Langmuir Parameterizations

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In preparation for continued research with Keith Julien, CU-Boulder; Greg Chini, UNH; E. Knobloch, UCB

13th CCSM Meeting--OMWG Session Thurs. 6/19/08 11:25-11:40

Langmuir, What?

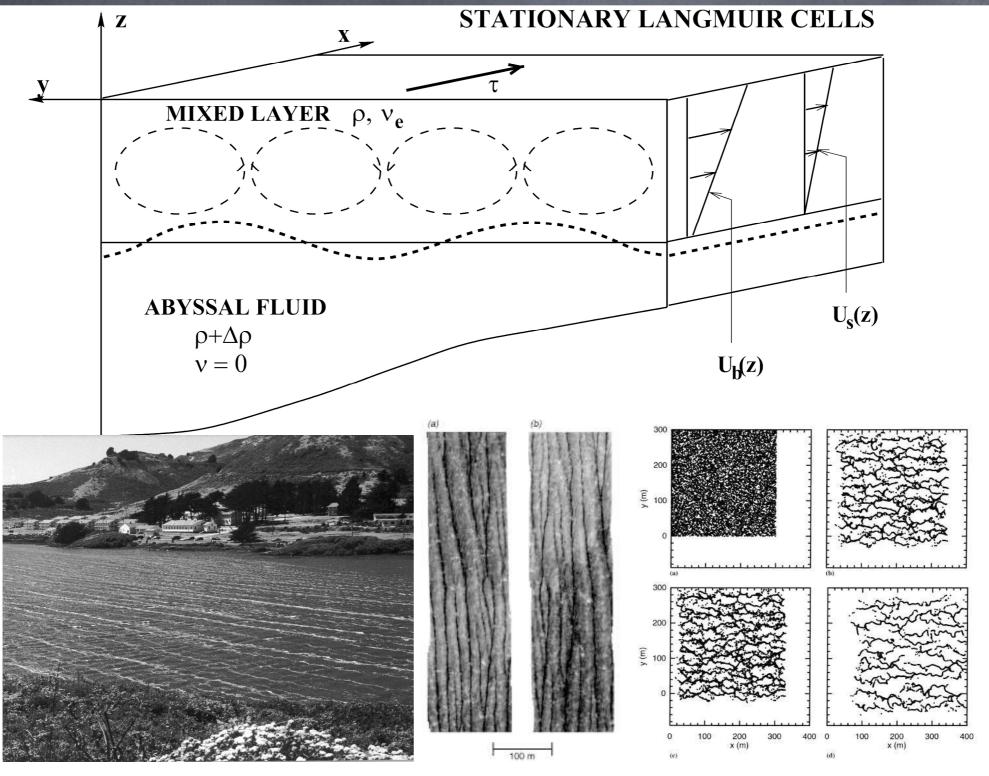


FIGURE 1: Images of Langmuir circulation windrows: (a) a photograph of Rodeo Lagoon in CA (from Szeri, 1996), (b) an infrared image of the surface of Tampa Bay (courtesy of G. Marmorino, NRL, D.C.), and (c) the evolution of surface tracers in a LES of Langmuir turbulence (McWilliams et al., 1997). Reproduced from Chini et al. (2008).

Langmuir, do we care?

Maybe:

Role of Langmuir Circulation in the Deepening of the Ocean Surface Mixed Layer

Ming Li,* Konstantin Zahariev, Chris Garrett

Helical motions, known as Langmuir circulation, are a key physical process in the upper ocean but have not yet been incorporated into ocean models. Here, surface mixed layer deepening by Langmuir circulation was added to that due to convection or velocity shear; Langmuir circulation is more important than shear if the velocity difference across the mixed-layer base is less than about 1 percent of the wind speed. In an upper ocean data set, evidence was found for the deepening of the mixed layer by both mechanisms. Thus, Langmuir circulation influences upper ocean diurnal and seasonal changes in stratification.

Maybe Not:

Langmuir circulation within the oceanic mixed layer

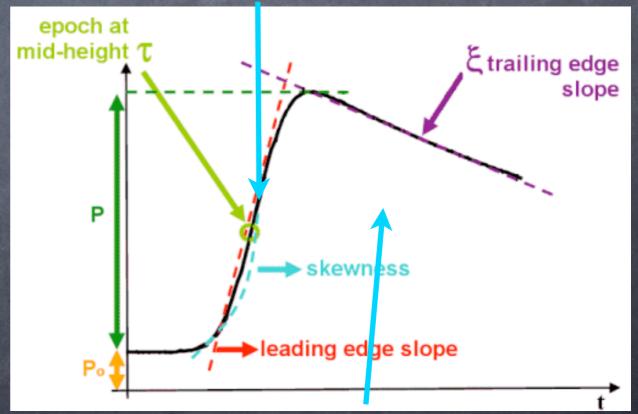
ROBERT A. WELLER* and JAMES F. PRICE*

some occasions, when Langmuir cells appeared suddenly, they were able to mix the weak near-surface stratification that had formed in reponse to diurnal heating. They could also maintain large shears in the well-mixed fluid near the surface. They did not, however, penetrate with strength to the base of relict mixed layers observed during summer-like conditions or to the base of deeper, more isothermal, mixed layers observed during stormy conditions.

Waves+Wind!=Wind

- Langmuir is 'in' KPP, but only based on wind
- Really Langmuir depends on both u* and us
- Is there data? Altimeters do both simultaneously

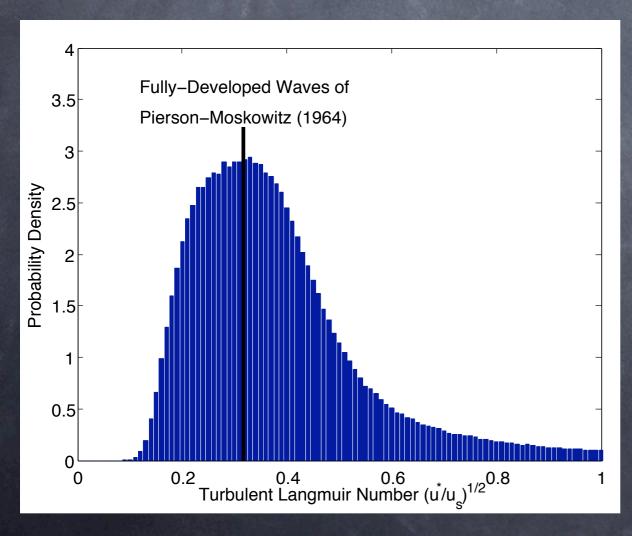
IONOSPHERE DYNAMIC TOPOGRAPHY Leading Slope->Swell

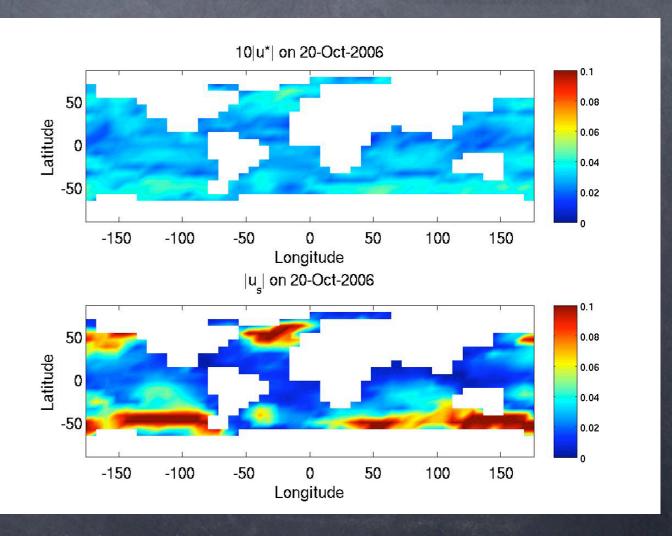


Inverse Area->Capillaries
Thus, Local wind

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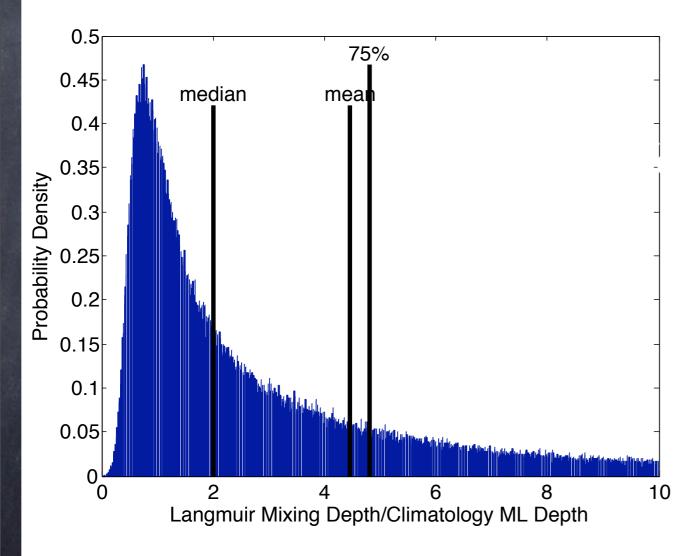
Estimate Importance from LES scalings

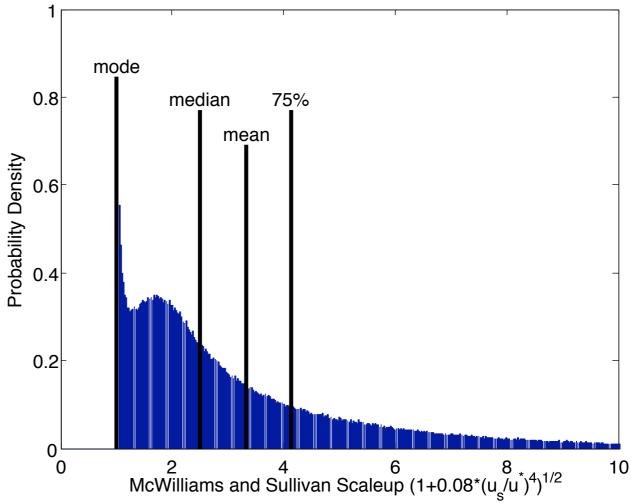
Li and Garrett (1997)

$$Fr = \frac{W}{NH} \approx \frac{V}{1.5NH} \approx \frac{\sqrt{u_s u^*}}{1.5NH} \approx 0.6$$

McWilliams & Sullivan (2000)

$$\kappa \to \kappa \left(1 + 0.08 \frac{u_s^2}{u^{*2}} \right)^{1/2}$$





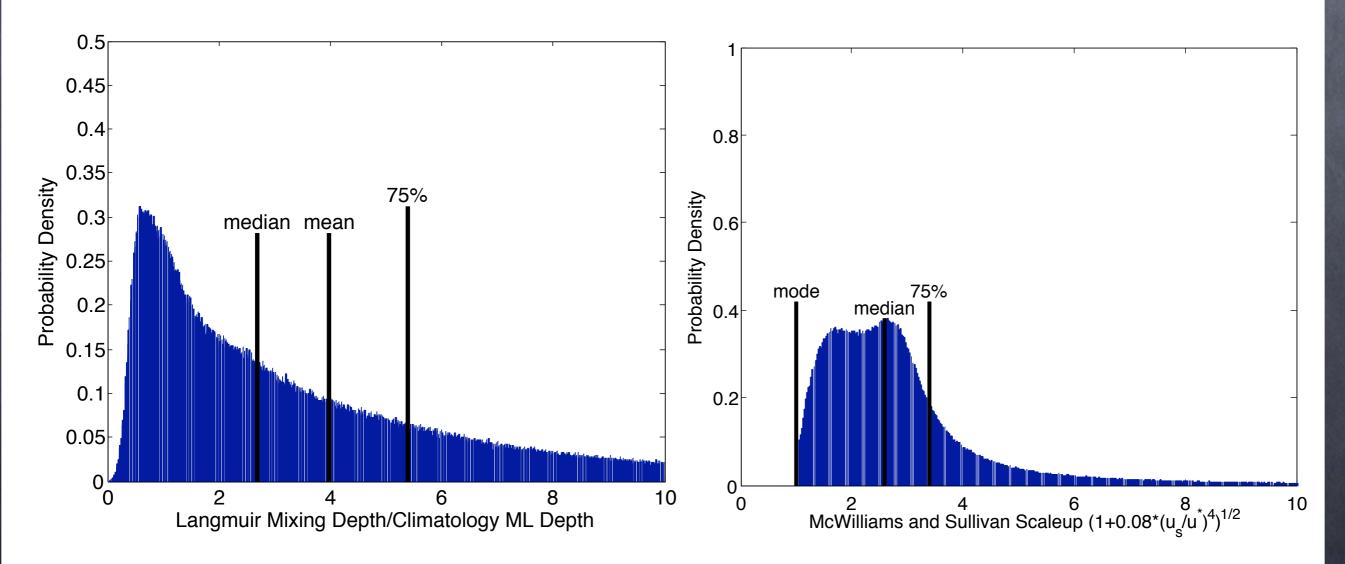
N, MLD Based on Argo Climatology (Speer & Wienders)

Estimate Importance from LES scalings

Li and Garrett (1997)

McWilliams & Sullivan (2000)

$$Fr = \frac{W}{NH} \approx \frac{V}{1.5NH} \approx \frac{\sqrt{u_s u^*}}{1.5NH} \approx 0.6 \qquad \kappa \to \kappa \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(1 + 0.08 \frac{|\mathbf{u_s}|^4}{(\mathbf{u^* \cdot u_s})^2}\right)^{1/2} & \forall : \mathbf{u^* \cdot u_s} > 0 \\ 1 & \forall : \mathbf{u^* \cdot u_s} < 0 \end{array} \right.$$

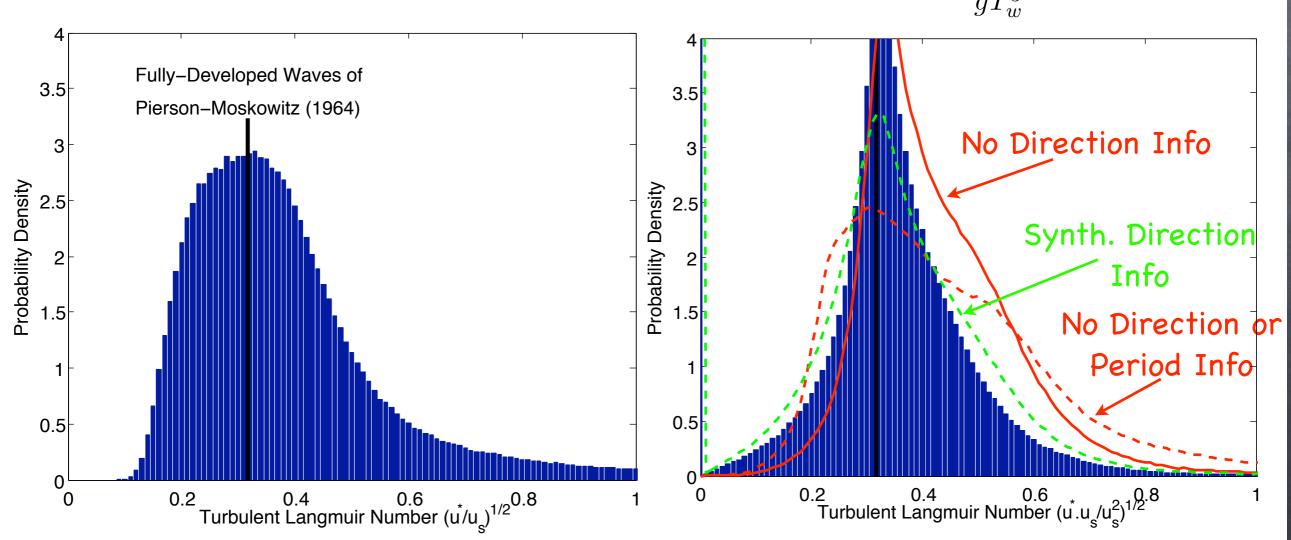


N, MLD Based on Argo Climatology (Speer & Wienders)

Satellite versus Model

Stokes' Drift is *sensitive* to wave period.

$$u_s \approx \frac{\pi^3 H_s^2}{gT_w^3}$$



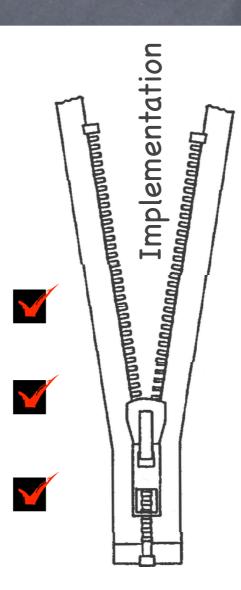
Aviso Merged Satellite Dataset, 11/12/05-05/27/08

WaveWatch III Data-Assimilating Wave Model (attempted to rescale find surface wind-stress)

State of the Art:

Fundamental Model Hierarchy

Wave Resolving 3d DNS 3d C-L LES Asymptotic-3d PDEs Asymptotic-2d PDEs Single Mode PDEs Equilibrated Scaling



Applied Model Hierarchy

Wave Resolving Model C-L Equations Full Wave Model Simple Wave Model Climatology Forcing Wind-Only Forcing



Our Goal:

Fundamental Model Hierarchy

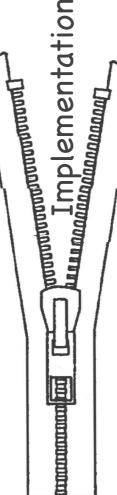
Wave Resolving 3d DNS 3d C-L LES

Asymptotic-3d PDEs Asymptotic-2d PDEs Single Mode PDEs Equilibrated Scaling









Applied Model Hierarchy

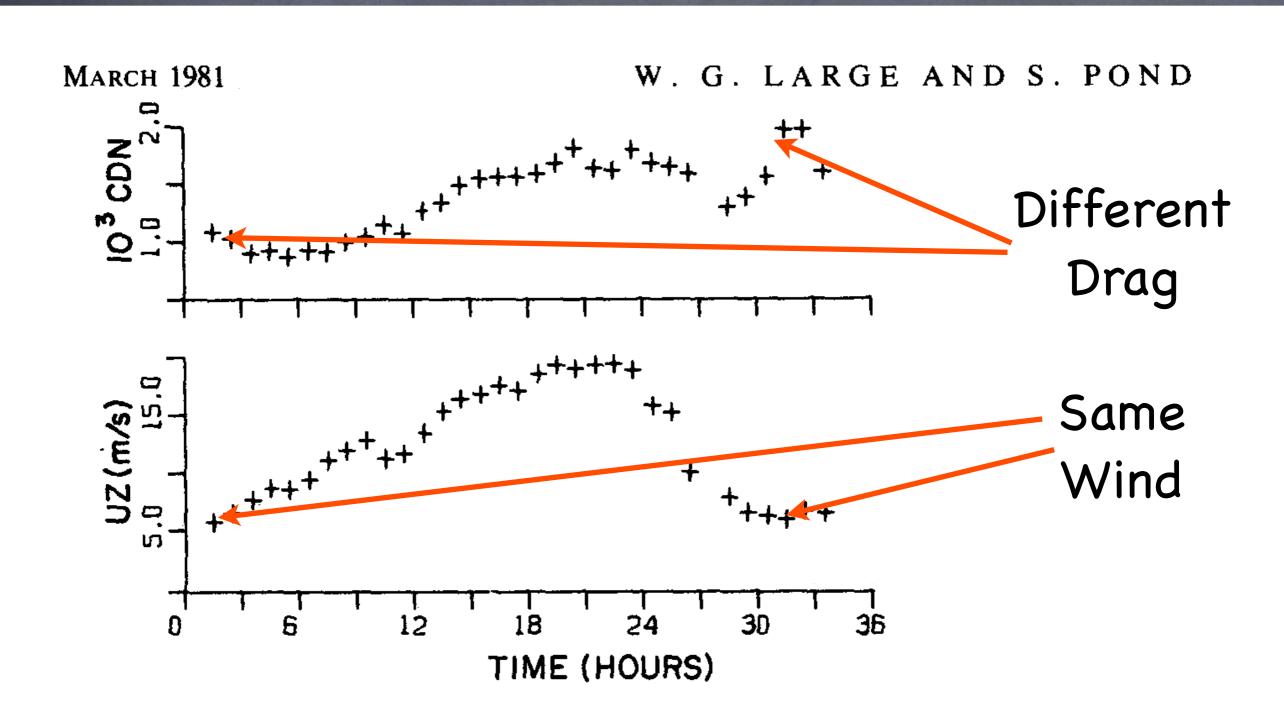
Wave Resolving Model C-L Equations Full Wave Model

Simple Wave Model Climatology Forcing

Wind-Only Forcing

Satellite Altimeter Creation/Validation

Other Effects of Wind+Waves!= Wind



Conclusions

- Langmuir turbulence may play an important role in mixed layer mixing and deepening
- Langmuir scaling requires wind & waves
- Proper parameterization requires development of theory, as well as implementation of a wave model
- Once we've got the wave model, it will be useful for other things!