PAMIP Webinar Series

Improved teleconnection between Arctic sea ice and the North Atlantic Oscillation due to stochastic process representation

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Date: October 27th, 2022 Time: 3:00 pm (GMT)

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Abstract

Observational data suggest the existence of a teleconnection between November sea ice in the Barents-Kara region and the winter (DJF) North Atlantic Oscillation (NAO). However, climate models do not straightforwardly reproduce this teleconnection, exhibiting only very weak signals with considerable inter-model spread. We show, using the EC-Earth3 climate model, that while an ensemble of coupled EC-Earth3 simulations shows no evidence of such a teleconnection, the inclusion of stochastic parameterizations to the ocean and sea ice component results in the emergence of a robust teleconnection comparable in magnitude to that observed. While the exact mechanisms causing this remain unclear, we argue that it can be accounted for by an improved ice-ocean-atmosphere coupling due to the stochastic perturbations, which aim to represent the effect of unresolved ice and ocean variability. In particular, the weak signals seen in climate models may to a large extent be due to model biases in surface coupling, with stochastic parameterizations being one possible remedy.