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Arctic Amplification: a Rapid Response to Radiative Forcing

Tyler P. Janoski

Michael Previdi, Gabriel Chiodo, Karen L. Smith, Lorenzo M. Polvani

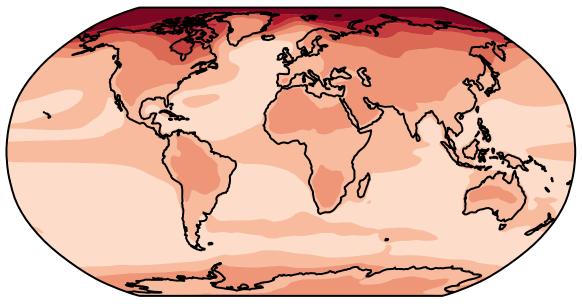


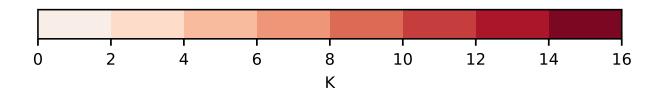




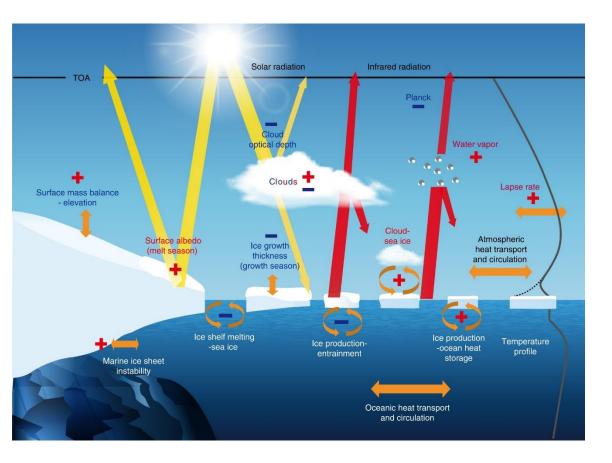
Arctic amplification (AA): enhanced Arctic surface warming

4xCO₂ Change in SAT, CMIP5

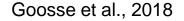




AA caused by feedbacks and changes in heat transport



These physical processes operate on considerably **different timescales**



AA in CMIP5 models under 4xCO₂

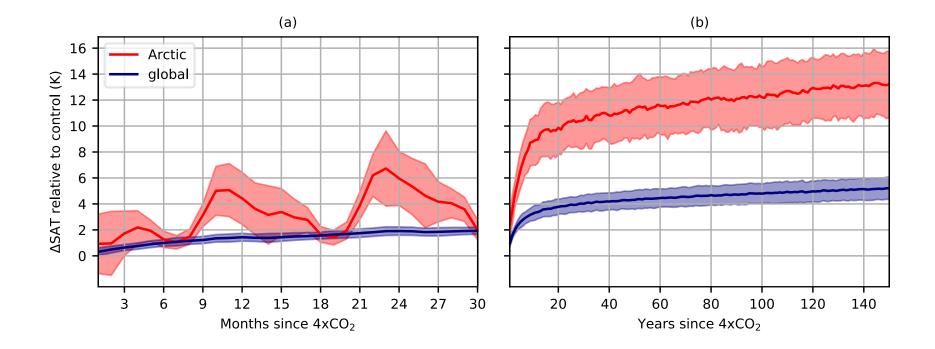
How fast does AA occur following 4xCO₂? Does the relative importance of AA mechanisms vary with time?

AA in CMIP5 models under 4xCO₂

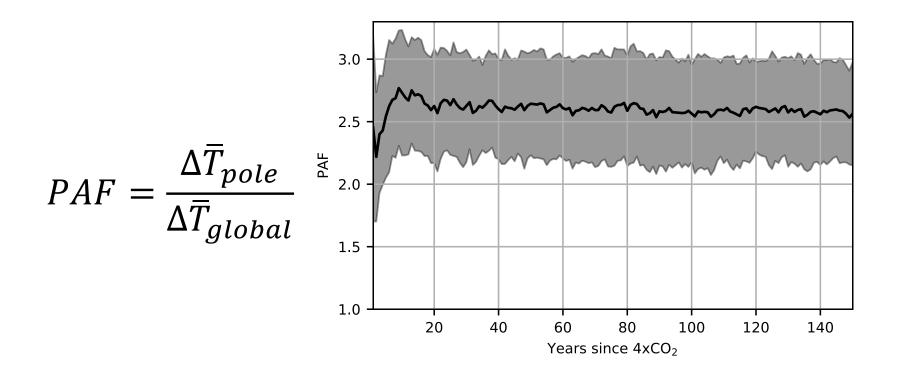
How fast does AA occur following 4xCO₂? Does the relative importance of AA mechanisms vary with time?

- Simulations from 21 CMIP5 models:
 - Fully-coupled preindustrial control and abrupt 4xCO₂ runs
- Feedbacks quantified using radiative kernel method
 - Kernels from CESM-CAM5 (Pendergrass et al., 2018)
- Arctic defined as 70°N-90°N
- Atmospheric and ocean mixed-layer heat convergence diagnosed from changes in column energy content

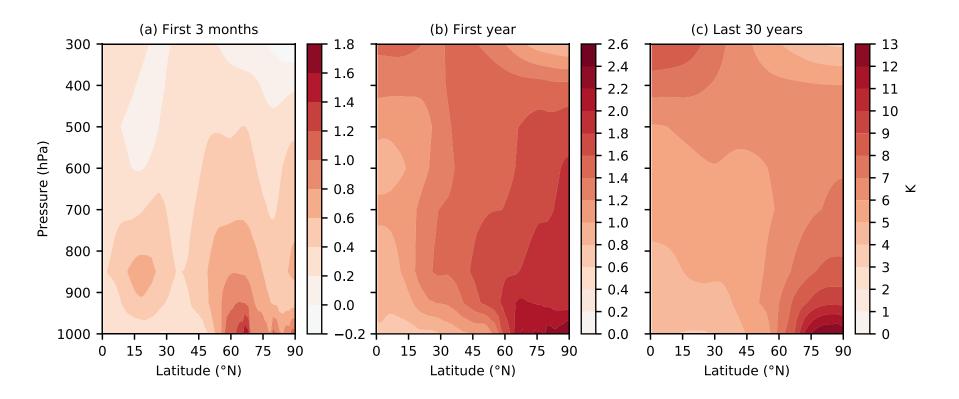
AA appears within months following $4xCO_2$



Time evolution of polar amplification factor

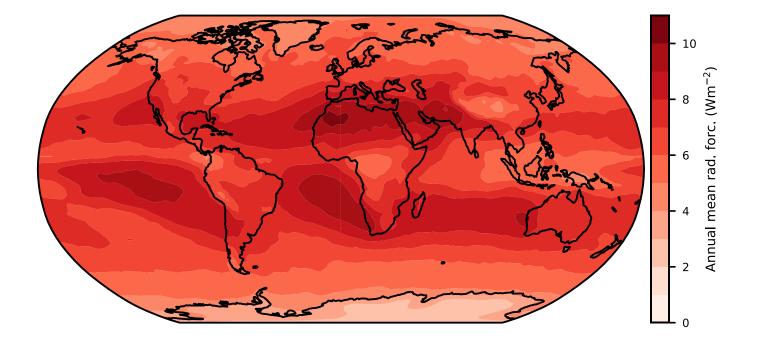


Vertical structure of warming after 4xCO₂

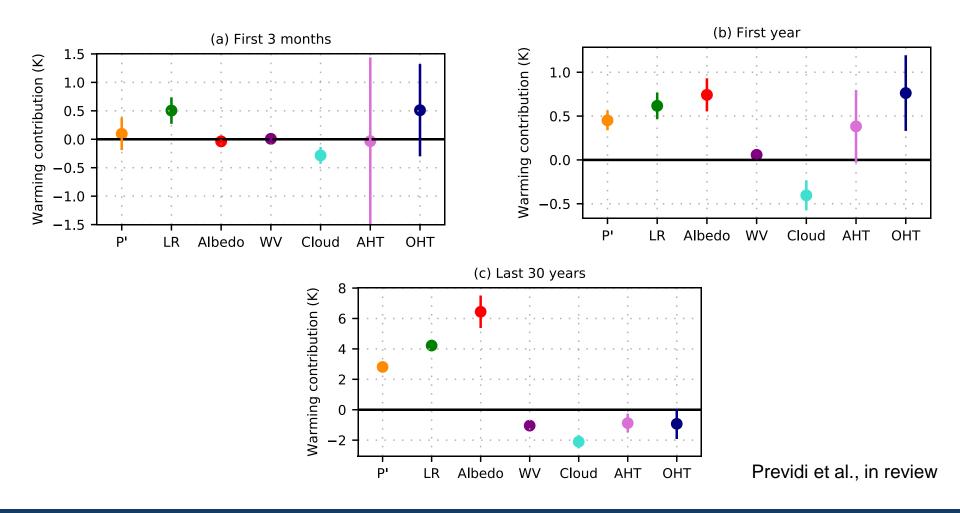


What is contributing to this response?

4xCO₂ radiative forcing <u>opposes</u> AA



Arctic – global warming contributions



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Conclusions

- Arctic amplification occurs rapidly (within a few months) in response to radiative forcing and is likely to be driven largely by atmospheric processes on this timescale
- Lapse rate feedback drives AA in first three months
- Albedo, lapse rate, and Planck feedbacks main contributors in quasi-equilibrium response, and are already most important feedbacks in first year
- The inherently fast timescales of AA suggest the potential for near-term mitigation of Arctic warming following a reduction in anthropogenic forcing

Warming contributions from feedbacks and transports

