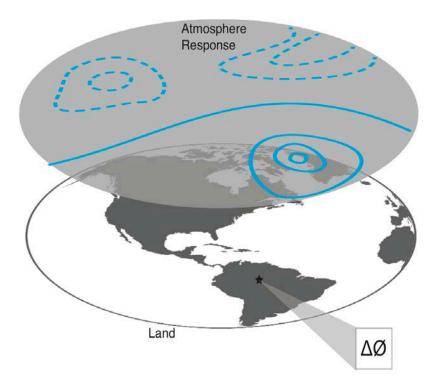
## Atmospheric Perturbations Using a Simple Land Model

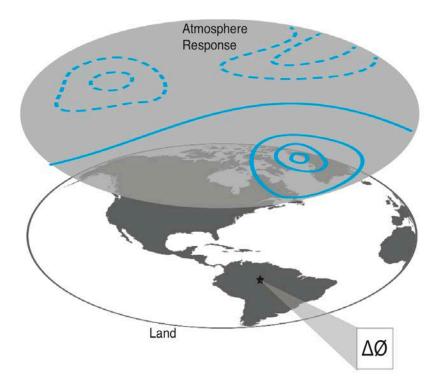
Marysa Laguë

Abigail Swann, Gordon Bonan University of Washington mlague@uw.edu

Climate Response to Land Change

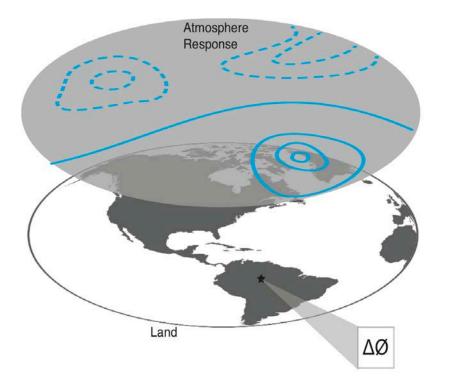


Climate Response to Land Change



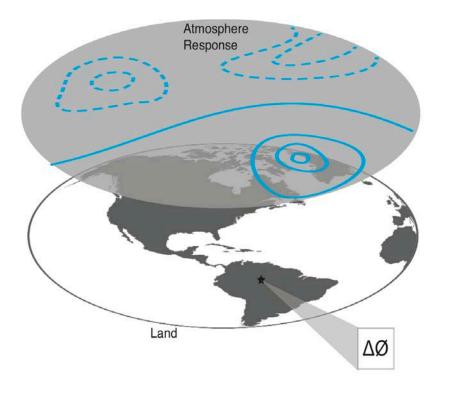
 Does the atmosphere care about changes in the land surface?

Climate Response to Land Change



- Does the atmosphere care about changes in the land surface?
- 2. How much does it care?

Climate Response to Land Change



- Does the atmosphere care about changes in the land surface?
- 2. How much does it care?
- 3. Where is does it care most, and about what?

# Already have some intuition of how land influences atmosphere in different locations

Green vs desert Sahara

(Charney et al. 1975)

Boreal forests warm climate

(Bonan et al. 1992)

Tropical deforestation warms + dries

(Shukla et al. 1990)

Mid-latitude forests change global circulation

(Swann et al. 2012)

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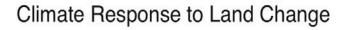
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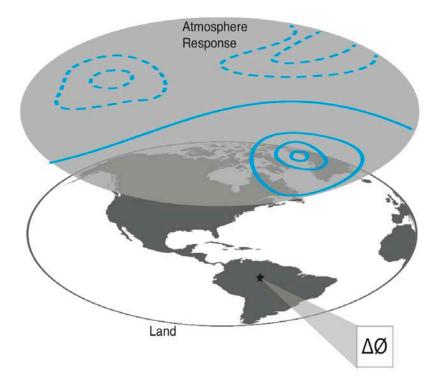
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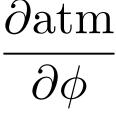
(Swann et al. 2012)

➔ Want to systematically test the global sensitivity of the atmosphere to very controlled local changes in the land surface



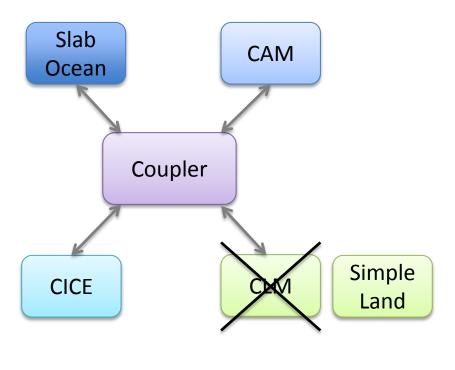


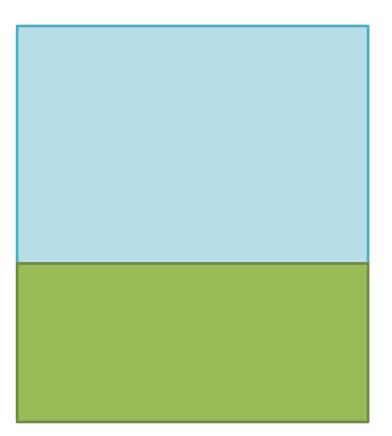
- Systematically perturb individual land surface properties at individual locations
  - Albedo
  - Roughness
  - Evaporative resistance



Climate Response to Land Change To do this: make <b>very</b> simplified land model to run in place of CLM	Systematically perturb individual land surface properties at individual locations • Albedo • Roughness • Evaporative resistance
Land	$rac{\partial \mathrm{atm}}{\partial \phi}$

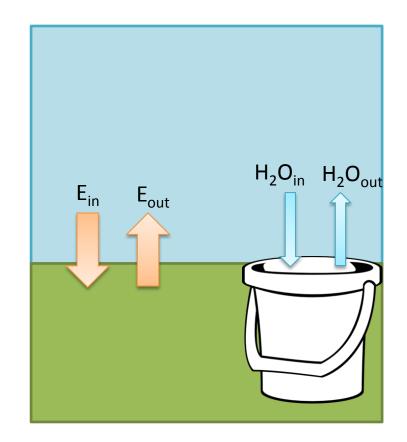
## Simple Land Model for CESM





## Simple Land Model for CESM

- Surface energy budget
- Bucket hydrology
- Tunable parameters
  - Albedo
  - Roughness
  - Bucket capacity
  - Evaporative resistance
  - Soil thermal properties



Leans heavily on LSM 1.0 (Bonan, 1996) and GFDL's LM2 Model (LaD; Milly & Shmakin 2002)

### Why not just use CLM?



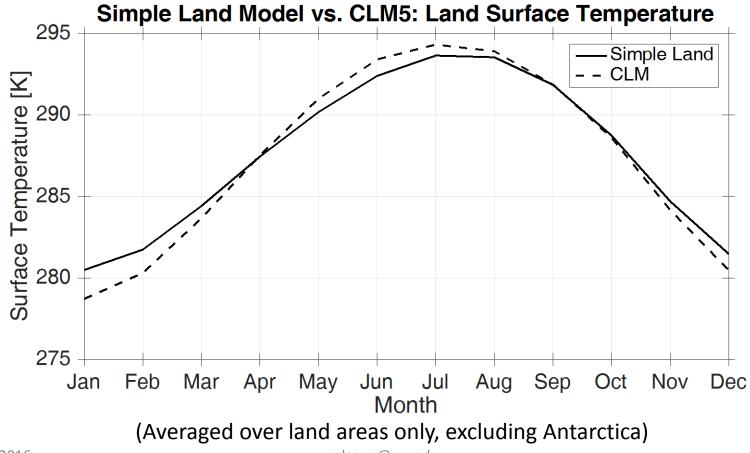
## Why not just use CLM?

- Want model to be easily *tunable*.
- Want to understand (and control) exactly what is changing in the land surface.

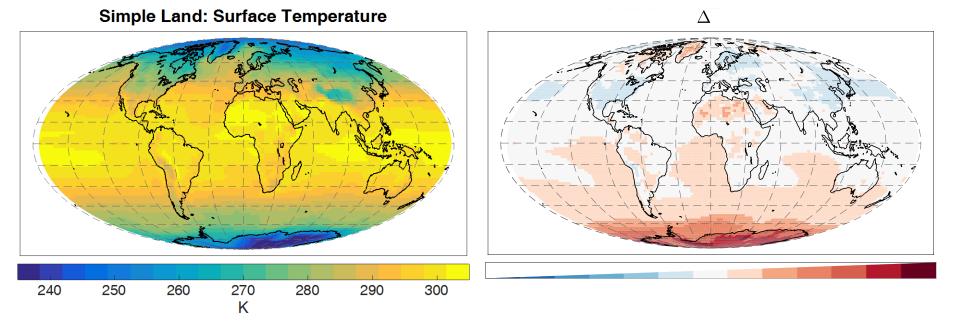
## Why not use data land?

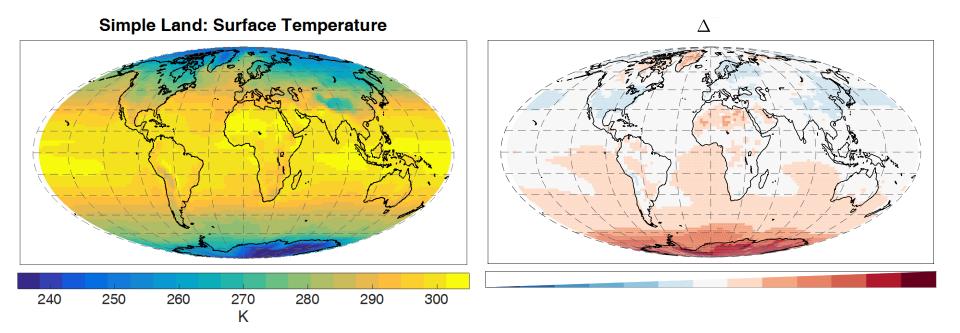
### Why not use data land?

- Still want surface to be able to respond to & interact with atmosphere:
  - Calculate surface energy budget
  - Limited by water availability
  - Snow impact on albedo (seasonality)
- Similar to the idea of using an aquaplanet



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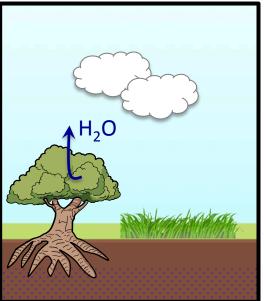
#### Have this simple model... what are we going to do with it?

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• When forests replace grass, do clouds increase because of more upwards motion, or more water?

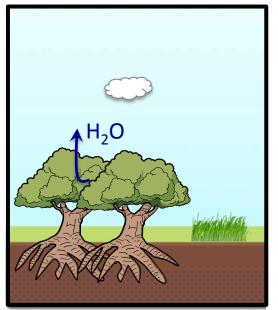
Have this simple model... what are we going to do with it?
→ Tease apart the influence of individual surface parameters

#### Mid-latitudes



Small amount of trees **↑** clouds

#### Mid-latitudes



## Large amount of trees ♥ clouds

Now we can isolate the albedo vs. water use effects on the atmospheric response

Laguë & Swann, 2016

mlague@uw.edu

• When forests replace grass, do clouds increase because of more upwards motion, or more water?

• What is 
$$\frac{\partial T_{local}}{\partial (albedo)}$$
, or  $\frac{\partial T_{local}}{\partial (evaporative resistance)}$ ?

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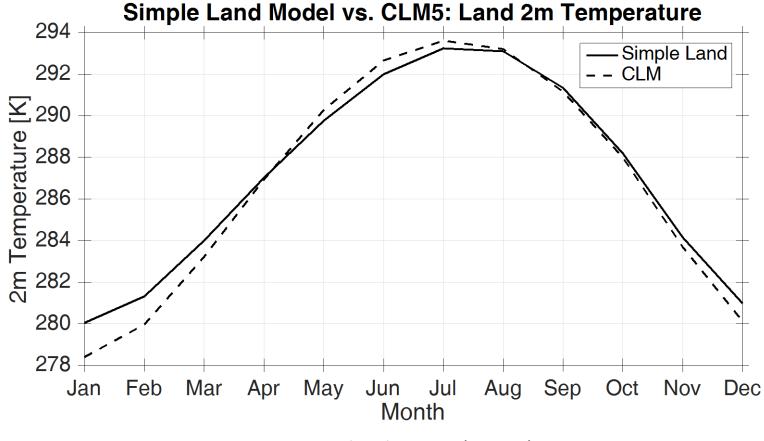
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### ➔ Hypothesis testing tool

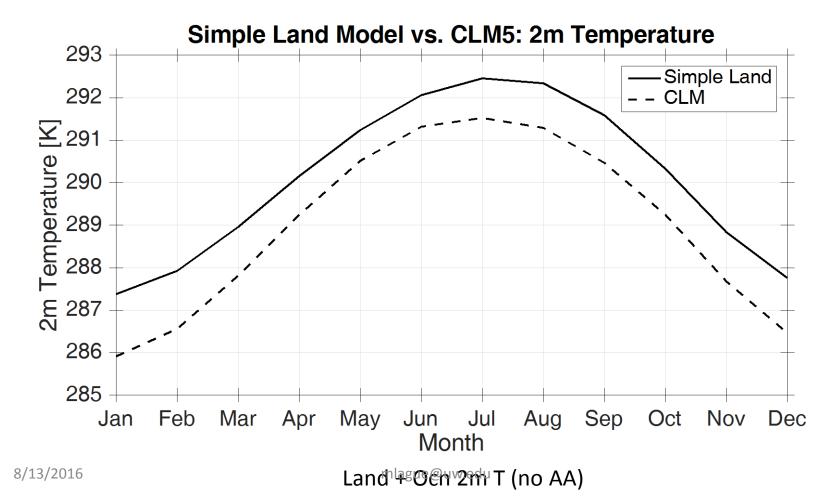
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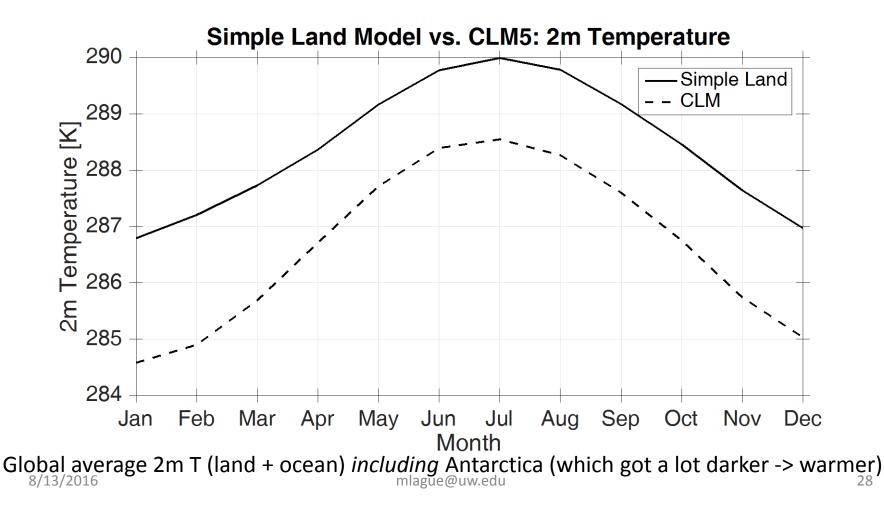
### Summary:

- Have a simple land model for CESM.
- It seems to work.
- Fun tool, we're excited about it!



Land coly.2m T (no AA)





Simplest setup gives a reasonable representation of the land (globally uniform land properties: e.g. all land points albedo = 0.2) Simple Land: Surface Temperature CLM: Surface Temperature

