Implementation of the Secondary Ice Production mechanisms in the Single Column Atmosphere Model Version 6 (SCAM6): Results from MC3E

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Objective

 Model development of CESM global model with SCAM (Single Column Model Version6) MC3E campaign

Improving the deep convective scheme, with realistic treatment of Ice processes

One of the steps was to add Secondary Ice Production mechanism

Implementation

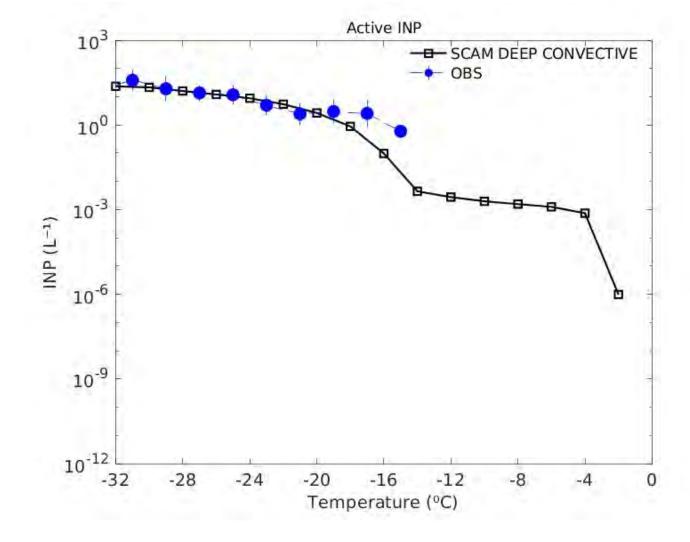
 The observation data collected during the Midlatitude Continental Convective Cloud Experiment (MC3E).

 Hybrid bin-bulk scheme for the representation of the cloud hydrometeors (cloud droplet, cloud ice, rain, snow and graupel)

The SIP mechanisms added following Phillips 2007;2008;2017a;2017b

Ice Initiation Process

- Heterogeneous ice nucleation (from aerosol species (active Ice Nuclei's present in the atmosphere)
- Homogeneous freezing (Spontaneous freezing of the cloud droplets)



Secondary Ice Production

Hallett-Mossop (Hallett and Mossop 1974)

Small ice splinters break away during riming of supercooled cloud droplets larger than 24 µm, for temperatures between -3°C and -8°C.

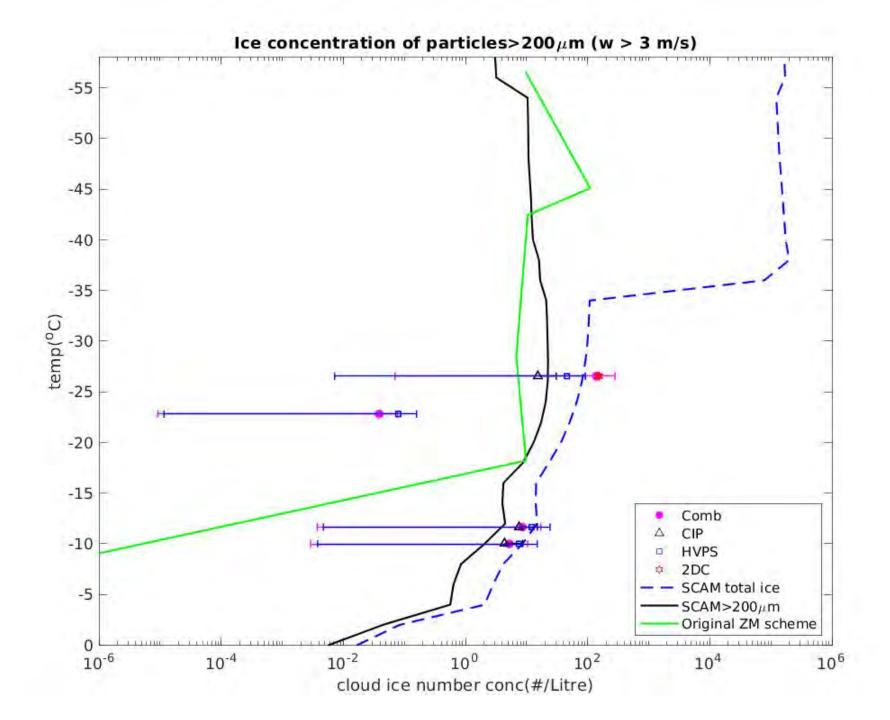
Ice-ice collisional breakup

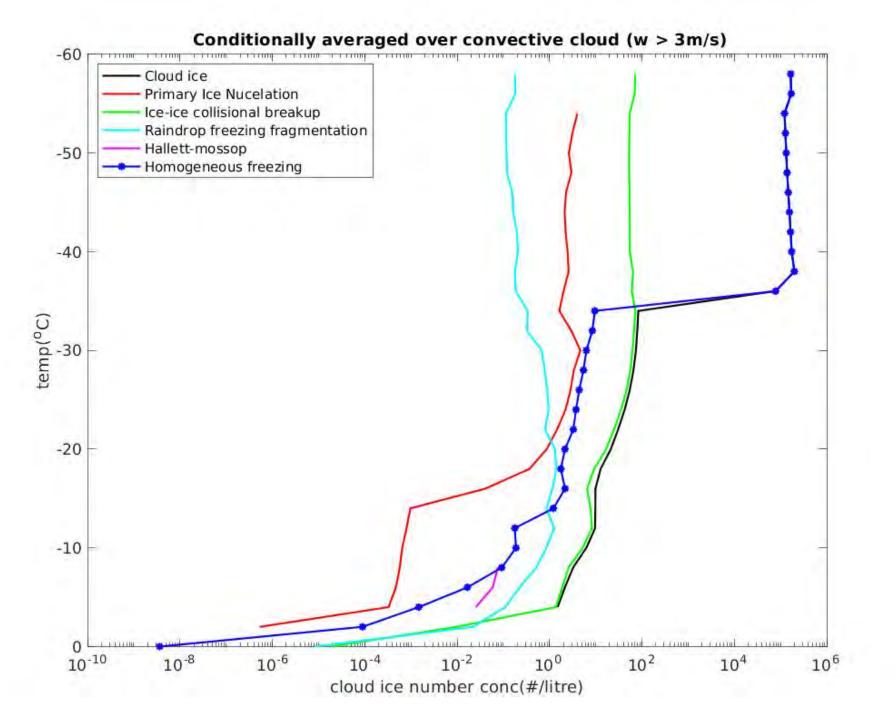
collisions involve ice crystal, snow, and graupel (Phillips et al.,2017)

Raindrop freezing fragmentation

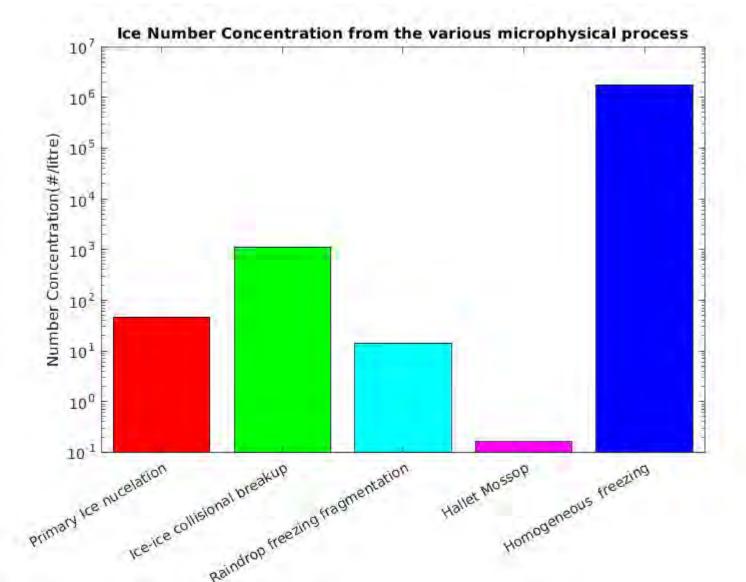
Mode 1: collision between less massive ice particles and cloud droplets

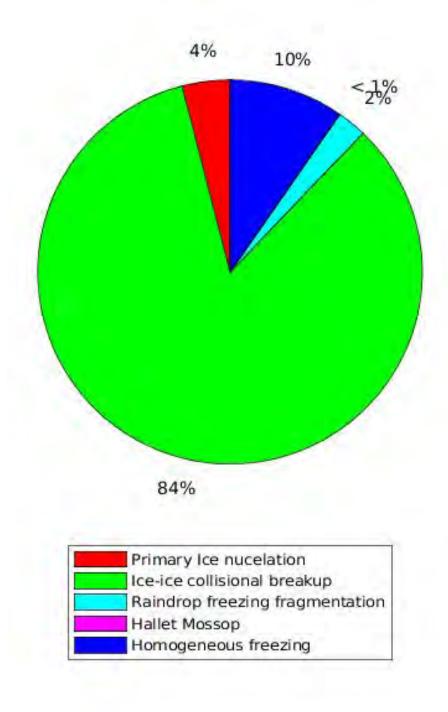
Mode 2: Collision of more massive ice particles with raindrops





Budget Analysis





References

Hallett, J., and S. C., Mossop, 1974: Production of secondary ice particles during the riming process. *Nature*, **249**, 26–28.

Phillips, V. T. J., J. I., Yano, M., Formenton, E., Ilotoviz, V. P., Kanawade, I., Kudzotsa, J., Sun, A., Bansemer, A. G., Detwiler, A., Khain, S. A., Tessendorf, 2017: Ice multiplication by breakup in ice-ice collisions. Part II: Numerical simulations, *J. Atmos. Sci.*, **74(9)**, 2789–2811.

Phillips, V. T. J., S. Patade, J., Gutierrez, A., Bansemer, 2018: Secondary ice production by fragmentation of freezing drops: Formulation and theory, *J. Atmos. Sci.*, **75(9)**, 3031–3070.