





DOE perspectives on CESM

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Office of Biological and Environmental Research



Outline

- 1.Global climate modeling at DOE
- **2.DOE CESM investments**
 - 3. Climate modeling in 2011



4. Priorities, Needs



Office of Biological and Environmental Research

Department of Energy Office of Science





Department of Energy Mission Relevance

- Impacts of fossil fuel emissions on climate system

- Climate change affects energy needs, potentials (e.g. effect of temperature extremes on power grid; future potentials for solar, wind, bio-energy, hydro-electric)

Further Modeling Program Principles

Support of Community models: primarily the Community Earth System Model, in collaboration with NSF



Research to advance computation



CESD research priorities: Cloud/aerosol and Terrestrial Ecosystem science





DOE Climate modeling investments

FY11 67M, ~ 50/50 DOE Laboratory/University

UCAR ~ 3M (+new awards, > 4M) (Implement more formal review process?)

MOST DOE climate modeling research is around CESM development and analysis

MOST DOE laboratory climate modeling funds are for CESM development

Multi-Lab Model Development Projects: NCAR often serves as "integrator"

	BNL	ORNL	LANL	LBNL	PNNL	LLNL	ANL	SNL
High Res		X	X	X		X		
IMPACTS		X	X	X	X	X	X	
SciDAC		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Polar			X	X	X	X		
Regional		X	X	X	X			
CSSEF	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

- "High Resolution" Challenges and benefits of running model at very high resolution (0.25 x 0.1 atmosphere x ocean), hydrologic extremes, eddies
- "IMPACTS": Abrupt climate change: 1. Stability of WAIS (sheet-ocean interface), 2. Drought potential over US (Land hydrology, dust), 3. Arctic methane clathrate and permafrost release (land, ocean, atmosphere biogeochemistry)
- "SciDAC": Computationally intensive development of CESM dynamical cores, chemistry and biogeochemistry for atmosphere and ocean

Multi-Lab Model Development Projects

Project	BNL	ORNL	LANL	LBNL	PNNL	LLNL	ANL	SNL
High Res		X	X	X		X		
IMPACTS		X	X	X	X	X	X	
SciDAC		X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Polar			X	X	X	X		
Regional		X	X	X	X			
CSSEF	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

- "Polar": Pollution transport to Arctic, Arctic cloud, and cryosphere development and coupling
- "Regional": How does model hydrology simulation change with model resolution?
- "CSSEF": Initial focus on test-bed development, Land model development, Uncertainty Quantification







Other large DOE Lab activities

- PCMDI: Model evaluation, diagnostics
- COSIM: LANL development of CESM ocean, sea-ice, landice
- Integrated Earth System Model: Tight coupling between CESM (CLM) and human activities, IA
- FAST physics cloud model testbed: BNL: test and develop cloud parameterizations using ARM measurements
- Carbon Feedbacks: Improve terrestrial carbon simulation and coupling in CLM for low-middle-high latitudes
- Earth System Grid Federation: Cyber portal providing distribution of model/observational data
- "Visualization" development of tools for analysis and visualization of large and diverse (spatio-temporal) datasets (on ESG)







Current trends and influences on DOE climate modeling research

1. Congress: Eliminate duplicative climate research, DOE support should be for mission-relevant science

2. USGCRP: Enlarge climate research scope to include e.g. ongoing climate assessment, improved provision of climate information to stake-holders and decision makers

3. DOE Office of Science: supports basic science research

Guiding principles

- 1. Planet in peril (e.g. sea-level rise)
- 2. Basic research is still needed and will help.

We have made great advances, however we have limited ability to provide climate information on scales needed by stakeholders. Significant advances are still possible.

3. U.S. needs more than 1 climate model.

(If you were terminally ill would you want only 1 doctor to consult?)

 CESM: Benefits of "Community" model (used and developed by 1000's worldwide)

 DOE model development investments are critical for the CESM complements not duplicates NSF
DOE mission relevance:

Basic research in support of: Determining impacts of fossil fuel on climate, climate change impacts on energy potentials



DOE Modeling Research Priorities

CESD priorities: cloud/aerosol and terrestrial carbon cycle

Testbeds: Model evaluation, validation and verification. Build Earth System Grid and connected tools.

High-resolution capability developments, crucial for connection with stakeholder needs (wind, precipitation, solar, biofuels). Focus on extremes.

Model component development, physics: e.g. ground hydrology, land ice, clouds

Uncertainty characterization frameworks to guide research priorities and inform climate model interpretation

Integrated human-physical elements within climate modeling



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Further DOE needs from CESM

Integrator: NCAR is integrator of DOE (Laboratory) research. Flexible coupling needed...

Performance Metrics: Reports on achievements (particularly if supported by DOE).





Credit...

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