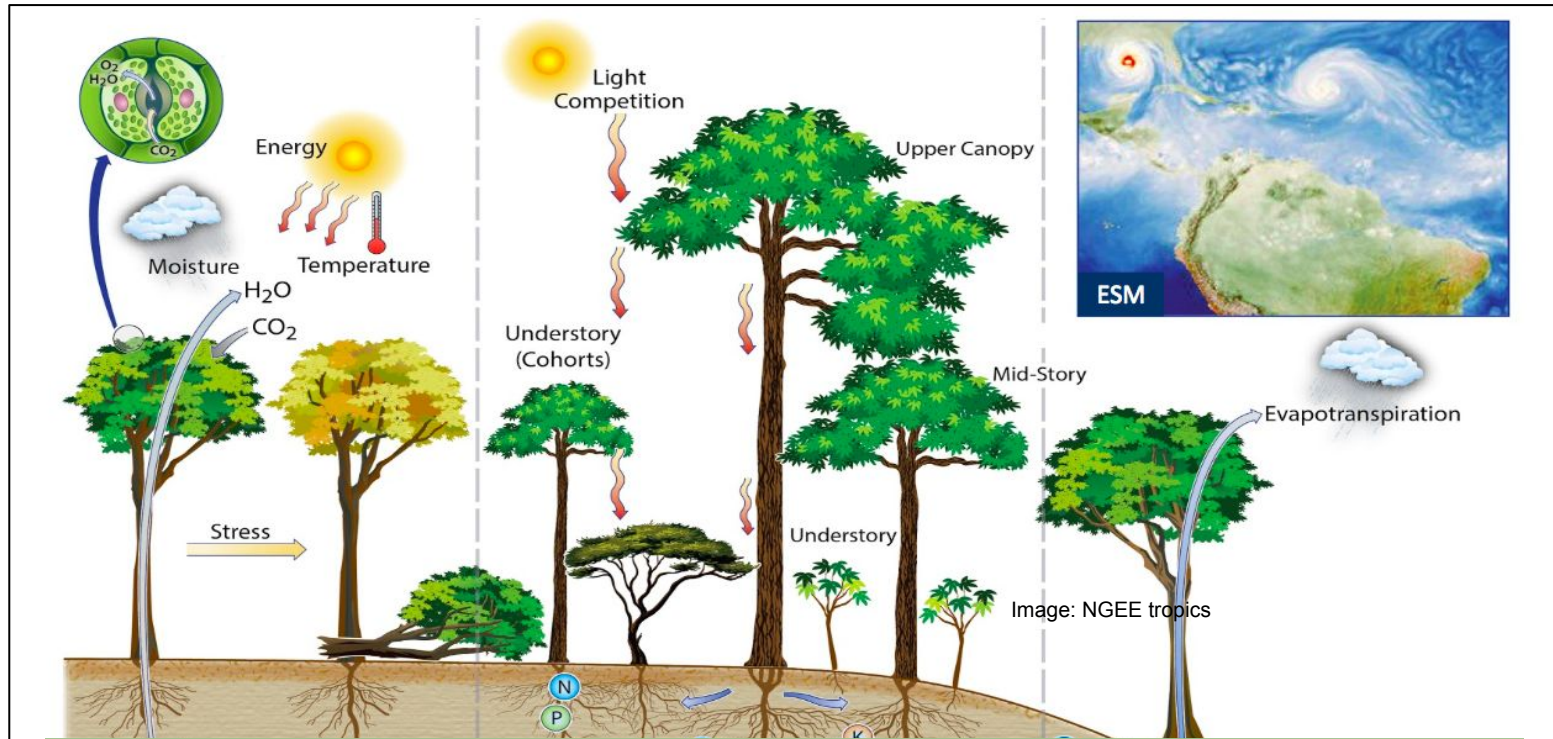


Reduced complexity modes as a “gateway drug” to FATES



Rosie Fisher (NCAR/CERFACS)

CESM Land Model Working Group, June 2020.

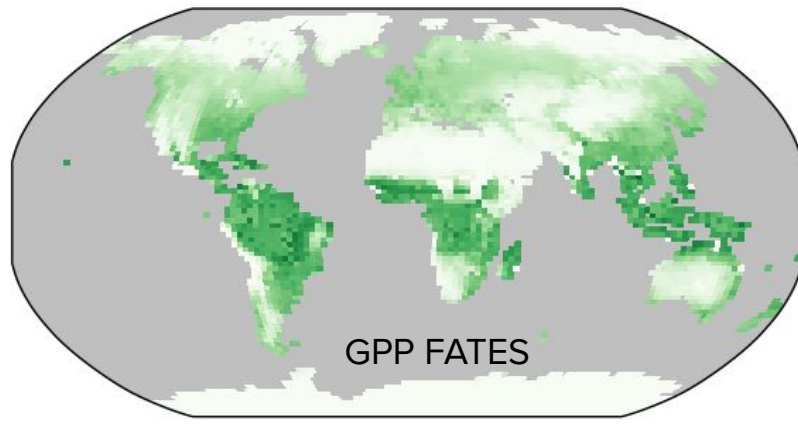
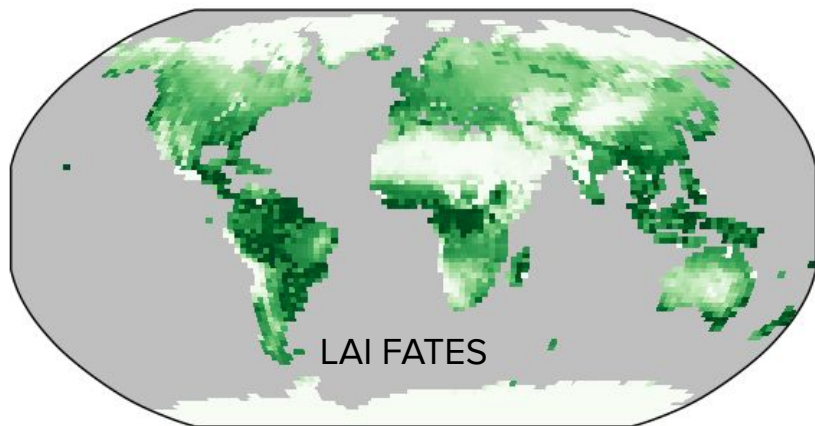
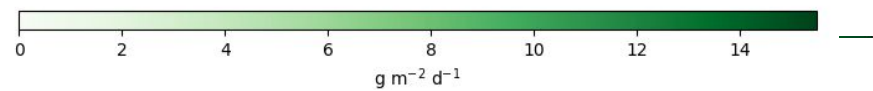
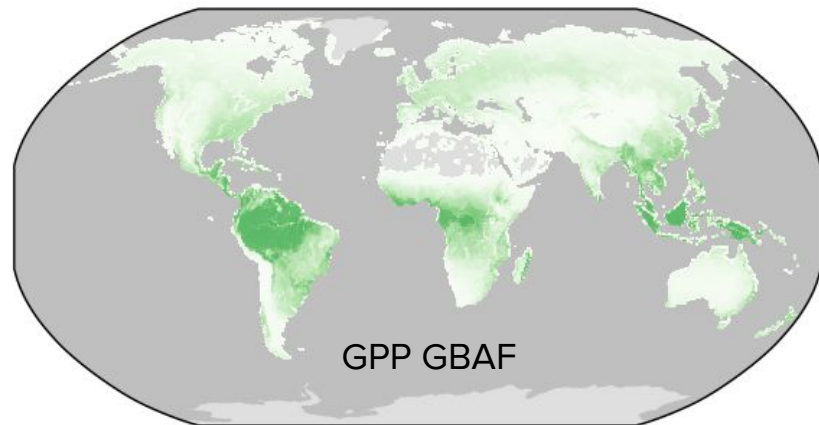
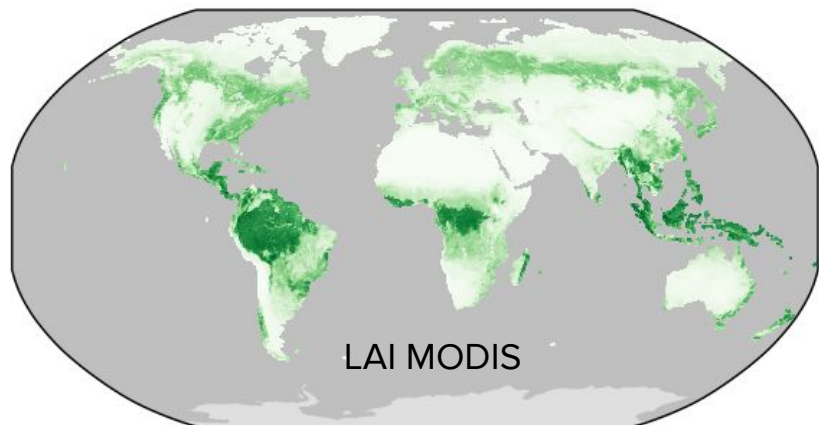
Thanks to: Charlie Koven, Ryan Knox, and the FATES developers.



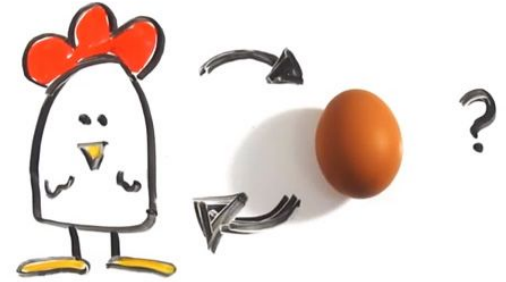
Reduced complexity modes as a “gateway drug” to
FATES

Image: Ngee tropics

Rosie Fisher (NCAR/CERFACS)
CESM Land Model Working Group, June 2020.
Thanks to: Charlie Koven Ryan Knox, and the FATES developers.



Context: How to fix a High Bias?

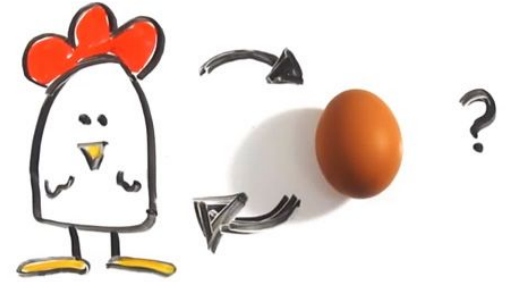


- FATES global runs currently have **high LAI and GPP biases**
- This is a 'chicken and egg' problem.
- We could fix it by reducing **GPP per unit LAI**, or **LAI per unit GPP**
- A '**satellite phenology**' (**SP**) version of FATES, with **proscribed leaf area index** would help disentangle these biases

Context: How to fix a High Bias?

- On the way to 'FATES-SP' mode, we need:
 1. **Fixed biogeographic distributions** of plant functional types
 2. **Fixed patch areas** for given plant functional types (turning **off** vegetation competition dynamics)

These modifications provide the opportunity to generate interesting and useful ways of running FATES.



Why a 'gateway drug'?

- "Reduced Complexity Modes" allow:

- **Disentangling** of the impact of different parts of the system on fully coupled model behaviour.

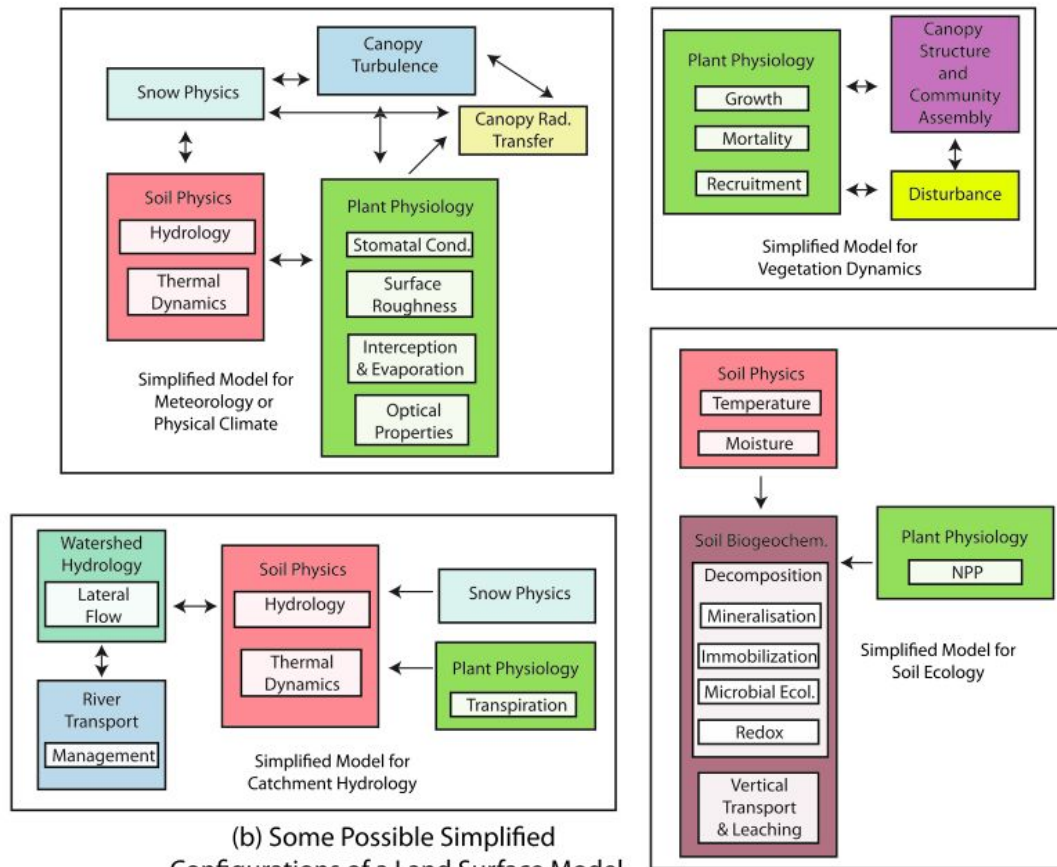
AND

- **Testing and use of FATES sub-models** (radiation transfer, canopy structure, vegetation competition, etc.) where **specific parts of the system can be proscribed.**

e.g. Applications in hydrology, biogeochemistry, land use, biogeophysics

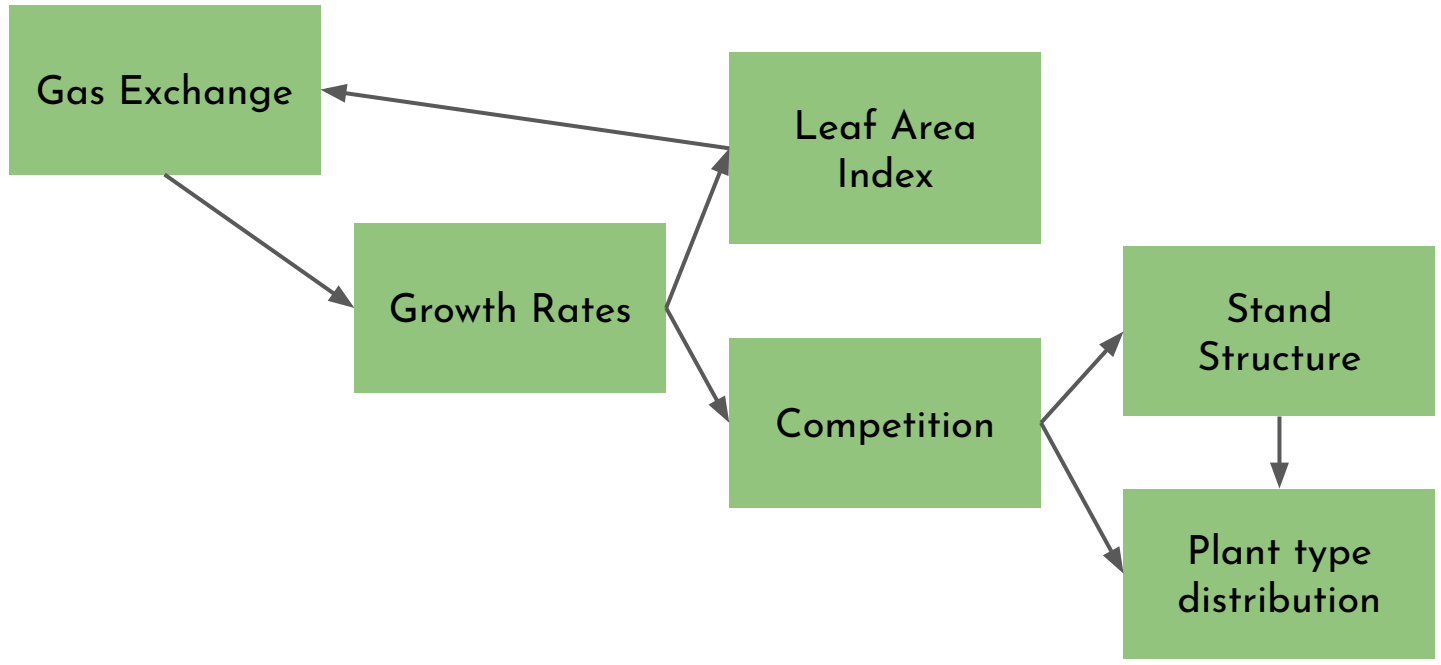


“Modular Complexity” as a strategy to manage process proliferation



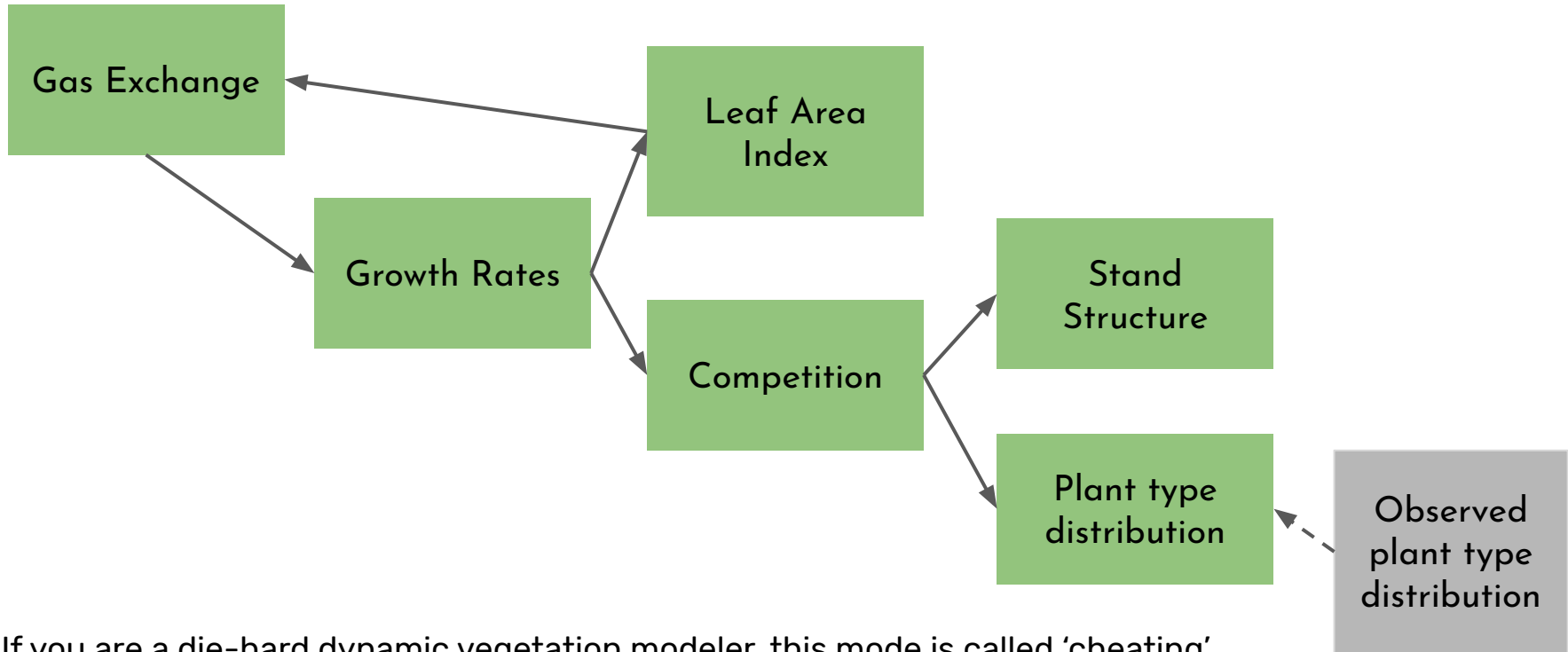
FATES MODULAR
COMPLEXITY
APPROACH

**FULL COMPLEXITY
MODE**



FATES MODULAR
COMPLEXITY
APPROACH

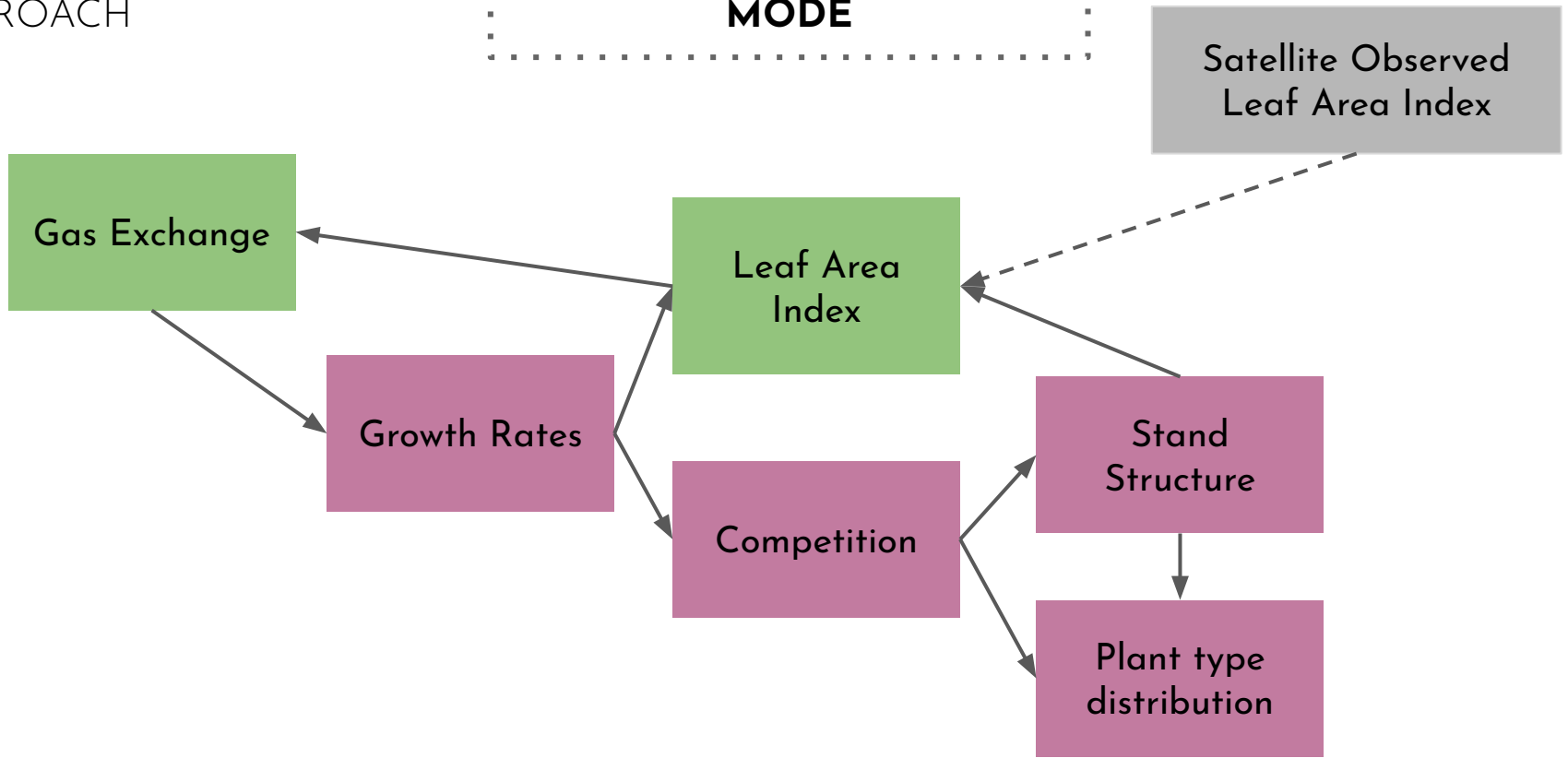
**FIXED BIOGEOGRAPHY
MODE**



n.b. If you are a die-hard dynamic vegetation modeler, this mode is called 'cheating'...

FATES MODULAR
COMPLEXITY
APPROACH

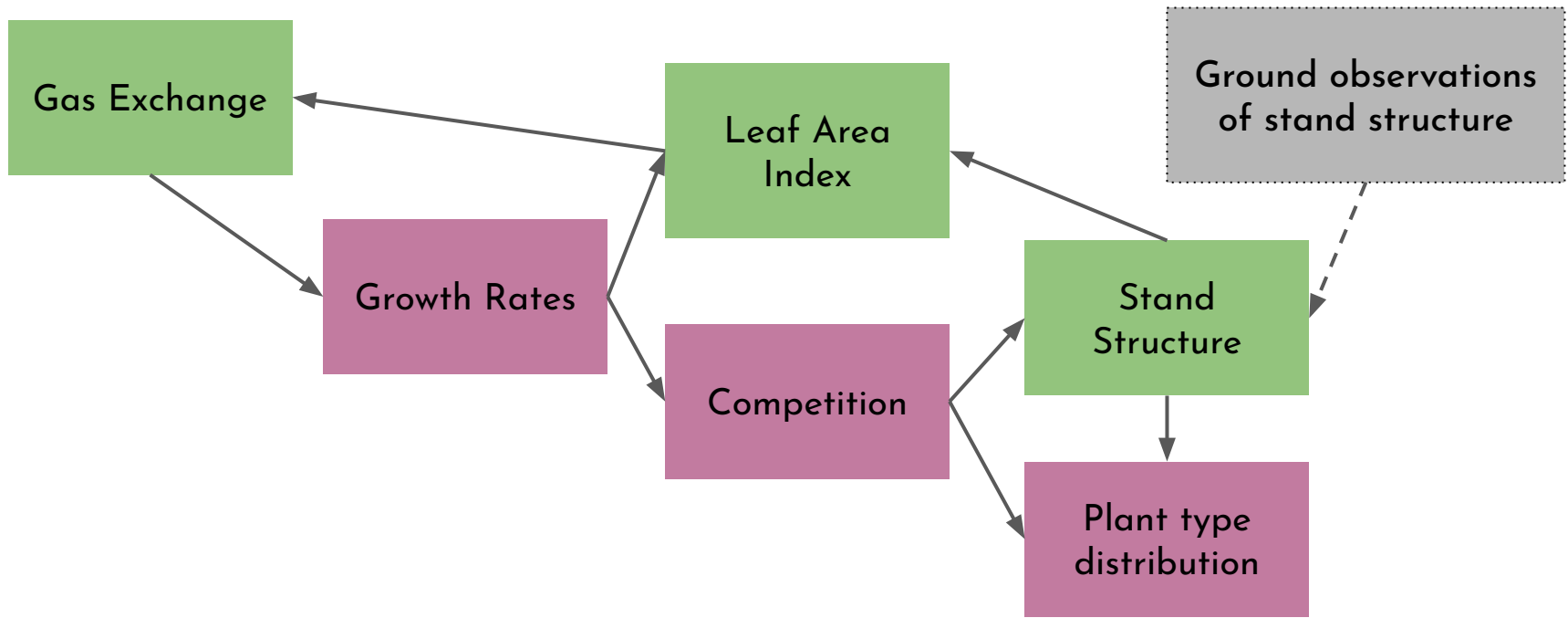
**SATELLITE PHENOLOGY
MODE**



This mode might be used to test skill of gas exchange algorithms, or for short-term prediction applications.

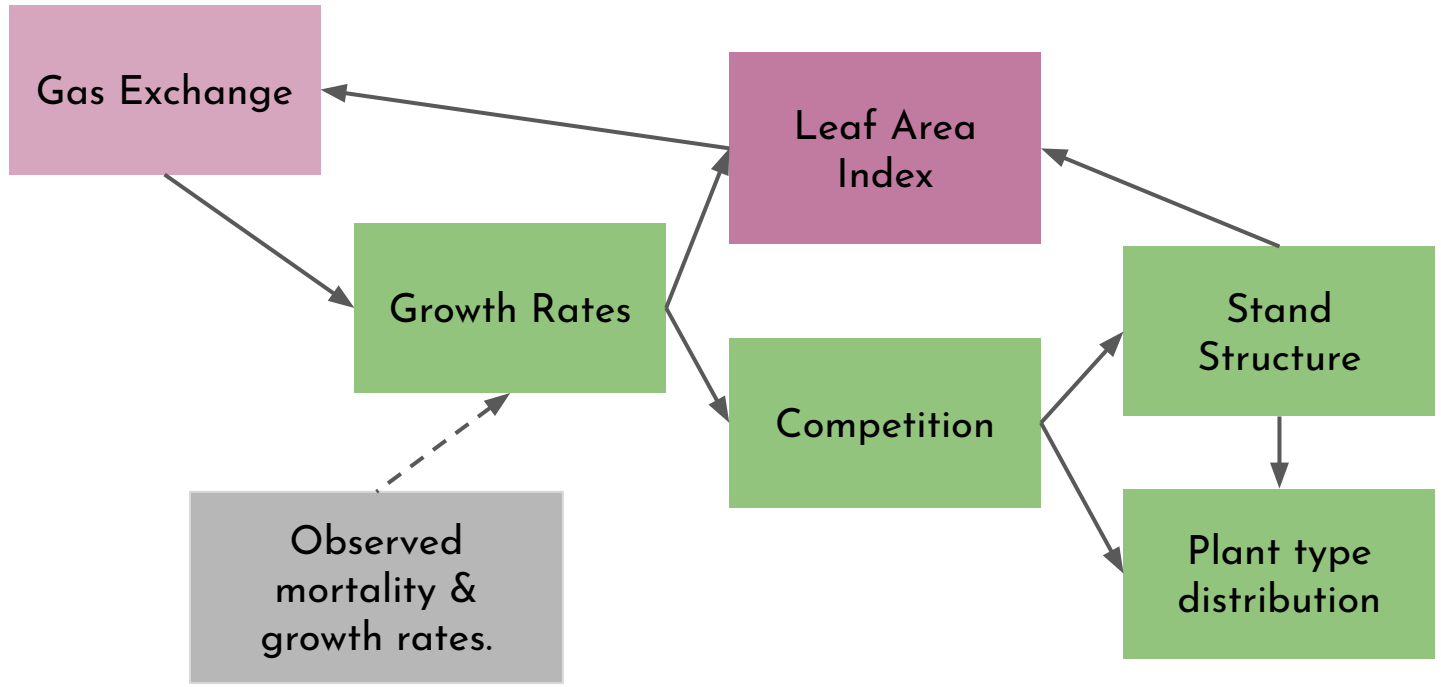
FATES MODULAR
COMPLEXITY
APPROACH

**STATIC STAND STRUCTURE
MODE**



This mode is also used to test gas exchange (& e.g. hydraulics) but with more data on canopy composition

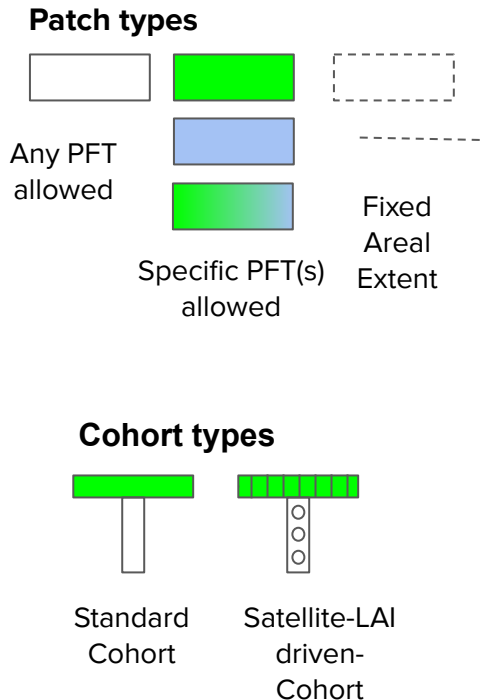
**PROSCRIBED PHYSIOLOGY
MODE**



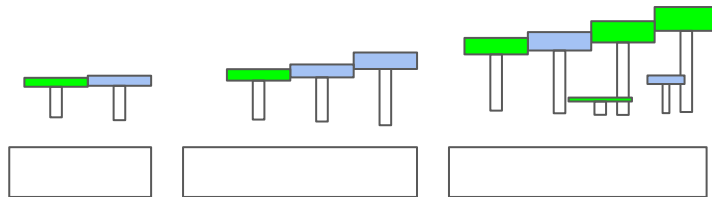
This mode can be used to test competition & community assembly processes. (Needham et al. in press)

FATES patch/cohort structure

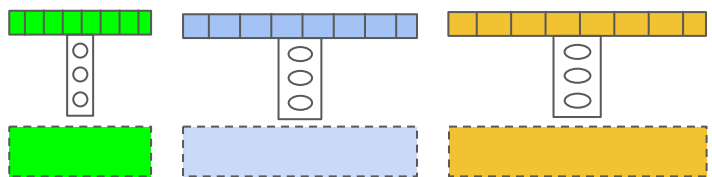
Key



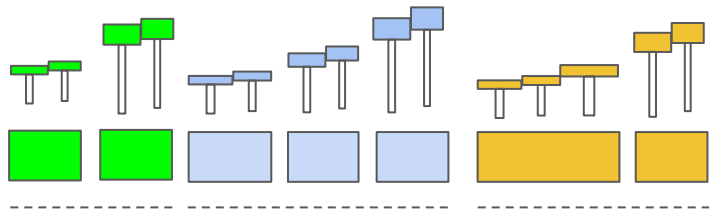
Full FATES



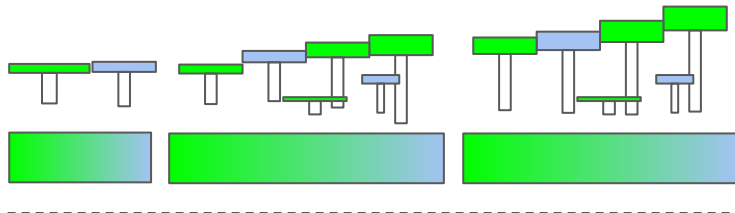
FATES-Satellite Phenology



FATES-Prescribed Biogeography (nocomp)



FATES-Prescribed Biogeography (comp)



Processes on and off in each mode

(Default FATES)

Process	RTM	Gas Exchange	Allocation	Canopy Structure	Litter & seeds	Recruits	PFTs share patches	Recruits everywhere?
NOFixedBG_COMP	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
FixedBG_COMP	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
FixedBG_NOCOMP	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N
NoFixedBG_NOCOMP	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N

FATES modes discussed in the following slides.

*n.b. That fire and plant hydraulics can already be turned on/off already with `use_fates_spitfire` and `use_fates_plant_hydro`

Processes on and off in each mode

(Default FATES)

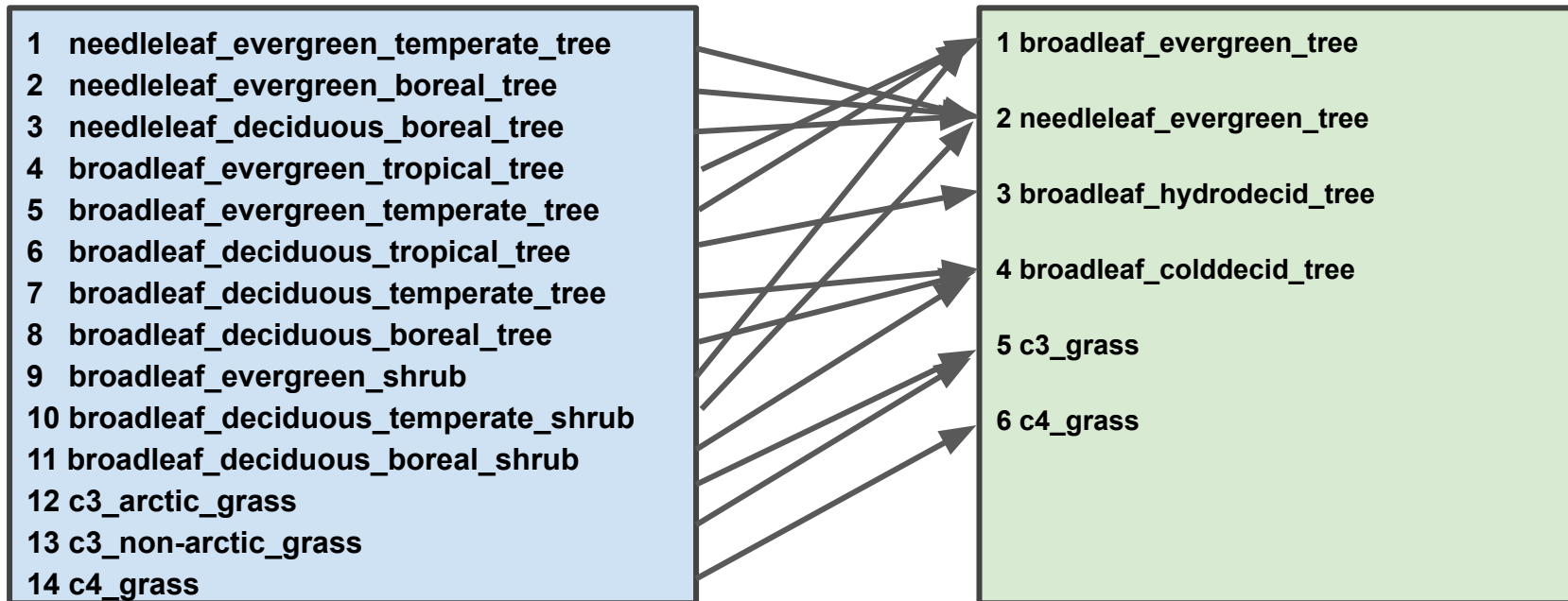
Process	RTM	Gas Exchange	Allocation	Canopy Structure	Litter & seeds	Recruits	PFTs share patches	Recruits everywhere?
NOFixedBG_COMP	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
FixedBG_COMP	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
FixedBG_NOCOMP	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N
NoFixedBG_NOCOMP	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N
SP Mode	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N
SST Mode	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N
PPM Mode	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

*n.b. That fire and plant hydraulics can already be turned on/off already with use_fates_spitfire and use_fates_plant_hydro

New Host Land Model - FATES PFT mapping capability

CLM

FATES



#FATES PFTs < #HLM PFTs: Aggregate HLM PFTs into groups.

New Host Land Model - FATES PFT mapping capability

CLM

- 1 needleleaf_evergreen_temperate_tree
- 2 needleleaf_evergreen_boreal_tree
- 3 needleleaf_deciduous_boreal_tree
- 4 broadleaf_evergreen_tropical_tree
- 5 broadleaf_evergreen_temperate_tree
- 6 broadleaf_deciduous_tropical_tree
- 7 broadleaf_deciduous_temperate_tree
- 8 broadleaf_deciduous_boreal_tree
- 9 broadleaf_evergreen_shrub
- 10 broadleaf_deciduous_temperate_shrub
- 11 broadleaf_deciduous_boreal_shrub
- 12 c3_arctic_grass
- 13 c3_non-arctic_grass
- 14 c4_grass

FATES

- 1 broadleaf_evergreen_tree
Drought tolerant/early succession
- 2 broadleaf_evergreen_tree
Drought tolerant/late succession
- 3 broadleaf_evergreen_tree
Drought intolerant/late succession
- 4 broadleaf_evergreen_tree
Drought intolerant/late succession

#FATES PFTs > #HLM PFTs: Impose a diversity of FATES PFTs.

A note on the setup of the runs shown here

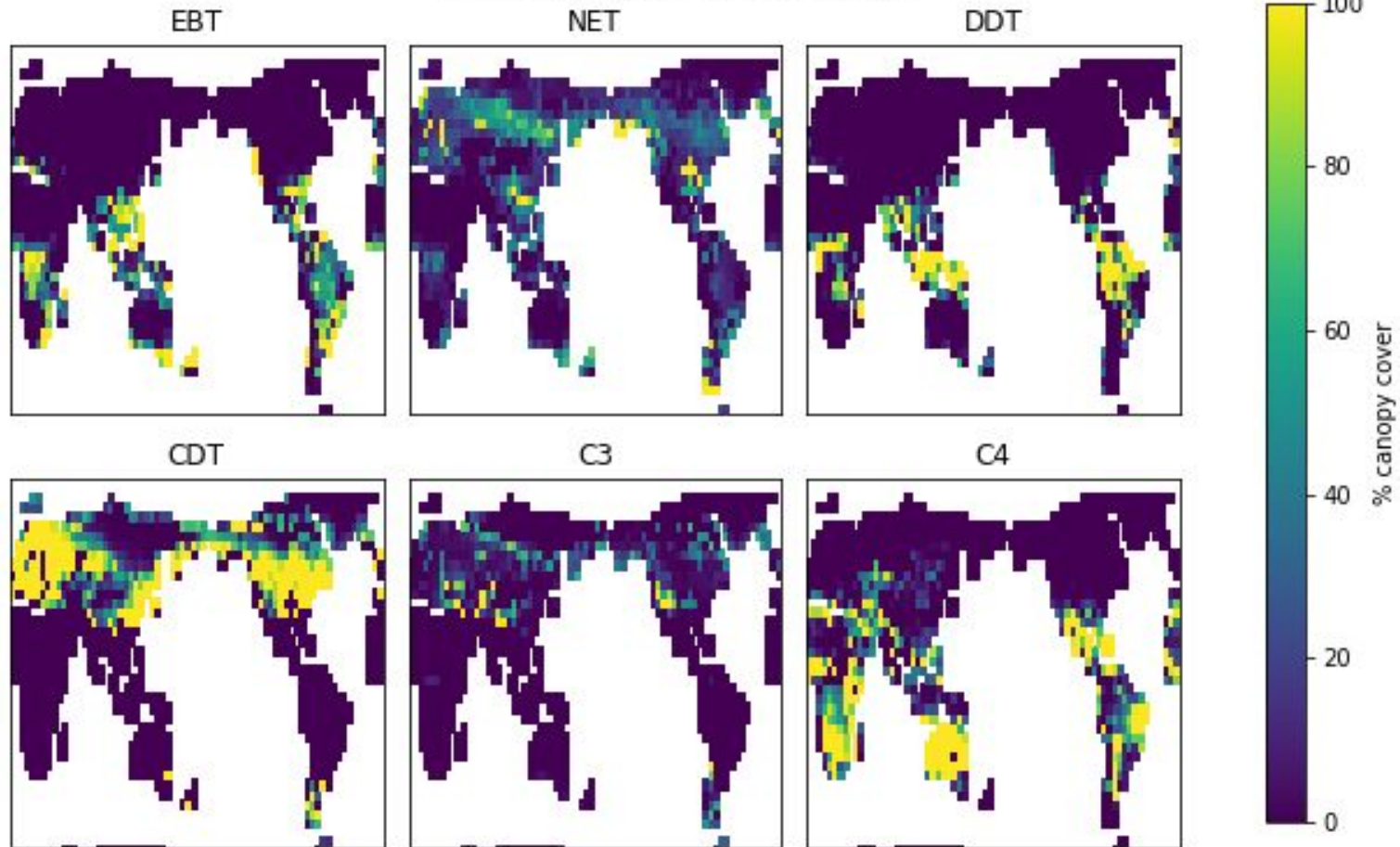
4x5 simulations

6 Plant Functional Types, as above

50 years spin up

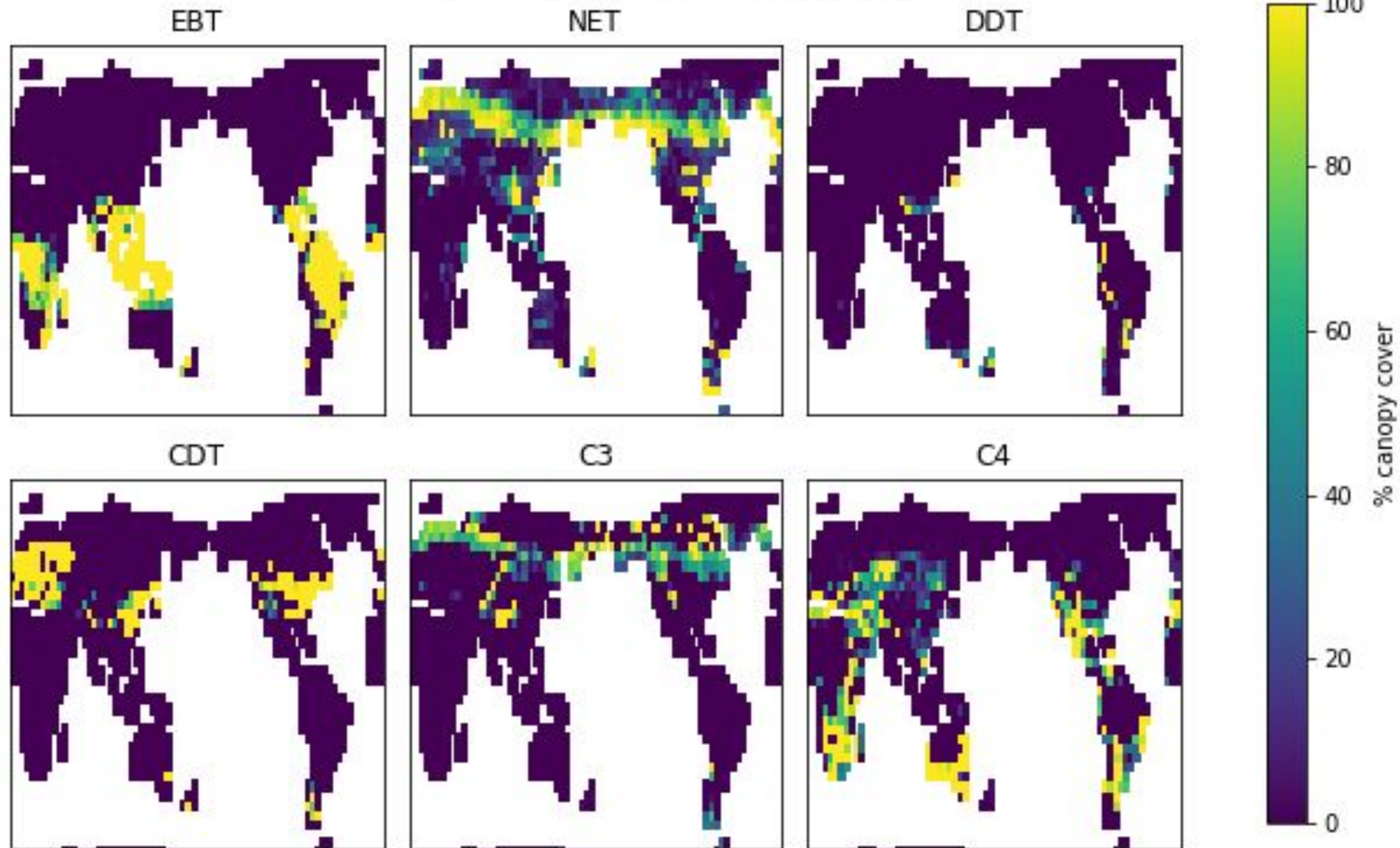
SETUP	Fixed Biogeography	Competition
NOFBG_COMP	NO	YES
FBG_COMP	YES	YES
NOFBG_NOCOMP	NO	NO
FBG_NOCOMP	YES	NO

PFT % cover: NOFBG_COMP_MODE



THIS IS THE **DEFAULT**, FULL-COMPLEXITY MODE FOR RUNNING FATES.

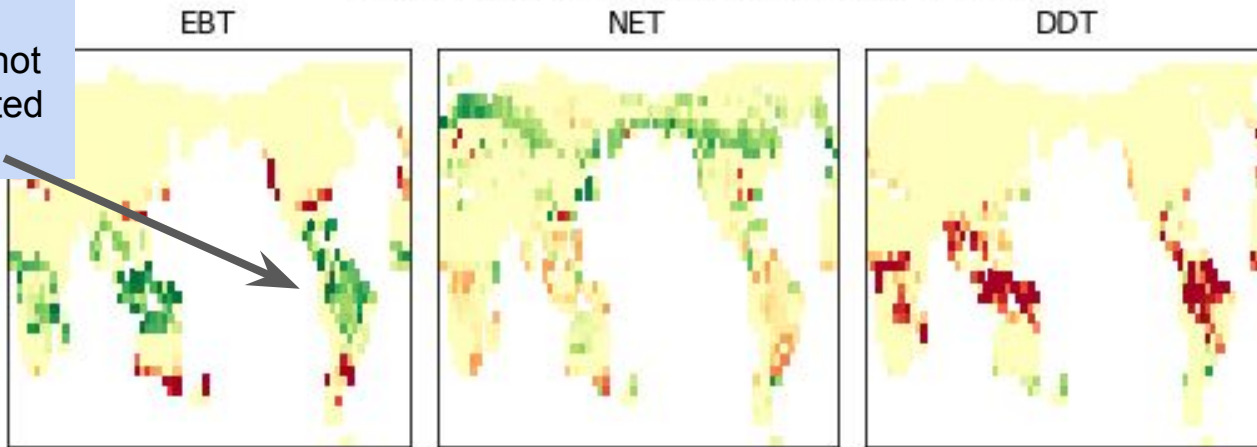
PFT % ccover: FBG_COMP_MODE



ADD FIXED BIOGEOGRAPHY MODE

Impact of fixed biogeography (with competition)

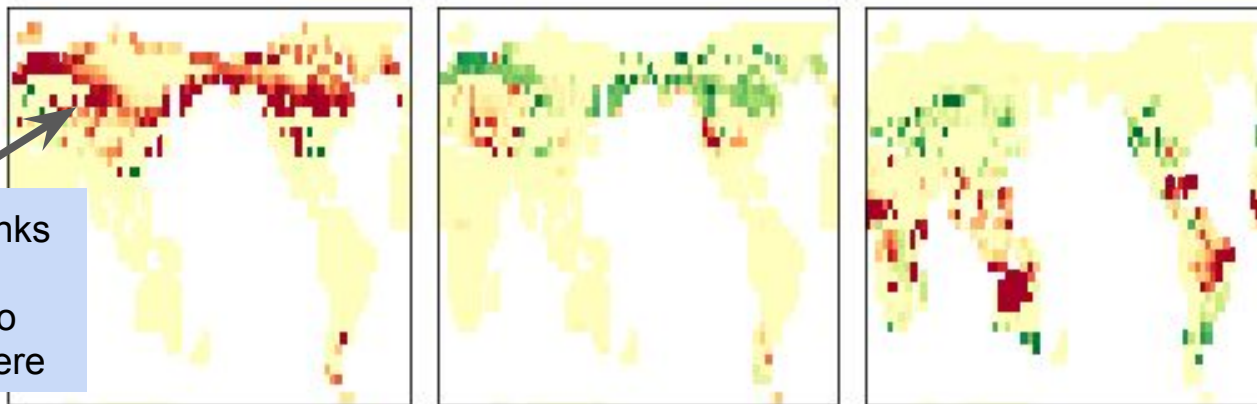
With FBG, BET's are not out-competed by DDTs



CDT

C3

C4

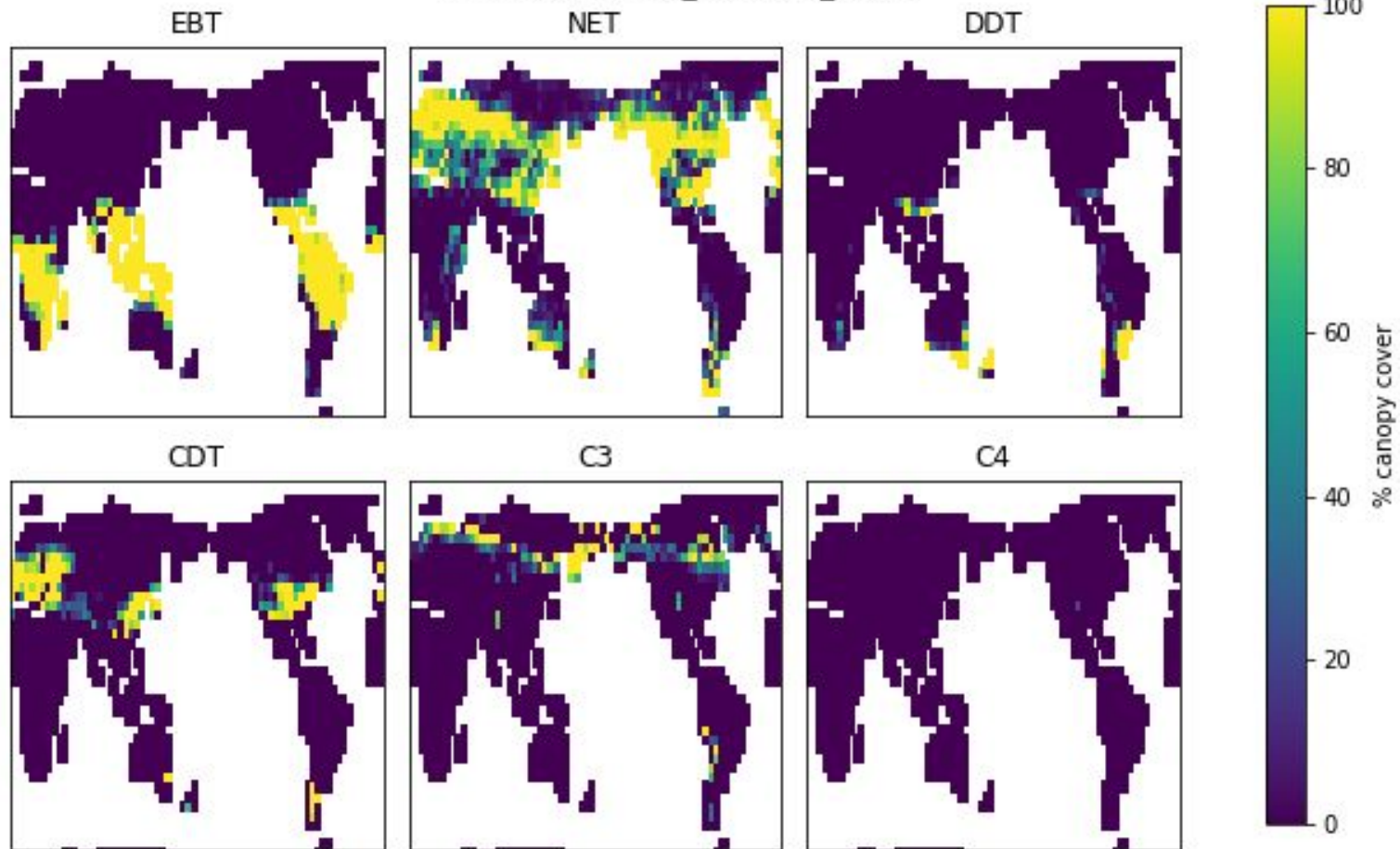


FATES thinks that CDTs should also grow up here

% diff in canopy cover

How does fixing biogeography change PFT distribution compared to full-FATES.

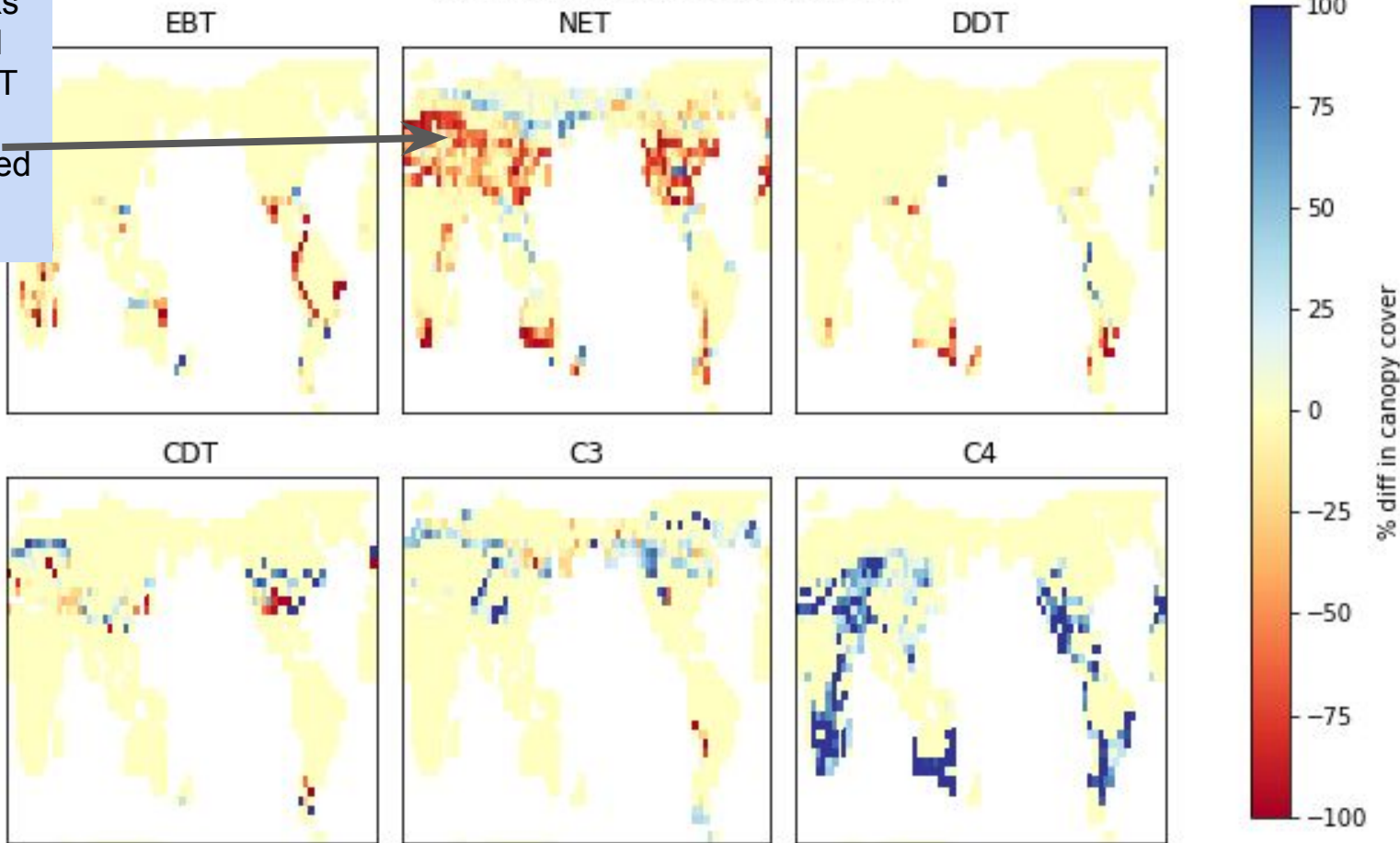
PFT % cover: FBG_NOCOMP_MODE



REMOVE PFT COMPETITION

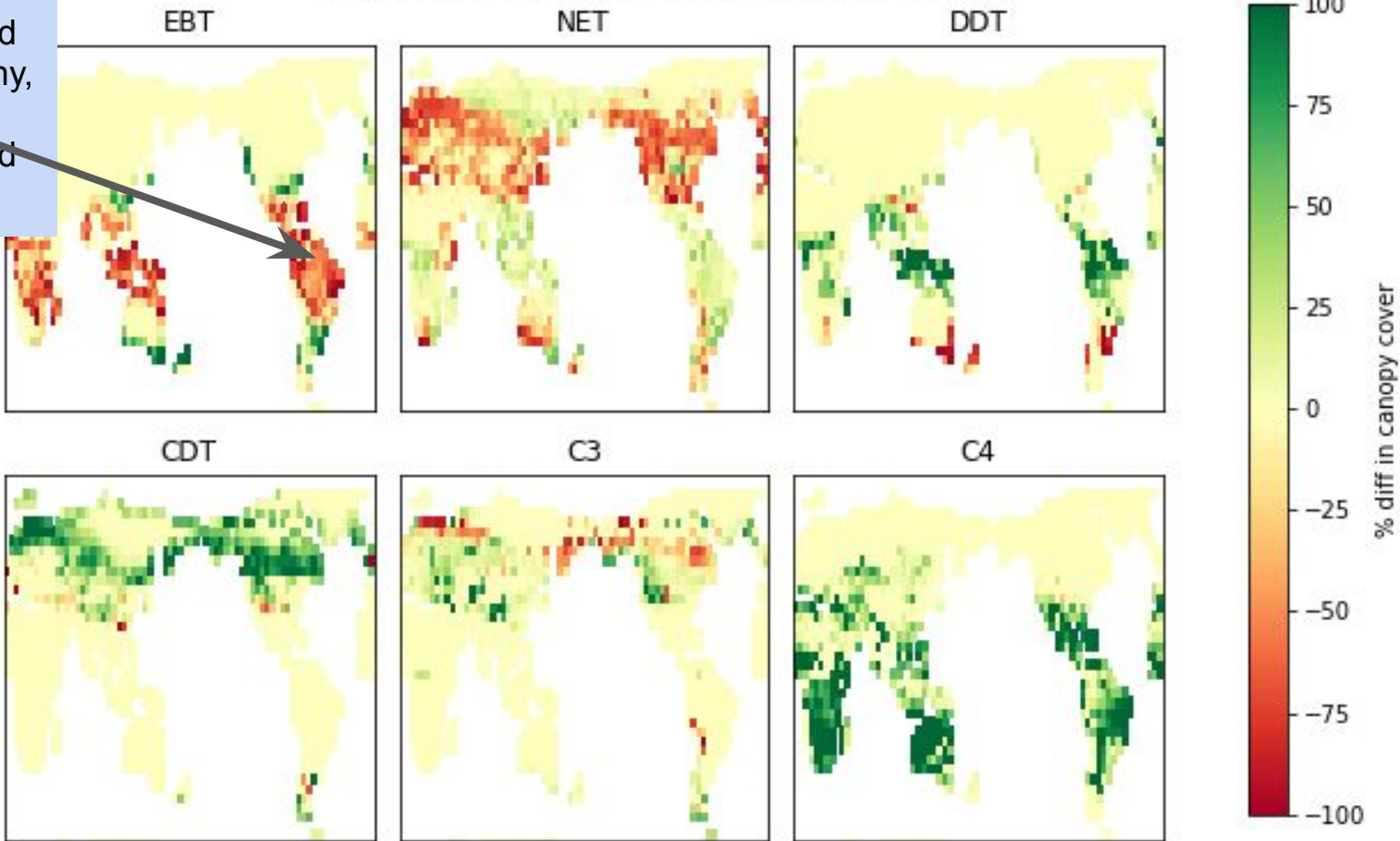
FATES thinks there should be more NET at high lats than observed

Impact of competition (FBG mode)



Impact of allowing free biogeog and competition

Without fixed biogeography, BETs are outcompeted by DDTs.



full-FATES vs. fixed, no comp FATES. This identifies biases caused by dynamic biogeography

Status (<http://github/NGEET/FATES>)

- Fixed Biogeography is now on the FATES trunk (PR#612)
- ‘No competition’ mode and PFT mapping are on a branch

https://github.com/rosiealice/fates/tree/new_fates_nocomp

Caveats

1. ‘No competition’ mode right now only works with patch dynamics turned off
2. We will need to resolve interactions with land use developments

Outlook

Our hope is that this effort will

- a) Accelerate progress toward identifying and addressing model biases (parametric & structural)
- b) Facilitate migration of CTSM developments into FATES context via use of models with fewer moving parts where appropriate.
- c) Ultimately, generate a flexible land surface model with ‘modular complexity’ that can help us out of the marshes...

Please send us feedback on this effort (e.g. ideas for other modes...)

(rosieafisher@gmail.com)