

A new prognostic representation of stratospheric aerosols in CESM

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Whole Atmosphere Community Climate Model





Extend modal aerosol model (MAM3) for stratospheric aerosols



Mode	Nucleation	Aitken	Accumulation	Coarse
Standard MAM3 radius (µm)	N/A	0.00435 - 0.026	0.02675 - 0.22	0.5 - 2.0
geom. std. dev		1.6	1.8	1.8
Modified MAM3 radius (µm)	N/A	0.00435 - 0.026	0.02675 - 0.22	>0.22
geom. std. dev.		1.6	<mark>1.6</mark>	1.2
ECHAM-M7 volcanic radius (µm)	<0.005	0.005 - 0.05	>0.05	N/A
geom. std. dev.	1.59	1.59	1.2	
ECHAM-M7 geoeng. radius (µm)	<0.005	0.005 - 0.05	0.05 - 0.2	>0.2
geom. std. dev.	1.59	1.59	1.59	1.2



Time-varying lower boundary condition for OCS



- New LBC file for runs with chemistry (WACCM, CAM-chem)
- External forcing files developed for SO₂ produced from OCS oxidation in CAM without chemistry: 1850, 20th Century

3D volcanic strat/trop SO₂ input file for 1990-2011

VEI > 2 eruptions since 1990 (with SO₂ reported)



3D volcanic strat/trop SO2 input file for 1990-2011

No. of VEI > 2 eruptions with eruption column heights >10 km





Laramie (41N, 105W), 1999-2008





Cumulative number densities (for radii larger than stated radius in µm) calculated by CESM(WACCM5) compared to in situ stratospheric aerosol measurements over the period 1999–2008 at Laramie.

Vertical profiles of particles >10 nm and >150 nm match observations well. MAM retains higher number densities of larger particles in the accumulation and coarse mode than are observed.











30N

60N

0

60S

30S

Community Earth System Model



Pinatubo heating in the stratosphere greatly improved over CCSM4 prognostic volcanics.







Geoengineering experiment in progress



Summary: prognostic stratospheric sulfates with MAM

- Prognostic modal volcanic aerosol is not available for use in CESM.
- A volcanic input file has been developed for 1990-2011, with plans to extend it back to 1850.
- Number densities of small particles compare well to balloon observations from Laramie. This is important because small particles dominate the surface area densities relevant to heterogeneous chemistry in the stratosphere.
- Completed 1990-2012 runs with and without volcanoes. Testing sensitivity to input altitude, latitude, and mass with comparison to SAGE v7 data set of extinction and optical depth.
- Stratospheric heating after Pinatubo is greatly improved over prescribed volcanic sulfate in CCSM4.
- Running geoengineering experiment styled after Tilmes et al. (GMD, 2015): RCP6.0 with 8 Tg SO₂/year for years 2020-2070, compared to RCP6.0 control